

UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES

STATISTICAL YEARBOOK 2008

Trends in Displacement, Protection and Solutions



Somali refugees in Hagadera Camp, Dadaab, Kenya. UNHCR/ E. Hockstein



DECEMBER 2009

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Unless specified otherwise, the 2008 Statistical Yearbook does not refer to events occurring after 31 December 2008. The designations employed and the presentation of country or area names, including in maps and country listings, do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of UNHCR concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area of its authorities, or the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

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Influx of Congolese refugees from the Democratic Republic of the Congo into Uganda. UNHCR/J. Akena

Main findings

This section provides an overview of the major statistical developments in 2008. Key findings are summarized; for greater analysis of these developments, including the definitions used and limitations in the data, please see Chapters 1 to 6.

Total population of concern

The 2008 Statistical Yearbook identifies seven population categories: refugees; asylum-seekers; internally displaced persons (IDPs) protected/assisted by UNHCR; stateless persons; returned refugees; returned IDPs; and others of concern. These categories are collectively referred to as “total population of concern” or “persons of concern”.¹

By end 2008, the total population of concern to UNHCR was estimated at 34.5 million people, broken down by the above categories as follows: 10.5 million refugees;² 826,000 asylum-seekers; 604,000 refugees who had repatriated during 2008; 14.4 million IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR; 1.4 million IDPs who had returned to their place of origin in 2008; 6.6 million stateless persons; and 167,000 others of concern.

Refugees

The number of refugees at end 2008 was 10.5 million, including 1.4 million people considered by UNHCR to be in a refugee-like situation. The previous year, the figure was 11.4 million.

By end 2008, developing countries hosted 8.4 million refugees, or 80 per cent of the global refugee population. The 49 Least Developed Countries provided asylum to 18 per cent of the total refugee population.

By end 2008, Asia hosted over half of the global refugee population (54%), followed by Africa (22%), Europe (15%), North America (4%), Latin America and the Caribbean (3%), and Oceania (0.3%).³

Pakistan, with some 1.8 million⁴ refugees, and the Syrian Arab Republic, with 1.1 million refugees according to Government figures, hosted the highest numbers of refugees at end 2008. Other major countries of asylum included the Islamic Republic of Iran (980,000), Germany (583,000), Jordan (500,000 Government estimate), and Chad (331,000).

1 For a definition of the different population categories, see pp. 16-17.

2 The 4.7 million Palestinian refugees who fall under the mandate of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) are not included in UNHCR statistics.

3 The geographical regions used are those of the United Nations Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, New York (<http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/m49/m49.htm>).

4 Refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a “refugee-like” situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the “refugee-like” category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy, and reintegration support upon return.

By end 2008, according to UNHCR estimates, there were more than 2.8 million Afghan refugees, including one million in a refugee-like situation. Afghan refugees accounted for one quarter of the global refugee population under UNHCR's responsibility. Iraq was the second largest country of origin of refugees (1.9 million)⁵, followed by Somalia (561,000), Sudan (419,000), Colombia (374,000), and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (368,000).

Internally displaced persons

The number of internally displaced persons, including those in IDP-like situations who benefited from UNHCR's protection and assistance activities was 14.4 million at end 2008. The highest figure on record, this is an increase of more than 600,000 persons over 2007 (13.7 million), and more than double the figure of 2005 (6.6 million), prior to the adoption of the cluster approach.⁶

UNHCR statistics included IDP populations in 23 countries.

UNHCR offices reported more than 1.1 million new internally displaced persons in 2008, while at least 1.4 million IDPs were able to return home during the same period.

Stateless persons

By end 2008, UNHCR identified some 6.6 million stateless persons in 58 countries. However, UNHCR estimated that the actual number of stateless persons worldwide was far higher, at about 12 million people.

Durable solutions

In 2008, 604,000 refugees repatriated voluntarily to their home country, 17 per cent less than in 2007 (731,000). Afghans constituted nearly 40 per cent (278,500) of all returnees during 2008. Other major countries of return in 2008 were Burundi (95,400), Sudan (90,100), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (54,000), Iraq (25,600), and Angola (13,100). Fourteen countries of origin reported the return of more than 1,000 refugees each.

According to government statistics provided to UNHCR, 16 industrialized countries reported the admission of 88,800 resettled refugees during 2008, 18 per cent more than in 2007 (75,300). The countries resettling most refugees during 2008 were the United States of America (60,200 during its fiscal year⁷), Australia (11,000), Canada (10,800), and Sweden (2,200).

In 2008, UNHCR submitted to States more than 121,000 individual cases for resettlement consideration, the highest number of the past 15 years and 22 per cent above the 2007 level (99,000). During the year, some 67,000 refugees departed with UNHCR assistance. The highest numbers of refugees resettled with UNHCR assistance departed from Thailand (16,800), Nepal (8,200), the Syrian Arab Republic (7,200), Jordan (6,700), Malaysia (5,900), and Kenya (4,000).

5 This includes Government estimates for Iraqi refugees in Jordan (500,000) and the Syrian Arab Republic (1.1 million).

6 See footnote 15 for details on the cluster approach.

7 The US fiscal year covers the period 1 October to 30 September.

By nationality, the main beneficiaries of the UNHCR-facilitated resettlement programmes were refugees from Myanmar (23,200), Iraq (17,800), Bhutan (8,100), Somalia (3,500), Burundi (3,100), and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (1,800).

Refugee status determination

During 2008, 861,000 individual applications for asylum or refugee status were submitted to governments and UNHCR offices in 154 countries. This is a 32 per cent increase compared to the previous year (654,000 claims) and the second consecutive annual rise. UNHCR offices registered some 73,400 applications, equivalent to 9 per cent of all applications.

An estimated 768,600 were initial applications lodged in first instance procedures, while 92,800 claims were submitted on appeal, including to courts.

With 355,500 asylum claims registered during the year, Europe remained the primary destination for people applying for asylum on an individual basis, followed closely by Africa (320,200). The Americas and Asia recorded 109,300 and 68,700, respectively, while Oceania received 7,700 applications.

South Africa was an important destination for new asylum-seekers with more than 207,000 asylum claims registered in 2008, or nearly one quarter of individual applications globally. The United States of America was the second most important destination of new asylum-seekers in 2008 with an estimated 49,600 asylum applications, followed by France (35,400), Sudan (35,100), Canada (34,600), the United Kingdom (31,300), and Italy (30,300).

Zimbabwe was the largest single country of origin of asylum-seekers in 2008, with 118,500 new applications submitted by Zimbabwean nationals during the year. Eritrea was the second largest country of origin of asylum-seekers (62,700) in 2008, followed by Somalia (51,900), Iraq (43,900), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (32,700), and Afghanistan (28,900).

Some 217,300 asylum-seekers were recognized as refugees (153,400) or given a complementary form of protection (63,900) during the course of 2008. This number includes an estimated 12,000 individuals who initially received a negative decision that was subsequently overturned at the appeal or review stage.

1951 Convention refugee status was granted in 30 per cent of first instance decisions made in 2008, which was slightly lower than the year before (33%). Including complementary forms of protection and humanitarian status, 43 per cent of all substantive asylum decisions taken at the first instance in 2008 were positive.

Some 22 per cent of all substantive asylum decisions taken on appeal during 2008 resulted in the granting of refugee status (17%) or a complementary form of protection (5%).

By the end of the year, some 826,000 individuals were reported to be awaiting a decision on their asylum claim.

Sex and age

For the 34.5 million people of concern to UNHCR, data on sex are available for 21.3 million people (62%), while data on age are available for 14.3 million (41%). Out of the 21.3 million people of concern for whom disaggregated information by sex is available, 49 per cent are female.

Children and adolescents represent the majority of people of concern in Africa and Asia. In Central Africa and the Great Lakes as well as in the East and Horn of Africa regions, children and adolescents constitute 57 and 55 per cent respectively, of UNHCR's people of concern.

The lowest proportion of children is found in countries covered by the Regional Bureau for Europe (22%). Whereas elderly people of concern (18%) constitute three times more than in any other region for which data is available.

Locations

Although the precise number of refugee locations is difficult to establish, in 2008, UNHCR reported data for over 1,100 different locations. An estimated 28.2 million people were living in these identified locations, equivalent to 82 per cent of the 34.5 million of concern.⁸

Sixteen per cent of persons of concern live in camp-type locations, 25 per cent in urban settings, and 29 per cent each in rural/dispersed and various locations.

Among the 10.5 million refugees reported at the end of 2008, 4.4 million (42%) were living in urban areas, 2.6 million (25%) live in camps, and 1.7 million (16%) in rural areas dispersed among the local population. Detailed location information was unclear or unknown for 1.8 million (17%) of the world's refugees.

The largest refugee camp in the world was Hagadera camp in Dadaab, Kenya, with some 90,000 inhabitants at the end of 2008. The Hagadera camp, along with the Dagahaley camp and the Ifo camp, is part of the Dadaab complex of camps which, at the end of 2008, had a total population of more than 300,000 refugees.

Host country capacities

Pakistan hosted the largest number of refugees in relation to its economic capacity hosting 733 refugees per 1 USD Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (PPP)⁹ per capita.

The Democratic Republic of the Congo was the country with the second largest number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita (496 refugees), followed by the United Republic of Tanzania (262 refugees), and the Syrian Arab Republic (257 refugees). The largest refugee-hosting developed country was Germany at 26th place with 16 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita.

8 Location data is not available for the majority of people of concern reported by industrialized countries.

9 This refers to Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) GDP per capita. Source for Gross Domestic Product (PPP): International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2009 (accessed 30 April 2009). Source for national population: United Nations, Population Division, "World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision", New York, 2009.

Introduction

UNHCR systematically gathers and reports statistics on populations of concern, including numbers, locations, demographic characteristics, as well as legal and physical protection needs. Such information is required to design programmes that bring protection and improved welfare to refugees, stateless persons, internally displaced persons (IDPs) and others of concern. The Statistical Yearbook is a key element in UNHCR's implementation of results-based management.

UNHCR has also developed the Yearbook as an effective information tool to assist donors and other stakeholders in incorporating refugee and IDP related issues into their respective policy frameworks and assistance programmes. In addition to reviewing global statistical trends and changes between January and December 2008 in the populations of concern to UNHCR, the Yearbook provides case studies that examine specific issues such as health, water and sanitation, and secondary movements.

The scope of the 2008 Yearbook has remained unchanged compared to recent years. Since the introduction of special features on specific topics within regions in 2006, the Yearbook has aimed to provide more analytical information geared towards the possible use of statistics in decision making.

As in the past, although global migration poses a challenge for asylum and refugee management, this report does not address mixed migration flows due to the lack of reliable and precise statistical information required.¹⁰

Neither does the Yearbook provide a global analysis of forced displacement within borders. Out of the estimated 26 million IDPs worldwide, only the 14.4 million (56%) directly or indirectly protected or assisted by UNHCR are included in this document.

Finally, statistics pertaining to the 4.7 million Palestinian refugees who fall under the mandate of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) are not included in the Yearbook.

The global number of refugees, asylum-seekers and conflict-induced IDPs by the end of 2008 was 42 million, a figure close to 2007. Of this number, 25 million people (10.5 million refugees and 14.4 million IDPs) were receiving direct or indirect protection and/or assistance from UNHCR at the end of 2008.

As observed in 2007, the analysis of 2008 refugee data revealed three major patterns. First, developing countries host four-fifths of the world's refugees, and the majority of refugees are hosted by countries neighbouring their own; more than 80 per cent of the refugees remained within their region of origin. Second, the number of refugees residing in urban areas continues to grow. Third, the decline in refugee returns, which started in 2001, continued; the number of returnees in 2008 was the second lowest in over a decade.

The 2008 Yearbook is structured in four sections. The first describes the metadata and methodological issues. This section is essential for understanding and using the data contained in the 2008 Yearbook. It presents the definitions and sources of the data, and provides insight into data quality and coverage (Chapter 1).

10 As part of the strategy to address the phenomenon of mixed migration flows, UNHCR has developed the "10-Point-Plan of Action" which aims at ensuring that protection space continues to be available for people in need of international protection. See <http://www.unhcr.org/protect/PROTECTION/4742a30b4.pdf> for further information.

The second section provides a global analysis with regard to population numbers and trends as well as durable solutions. It consists of three chapters. Chapter 2 presents a global overview of the size and changes in the population of concern to UNHCR. Chapter 3 focuses on the main population movements during 2008, with particular emphasis on durable solutions and new refugee outflows. An overview of asylum applications and refugee status determination is provided in Chapter 4.

The third section analyses the population distribution as well as living conditions and welfare indicators. Sex and age characteristics, which are key variables in any refugee programme, are discussed in Chapter 5. This chapter also provides information on refugee locations, including camps and urban settlements. As in previous years, a chapter on well-being and the living conditions of refugees is included in the 2008 Yearbook (Chapter 6). Here, nutrition, including access to food, and anaemia indicators are used to assess trends and gaps in these life-saving areas.

The fourth and last section of the Yearbook contains the Annex Tables, which provide detailed data for 2008. Historical statistical data can be found on UNHCR's website (www.unhcr.org/statistics) and downloaded from UNHCR's Statistical Online Population Database at www.unhcr.org/statistics/populationdatabase.

Some data contained in this publication may differ from statistics published previously due to retroactive changes or the inclusion of previously unavailable data. Similarly, it is expected that the data contained in the 2008 Yearbook will be subject to minor changes in the future.

Chapter 1

Sources, methods and data considerations

Introduction

The *1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees*, and other relevant international instruments, give UNHCR a responsibility to compile and to provide reliable statistics on the number and condition of refugees and other populations of concern to the organization. The Office also collects and disseminates information on IDPs, including statistics on their number and condition. UNHCR monitors returnees (both refugees and IDPs) to determine the magnitude and sustainability of returns. As a result, UNHCR engages with governments and partners within the humanitarian community to not only provide a comprehensive picture of the number but also of the protection gaps and needs of refugees, IDPs, stateless persons, returnees and other populations of concern to the Office. This task is complex due to factors influencing the availability, timeliness, quality and comparability of the statistics, thus complicating the provision of a comprehensive picture of the population of concern to UNHCR.

In addition to definitional challenges, the changes in the numbers of those of concern to the Office can be explained by a variety of reasons, including demographic factors (e.g. individual or mass population movements); legal increases and decreases (e.g. cessation clause or recognition rates); and other changes in the reporting of the statistics. Second, some refugees have not been individually registered because of a lack of awareness of the need to register or the perception that the risks of registration are higher than its benefits. For example, individuals in mixed migration flows who would potentially be deemed by UNHCR to be in need of international protection may refrain from seeking asylum in a given country due to fear of being deported together with other migrants. Third, an increasing number of countries grant complementary or subsidiary forms of protection, which are more difficult to compare internationally. For instance, people fleeing conflict from the same location may be recognized as refugees by some countries, but not by others. Fourth, administrative records may overreport the actual number of people due to registration errors. This is particularly the case when registration is linked to the provision of services or benefits. Fifth, a range of data collection methods and sources are used by different countries or for different categories of persons of concern, making the provision of comparable statistics a difficult task.

In order better to comprehend the observed trends, understanding the complexity of UNHCR data is critical. The main purpose of this chapter is to present information that will assist in interpreting UNHCR's data by addressing some of the constraints raised above. This information, also known as 'metadata', provides an understanding of the basic concepts behind the data in the 2008 Statistical Yearbook, including definitions, classifications, the underlying estimation methods and key aspects of data quality. Most of the statistics reported in this Yearbook have been collected through the Annual Statistical Report¹¹ and generally reflect the definition and data collection methods of governments, except from those countries where only UNHCR registration systems are used.

11 The Annual Statistical Report is the official data collection form completed by all UNHCR country offices.

Definitions and scope

UNHCR identifies seven population categories, collectively referred to as “persons of concern”. This includes: (a) refugees; (b) asylum-seekers; (c) internally displaced persons (IDPs); (d) refugees who have returned home (returnees); (e) IDPs who have returned home; (f) stateless persons; and (g) other people who do not fall under any of the above categories but to whom the Office extends its protection and/or assistance activities. In 2007, two additional sub-categories were introduced: (1) people in refugee-like situations (included under refugees); and (2) people in IDP-like situations (included under IDPs).

Refugees include individuals recognized under the *1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees*; its *1967 Protocol*; the *1969 OAU Convention Governing the Specific Aspects of Refugee Problems in Africa*; those recognized in accordance with the UNHCR Statute; individuals granted complementary forms of protection¹²; or, those enjoying “temporary protection”¹³.

The refugee population also includes people in a refugee-like situation, most of whom were previously included in the Others of Concern group. This sub-category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of people who are outside their country or territory of origin and who face protection risks similar to refugees, but for whom refugee status has, for practical or other reasons, not been ascertained.

Asylum-seekers (‘pending cases’) are individuals who have sought international protection and whose claims for refugee status have not yet been determined. Those covered in the Yearbook refer to claimants whose individual applications were pending at the end of 2008, irrespective of when they may have been lodged.

Internally displaced persons are people or groups of individuals who have been forced to leave their homes or places of habitual residence, in particular as a result of, or in order to avoid the effects of armed conflict, situations of generalized violence, violations of human rights or natural- or human-made disasters, and who have not crossed an international border.¹⁴

As part of the cluster approach¹⁵, UNHCR is involved in the collective response to situations of internal displacement in selected countries. For purposes of UNHCR’s statistics, however, this population only includes conflict-generated IDPs to whom the Office extends protection and/or assistance. Therefore, UNHCR statistics do not provide a comprehensive picture of global internal displacement.¹⁶ Moreover, UNHCR’s IDP statistics are not necessarily representative of the entire IDP population in a given country, as they are limited to those who are protected and/or assisted by the Office. While UNHCR, within the cluster approach, provides support to both IDPs and other affected persons, the latter category is not included in the statistics.

12 Complementary protection refers to protection provided under national or regional law in countries which do not grant 1951 Convention refugee status to people who are in need of international protection against serious, but indiscriminate risks.

13 Temporary protection refers to arrangements developed by States to offer protection of a temporary nature to people arriving from situations of conflict or generalized violence without the necessity for formal or individual status determination. This usually applies to situations of large-scale influx.

14 Source: Handbook for the Protection of Internally Displaced Persons (provisional release), p.6, Global Protection Cluster Working Group, December 2007 (www.humanitarianreform.org).

15 In December 2005, the Inter-Agency Standing Committee endorsed the Cluster Approach for situations of internal displacement. Under this arrangement, UNHCR assumes leadership responsibility and accountability for three of the nine “clusters”, namely: protection; emergency shelter; and camp coordination and camp management.

16 For global IDP estimates, consult the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) of the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) website at www.internal-displacement.org.

The 2008 IDP population category includes people in IDP-like situations. This sub-category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of people who are inside their country of nationality or habitual residence and who face protection risks similar to IDPs but who, for practical or other reasons, could not be reported as such.

Returned refugees (returnees) refer to refugees who have returned voluntarily to their country of origin or habitual residence. For purposes of this Yearbook, only refugees who returned between January and December 2008 are included. However, in practice, operations may assist returnees for longer periods.

Returned IDPs refer to those IDPs who were beneficiaries of UNHCR's protection and assistance activities and who returned to their areas of origin or habitual residence between January and December 2008. However, in practice, operations may assist IDP returnees for longer periods.

Stateless persons are individuals not considered as nationals by any State under national laws. UNHCR statistics also include *de facto* stateless persons and persons with underdetermined nationality. UNHCR has been given a global mandate by the United Nations General Assembly to contribute to the prevention and reduction of statelessness and the protection of stateless persons. UNHCR's Executive Committee has requested the Office to report regularly on the magnitude of the phenomenon. The Office also has specific functions under Article 11 of the 1961 *Convention on the Reduction of Statelessness* to receive claims from persons who may benefit from the safeguards contained in that Convention and to assist them and the States concerned to resolve those claims.

Statelessness may be an important reason for fleeing one's place of origin. However, most stateless persons have not fled their country of habitual residence. Where stateless persons are also refugees, they are reported under UNHCR's refugee statistics. Because stateless persons are often difficult to identify, UNHCR does not have comprehensive country-level data but only a rough estimate of the total magnitude of statelessness worldwide (see also Chapter 2).

Other groups or people of concern refers to individuals who do not necessarily fall directly into any of the groups above but to whom UNHCR has extended its protection and/or assistance services, based on humanitarian or other special grounds.

Data sources and providers

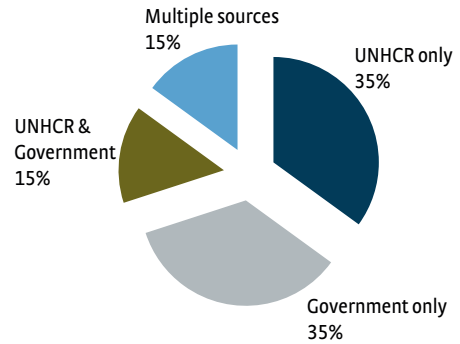
States bear the main responsibility to provide data on displaced populations to UNHCR. Nevertheless, the number of data sources used to establish the size and characteristics of the population of concern to UNHCR varies within and among countries. Governmental agencies and UNHCR offices are the main data providers, either separately or jointly. NGOs are also key providers of refugee and IDP data in a number of countries. These three sources account for more than 90 per cent of UNHCR's refugee statistics. Registers, surveys, estimation, registration processes or censuses are the main methods and tools used to determine the figures. Although one source may provide all the data within a country, more commonly more than one source to obtain data on UNHCR's population of concern is used.

In 2008, information on data sources was provided by some 156 countries, with a number reporting more than one source. The host government was the sole data provider in 55 of these countries (35%). This represents a 6 per cent increase compared to 2006 (45 countries) and 8 per cent against 2004 (41 countries). This development is a reflection of the increasing capacity of host governments to register and enumerate refugees and others of concern.

Nevertheless, in a significant number of countries, the capacity to provide refugee statistics is still limited and this responsibility remains with UNHCR. By the end of 2008, UNHCR was reported as the single source of refugee statistics in 54 countries (35%) while in 23 countries (15%) the collection and provision of statistics was a combined undertaking of the government and UNHCR. For the latter, a continued decrease has been observed since 2006 when one out of four countries (25%) reported a joint responsibility.

Multiple sources, including in some instances NGOs or UNHCR and States, in addition to others, were reported in 24 countries (15%). In total, governments and UNHCR have been quoted as the single source or one of the main sources in over 130 countries.

Fig I.1 Sources of refugee data, 2008

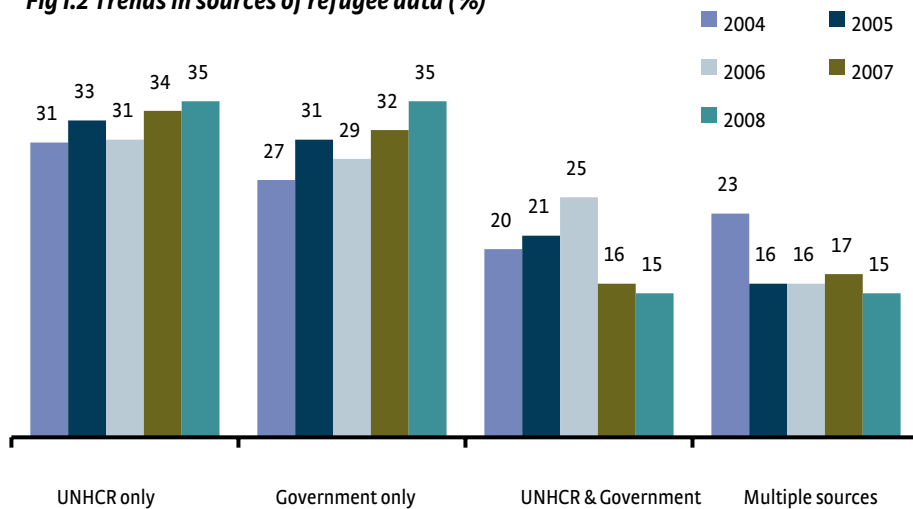


Data collection methods

UNHCR, together with its partners, uses a wide range of data collection methods, including registration/ registers, surveys, censuses, and estimations. Each method has its own strengths and limitations. To make data as comparable as possible, UNHCR ensures that statistics from all these sources are triangulated. This requires regular interaction with and feedback to the various stakeholders who collect and compile refugee statistics, especially UNHCR offices, local NGOs and government officials.

Registration data is a vital statistical source for planning and management purposes. Refugees can only be adequately protected when they are registered. Refugee statistics are generally based on individual registration records, kept by the host government. As such, the registration of refugees is a government responsibility. But in cases where the government is unable to register persons of concern, UNHCR may assist or undertake registration activities. So far, UNHCR’s registration software *proGres* has been rolled-out in 72 countries, including five in which it has been adopted by the government. During the registration process, data is collected, verified and updated. Such data includes name, sex, date of birth, country of origin, relationship within household, marital status, place of displacement and specific needs. This information is normally stored in a database and should be continuously updated to reflect changes in the population. As

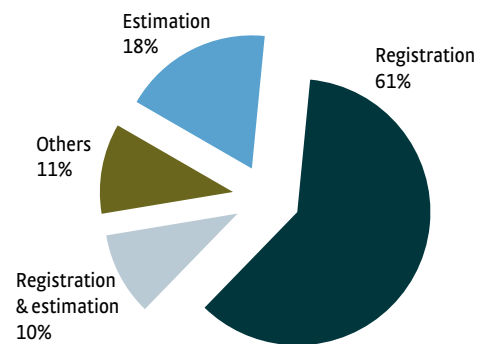
Fig I.2 Trends in sources of refugee data (%)



pressures to register populations are greater than those to de-register them, data may become inflated, requiring periodic verification. Registers may exclude parts of the population, as not all those who qualify are able or willing to register themselves. Periodic registration exercises are one of the main reasons for a revision of the population estimates. By the end of 2008, registration was the only method used in 95 countries (60%), while in 16 other countries (10%) it was combined with estimation methods.

Estimation is the second main data collection method used by UNHCR and its partners. By using correlated indicators on existing data, it is possible to obtain a measure of the value of an unknown quantity in a population or a sample. This method is primarily used in two contexts. First, considering the operational and legal difficulties in registering IDPs on an individual basis and following the recommendation of the Global Protection Cluster Working Group¹⁷, most humanitarian agencies rely on *IDP profiling* (see also below on Surveys). This allows them to obtain a better picture of IDP populations and to answer questions about them such as where they are located, what are the difficulties of distinguishing IDPs from host communities, and how to compile baseline information for protection, programming and advocacy purposes.

Fig 1.3 Basis of refugee data, 2008



Second, as many industrialized countries do not maintain a dedicated refugee register and are thus not in a position to provide accurate information on the number of refugees residing on their territory, UNHCR estimated the refugee population in 24 countries based on the recognition of asylum-seekers over a 10-year period. This cut-off period is assumed to reflect the average time it generally takes for a refugee to acquire the nationality of his/her host country.

Estimation as the sole source is used in 29 countries (18%), most of which are industrialized. This method is combined with registration in 16 other countries (10%).¹⁸ Below is an example of estimation:

Example: Italy

- Asylum-seekers granted Convention refugee status, 1999-2008: 12,448
- Asylum-seekers granted a complementary form of protection and/or allowed to remain for humanitarian reasons, 1999-2008: 34,613
- UNHCR estimate of the refugee population in Italy, end of 2008: 47,061

The “Other” category in Figure 1.3 includes mainly surveys and censuses, either alone or in combination with registration and estimation. In some countries, more than two methods are used, making data comparability difficult. Surveys and censuses are excellent sources for planning purposes, but do not easily allow follow-up at the individual level. Although a census includes information on each individual, it provides only a “snapshot” of the situation which quickly becomes outdated. Surveys are cost-effective, but unless carried out according to strict rules, they may not provide a representative picture. In general, various data methods are combined and triangulated to obtain the best possible result. Similar to 2007, by the end of 2008, 18 countries (11%) obtained refugee figures through surveys, censuses and/or combined methods.

17 See www.humanitarianreform.org

18 Because of a significant number of countries having access to *proGres*, estimation is rarely used in non-industrialized countries.

Key characteristics presented in the 2008 Yearbook

In addition to presenting the numbers and trends of those of concern to UNHCR, the 2008 Statistical Yearbook contains a variety of population characteristics, broken down according to demography (mainly sex and age) and location (type of settlement such as camp or urban setting). This type of information, however, is only partially available for persons of concern to UNHCR (62 per cent for sex and 42 per cent for age).

Location refers to the type of settlement of populations: camp, urban or rural/dispersed areas. UNHCR has location data available for 70 per cent of all refugees under its mandate. When including the other population categories (IDPs, returnees, etc.), this figure drops to 43 per cent. While much progress has been made in collecting information on basic factors such as age, sex and location, much more needs to be done to improve and expand the understanding of these populations.

The Yearbook also provides information about the type of recognition (individually recognized vs. group based/*prima facie*) under which refugee status was granted. With regards to asylum-seekers, information about the level and type of procedures as well as recognition rates is also included. Selected indicators on food, nutrition and protection also feature in this Yearbook.

A detailed description and explanation of the above and other characteristics will be presented in the corresponding chapters.

Other data considerations

Statistics concerning the former USSR have been reported under the Russian Federation, while those concerning the former Czechoslovakia have been reported under the Czech Republic. Data concerning the former Yugoslavia as well as Serbia and Montenegro have been reported under Serbia. In most Annex tables, the word “Democratic” has been abbreviated to “Dem.”, whereas the word “Republic” is often reflected as “Rep.” The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia is referred to as TFYR Macedonia.

Figures below 1,000 are generally rounded to the nearest 10; figures between 1,000 and 10,000 are rounded to the nearest 100; figures between 10,000 and 100,000 are rounded to the nearest 1,000; figures between 100,000 and 1 million are rounded to the nearest 10,000; and figures above 1 million are rounded to the nearest 100,000.

Unless specified otherwise, the 2008 Statistical Yearbook does not refer to events occurring after 31 December 2008.

Box 1.

**From survey to protection:
the case of stateless persons in Kyrgyzstan**

Since gaining independence in 1991, Kyrgyzstan has taken positive steps to reduce and prevent statelessness. The country did not, however, establish a proactive mechanism to identify, determine, register and document stateless persons and did not collect any statistics on the number of stateless persons residing on its territory. Estimates thus varied between several hundred and hundreds of thousands of affected persons.

Until 2008, UNHCR utilized the first national census of 1999 as the only available baseline data, regularly decreasing the number of persons who had identified themselves as being stateless in this census by those having been granted Kyrgyz citizenship. This method was unsatisfactory as it did not take into account the unreliability of the original data source, which was based on self-identification, population movements, or the creation of new cases of statelessness. Moreover, it did not provide a proper age or sex breakdown of stateless populations.

Upon request of the Government, in 2007-2008, UNHCR commissioned expert NGOs to conduct three surveys in the country. The goal of two studies in the north and the one in the south was to estimate more accurately the current total number and situation of affected persons and to investigate in more detail the reasons for them being stateless.

With the help of village heads and local passport departments, field teams interviewed thousands of individuals without proper documentation in districts with high levels of population movement, and gathered secondary data on other areas. Altogether, the surveys identified close to 13,000 individuals who were stateless, or at risk of becoming so.

The surveys gathered data disaggregated by sex, age, diversity and main reasons for statelessness. It showed that more than 70 per cent of “former citizens of another state, who have become stateless because of shortcomings in citizenship legislation and practices” are female, and that the majority reside in districts with a high level of mobility. Another 4,500 respondents still held old USSR passports and had for various reasons failed to exchange them with Kyrgyz ones even though most of them had been living in the country already for many years. The surveys also identified more than 6,000 children of stateless persons who faced difficulties in obtaining Kyrgyz nationality due to the status of one or both of their parents.

The surveys noted regional differences in the ethnic composition of the stateless population in this multi-ethnic country: half of respondents in the south were ethnic Kyrgyz and half of a different ethnic background, while in the north these figures were 71 and 18 per cent, respectively. The ethnic composition of stateless persons also varied between provinces: in Batken Province, in the ultimate south of Kyrgyzstan, for example, 90 per cent of stateless persons were ethnic Kyrgyz.

A legal analysis which formed part of the survey in the south confirmed that statelessness in Kyrgyzstan was mainly caused by incomplete implementation of otherwise quite advanced legislation. This problem was addressed in September 2009, when UNHCR and the Presidential Administration co-hosted a conference on statelessness. During this conference, parliamentarians, government officials, judges and NGOs discussed and adopted a National Action Plan to Prevent and Reduce Statelessness in the Kyrgyz Republic, drafted by an expert working group using the surveys’ findings as a basis.

The first phase of implementing this Action Plan, during the last quarter of 2009, focused on holders of USSR passports and on the drafting of necessary by-laws and instructions to improve the implementation of the national citizenship law. A further study and recommendations of the Conference concluded that Kyrgyzstan should accede to the two UN Statelessness Conventions, requiring only minor amendments in national legislation. Full implementation of the Action Plan in 2010 and 2011 will greatly reduce and prevent statelessness in the Kyrgyz Republic.

The Action Plan also plans to create administrative procedures to pro-actively identify, register and document stateless persons. Once established, these mechanisms should allow for the keeping and updating of adequate official statistics.

The impact of the surveys commissioned by UNHCR was multiple. They proved to be an invaluable tool to gain insights into a problem whose dimension had been largely unknown. They, for the first time, provided reliable and disaggregated data on the problem of statelessness. They served as a basis for structured discussions leading to concrete actions that solved the problems identified. Last but not least, they helped put in place sustainable mechanisms for future data gathering which should make more on-the-spot surveys superfluous.

Chapter 2

Population levels and trends

Introduction

This chapter reviews and analyses the trends and changes in 2008 in the global populations for which UNHCR has a responsibility. These include refugees, returnees, the stateless and IDPs, collectively referred to as “persons of concern”. While a brief overview of global conflict-induced displacement in 2008 is provided, the detailed analysis in this chapter is limited to populations for whom UNHCR has a mandate. For example, Palestinian refugees who fall under the mandate of UNRWA are not included in the analysis. Likewise, this chapter only covers IDPs generated by conflict and who benefited directly or indirectly from UNHCR’s protection and assistance activities.

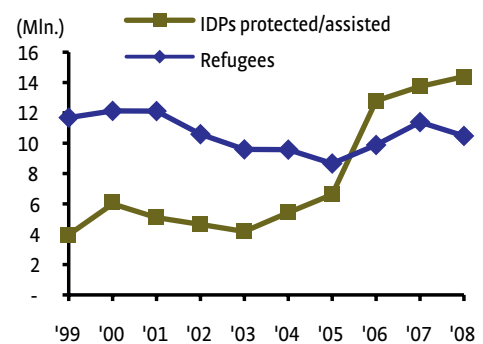
Based on the data of almost five decades, this chapter also provides an insight into those countries which have been the main source of refugees during this period.

Overview of global trends

By the end of 2008, the total population under UNHCR’s responsibility stood at 34.5 million individuals. This figure reflects new displacement, durable solutions found, improved availability of data, and revised estimates, as well as legal and demographic changes. The analysis in the Yearbook is limited to the individual population groups.

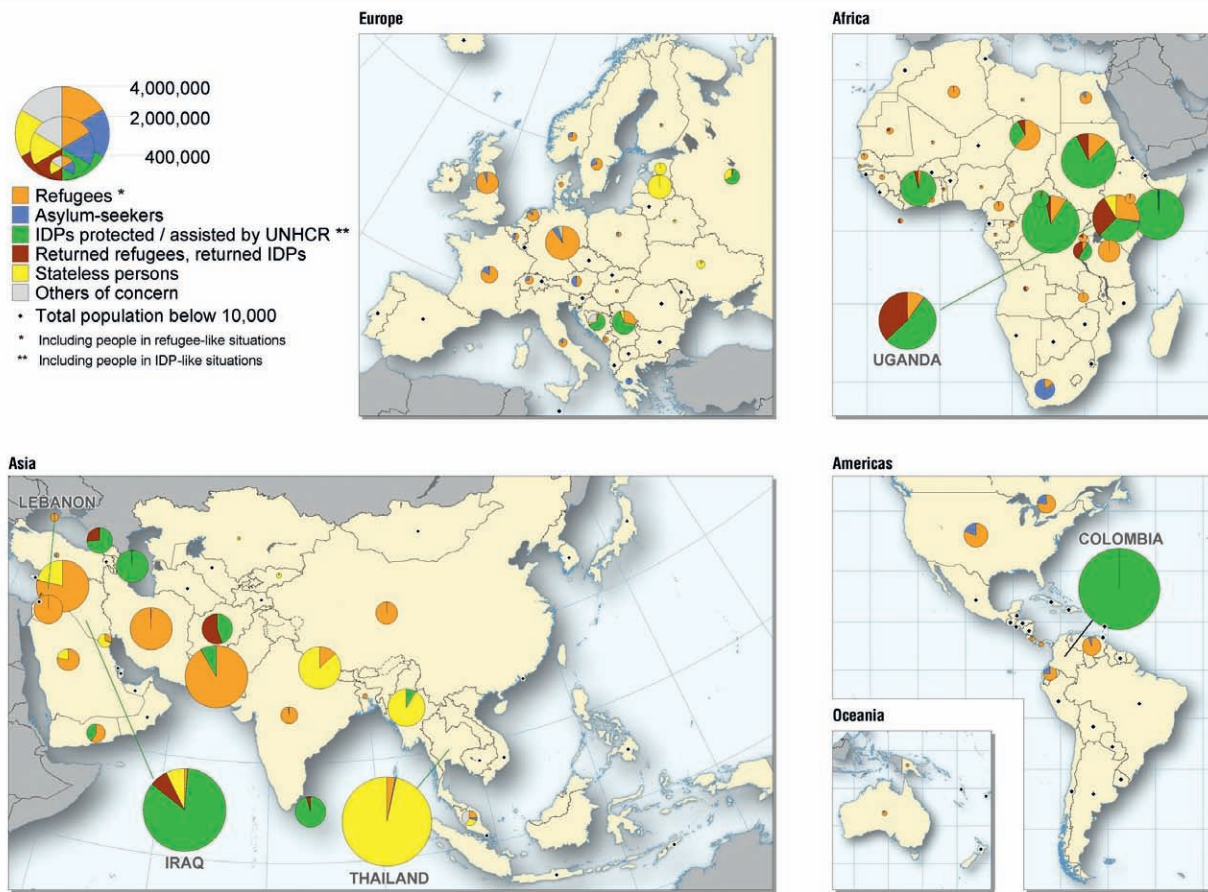
Available information suggests there were 42 million forcibly displaced people worldwide at the end of 2008.¹⁹ This figure includes 15.2 million refugees of whom 10.5 million fall under UNHCR’s mandate and some 4.7 million Palestinian refugees under the responsibility of UNRWA. The total number of refugees and IDPs under UNHCR’s care remained roughly 25 million, almost unchanged compared to 2007. Together, these populations accounted for three quarters of all people of concern to UNHCR. The total number of people displaced within their country as a result of armed conflict is estimated at 26 million²⁰, of whom just over half are protected or assisted by UNHCR. The number of people whose asylum applications had not yet been adjudicated by the end of the reporting period was estimated at 826,000.

Fig II.1 Refugees and IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, 1999-2008 (end year)



19 The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) estimates that there are an additional 25 million people who have been displaced due to natural disasters. See *Forced Migration Review* #20, <http://www.fmreview.org/FMRpdfs/FMR20/FMR2021.pdf>

20 Source: Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) of the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC).



Map 1 Total population by category, end-2008

By the end of 2008, there were an estimated 10.5 million refugees under UNHCR’s responsibility, including some 1.4 million people in refugee-like situations.²¹ The number of IDPs protected and/or assisted by UNHCR was the highest on record. A total of 14.4 million IDPs, including 90,000 people in IDP-like situations, were receiving humanitarian assistance under arrangements in which UNHCR was either a lead agency or a key partner.

More than 1.3 million IDPs were able to return home during the year. In addition, some 604,000 refugees repatriated voluntarily during 2008, the lowest level since 2001. During 2008, UNHCR identified some 6.6 million stateless persons in 58 countries but estimated the total number of stateless persons worldwide at almost double that number, or some 12 million people.²²

Refugees

By region and country of asylum

In 2008, the number of refugees under UNHCR’s mandate dropped for the first time since 2006. There are two main reasons for this decrease. First, many refugees found a durable solution during the year, in particu-

21 Ninety-five per cent of the 1.4 million people in a refugee-like situation are located in the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Ecuador and Pakistan.

22 Refugees and asylum-seekers who are at the same time also stateless persons are not included in this figure. They are reflected in the figures relating to the refugee and asylum-seeker groups concerned.

lar through voluntary repatriation and resettlement. Second, estimates for the Colombian and Iraqi refugee populations in Ecuador and the Syrian Arab Republic respectively were revised downwards (-32%). This resulted in a decrease of almost one million refugees compared to the year earlier (11.4 million).

By the end of 2008, developing countries hosted 8.4 million refugees, 80 per cent of the global refugee population. The 49 Least Developed Countries provided asylum to 18 per cent of the refugee population under UNHCR's mandate.

The available statistical evidence demonstrates that most refugees remain in their region of origin and flee to neighbouring countries. On average between 75 and 91 per cent of refugees remained within their regions of origin. UNHCR estimates that some 1.7 million refugees (16% out of the total of 10.5 million) live outside their region of origin.

Table II.1 shows that one third of all refugees were residing in countries covered by UNHCR's Asia and Pacific region, three quarters of whom were Afghans. The Middle East and North Africa region was host to about one fifth (22%) of all refugees (primarily from Iraq) while Africa (excluding North Africa) and Europe hosted respectively 20 and 15 per cent of the world's refugees. The Americas region had the smallest share of refugees (8%), with Colombians constituting the largest group.

Tab II.1: Refugee population by UNHCR regions, 2008

UNHCR regions	Start-2008			End-2008			Change (total)	
	Refugees	People in refugee-like situations	Total refugees	Refugees	People in refugee-like situations	Total refugees	Absolute	%
- Central Africa and Great Lakes	1,086,200	15,000	1,101,200	978,200	27,800	1,006,000	-95,200	-8.6%
- East and Horn of Africa	815,200	-	815,200	763,900	-	763,900	-51,300	-6.3%
- Southern Africa	181,000	-	181,000	161,100	-	161,100	-19,900	-11.0%
- West Africa	174,700	-	174,700	175,300	-	175,300	600	0.3%
Total Africa*	2,257,100	15,000	2,272,100	2,078,500	27,800	2,106,300	-165,800	-7.3%
Americas	499,400	487,600	987,000	500,000	303,500	803,500	-183,500	-18.6%
Asia and Pacific	2,674,200	1,151,000	3,825,200	2,577,800	1,018,300	3,596,100	-229,100	-6.0%
Europe	1,580,700	5,500	1,586,200	1,627,200	5,700	1,632,900	46,700	2.9%
Middle East and North Africa	2,654,000	67,600	2,721,600	2,278,200	72,800	2,351,000	-370,600	-13.6%
Total	9,665,400	1,726,700	11,392,100	9,061,700	1,428,100	10,489,800	-902,300	-7.9%

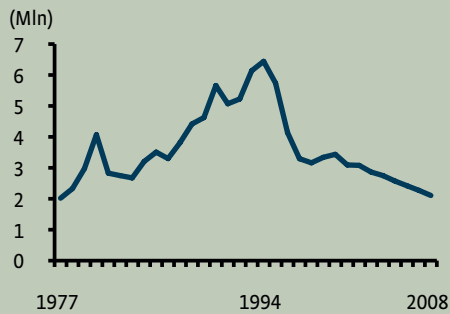
* Excluding North Africa.

The decrease in the number of refugees was observed in almost all major regions, but mostly in the Americas (-19%) and the Middle East and North Africa (-14%). Both decreases, however, were primarily the result of revised estimates rather than population movements. In the Americas, the number of Colombians in Ecuador assessed to be in a refugee-like situation was adjusted from 250,000 to 82,300 following a comprehensive survey carried out by the Government and UNHCR. This survey was undertaken to determine the magnitude

Box 2

Number of refugees in sub-Saharan Africa declining

Even though still one out of five refugees originates from sub-Saharan Africa, the recent trends have been promising. At the end of 1994, the refugee population in sub-Saharan Africa stood at 6.4 million, the highest value on record. Since then it has declined almost gradually reaching 2.1 million by the end of 2008, the lowest level since 1977.



With more than three million refugees having returned to their country of origin during the past decade and 263,000 having departed the continent under resettlement schemes, UNHCR's efforts in securing durable solutions for refugees from sub-Saharan Africa have yielded positive results. Simultaneously, the number of people fleeing en masse (prima facie refugees) during the past decade (2.4 million) was the lowest of the past three decades.

and the profile of the Colombian population in Ecuador and assess the main protection gaps.²³ In the Middle East and North Africa region, the Government of the Syrian Arab Republic revised its estimate of Iraqi refugees from 1.5 to 1.1 million based on the presumption that a number of Iraqis have left the country either to return to Iraq or move onward to other countries.

In Africa (excluding North Africa), the number of refugees continued to decline for the eighth consecutive year. By the end of 2008, there were 2.1 million refugees compared to more than 3.4 million in 2000. The refugee population decreased by 7 per cent between the start and end of 2008, primarily due to successful voluntary repatriation operations to Burundi (95,400), South Sudan (90,100), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (54,000) and Angola (13,100). Unfortunately, renewed armed conflict and human rights violations in the Central African Republic, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Somalia and Sudan also led to refugee outflows of almost 210,000 people, primarily to Kenya (65,000 new arrivals), Uganda (49,500), Cameroon (25,700), and Chad (17,900).

Box 3

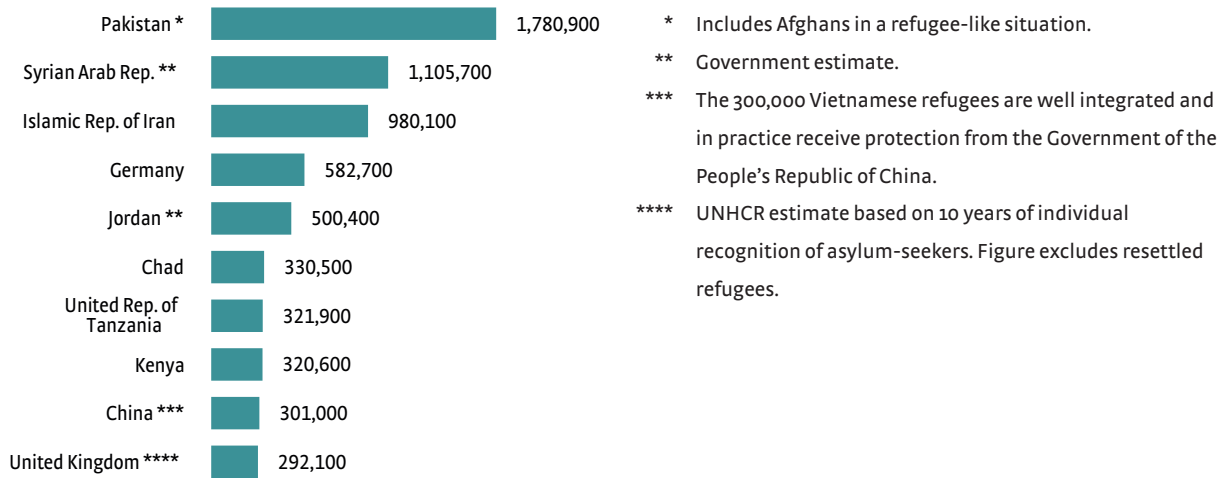
Protracted refugee situations

UNHCR defines a protracted refugee situation as one in which 25,000 or more refugees of the same nationality have been in exile for five years or more in a given asylum country. Based on this definition, it is estimated that some 5.7 million were in a protracted situation by the end of 2008. These refugees were living in 22 different countries accounting for 29 protracted situations in total.

For more information on the different ways used to calculate protracted refugee situations, see 2007 Statistical Yearbook, pp. 41-44, UNHCR, Geneva.

In the Asia and Pacific region, the total number of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation was estimated at 3.6 million at the end of 2008. This is a decrease of 6 per cent during the year mainly due to the voluntary repatriation of more than 274,000 Afghans from Pakistan. In Europe the refugee population increased slightly (+3%). This rise can partly be attributed to the figures from Montenegro in which 16,000 people from Kosovo (Serbia), previously reported as IDPs, were reclassified as refugees.

Fig II.2 Major refugee hosting countries, end-2008



The five major refugee hosting countries in 2008 (Figure II.2) were the same as those in 2007. Together, these countries accounted for almost half (47%) of all refugees under the UNHCR mandate. Pakistan was again the country with the largest number of refugees (1.8 million), virtually all from Afghanistan.²⁴ This is a decrease of a quarter of a million people over 2007 as a result of the continuing repatriation of Afghans. According to the revised Government estimates, the Syrian Arab Republic was host to 1.1 million Iraqi refugees, making it the second largest refugee hosting country at year end. The Islamic Republic of Iran hosted 980,000 refugees, almost all Afghans, while Germany and Jordan²⁵ reported some 583,000 and 500,000 refugees, respectively. In all three countries, estimates remained fairly stable with changes not exceeding the two per cent from the previous year. Chad was the sixth largest hosting country at the end of 2008 with more than 330,000 refugees. The figure increased by 35,000 during the year (+12%), mainly as a result of new arrivals from the Central African Republic and Sudan. In the United Republic of Tanzania, the refugee population dropped to 322,000 (-26%) due to the voluntary repatriation of 95,000 Burundian and 15,600 Congolese refugees. Figures in the United Republic of Tanzania have more than halved since 2002 when the country was host to close to 700,000 refugees. On the other hand, Kenya witnessed an increase during 2008 with the arrival of 65,000 Somali refugees. The country's refugee population stood at more than 320,000 by the end of the year (+21%).

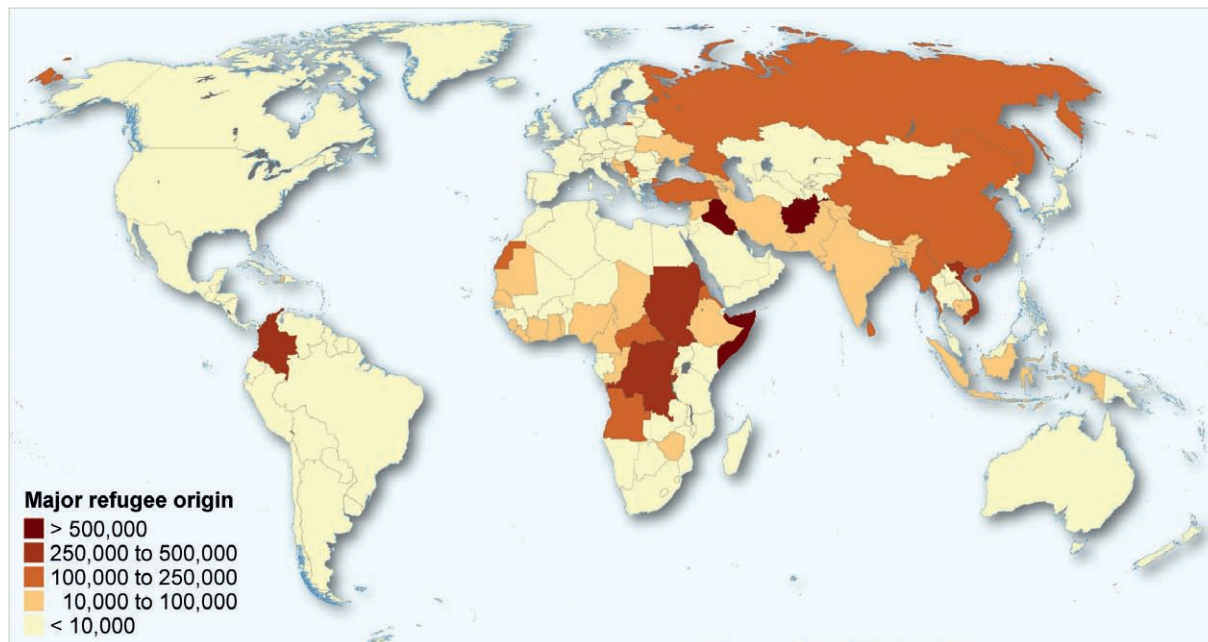
24 Refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support if they return to Afghanistan.

25 Number of Iraqis in Jordan estimated by the Government.

By origin

Afghanistan has been the leading country of origin of refugees for the past three decades with up to 6.4 million of its citizens having sought international protection during peak years. As of the end of 2008, there were still more than 2.8 million Afghan refugees, meaning one out of four refugees globally was from Afghanistan. Although Afghan refugees were to be found in 69 asylum countries worldwide, 96 per cent were located in either Pakistan or the Islamic Republic of Iran. Iraqis were the second largest group, with 1.9 million having sought refuge mainly in neighbouring countries.

Somali and Sudanese refugees constitute the third and fourth largest refugee groups under UNHCR's responsibility with 561,000 and 419,000 people, respectively. The trends, however, are moving in opposite directions for these two groups. While the number of Somali refugees has gone up by 23 per cent due to the deteriorating political situation in the country, the number of Sudanese refugees has dropped by 20 per cent because of successful repatriation operations to Southern Sudan. Other main sources of refugees were from Colombia (374,000)²⁶ and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (368,000) (see Map 2). Afghan and Iraqi refugees account for almost half (45%) of all refugees under UNHCR's responsibility. These six major refugee populations account for six out of ten refugees worldwide.



Map 2 Major source countries of refugees, end-2008

Capacities and contributions of host countries

By comparing the refugee population with the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (PPP)²⁷ per capita²⁸ of a country, a measure can be obtained of the relative impact of hosting refugees. If the number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita is high, the relative contribution and effort made by countries compared to the national

26 This figure includes refugees as well people in a refugee-like situation in the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Ecuador and other countries in the region.

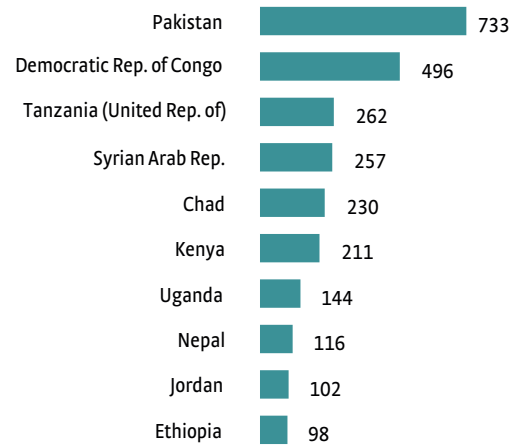
27 Source for Gross Domestic Product (Purchasing Power Parity): International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2009 (accessed 30 April 2009).

28 Source for national population: United Nations, Population Division, "World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision", New York, 2009.

economy can be considered as high. Among the 25 countries with the highest number of refugees per 1 USD GDP per capita, all are developing countries, including 15 Least Developed Countries.

At the end of 2008, Pakistan was hosting the highest number of refugees compared to its national economy. As such, it hosted 733 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita. The Democratic Republic of the Congo was second with 496 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita, followed by the United Republic of Tanzania (262), the Syrian Arab Republic (257), and Chad (230). The first developed country was Germany at 26th place with 16 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita.

Fig II.3 Number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita, 2008



The top ten countries based on GDP (PPP) per capita ranking hosted almost half (47%) of all refugees worldwide at the end of 2008. The burden of hosting almost half of the world’s refugees is thus shouldered by ten developing countries.

Asylum-seekers

Asylum-seekers are people who have requested international protection but whose claim for refugee status has not yet been determined. It is important to note that a person is a refugee from the moment he or she fulfils the criteria set out in the refugee definition. The formal recognition, for instance through individual refugee status determination, does not establish refugee status but confirms it.

The asylum-seekers included in the total population of concern to UNHCR are people whose applications for asylum or refugee status are pending a final decision. Those covered in this chapter refer to claimants whose



Map 3 IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, end-2008

applications were pending as of the end of 2008, irrespective of when they may have been lodged (the so-called “backlog” of undecided or “pending cases”).²⁹

By the end of the year, globally some 826,000 individuals were still awaiting a decision on their asylum claim. This figure is 12 per cent higher than in 2007. It includes people at any level of the asylum procedure. Despite improved reporting over the past few years the global number of undecided cases presented in the Statistical Yearbook is underestimated as some countries, particularly in the industrialized world, still do not report these figures.

At the end of 2008, the largest number of undecided cases at the first instance and on appeal was reported by South Africa (227,000). This figure includes 138,000 undecided cases at the first instance in 2008 and 89,000 cases pending decision at the end of 2007 (no update available). In the United States of America, the number of pending cases at the end of its fiscal year (30 September 2008) totalled 69,200. Other countries with high numbers of pending cases included Canada (54,200), Greece (38,100) and Austria (36,700).

Internally displaced persons

The number of people internally displaced by conflict, generalized violence or human rights violations was estimated at some 26 million at the end of 2008.³⁰ In recent years UNHCR has become increasingly involved with IDPs globally in keeping with the Office’s commitment to the cluster approach introduced in January 2006. The number of internally displaced persons, including people in IDP-like situations,³¹ who benefited from UNHCR’s protection and assistance activities stood at 14.4 million at the end of 2008, the highest figure on record. This constitutes an increase of more than 600,000 compared to the previous year (13.7 million) and more than double the figure before the activation of the cluster approach (6.6 million in 2005). UNHCR offices reported more than 1.1 million newly displaced people in 2008, while at least 1.4 million IDPs were able to return home during the same period.³² In all, UNHCR statistics include IDP populations in 23 countries.

With an estimated three million internally displaced persons, Colombia continues to have one of the largest IDP populations in the world. In Iraq, the number of IDPs rose from 2.4 million in 2007 to more than 2.6 million at the end of 2008. It is estimated that more than 1.4 million Iraqis became displaced within their country in the past three years alone. Renewed armed conflict in the eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo and in Somalia displaced hundreds of thousands of people. As a consequence, the number of IDPs in both countries increased to 1.5 and 1.3 million respectively, at the end of the year. Kenya also experienced internal displacement in early 2008 following the outbreak of post-election violence – although 346,000 IDPs were able to return home in the course of 2008, an estimated 404,000 remained displaced within the country at the end of the year. Similarly, armed conflict in Georgia forced some 135,000 people to flee their homes in 2008. By the end of the year, an estimated 330,000 were considered internally displaced in Georgia, including 88,000 people in an IDP-like situation as well as people displaced by conflict in the 1990s.

Some 603,000 IDPs in Uganda were able to return to their villages during the year, reducing the IDP population remaining in camps and transit sites to 853,000. Both IDPs and IDP returnees continue to benefit from

29 For details on the number of new asylum claims submitted as well as decisions taken, see Chapter 4.

30 For detailed statistics on global internal displacement, see the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) website of the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) at www.internal-displacement.org.

31 The IDP-like situations refer to Georgia (88,000) and the Russian Federation (2,000).

32 In the absence of reliable estimates on newly displaced and returned IDPs during 2008, this figure excludes movements in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

UNHCR's protection and assistance activities under the cluster approach. In Sudan, the number of IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR was around 1.2 million by the end of the year.³³ Afghanistan, Pakistan³⁴, Sri Lanka, and Yemen were among those countries reporting either new situations of internal displacement or significant increases in the IDP population during 2008.

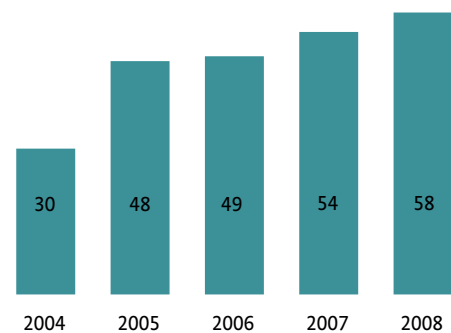
Stateless persons

The identification of stateless persons is the first step in addressing the problem and is fundamental to the discharge of the responsibility entrusted to UNHCR in regard to this population. This responsibility is not limited to the prevention and reduction of statelessness and the protection of stateless persons, but also involves informing the international community of the magnitude of the problem. Measuring statelessness is complicated by the very nature of the phenomenon. Stateless people often live in a precarious situation on the margins of society, frequently lack identity documentation and are subject to discrimination. Only a few countries have procedures in place for the identification and documentation of stateless people, which facilitates gathering precise data.

This report includes data on countries for which reliable official statistics or estimates of stateless populations are available. Annex table 7 also includes some countries (marked with an asterisk) that have significant stateless populations but for which no reliable figures could be provided, including Côte d'Ivoire, Indonesia and Zimbabwe.

The data on statelessness in 2008 show a continuation of the trend already observed in previous years of a gradual expansion in coverage and knowledge of stateless persons. By the end of 2008, statistics on statelessness were available for 58 countries, four more than in 2007. This compares to 30 countries in 2004, the first year UNHCR started collecting statistics on stateless populations in a more systematic way, and reflects the efforts of its offices around the globe and States alike to gather better data on such situations. These efforts were bolstered by an increased awareness of the statelessness phenomenon in a number of countries around the world.

Fig II.4 Number of countries reporting statistics on stateless persons



For 2008, the number of identified stateless populations more than doubled to almost 6.6 million. This is not necessarily due to new situations of statelessness but, rather, the result of improved data availability. The main reason for this increase was Thailand which reported significant stateless populations for the first time.³⁵

UNHCR is not yet in a position to provide comprehensive statistics on the number of stateless persons in all countries around the world. As a result, there is a discrepancy between reliable country-level data reported

33 According to IDMC estimates, the number of IDPs in Sudan is estimated at up to 4.9 million.

34 At the time of writing, the number of IDPs in Pakistan had approached the 2 million mark as compared to 156,000 at the end of 2008.

35 There are an estimated 3.5 million stateless persons in Thailand including primarily members of hill tribes and immigrants, and their descendants, from neighbouring countries. The New Civil Registration Act and the Nationality Act became effective on 24 August 2008. They allow, for the first time, birth registration and certification of all children born in Thailand regardless of the status of the parents. This will not only help prevent statelessness in the broadest sense but will also benefit children of refugees or asylum-seekers born in Thailand.

by UNHCR and the total estimated number of stateless worldwide, some 12 million people. The increase in data coverage means that there will also be a gradual narrowing of this gap.

Returnees (refugees and IDPs)³⁶

Voluntary repatriation (for refugees) and voluntary return (for IDPs) remains the durable solution sought by the largest number of refugees and IDPs whose strongest hope is to return home. An estimated 604,000 refugees and 1.4 million IDPs returned in 2008. For refugee returns, this number is markedly below the 731,000 refugees who returned home in 2007. For IDP returns, it was the second highest figure of the past 15 years. Only in 2007 was the figure higher (two million IDP returns).

UNHCR “promotes” (i.e., encourages) voluntary repatriation where peace and reconciliation are enduring. Under less ideal conditions, such as when the sustainability of the peace process is not certain but refugees are returning on their own, UNHCR may “facilitate” the return of those who, albeit being well-informed about the risks that such return would entail, are still determined to go back.

Other groups or people of concern

UNHCR also extends its protection or assistance activities to individuals whom it considers “of concern”, but who do not fall into any of the above population categories. These activities are based on humanitarian or other special grounds and might, for instance, include asylum-seekers who have been rejected by States, but who are deemed by UNHCR to be in need of international protection. The number of people in these groups more than doubled from 68,600 at the start of 2008 to almost 167,000 by the end of the year. The increase arose primarily from the inclusion of close to 80,000 people in Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Croatia. These are mostly former refugees or internally displaced persons who have returned home prior to 2008 but are still not fully integrated and therefore continue to receive UNHCR assistance.

Box 4

Which country has experienced the largest number of refugee outflows?

Which countries are the main sources of refugee displacement? Which country has suffered most from war or armed conflict? Which country has generated the highest number of refugees? These are questions often raised by States, media or researchers. Although UNHCR cannot answer these questions, statistical records can – with certain limitations – provide an indication of the countries most affected.

In response to large numbers of arriving refugees, asylum countries may accord protection on a group or *prima facie* basis. The figures presented in this box are mostly based on refugees who have been granted protection on a *prima facie* basis since 1962.

Data limitations have to be borne in mind when interpreting these figures. UNHCR records the number of people arriving within a country of asylum during a given year. If a person is displaced several times during different years, he or she may be counted more than once in UNHCR statistics which could lead to an over-estimation of the number of individuals displaced from a particular country. This is particularly true for situations with a long history of refugee movements such as in the Horn of Africa. Also, although UNHCR has been collecting statistics on *prima facie* refugee recognitions for almost five decades, definitions

36 See Chapter 3 for more details on durable solutions.

<i>Main countries of mass refugee displacement *</i>	<i>Total (in mln)</i>	<i>Main countries of asylum</i>
Afghanistan	6.7	Islamic Rep. of Iran, Pakistan
Eritrea/Ethiopia	3.5	Djibouti, Kenya, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Ethiopia (for Eritreans)
Rwanda	3.3	Burundi, Democratic Rep. of Congo, United Rep. of Tanzania, Uganda
Iraq **	>1.8	Islamic Rep. of Iran, Jordan, Syrian Arab Rep.
Former Yugoslavia ***	>1.7	Albania, Bosnia and H., Croatia, Serbia, Slovenia, TfyR Macedonia
Liberia	1.4	Cote d'Ivoire, Guinea, Sierra Leone
Sudan	1.4	Chad, Dem. Democratic Rep. of Congo, Ethiopia, Kenya, Uganda
DemOcratic Rep. of Congo	1.2	Angola, Burundi, Democratic Rep. of Congo, United Rep. of Tanzania, Uganda
Mozambique	1.1	Malawi, United Rep. of Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe
Burundi	1.0	Dem. Democratic Rep. of Congo, United Rep. of Tanzania
Somalia	1.0	Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, Yemen
Angola	1.0	Dem. Rep. of Congo, Zambia

* Table is based on data recorded between 1962 and 2008.

** Recent Iraqi arrivals in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic are by and large not available.

*** Excludes arrivals in countries outside the immediate region of the former Yugoslavia.

and reporting formats have changed over time. For instance, until 1997, UNHCR's Annual Statistical Report did not distinguish between refugees who were granted refugee status on a *prima facie* basis and those granted refugee status on an individual basis. As a result, the pre-1997 figures for *prima facie* arrivals may be overestimated. In some cases, the annual number of refugee outflows from a country may not be available (the "flow" figure), while the number of refugees originating from this country at the end of the reference period may well be available (the "stock" figure). This will lead to an underestimate of the actual number of refugee arrivals from a particular country.

Out of the 12 situations with a cumulative total of at least one million refugee outflows, nine occurred in Africa. Out of a total of 33 million cumulative refugee outflows recorded in UNHCR statistics since 1962, about half of them originated from the African continent and one third from Asia.

According to UNHCR figures, some 6.7 million Afghans left the country since outbreak of armed conflict in 1980, the largest continuous refugee movement recorded by UNHCR. The level of displacement was particularly high during the first two years following the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan (3.7 million refugees). As records did not disaggregate statistics for Eritrea and Ethiopia until Eritrean independence, the two countries are aggregated in this analysis. Eritrean and Ethiopian refugees together (3.5 million) accounted for the second largest refugee movement with the highest outflows being recorded during 1978-1980 and 1984-1985. Refugee outflows from Rwanda, the third largest source country, were highest during 1994 (more than 2.3 million).

While UNHCR statistics show that at least 1.8 million Iraqis left their country since the late 1980s, this figure excludes arrivals of the past few years in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic; however, together these two countries hosted more than two million Iraqi refugees at peak times.

The countries of the former Yugoslavia together produced at least 1.7 million refugees during the 1990s. The actual numbers were much higher, as this figure excludes to a large extent individuals who were granted refugee status or temporary protection outside the Balkan region, in particular in countries of Western Europe. This was in addition to a large number of internally displaced persons in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia and Kosovo (Serbia). The exodus was particularly high during the 1999 Kosovo crisis when close to one million refugees fled to Albania and TfyR of Macedonia.

Chapter 3

Durable solutions and new displacement

Introduction

Finding durable solutions for refugees is part of UNHCR’s core mandate. Solutions can take three different forms: (i) voluntary repatriation to the home country; (ii) the identification of appropriate permanent integration mechanisms in the country of asylum; or (iii) resettlement in another country. Voluntary repatriation is the durable solution which has historically benefited the largest number of refugees. Resettlement is a key protection tool and a significant burden and responsibility-sharing mechanism. Local integration is a complex and gradual process and comprises distinct but interrelated legal, economic and socio-cultural dimensions. It is therefore difficult to quantify in numerical terms. The analysis of data on local integration is thus limited to integration through the naturalization of refugees by the host country.

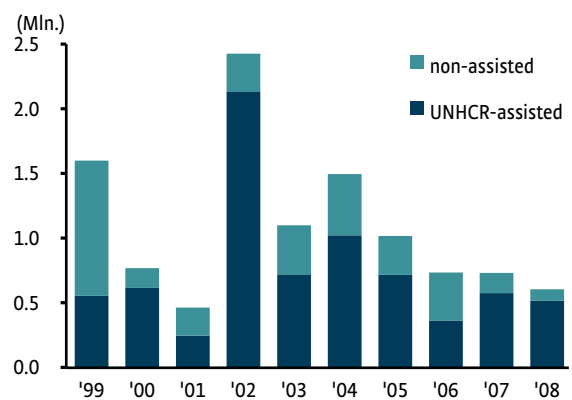
Progress in achieving durable solutions is partly offset by new outflows of refugees. Each year, thousands of refugees flee their home country and are recognized either on an individual basis or through group determination. This chapter looks at both: durable solutions which were found and new displacement which occurred during 2008.

Durable solutions

Voluntary repatriation: second lowest level in 15 years³⁷

Based on consolidated reports from countries of asylum (departures) and origin (arrivals), it is estimated that close to 604,000 refugees repatriated voluntarily during 2008, 17 per cent less than in 2007 (731,000). Repatriation figures have continuously decreased since 2004, with 2008 figures being the second-lowest of the past 15 years. Only in 2001 was a smaller number of returns reported (462,000). This is an indication that the large-scale repatriation movements observed in the past have decelerated. Globally, an estimated 11 million refugees have returned home over the past 10 years; 7.5 million, or 68 per cent, of them returned with UNHCR assistance.

Fig III.1 Refugee returns, 1999-2008



The main countries of return in 2008 included Afghanistan (278,500), Burundi (95,400), Sudan (90,100), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (54,000), Iraq (25,600), and Angola (13,100). The largest number of refugee departures was reported by Pakistan (274,200), followed by the United Republic of Tanzania (110,800), and Uganda (66,800).

37 It should be noted that for statistical purposes, only refugees who have actually returned during the calendar year under examination are included. In practice, however, operations may assist returnees to reintegrate into their country for longer periods of time, sometimes exceeding the calendar year in which they returned.

Box 5

Can one forecast the number of refugee returns?

Anticipating the number of refugees who will return to their country of origin during the next year is critical for proper planning and programming. Analysing historical statistical trends can help in estimating the number of refugee returns for the coming year.

The table below shows the relative share of returns compared to the total number of refugees for a given year. For the last decade, this proportion ranged between 4 and 15 per cent with a statistical outlier of 20 per cent in 2001. Because of this outlier, the median is the preferred summary measure (as opposed to the mean) which in this case indicates that between 1999 and 2008, 9 per cent of the refugee population repatriated voluntarily during the following calendar year. In other words, for a given year, roughly one out of ten refugees repatriated voluntarily.

Year	Refugees at end-year *	Refugee returns during following year *	% returns in refugee population
1998	11.5	1.6	14%
1999	11.7	0.8	7%
2000	12.1	0.5	4%
2001	12.1	2.4	20%
2002	10.6	1.1	10%
2003	9.6	1.4	15%
2004	9.6	1.1	12%
2005	8.7	0.7	8%
2006	9.9	0.7	7%
2007	11.4	0.6	5%
Median	11.0	0.9	9%

* Figures in millions

Afghanistan continued to be the main country of return with 278,500 registered returns during the year. More than 5 million Afghan refugees – or one fifth of Afghanistan’s population – have returned since 2002. The large majority has gone back to their areas of origin, but recent returnees face increasing difficulties. Thousands of returnees have been unable to return to their villages due to insecurity and a lack of land, shelter, basic services or job opportunities. These challenges have been compounded by a food crisis and severe drought.

UNHCR’s repatriation operation for Burundian refugees living in the United Republic of Tanzania, which began in 2002, reached the 300,000 mark in March 2008. As a consequence, the refugee population in the camps in the north-western part of the country fell below 200,000 people for the first time in 15 years. In total, more than 477,000 Burundian refugees, including those returning spontaneously, were able to go home between 2002 and 2008, 96 per cent of them returning from the United Republic of Tanzania.

Resettlement

Resettlement is a vital protection tool and an international responsibility-sharing mechanism, but also can be a key element in comprehensive solution strategies. It aims to provide protection to refugees whose life, liberty, safety, health or other fundamental human rights are at risk in their country of asylum.

Resettlement benefits a small number of refugees; in 2008, less than 1 per cent of the world’s refugees directly benefited from resettlement. During the past 10 years, some 807,000 refugees were resettled, compared to 11 million refugees who were able to repatriate. Thus, for every refugee who has been resettled since 1999, about 14 have repatriated. In recent years resettlement has also been vital in alleviating some protracted refugee situations around the world, creating protection space and opening up solutions that may have remained otherwise inaccessible.



Afghan boys and girls who have returned from Pakistan are attending classes in Qalinbafan. UNHCR/ E. Hockstein

The 2008 Yearbook uses two sources for resettlement statistics. UNHCR records from countries of asylum indicate the number of refugees who have been resettled under its auspices. Official statistics from resettlement countries are also used to analyse the total inflow of resettled refugees, whether or not they were facilitated by UNHCR.

A Resettlement under UNHCR auspices

Individuals supported for resettlement by UNHCR are (i) recognized as refugees under the Office's mandate; and (ii) deemed eligible according to UNHCR's resettlement guidelines and criteria.³⁸ These criteria relate to specific protection needs, such as when the physical or legal security of a refugee is at stake (e.g. women-at-risk or individuals faced with *refoulement*) or when specialized services (e.g. psychosocial or medical) are required that are not available in the country of asylum. UNHCR also supports the resettlement of refugees in order to reunite refugee families.

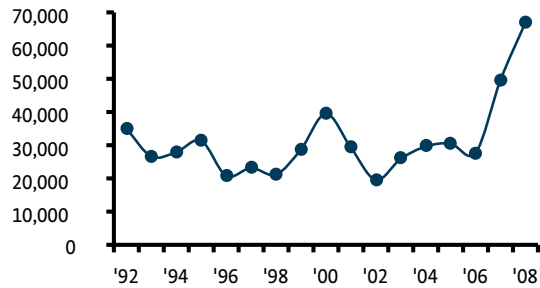
In 2008, UNHCR submitted more than 121,000 individual refugees for resettlement consideration by States, the highest number of the past 15 years and 22 per cent above the 2007 level (99,000). Continued use of group resettlement methodology in Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, and Thailand as well as the streamlined procedures used for Iraqi refugees in the Middle East operations are among the contributing factors to this achievement. While increasing the number of refugees having access to resettlement, UNHCR has ensured the quality of case submissions through on-going staff training, provision of policy guidance, development of a new Resettlement Learning Programme and refinement of the pre- and post-selection mission questionnaires.

38 See *Resettlement Handbook*, UNHCR, Geneva, 2004 at <http://www.unhcr.org/pages/4a2ccba76.html>

During the year, 67,000 individuals departed for resettlement with UNHCR assistance, 17,000 more than the year before.³⁹ This is the highest number since the early 1990s. By nationality, the main beneficiaries of the UNHCR-facilitated resettlement programmes in 2008 were refugees from Myanmar (23,200), Iraq (17,800), Bhutan (8,100), Somalia (3,500), Burundi (3,100), and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (1,800).

Some 85 UNHCR country offices were engaged in facilitating resettlement during 2008. The largest number of refugees who were resettled with UNHCR assistance departed from Thailand (16,800), Nepal (8,200), the Syrian Arab Republic (7,200), Jordan (6,700), Malaysia (5,900), and Kenya (4,000). Together, these six operations together accounted for 7 out of every 10 resettlement departures assisted by the organization in 2008.

Fig III.2 UNHCR-assisted resettlement departures of refugees, 1992-2008



B Resettlement arrivals (with limited or no direct UNHCR involvement)

A number of resettlement States (e.g. Australia, Canada and the United States of America) have humanitarian programmes and/or family reunion or sponsorship programmes which address the specific needs of refugees and people in refugee-like situations. These programmes generally have limited direct UNHCR involvement, but nevertheless a significant number of the people who benefit from these programmes are refugees or their family members. This accounts for the difference between the statistics for overall resettlement and persons resettled with UNHCR's assistance.

During 2008, a total of 88,800 refugees were admitted by 16 resettlement countries, including the United States of America (60,200),⁴⁰ Australia (11,000), Canada (10,800), Sweden (2,200), and Finland (750). Overall, this was 18 per cent above the total for 2007 (75,300) and the highest value since 2001 (92,100).

The 16 countries resettling refugees during 2008 accepted more than 90 different nationalities, with the largest groups being refugees from Myanmar (22,400), Iraq (19,900), the Islamic Republic of Iran (6,300), Bhutan (6,200), and Cuba (4,200).

The challenges faced by States and UNHCR to bridge the gaps in resettlement delivery are formidable: even more so in the current global economic crisis. UNHCR has been working closely with States to enlarge the pool of resettlement places to respond to these challenges. Since 2007, France, Paraguay, Portugal, Romania, the Czech Republic and Uruguay have established or re-established resettlement programmes. Japan has also announced that it will embark on a pilot resettlement project in 2010.

Local integration

The degree and nature of local integration are difficult to measure in quantitative terms, though this is the final and crucial step towards obtaining the full protection of the asylum country. In those cases where refugees acquire citizenship through naturalization, statistical data is often very limited, as the countries concerned generally do not distinguish between refugees and others who have been naturalized. Moreover,

39 The disparity between submissions and departures is partly explained by the time delay between a submission by UNHCR and the decision by a resettlement State to allow the refugee to travel. In many cases, a decision by a resettlement State is made several months after receiving a submission; hence the travel of refugees submitted for resettlement in 2008 might occur the following calendar year, particularly for those cases submitted in the last quarter of 2008.

40 Data for the United States of America refers to the US fiscal year (1 October – 30 September) and may include people resettled for the purpose of family reunification.

laws in some countries do not permit refugees to be naturalized. Therefore, the naturalization of refugees is both restricted and under-reported.

The limited data on the naturalization of refugees available to UNHCR show that during the past decade more than 1.2 million refugees were granted citizenship by their asylum country. The United States of America alone accounted for two thirds of them. Azerbaijan and Armenia also granted citizenship to a significant number of refugees during the same period (188,400 and 65,800 respectively). For 2008, UNHCR was informed of refugees being granted citizenship in the United States of America (83,600 during January to September only), Belgium (4,200), Ireland (1,000), Armenia (730), and the United Republic of Tanzania (490).

Mass refugee movements

The analysis in this section is limited to individuals who have been recognized as refugees on a group or *prima facie* basis. Those who sought asylum on an individual basis, by requesting refugee status through an individual asylum claim, will be discussed in great detail in Chapter 4.⁴¹

Somalia remained one of the major source countries for new displacements during 2008, with almost 100,000 individuals fleeing the country primarily to Kenya (65,000), Yemen (30,500), and Djibouti (2,200). Although the total number of people who have fled Iraq during the year is not available, an additional 88,000 Iraqis were newly registered by UNHCR in Lebanon, Jordan, the Syrian Arab Republic and other countries in the region in 2008. The Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Central African Republic were other main sources of new refugee displacements in 2008, with 55,700 and 24,800 individuals respectively fleeing these countries. Excluding Iraqi refugees registered by UNHCR throughout the Middle East, a quarter of a million people were newly displaced during the year, 90 per cent of them originating from Africa.

The largest number of new arrivals of refugees was reported in Kenya (65,000), followed by Uganda (49,500), Yemen (30,500), and Cameroon (25,700).

41 Some 861,000 individual asylum claims were submitted worldwide in 2008. An estimated 217,000 people received a positive decision on their asylum claim in the course of the year.

Chapter 4

Asylum and refugee status determination

Introduction

An asylum-seeker is an individual who has sought international protection and whose claim for refugee status has not yet been determined. It is important to note, however, that a person is a refugee if he/she fulfils the criteria set out in the *1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees*. The formal recognition of someone through individual refugee status determination (RSD) does not establish refugee status, but rather confirms it.

As part of its obligation to protect refugees on its territory, the country of asylum is normally responsible for determining whether an asylum-seeker is a refugee or not. The responsibility is often incorporated into the national legislation of the country and, in most cases, is derived from the 1951 Convention.

This chapter presents some of the main trends related to asylum applications lodged on an individual basis, and includes an overview of relevant decisions. Given the specific protection needs of unaccompanied and separated children who seek asylum, Box 7 provides information on recent trends for this population. This section, however, does not include mass refugee inflows nor does it make reference to people who have been accorded refugee status on a group or *prima facie* basis.⁴²

It should be stressed that even though the concepts of asylum and refugee status are sometimes used interchangeably in the Yearbook, asylum can only be accorded by States. UNHCR may grant refugee status under its mandate, but it cannot provide asylum.

Box 6

When does UNHCR conduct refugee status determination?

In some countries, UNHCR cooperates closely with governments in the determination of refugee status. This cooperation can take on a variety of forms, such as assisting in drafting asylum laws, registering asylum-seekers, providing legal training, attending hearings or participating in the decision-making process. In some cases, UNHCR conducts RSD under its mandate. This may be the case if a country is not a State party to the 1951 Convention and/or its 1967 Protocol or if it has not enacted refugee legislation. Another reason can be if the State's national refugee status determination procedure is a non-functioning one (including countries that have made geographic reservations related to the 1951 Convention); the State has a national RSD procedure that does not meet minimum standards for fairness and efficiency; and/or for a residual population of asylum-seekers after an RSD handover to the national authorities. In addition, in a few countries, UNHCR also undertakes RSD for the purpose of identifying refugees with resettlement needs.

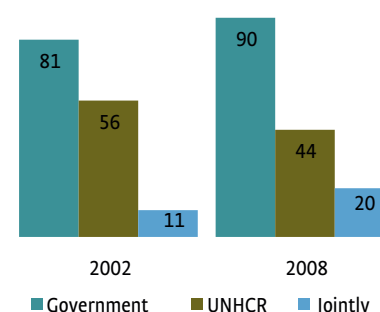
42 The decision not to record in asylum statistics people who were granted refugee status under UNHCR's mandate on a *prima facie* basis has been made to allow a direct comparison between State and UNHCR-conducted refugee status determination procedures. However, it should be noted that RSD procedures that provide for refugee status recognition on a *prima facie* basis generally go beyond the mere registration of applicants and usually involve in-depth screening and interviewing to establish the nationality of the applicants, the absence of likely reasons for exclusion and the identification of specific protection needs.

Responsibility for refugee status determination

Of the 154 countries for which data is available for 2008, governments were solely responsible for carrying out refugee status determination in 90 countries (58%). UNHCR was the only responsible body for RSD in 44 countries (29%), whereas a shared responsibility was reported for 20 countries (13%).⁴³ The latter includes asylum procedures which were either carried out jointly between UNHCR and the government, or where there were parallel procedures that were conducted independently.

As part of its efforts to strengthen States' capacity to conduct refugee status determination, over the last few years UNHCR has handed over the responsibility for assessing asylum claims to a number of States. For instance, while in 2002 UNHCR was responsible for assessing asylum claims in 56 countries, this number had dropped to 44 by 2008.

Fig IV.1. Responsibility for refugee status determination



Global trends

Applications

During 2008, at least 861,400 individual applications for asylum or refugee status were submitted to governments or UNHCR offices in 154 countries. This constitutes a 32 per cent increase compared to the previous year (653,800 claims) and is the second consecutive annual rise. The increase is due to two primary factors. The first is related to the increase of asylum applications in South Africa (+354%; 207,000 new claims); and second due to the higher number of certain populations seeking international protection during the year, particularly Afghans, Eritreans, Somalis, and Zimbabweans. If South Africa was excluded, the global increase in 2008 would have been only eight per cent.

Table IV.1: New and appeal applications received

	2005	2006	2007	2008
State*	586,500	499,000	548,000	751,900
UNHCR	89,300	91,500	79,800	73,400
Jointly**	7,900	23,800	26,000	36,100
Total	683,700	614,300	653,800	861,400
% UNHCR only	13%	15%	12%	9%

* Includes revised estimates.

** Refers to refugee status determination conducted jointly between UNHCR and the Government.

43 In countries where RSD is conducted either by the government or jointly by the government and UNHCR, the Office may occasionally carry out RSD under its mandate for specific protection and/or durable solution-related reasons.

Out of the total of 861,400 asylum claims, an estimated 768,600 were initial applications⁴⁴ lodged in first instance procedures, whereas the remaining 92,800 claims were submitted on appeal or with courts.⁴⁵

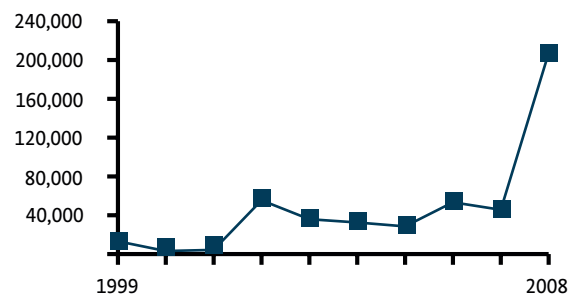
UNHCR offices registered some 73,400 applications out of the total of 861,400 claims in 2008. This number has decreased compared to 2007 (79,800 claims⁴⁶). The Office’s share in the global number of applications registered stood at 9 per cent in 2008 compared to 15 per cent in 2006 and 12 per cent in 2007.⁴⁷ As the overall number of applications has continued to rise, States are increasingly taking responsibility for refugee status determination.

With a total of 355,500 asylum claims registered during the year, Europe remained the primary destination for individual asylum-seekers, followed closely by Africa (320,200).⁴⁸ The Americas and Asia recorded 109,300 and 68,700 respectively while Oceania received 7,700 claims.⁴⁹

New individual asylum applications received

With more than 207,000 asylum claims registered in 2008, or roughly one quarter of individual applications globally, South Africa was the main destination for new asylum-seekers worldwide.⁵⁰ The figure has more than quadrupled compared to 2007 when 45,600 individuals sought international protection in the country. Zimbabweans accounted for more than half of all claims submitted in 2008 (112,000 applications). With a cumulative total of more than 458,000 individual asylum applications since 2002, South Africa has rapidly evolved into one of the largest recipients of asylum-seekers in the world. The number of new asylum claims lodged in the United States of America has remained fairly stable in recent years; the United States of America received one quarter of the number of claims of South Africa, but was nevertheless in second position with 49,600 applications.⁵¹

Fig IV.2 Asylum claims in South Africa, 1999-2008



44 Despite the fact that statistical reporting on new asylum-seekers has improved in recent years, in particular in Europe, it should be borne in mind that the data include a significant number of repeat claims, i.e. the applicant has submitted at least one previous application in the same or another country.

45 Statistical information on the outcomes of asylum appeals and court proceedings is under-reported, particularly in developed countries, because this type of data is often either not collected by States or not published separately.

46 This figure included 14,200 Somali asylum-seekers who were granted refugee status on a prima facie basis.

47 The trend in the number of asylum applications received by UNHCR between 2005 and 2008 can be partly explained by how RSD statistics were recorded in these years by UNHCR’s office in Kenya. In 2005, Kenya began to record in its Annual Statistical Report applications from Somali asylum-seekers who were processed on a prima facie basis. That year, the 22,400 applications concerned represented 25 per cent of all applications registered by UNHCR. In 2008, Kenya stopped recording these applications resulting in a decrease of 13,300 applications for that operation. Thus, while UNHCR’s global RSD statistics show an 8 per cent decrease in applications from 2007 to 2008, UNHCR actually experienced a 7 per cent increase when excluding RSD statistics from Kenya.

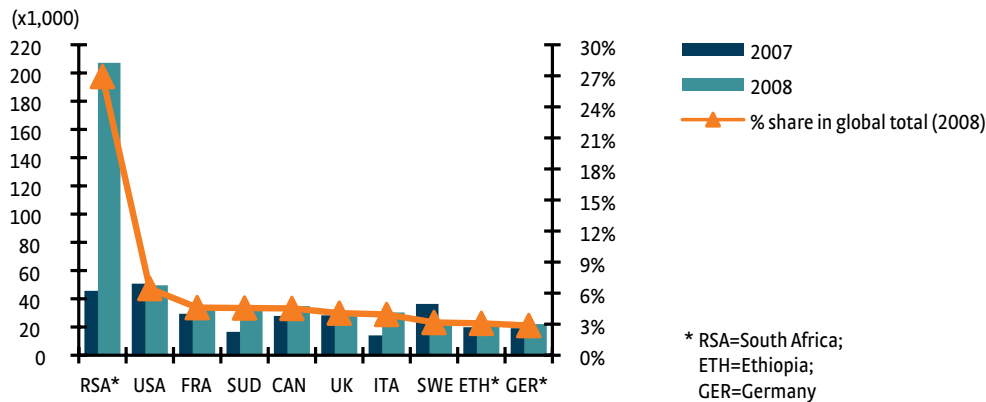
48 The geographical regions used are those of the United Nations Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, New York <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/m49/m49.htm>.

49 For a detailed analysis of asylum trends in industrialized countries, see *Asylum Levels and Trends in Industrialized Countries, 2008*, UNHCR Geneva, March 2009, available at: <http://www.unhcr.org/statistics>.

50 This figure includes Zimbabweans arriving at South Africa’s southern border and people who applied for asylum in the wake of the May 2008 xenophobic violence.

51 Estimated number of individuals based on the number of new cases (25,500) and multiplied by 1.4 to reflect the average number of individuals per case (Source: U.S. Department of Homeland Security); and number of new “defensive” asylum requests lodged with the Executive Office of Immigration Review (13,900, reported by individuals).

Fig IV.3 Main destination countries of new asylum-seekers, 2007-2008



France was the third largest recipient during 2008 (35,400 claims), a 20 per cent increase compared to 2007 (29,400 claims) and the first rise in four years. France was the main destination for asylum-seekers in Europe in 2008. The increase is due to additional asylum-seekers from Mali (2,700 claims), now the third most important country of origin of asylum-seekers in France; after the Russian Federation (3,600 claims); and Serbia (3,100). Sudan was the fourth most important destination country for new asylum-seekers in 2008 with more than 35,100 registered asylum claims, mostly from Eritrea (32,800). Other important destination countries for asylum-seekers were Canada (34,800)⁵², the United Kingdom (31,300), and Italy (30,300).

In 2008, UNHCR offices received 69,600 new applications for refugee status and 3,800 on appeal or for review. The office in Malaysia received the largest number of new requests (17,000). Turkey was the second largest operation in 2008 (13,000 new claims), followed by Kenya (8,100), the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya (4,900), and Cameroon (4,100). UNHCR offices in Malaysia, Turkey, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Cameroon faced an increase in applications, while offices in Somalia, the Syrian Arab Republic and Hong Kong SAR, China, experienced a decrease. The top five receiving UNHCR offices together registered more than two thirds of all new applications in 2008. Moreover, 90 per cent of UNHCR’s refugee status determination work (in terms of applications received) was concentrated in 14 countries.

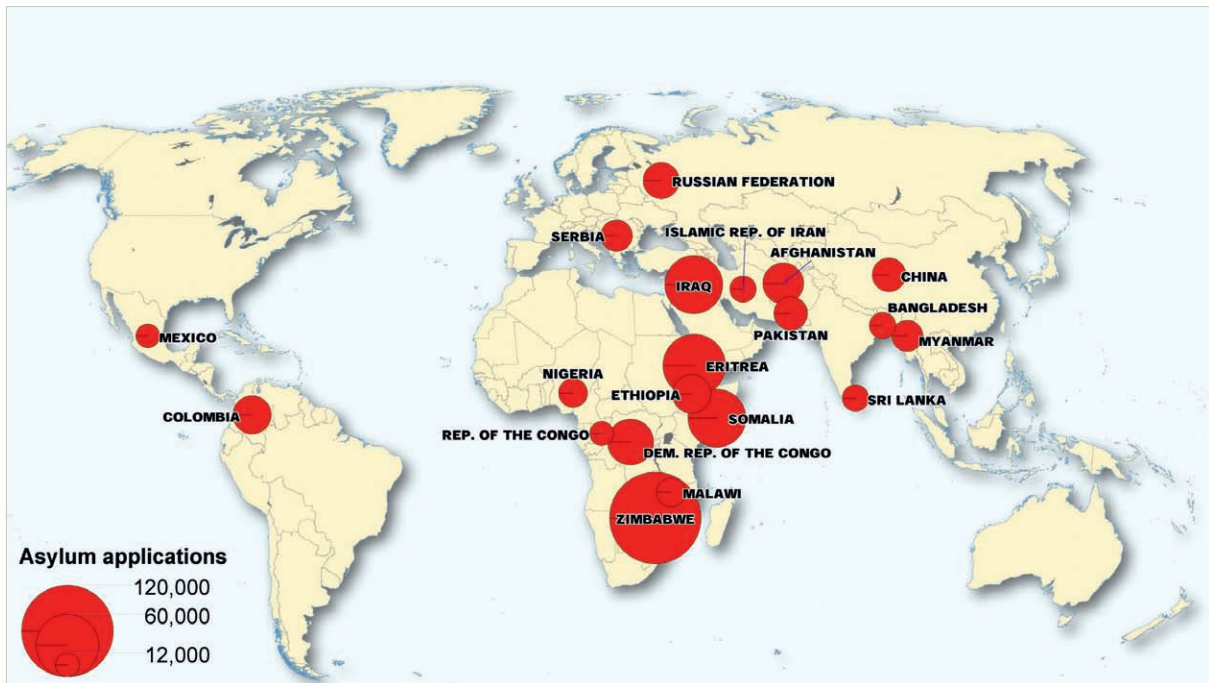
By nationality, the highest number of new asylum claims submitted to States or UNHCR was filed by individuals originating from Zimbabwe (118,500), Eritrea (62,700), Somalia (51,900), Iraq (43,900), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (32,700), and Afghanistan (28,900) (see Map 4).

Applications from different nationalities tend to be clustered in a limited number of asylum countries. For instance, 9 out of 10 Zimbabwean asylum claims were lodged in South Africa alone. Similarly, two thirds of all new Eritrean asylum claims were lodged in Sudan (32,800) and Ethiopia (8,700), while almost half of all Somali requests were submitted in Ethiopia (14,700) and South Africa (8,500). In the case of Iraqi asylum-

Table IV.2: New asylum claims lodged in 2008 in top 10 UNHCR offices*

Malaysia	17,000
Turkey	13,000
Kenya	8,100
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	4,900
Cameroon	4,100
India	3,300
Egypt	2,300
Yemen	2,200
Somalia	2,200
Kuwait**	2,100

* Excludes appeal/review claims.
 ** This figure includes 1,770 Afghans who will undergo a preliminary screening/profiling to determine whether the members of this group will undergo individual refugee status determination.



Map 4 Country of origin of new asylum-seekers in 2008

Note: Data is shown if the total number of asylum applications lodged by nationals exceeded 10,000 during 2008.

seekers, Turkey (6,900 claims; UNHCR asylum procedure), Germany (6,800), Sweden (6,100) and the Netherlands (5,000) were prime destination countries, together accounting for more than half (57%) of all new Iraqi claims. Even though asylum-seekers from the Democratic Republic of the Congo sought protection in more than 80 countries, 8 out of 10 requested refugee status on the African continent, notably in South Africa (10,000) and Uganda (6,300).

Decisions

Available data indicate that close to 537,000 decisions on individual asylum applications were rendered during 2008, a 14 per cent increase as compared to 2007. UNHCR staff adjudicated close to 47,000, or 9 per cent of the total – a slightly lower relative share compared to previous years. In nine countries, including Ethiopia and Israel, more than 31,000 substantive decisions were taken jointly by UNHCR and the State concerned.

Table IV.3: Substantive decisions taken

	2005	2006	2007	2008
State	501,900	426,500	399,000	458,700
UNHCR	60,100	56,400	51,200	46,800
Jointly*	5,200	16,800	20,600	31,200
Total	567,200	499,700	470,800	536,700
% UNHCR only	11%	11%	11%	9%

* Refers to refugee status determination conducted jointly between UNHCR and the Government.

These figures exclude cases which were closed for administrative reasons⁵³ without taking a decision on the substance. In 2008, some 152,000 cases were closed without a substantive decision issued to the applicant.

Some 217,300 asylum-seekers were recognized as refugees (153,400) or given a complementary form of protection (63,900) in the course of 2008. This number includes an estimated 12,000⁵⁴ individuals who initially received a negative decision that was subsequently overturned at the appeal or review stage.

In absolute terms, the number of positive decisions issued to asylum-seekers has gone up in 2008 in all major regions except Europe. Nevertheless, with 86,200 asylum applicants being issued a positive decision during the year, European countries recognized the highest number of individual asylum-seekers.

In relative terms, however, Table IV.4 shows a different picture. Based on the ratio 'number of positive decisions rendered versus applications' received, the proportion of positive decisions was lower in 2008 than the year before. In Africa the proportion of positive decisions has decreased by almost half of that of the previous year although in absolute terms the number of positive decisions was greater. This may be due to the situation in South Africa where the high number of new asylum claims received during 2008 outpaced the number of positive decisions rendered. Following the xenophobic violence in South Africa, many displaced people applied for asylum or refugee status in the temporary places of safety. Among them, a large number were from non-refugee producing countries (e.g. Mozambique, Malawi) and had their asylum application rejected.

Table IV.4: Positive decisions rendered by region

Region	No. of positive decisions		Change		Ratio positive decisions/ applications	
	2007	2008	Total	%	2007	2008
Africa	51,100	60,200	9,100	18%	0.35	0.19
Asia	34,800	38,700	3,900	11%	0.57	0.56
Europe	94,000	86,200	-7,800	-8%	0.28	0.24
Latin America/ Caribbean	4,200	5,800	1,600	38%	0.19	0.23
Northern America	23,900	24,300	400	2%	0.35	0.29
Oceania	1,800	2,000	200	11%	0.27	0.26
Grand Total	209,800	217,200	7,400	4%	0.33	0.25

One fifth of all positive decisions in Europe in 2008 were issued to Iraqi asylum-seekers. In Africa, one third of all positive decisions were issued to Eritrean asylum-seekers; the same is true in Asia for asylum-seekers from Myanmar. In Latin America and the Caribbean, 90 per cent of all recognitions were granted to Colombians. In Northern America and Oceania, one fifth of the positive outcomes were issued to asylum-seekers from China.

Regarding negative decisions, close to 320,000 claims were rejected on substantive grounds, 58,400 more than in 2008. This number includes negative decisions at the first instance which may be appealed.

53 Also labeled as "non-substantive" decisions are those which might result from, among others, the death of the applicant, no-show for interview, withdrawal of the application, abandonment of the claim, or the determination that another country is responsible for the claim ('Dublin II' procedure).

54 This figure is likely to be substantially higher but a significant number of decisions rendered by States at the appeal or review stage of the asylum procedure is not available.

At the global level, the **Refugee Recognition Rate** (RRR) is estimated at 29 per cent of all decisions taken during 2008 while the **Total Recognition Rate** (TRR) was 40 per cent.⁵⁵ Both values are below the corresponding rates in 2007 (32 per cent for RRR and 45 per cent for TRR). However, global recognition rates are indicative as some States have not reported the relevant data. Also, the proportion of positive decisions is slightly higher as decisions for those rejected on appeal are often counted twice; both as an initial rejection and as an appeal rejection.

By the end of the year, at least 825,000 individuals were still awaiting a decision on their asylum claim; an 11 per cent increase over 2007. This figure includes people at any level of the asylum procedure; unfortunately the real number of pending asylum claims is unknown as many countries were not able to report this information.

At the end of 2008, the largest number of undecided cases at first instance and on appeal was reported by South Africa (227,000). This figure includes 138,000 undecided cases at first instance and 89,000 cases which were pending decision on appeal at the end of 2007. In the United States of America the number of pending cases at the end of its fiscal year totalled 69,200. Other countries with high numbers of pending cases included Canada (54,200), Greece (38,100), and Austria (36,700).



*A man with a small child crosses under a barbed wire fence on the Zimbabwe-South Africa border near Belt Bridge.
UNHCR/J. Oatway*

55 In the absence of an internationally agreed methodology for calculating recognition rates, UNHCR uses two rates to compute the proportion of refugee claims accepted during the year. The **Refugee Recognition Rate** divides the number of asylum-seekers granted Convention refugee status by the total number of accepted (Convention and, where relevant, complementary protection) and rejected cases. The **Total Recognition Rate** divides the number of asylum-seekers granted Convention refugee status and complementary form of protection by the total number of accepted (Convention and, where relevant, complementary protection) and rejected cases. Non-substantive decisions are, to the extent possible, excluded from both calculations. For the purpose of international comparability, UNHCR only uses these two recognition rates and does not report nationally calculated rates.

Box 7

Unaccompanied and separated children seeking asylum

Unaccompanied and separated children (UASC) who seek international protection continue to receive high attention from UNHCR, States, NGOs and the media in light of their special protection and assistance needs. Collecting accurate and reliable statistics on this group, however, poses a challenge. This is due to a lack of proper identification and registration mechanisms in place in a number of countries. Where it exists, data is often not disaggregated by sex and age. In addition, definitions, including age of majority, vary from country to country. In all, this makes comparison of data a difficult task.

Since 2006, UNHCR has been systematically collecting data on UASC claiming asylum, including their age, sex and country of origin. Despite this effort, the global number of UASC who annually submit individual asylum claims remains unknown, largely because important destination countries such as Canada, South Africa, and the United States of America do not provide this information.

Among the 130 countries reporting data in 2008, 68 countries (52%) registered at least one UASC applicant during the year. Some 16,600 asylum applications were lodged by UASC in these 68 countries, or 4 per cent of the total number of asylum claims lodged in those countries. This is the highest absolute value since 2006, the first year when UNHCR started collecting global data on UASC seeking asylum. In 2007, UNHCR reported 11,300 UASC claims in 58 countries and in 2006, the figure was 9,900 UASC claims in 64 countries.

Europe received close to 13,400 or four fifths of all UASC claims during 2008. Among the countries reporting, the United Kingdom received the highest number of UASC claims in 2008 (almost 4,300), followed by Sweden (1,500), Norway (1,400), and Austria (770). Kenya and Malaysia were important destination countries for UASC outside Europe with 990 and 630 asylum claims, respectively. In relative terms, however, the proportion of UASC claims compared to the total number of applications was highest in Luxembourg (23% of all claims), in New Zealand (17%; at appeal stage only), in Finland (16%), in the United Kingdom (14%), in Cambodia (13%), and in Denmark (13%).

The available data indicates that it is often unaccompanied or separated boys who claim asylum, in particular in industrialized countries where about two thirds of all UASC are male, and that the number of UASC boys seeking asylum is on the rise as compared to only two years ago. In developing countries, however, the sex distribution is more balanced.

Of the 68 countries reporting at least one asylum-seeking UASC during 2008, 52 provided the age breakdowns, covering some 9,000 individuals. The data shows that about eight out of ten (84%) UASC were between 15 – 17 years of age at the time of application. This figure is consistent with earlier observations.

Information available shows that in 2008 close to 2,700 UASC were recognized under the 1951 Convention while 3,300 were granted a complementary form of protection. These figures are consistent with those observed the year earlier. Between 2006 and 2008, more than 21,400 UASC were granted some form of protection in the countries reporting UASC statistics to UNHCR. The United Kingdom was the country recognizing the highest number of UASC over this 3-year period (6,400 in total), followed by Sweden (2,100), Malaysia (1,500), Kenya (1,300), Sudan (630; excluding 2008), and Norway (630).

Some 55 countries provided detailed country of origin information on UASC in 2008. Unaccompanied and separated children from Afghanistan submitted almost 3,300 asylum claims in 24 countries, more than half of them in the United Kingdom (1,800). Norway (580 claims), Sweden (350) and Denmark (160) were also among the prime destination countries for Afghan UASC in 2008.

Selected countries	UASC asylum claims			% UASC of total asylum claims			% female UASC claims			% children below 15 years		
	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008
Austria	410	520	770	3%	4%	6%	..	..	..	13%	10%	8%
Belgium	450	590	490	4%	5%	4%	36%	9%	30%	30%	27%	..
Denmark	110	90	300	5%	5%	13%	10%	5%	4%	..	..	19%
Egypt*	60	70	50	1%	2%	2%	47%	56%	62%	12%	19%	14%
Finland	140	100	650	6%	7%	16%	31%	24%	21%	14%	18%	12%
France	570	460	410	2%	2%	1%	35%	37%	37%	7%	..	..
Germany**	190	180	730	1%	1%	3%	46%	33%	..	42%	..	..
Greece	170	40	240	1%	0%	1%	..	..	..	19%	9%	22%
Hungary	60	70	180	3%	2%	6%	..	..	9%	5%	..	1%
Ireland	130	90	100	3%	2%	3%	..	..	48%	..	..	21%
Italy	..	..	340	..	..	1%	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kenya*	80	430	990	0.2%	2%	11%	52%	48%	41%	10%	31%	12%
Luxembourg	10	..	110	2%	..	23%	..	..	50%	..	..	..
Malaysia*	250	820	630	3%	6%	4%	23%	39%	34%	12%	22%	18%
Malta	180	330	300	14%	24%	11%	8%	..	..	0%	0%	..
Netherlands	410	430	730	3%	6%	5%	35%	..	20%	..	..	..
Norway	350	400	1,380	7%	6%	10%	21%	19%	11%	15%	..	14%
Poland	270	320	70	6%	3%	1%	..	..	..	85%	..	..
Romania	10	30	70	2%	5%	6%	13%	3%	..	0%	0%	..
Slovakia	170	160	70	6%	6%	8%	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sudan	360	310	..	4%	2%	..	16%	15%	..	6%	10%	..
Sweden	820	1,260	1,510	3%	3%	6%	21%	20%	21%	16%	19%	20%
Switzerland	300	260	570	3%	2%	3%	21%	23%	16%	11%	11%	7%
Turkey*	100	190	360	2%	2%	3%	26%	26%	22%	0%	0%	3%
United Kingdom	3,450	3,530	4,290	12%	13%	14%	..	20%	..	..	..	..

* RSD under the UNHCR mandate.

** Refers to UASC claims up to the age of 16 years.

Two dots (..) indicate that data is not available.

Somalia was the second most important country of origin with roughly 1,900 UASC claims, of which 60 per cent were lodged in Kenya (450 claims), Sweden (350) or Finland (330). Iraqi UASC submitted more than 1,800 asylum applications in 17 countries, although one half of the claims were submitted in either the United Kingdom or Sweden. Other important countries of origin of asylum-seeking UASC in 2008 were Eritrea (800 claims), Myanmar (740), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (510), and the Islamic Republic of Iran (490).

Average recognition rates in 2008 were high in those countries where data is available. For Afghans, the total recognition rate was 76 per cent, for Somalis it was 90 per cent, and for Eritreans it was 77 per cent. For Iraqi UASC, the rate was lower: 56 per cent. Data suggest, however, that some countries are more likely to grant certain UASC refugee status under the 1951 Convention based on nationality than others. In the case of Afghan UASC, only 5 per cent of all positive decisions resulted in Convention refugee status while for Iraqi UASC it was 21 per cent. Conversely, for Somali and Eritrean UASC, rates were significantly higher with 65 and 75 per cent, respectively.

Chapter 5

Demographic characteristics and location

Introduction

This chapter presents some of the trends and patterns related to demography and geographic locations in 2008. It includes an overview of data availability and coverage, observed trends in the sex and age breakdown of UNHCR's persons of concern and an analysis of the distribution of refugees by location with a special focus on refugees in urban settings.

UNHCR encourages its offices to collect and disseminate sex and age disaggregated information on persons of concern. Location data is also crucial for identifying gaps in interventions, and disparities in legal and physical protection within a given country. Information on both demographic and geographic characteristics of populations of concern to UNHCR is critical for planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating humanitarian support and programmes.

Unfortunately, there is a lack of reliable and complete statistics on sex, age and the geographic distribution of populations of concern to the Office. Sex and age data tend to be more available in countries where UNHCR is operational and involved in the registration and profiling of people of concern. As a consequence, most industrialized countries do not have, or do not report sex and age disaggregated data. This results in statistical problems in UNHCR's global demographic profile, which shows a relatively high presence of children and few older refugees. The absence of demographic data for industrialized countries makes it impossible to determine if the patterns observed in UNHCR's data in regard to sex, age and location are truly representative of the global population of persons of concern.

Sex and age

The available demographic information on persons of concern to UNHCR is partial and varies in availability and reliability between locations and populations. Nevertheless, demographic data coverage has improved in recent years. In absolute terms, the availability of sex and age data has almost doubled between 2005 and 2008, increasing from 11 to 21 million persons of concern. The number of countries for which demographic

Fig V.1 Trends in demographic data availability by category, 2006-2008

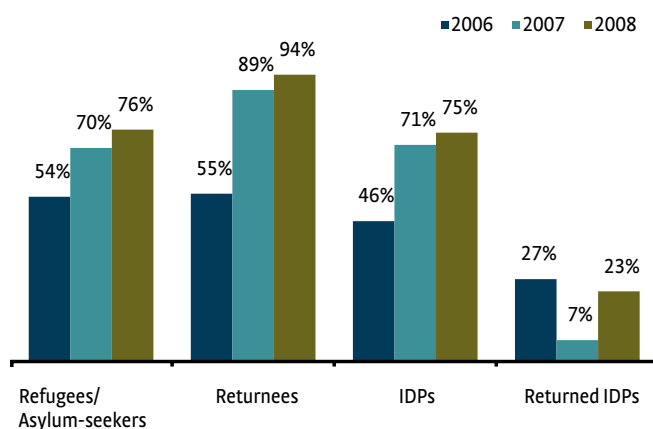
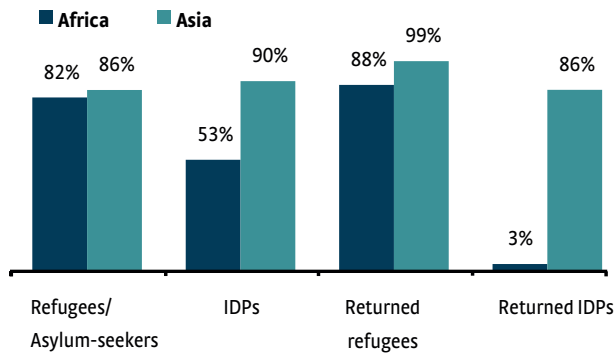


Fig V.2 Demographic data coverage by region and population category, end-2008



data is available has also significantly increased, from 124 to 138 during the same period, especially because of UNHCR’s registration software *proGres*, which, by the end of 2008, had been introduced to 72 countries.

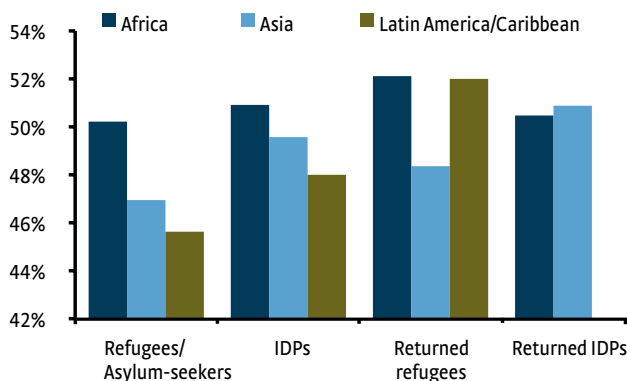
On average, across all populations of concern and locations in 2008, information on sex is available for 62 per cent of persons of concern, while age information is available for only 42 per cent. Not surprisingly, information availability is greater in countries where UNHCR is operationally active, and is the poorest for returned IDP populations, which are rarely registered and mostly estimated. In Africa and Asia the average coverage for this information is 82 per cent, providing a quite comprehensive picture of the sex distribution of refugees, asylum-seekers and IDPs. Interestingly, in Asia, the availability of demographic information for returned IDPs is also high (close to 90%).

Breakdown by sex for populations and regions

The available data indicates that women and girls constitute on average 49 per cent of persons of concern excluding stateless persons. Breakdowns by major population are as follows: 47 per cent of refugees and asylum-seekers are women and girls; 50 per cent of IDPs and returned refugees; and 51 per cent of returned IDPs.⁵⁶

The available data by region indicate that women and girls represent in general half or more of the persons of concern in Africa, while men and boys are the majority in Asia and Latin America and the Caribbean.

Fig V.3 Percentage of women by region and selected population category, end-2008



56 Based on only 23 per cent coverage for this category. Figures exclude stateless persons due to low data coverage.

Breakdown by age for populations and regions

At the end of 2008, information by age was available for 14.3 million people or 42 per cent of persons of concern. Children below 18 represent 44 per cent of refugees and asylum-seekers, 43 per cent of IDPs, and 58 and 56 per cent respectively of returned refugees and returned IDPs. Available data also indicate that children below five constitute 10 per cent of refugees and asylum-seekers as well as IDPs, equally distributed between boys and girls. School age children (5 - 17 years) are also equally distributed between girls and boys, and represent, on average, one third of refugees and asylum-seekers, IDPs and returned IDPs, but 40 per cent of returned refugees.

Table V.1: Sex and age breakdown of selected population groups, end-2008

Category*	Female					Male				
	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+
Refugees/ asylum-seekers	5%	9%	7%	24%	2%	5%	10%	8%	27%	2%
IDPs	5%	9%	7%	26%	3%	5%	10%	7%	26%	3%
Returned refugees	9%	12%	7%	19%	2%	9%	13%	8%	19%	2%
Returned IDPs	11%	13%	6%	25%	1%	10%	10%	6%	17%	1%

* Excludes stateless persons and Others of concern due to lack of data.

The share of older persons ranges between two to six per cent depending on the category of persons of concern. Adults between 18 and 59 years constitute the largest age category of refugees and asylum-seekers (51%) and IDPs (52%), but only 38 per cent of returned refugees and 42 per cent of returned IDPs. The fact that almost six out of 10 returnees are children below 18 years has implications in terms of the necessary investments in the areas of education, nutrition and health for return and reintegration activities.

Location

This section provides information on the type of location and settlements in which the populations of concern reside. UNHCR's statistical database includes in general three major types of location: camps, urban and rural/dispersed. The category "various" is used when location or settlement types are unclear or are a mixture of type.

Table V.2: Distribution of persons of concern by location, end-2008

UNHCR regions	Camps	Rural/ dispersed	Urban	Various
Central Africa and Great Lakes	16%	8%	1%	19%
East and Horn of Africa	46%	20%	20%	3%
Southern Africa	2%	0%	0%	0%
West Africa	1%	1%	1%	9%
Total Africa	64%	30%	22%	30%
Asia and Pacific	32%	24%	18%	17%
Americas	0%	3%	1%	37%
Europe	1%	5%	26%	11%
Middle East and North Africa	3%	39%	32%	6%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

In total, location information on the standard four categories was available for 28.2 out of the 34.5 million persons of concern or 82 per cent. Some 16 per cent of persons of concern live in camp-type locations, 25 per cent in urban settings while rural/dispersed and various locations account for 29 per cent each.

Camp locations

Some 4.6 million persons of concern reside in camps/settlements, mostly refugees (2.6 million) and IDPs (1.9 million).

Africa hosts about two thirds of all camp populations (64%). They are mainly clustered around the East and Horn of Africa (46%; almost half of the world camp population) and the Central Africa and Great Lakes region (16%). The camp population in the East and Horn of Africa is mainly composed of IDPs (1.5 million) and refugees (560,000), while in the other regions, refugees constitute the overwhelming majority of camp populations. With 1.5 million persons of concern (32%), including some 1.1 million refugees and 375,000 IDPs, Asia is the second largest region hosting camp populations. Close to 80 per cent of the Asian camp population is located in south-west Asia alone.

Three sub-regions host some 95 per cent of camp populations worldwide, namely the East and Horn Africa, south-west Asia, and central Africa and the Great Lakes. The number of such locations varies considerably depending on the population category. According to UNHCR's GIS⁵⁷ database, in 2008, there were some 480 refugee camps/settlements, including over 260 in Africa and close to 200 in Asia. Some 200 out of the 300 IDP camps/settlements available in this database are located in Africa, mostly in Uganda.

Rural/dispersed locations

Some 180 locations hosting primarily IDPs (4.3 million), refugees (1.7 million) and returned IDPs (1 million) are situated in rural areas. The large majority of these 8.1 million persons of concern are located in the Middle East and North Africa region (39%), Africa (30%) and Asia (24%). At close to three million, IDPs in Iraq constitute the largest group in this category, followed by refugees in the Islamic Republic of Iran (1 million) and both IDPs and returned IDPs in Kenya (750,000) and returned IDPs in Uganda (600,000). Roughly half (51%) of persons of concern residing in rural/dispersed areas are men or boys while 47 per cent are children below the age of 18.

Urban locations

The 2009 *High Commissioner's Dialogue on Protection Challenges* focused on urban areas; more than seven million persons of concern reside in this type of location, outnumbering - for the third consecutive year - those living in camps. With 4.6 million, refugees and asylum-seekers represent 65 per cent of persons of concern residing in urban areas, followed by IDPs (2 million or 28 per cent). UNHCR's GIS database includes close to 500 urban locations: 380 for refugees and 110 for IDPs. Europe accounts for over one third of refugees in urban settings, followed by Asia and Pacific (22%), Africa (20%) and the Americas (16%). Europe is also host to a large number of IDPs living in urban accommodations.

Persons of concern residing in urban locations are equally distributed across regions and sub-regions. About one third of the global urban population is located in the Middle East and North Africa region (Iraq, the Syrian Arab Republic, and Jordan), followed by Europe with 25 per cent. Africa and Asia each host 22 and 18 per cent respectively, of persons of concern residing in urban areas.

Sex and age data were available for 85 and 73 per cent respectively, of persons of concern residing in urban settings. Women represent on average 48 per cent of refugees in urban settings and 49 per cent in urban IDP areas. Children below the age of 18 and elderly persons represent 44 and 5 per cent respectively of persons of concern residing in urban areas.

These percentages exclude refugees in most industrialized countries for whom data is not provided to UNHCR. Although not included in these statistics, UNHCR presumes that a good percentage of the population of concern in industrialized countries reside in urban locations, increasing further the overall percentage of refugees and others who now find themselves in urban environments to an even higher figure. The absence of this information is a challenge in terms of having an overall view of the magnitude and needs of persons of concern in urban environments.

In focus: Refugees in urban areas

In 2008, UNHCR offices reported over 800 different locations hosting altogether an estimated 8.7 million refugees or 83 per cent of the 10.5 million refugees under UNHCR's protection.

Among the 10.5 million refugees under UNHCR's protection by end 2008, 4.4 million lived in urban areas, while 2.6 million lived in camps and 1.7 million in rural areas dispersed among the local population.⁵⁸ This means that nearly half of all refugees were living in urban environments rather than in camps or rural settings.

For those refugees for whom location information is available (8.7 million), 48 per cent resided in urban areas covered by UNHCR's Middle East and North Africa Bureau. This was due to the large urban Iraqi refugee populations in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic. However, UNHCR offices in Asia reported close to 1.1 million refugees in urban areas (34%), mostly in Pakistan. In Africa, only 12 per cent of the refugees in sub-Saharan Africa were reported to be residing in urban locations. However, as there was no standard definition of urban versus rural areas in use in UNHCR and not all offices systematically reported this type of information, more analysis would be required to understand better the impact of increasing urbanization on refugee populations.

Table V.3 Distribution of refugees by type of settlement and region, end-2008

UNHCR region	Refugees (in mln)	Location available		Distribution by location (in mln) **			Distribution by location **		
		Total (in mln)	%	Camps/ centers	Rural/ dispersed	Urban	Camps/ centers	Rural/ dispersed	Urban
Central Africa/Great Lakes	1.01	1.01	100%	0.71	0.23	0.06	71%	23%	6%
Southern Africa	0.16	0.12	73%	0.07	0.03	0.02	60%	22%	18%
West Africa	0.18	0.18	100%	0.05	0.08	0.05	26%	43%	30%
East/Horn of Africa	0.76	0.72	95%	0.56	0.06	0.10	77%	9%	14%
(sub-Saharan) Africa	2.11	2.02	96%	1.39	0.39	0.24	69%	19%	12%
Middle East/North Africa	2.35	2.32	99%	0.12	0.09	2.12	5%	4%	91%
Americas	0.80	0.25	31%	-	0.20	0.05	0%	81%	19%
Asia/Pacific	3.60	3.15	88%	1.11	0.96	1.08	35%	30%	34%
Europe	1.63	0.96	59%	0.01	0.05	0.89	1%	5%	93%
Total	10.49	8.70	83%	2.63	1.69	4.37	30%	19%	50%

** Figures and percentages are based on the available information and exclude unknown refugee locations.

58 The type of location was reported as unclear or unknown for about 1.8 million (17%) of the world's refugees.

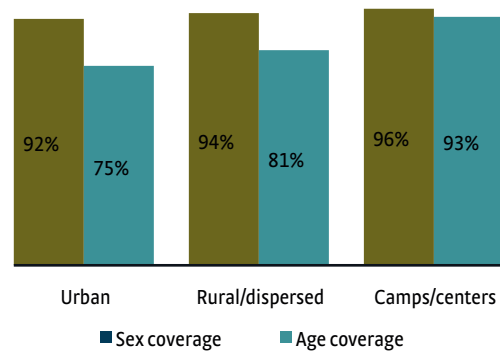
Who were the refugees living in urban environments?

In most camp or communal locations, UNHCR was either carrying out or involved in population data collection, and therefore the availability of demographic information was usually good. It was much more difficult to get this information for urban or dispersed populations. While for most refugees residing in urban settings, information on the sex breakdown was available, breakdown by age groups was harder to gather.

Based on available data, 48 per cent of refugees in urban areas were women, compared to 50 per cent for camps and 46 per cent for rural settings. Refugee children below the age of 18 years constituted on average 41 per cent of the total refugee population in urban areas while in camps they accounted for 53 per cent of the population. Older persons (age 60 years and more) accounted for 6 per cent of all refugees in urban areas, which was higher than in camps.

Fig V.4 Sex and age coverage for refugees by type of settlement, end-2008

(% based on data for 8.7 million refugees)



Chapter 6

Well-being and living conditions of refugees: case studies**Introduction**

Since 2005, the Statistical Yearbook has provided more quantitative insight into gaps in protection and the well-being of people of concern, as well as into some of the major operational constraints UNHCR faced in addressing the issues at hand. In maintaining this approach, the 2008 Yearbook attempts to illustrate the potential of the data for evidence-based decision making in the humanitarian field. By showing the gaps and analysing the policy and operational implications of the findings, the Statistical Yearbook supports the decision-making process including the planning and prioritization of activities.

However, analysis of this kind is useful and sustainable only if continuous efforts are made to improve data quality. With the introduction of new results-based management tools for planning and reporting, as well as the continuation of the Operational Data Management Learning Programme⁵⁹, UNHCR's ability to conduct evidence based analysis of its programmes and performance will increase.

Ensuring meaningful geographical and time-based comparisons are difficult as data are not always fully compatible; various data collection methodologies and changes in the reporting instruments make the provision of a global picture of UNHCR's performance in protection and assistance challenging. Nevertheless, over the past years, the statistical reporting on living conditions and the well-being of UNHCR's beneficiaries has improved significantly.

Country case studies using comparable methodologies and data are presented in this chapter to illustrate some of the legal and physical protection concerns faced by refugees and IDPs.⁶⁰ Most of the data used in this chapter was derived from UNHCR's Health Information System (HIS) and the 2008 Standards and Indicators (S&I) Report. The HIS system collects systematic data on health and related indicators in 16 countries, primarily focusing on camp-based populations. The S&I Report sets minimum standards to assess protection, living conditions and the well-being of populations of concern, and ensures that this type of information is reported in a consistent manner across UNHCR operations. Other data sources include the registration software *proGres*, the result-based management software *FOCUS*, ad-hoc nutritional surveys undertaken by UNHCR and its partners, as well as reports from UNHCR health coordinators and other protection data collection mechanisms.

This chapter contains two main parts. The first reflects nutrition and health-related indicators for refugees, with a focus on food, malnutrition and anaemia. The second part provides insight into a recent UNHCR study on the secondary movements of Eritrean and Somali refugees and asylum-seekers. Both parts are structured as follows: a short explanation of the topic's relevance; current and potential data sources; levels and trends in refugee and/or refugee-like situations based on available information; and potential implications of the findings.

59 This Programme, introduced in 2009, has trained more than 100 staff in 40 operations who are directly involved in data collection and management.

60 The previous Yearbooks included case studies on topics such as HIV/AIDS, water and sanitation, the protection of women and children, and sexual and gender-based violence.

A Nutrition and Food Security

Background and indicators

Nutrition and food security are fundamental to human well-being and important in achieving the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) related to child mortality; poverty; education; gender equality; maternal health; and HIV and AIDS. The prevalence of acute malnutrition is a widely used indicator of the severity of humanitarian crises, and is recognized as such by the United Nations, donors, national governments and international agencies.

The year 2008 was marked by a global food crisis affecting millions of people, particularly the most vulnerable, among whom are persons of concern to UNHCR. UNHCR worked closely with governments, United Nations and other humanitarian agencies, particularly the World Food Programme (WFP), to ensure that persons of concern to the Office continue to have access to food assistance.

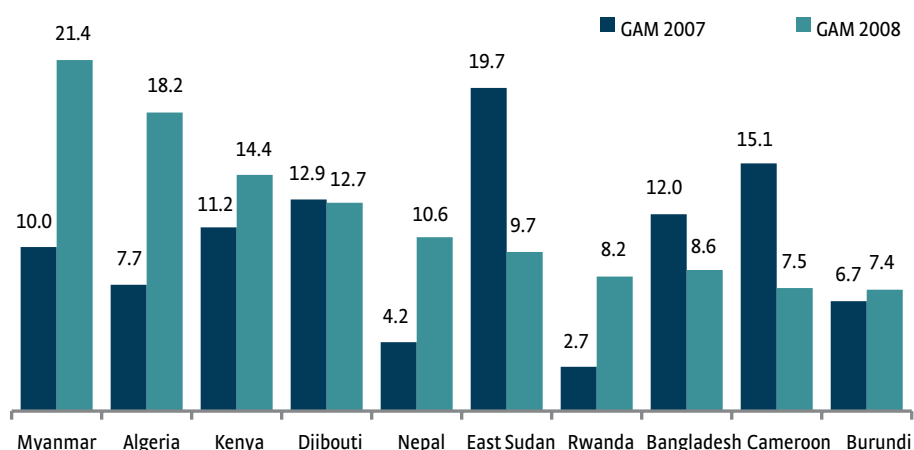
Data used in this section were primarily derived from nutritional surveys and the HIS system. The role of the HIS is to generate, analyse and disseminate routine public health data in order to rapidly detect and respond to health problems and epidemics, to monitor trends and address public health priorities, and to evaluate the effectiveness and quality of interventions and service coverage.

Malnutrition: Levels and trends

Ensuring adequate nutrition is an essential part of protection for people of concern to UNHCR, in particular for refugee children and women; standards in relation to nutrition, food security and public health have not always been met, particularly in some protracted refugee situations.

Data on malnutrition levels and trends were available for a limited number of countries in Africa and Asia. Most of the countries shown in Figure VI.1 below did not meet UNHCR's standard of maximum five per cent for global acute malnutrition (GAM) and maximum two per cent for severe acute malnutrition (SAM) at the end of 2007. In east Sudan, Bangladesh, Djibouti, Kenya and Myanmar, the GAM prevalence is 10 per cent or more. The SAM prevalence in many countries varied between 2 and 5.4 per cent, and was in some cases far above the standard.

Fig VI.1 Trends in GAM and SAM 2007-2008 (in %)



However, statistics from 2008 show reductions in the prevalence of global acute malnutrition in a number of countries or regions including in Bangladesh, Chad, Ethiopia, the United Republic of Tanzania, Uganda, Yemen, and east Sudan. Most notably, Ethiopia saw a marked improvement in GAM rates between 2007 and 2008, with a total decrease of 5.2 percentage points, from 8.8 per cent in 2007 to 3.6 per cent in 2008. Yemen also saw a significant reduction from 10.1 in 2007 to 5.0 per cent in 2008. Lastly, the situation in east Sudan improved with GAM rates dropping from 19.7 per cent in 2007 to 9.7 per cent in 2008.

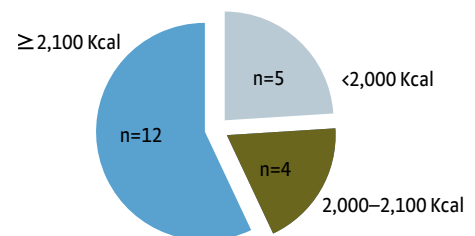
However, in many countries, the malnutrition indicators were still above acceptable levels for stable operations receiving food aid, or even worsening in some operations. After an almost halving between 2006 and 2007 from 20.6 to 11.2 per cent GAM and from 2.9 to 1.4 per cent SAM, Kenya saw a rise in GAM levels in 2008 to 14.4 per cent and to 1.8 per cent SAM. Similarly, Nepal's GAM rate of 4.2 in 2007 rose again to 10.6 per cent in 2008, while Rwanda saw a worsening of GAM rates increasing from 2.7 per cent in 2007 to 8.2 per cent in 2008. Similarly, in Algeria the prevalence of GAM more than doubled from 7.7 per cent in 2007 to 18.2 per cent in 2008.

In addition, in some countries, SAM rates increased from 2007 to 2008 beyond the maximum 2 per cent standard. Among these are Algeria (5.4%, up from 2.3% in 2007), Djibouti (2.9%), Sierra Leone (2.7%), Myanmar (2.6%), Zambia (2.6%), Namibia (2.5%), and Rwanda (2.3%).

Access to food

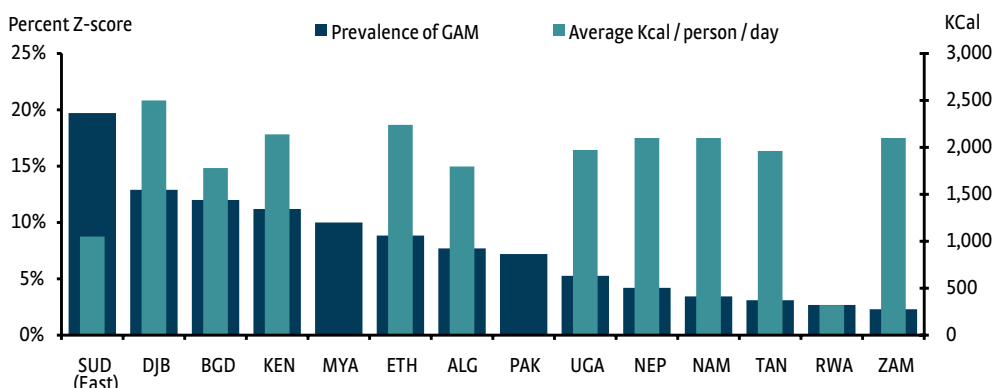
Improving the nutritional situation of refugees living in camp settings requires among other things that minimum food rations are available. Daily food rations provided to refugees in 2008 met the minimum standard of 2,100 kilocalories per person per day in 12 out of 21 country operations from which data were available (57%). Due to a number of reasons, including security concerns, pipeline issues, and access to other sources of food, five country operations distributed less than 2,000 kcal per person per day, while the remaining four provided between 2,000 and 2,100 kcal per person per day.

Fig VI.2 Total average number of Kcal/person/day provided by UNHCR operations, 2008



Despite efforts to maintain a full ration for refugees in the major operations, WFP encountered food pipeline breaks that led to ration reductions in many operations. In Uganda, 150,000 refugees received an average of 1,600 kcal per person per day throughout the year; in Gambia, the Senegalese refugees' ration was cut by 30 per cent; in Kenya, rations were cut by 30 per cent

Fig VI.3 Comparison of GAM to average KCal / person / day



between April and June 2008; and in Zambia, the 3,000 vulnerable Angolan refugees in Mayukwayukwa and Meheba refugee settlements received 75 per cent ration per day during the last three months of the year. There were some concerns related to the food pipeline for Algeria, Ethiopia, Nepal, and Yemen but the situation improved during the course of the year due to higher resources made available for those countries.

Despite the fact that the rations for most country operations either met or were close to the minimum caloric standard, the prevalence of GAM ranged from 3.1 to 14.4 per cent in 2008. As can be seen in Figure VI.3, even among countries with rations of similar caloric content, GAM rates varied greatly. The weak correlation between rates of malnutrition and kcal per person per day provided, suggests that GAM rates are not linked only to the average kcal per person per day, and that other factors are involved such as distribution mechanisms, and the need for improving micronutrient status and promoting infant and young child feeding.

Anaemia

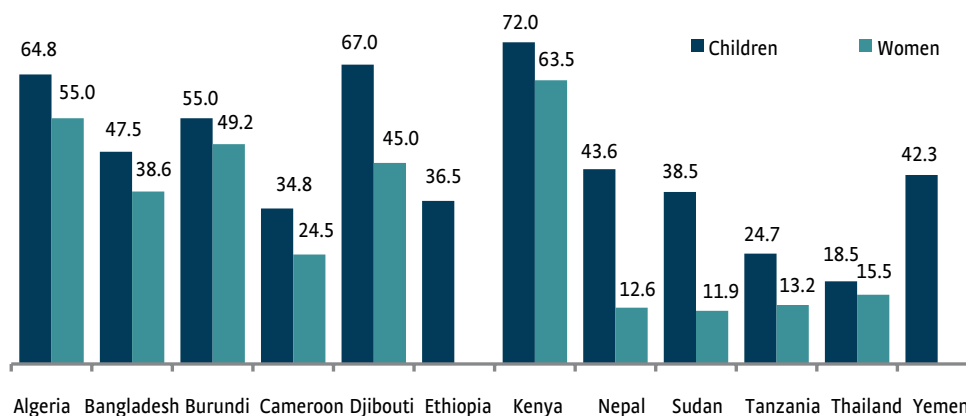
Iron deficiency anaemia (IDA) is one of the world's most widespread micronutrient deficiencies. Caused primarily by insufficient iron intake, malaria, and/or intestinal parasites, it is a particular risk for children under the age of five years and for women of reproductive age.

The difficulties of accurately measuring iron status in the field have led to the use of anaemia (low haemoglobin count in blood), regardless of etiology, as a proxy indicator for iron deficiency anaemia and for micronutrient malnutrition in the broader sense. Nutritional surveys conducted in refugee camps demonstrated that the prevalence rates of anaemia were of significant public health concern, with many surpassing stable situation acceptable levels of 20 per cent.

Anaemia prevalence levels above 40 per cent represent a serious public health concern and rates of 60 per cent and above are considered an acute emergency requiring immediate action. Figure IV.4 highlights the need to address this problem in a number of countries. The anaemia rate in surveys conducted during 2008 were found to be as high as 72 per cent among children under five years of age in Kenya, which was already an improvement over the 2007 rate of 83.9 per cent. In the refugee camps in Algeria and Djibouti the prevalence of anaemia among children also surpassed the 60 per cent threshold, with rates of 64.8 and 67.0 per cent, respectively.

Trend analysis demonstrates that there had been some improvement in anaemia prevalence in several countries. Ethiopia saw a significant reduction in anaemia among children, from 55.4 per cent in 2007 to 36.5 per cent in 2008. A similarly significant decrease was seen in Yemen, where rates among children under age five fell from 63.4 per cent in 2007 to 42.3 per cent in 2008. An improvement in anaemia status among

Fig VI.4 Prevalence of anaemia among children and women, 2008 (%)



women of reproductive age was seen in Sudan; in 2007, 52.0 per cent of women were found to suffer from anaemia whereas in 2008 only 11.9 per cent of women were found to be anaemic. No less important was the somewhat smaller decrease in the prevalence observed in the United Republic of Tanzania, where the rate of anaemia among children dropped from 35.3 per cent in 2007 to 24.7 per cent in 2008, while the rate among women of reproductive age fell from 29.6 to 13.2 per cent.

In 2008, anaemia reduction programmes, which included the use of micronutrient powder as a supplement to food rations, were established in Bangladesh, Kenya, and Nepal. These pilot programmes contributed to the improvement witnessed in Kenya, and the improvement in anaemia rates in Bangladesh, where prevalence fell from 65.4 per cent in 2005 to 47.5 per cent in 2008.

Implications and response strategy

Over 2.3 million refugees and returnees and over 5 million IDPs received an average ration of 1,980 kcal per person per day in 30 countries in 2008. In addition to this, pilot projects of multi-storey gardens were initiated in two refugee camps in Ethiopia with the hope of expanding to other operations in the near future. Joint assessment missions and nutritional surveys were undertaken in 13 countries. All of these interventions contributed to ensuring an acceptable level of access to food assistance for persons of concern to UNHCR throughout 2008.

In 2008, UNHCR reaffirmed its commitment to fighting malnutrition and micronutrient deficiencies in protracted refugee situations and formulated the Strategic Plan for Food Security and Nutrition 2008-2012, which called for programmes to be scaled up and to focus on the links between nutrition and food security. As a member of the United Nations High Level Task Force on Food Security (HLTF), UNHCR advocated for refugees and IDPs to be included in safety net programmes developed together with national governments. Furthermore, UNHCR ensured that refugees and IDPs were included in all of the humanitarian components of the HLTF's Comprehensive Framework for Action and secured WFP commitment to give food aid priority to vulnerable groups, including refugees.

In relation to anaemia, the strategic plan called for the reinforcement of already existing activities such as the treatment and prevention of acute malnutrition and iron deficiency, the provision of supplementary fresh foods, the monitoring of nutritional status through periodic surveys, and the prevention and treatment of malaria and intestinal parasites. Additional efforts were made towards the capacity building of health and community workers; improved diagnostics for anaemia; the delivery of activities aimed at improving prenatal care and infant and young child feeding and care practices; and the promotion of food security projects.

B Secondary movements of Eritrean and Somali refugees and asylum-seekers

Background

The issue of secondary movement⁶¹ and fatalities occurring during dangerous journeys by sea continue to make the headlines. It is frequently Somali and Eritrean nationals who undertake these movements across the Gulf of Aden and the Mediterranean. A Working Group on Secondary Movements of Somalis and Eritre-

61 Secondary movement refers to the physical movement from a first country of asylum to a third country regardless of whether the person has or could have applied for asylum in the first country of asylum. This could involve more than one move and journeys over a number of countries.

ans was created by UNHCR in early 2009 to contribute to the development of appropriate policy and operational guidelines on this matter and to enhance the availability of protection responses.

Data and methods

As a first step, a study of existing information, data and literature was conducted to gain better insight into this phenomenon. The Working Group gathered original data from 12 UNHCR country offices and the corresponding regional desks at Headquarters, using a questionnaire to examine the conditions which could be driving secondary movement. The research provided data on the protection environment and processes, documentation, basic needs and essential services, durable solutions, the perception of Eritrean and Somali refugees and asylum-seekers, impressions on the scale and nature of secondary movements, and how UNHCR offices approach secondary movements. The questionnaire collected both quantitative and qualitative data. The countries surveyed were Djibouti, Egypt, Ethiopia, Greece, Italy, Kenya, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malta, South Africa, Sudan, Turkey, and Yemen, which were all key countries of first asylum, transit or destination for these populations.

Patterns of movement and key findings

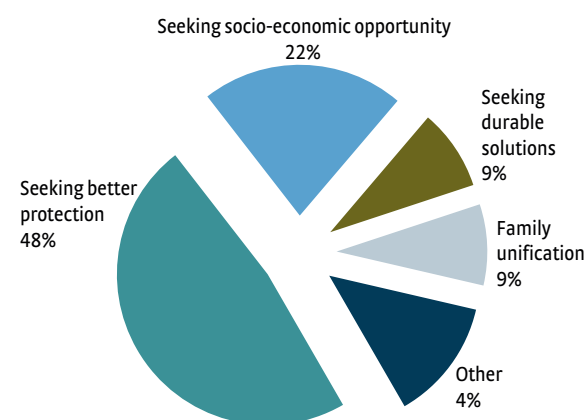
Kenya and Sudan are key hubs for secondary movement. The former is the main asylum country for Somali refugees (259,000 at end-2008) while the latter receives Eritrean refugees (125,000 at end-2008). The survey indicated that asylum-seekers arrive in these countries from Eritrea or Somalia and then seek avenues for onward movement, suggesting the existence of established networks and routes.

Four out of the 12 surveyed countries anticipated more than 80 per cent of the Somali refugees and asylum-seekers will seek to move onwards. Three countries expected 40-59 per cent of the Somali refugees on their territory to move onwards. In Djibouti, for instance, it is estimated that between 3,500-5,000 Somali refugees and asylum-seekers move on after entering the country.

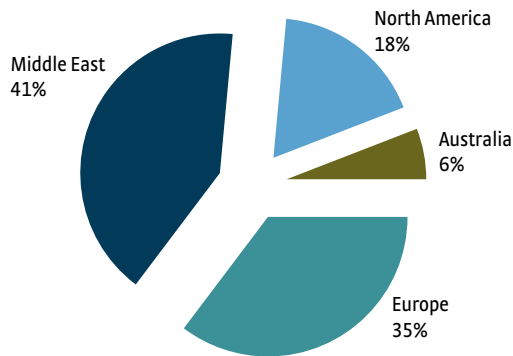
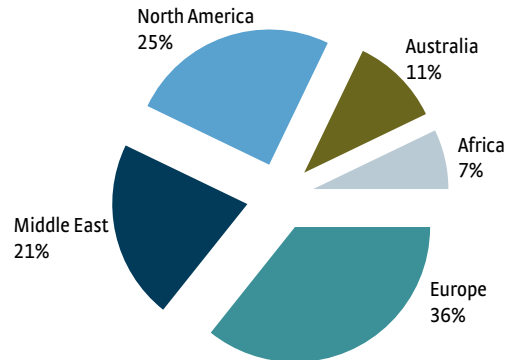
Two countries expected more than 80 per cent of the Eritrean population on their territory to travel on while two others expected 60-80 per cent to move onwards. It is estimated that up to 16,000 Eritreans could move on from Sudan in 2009. Successful interventions to manage secondary movement could have a far-reaching impact.

Among the countries surveyed, the search for better protection was mentioned more frequently than any other factor as a driver of secondary movement.⁶² This counters the common belief that secondary movement is primarily motivated by a search for better opportunity, which only constituted 22 per cent of the listed reasons. Figure VI.5 shows the main reasons for secondary movement by Eritreans, as reported in the surveys. The proportions are similar for Somalis. The lack of local integration possibilities (and other durable solutions) and family reunification (9 per cent of respondents each) were also among the main reasons for onward movements.

Fig VI.5 Reasons for Eritreans moving onward



62 Protection as referred to here includes access to asylum procedures, the quality of reception conditions, enjoyment of human rights, fair RSD procedures and recognition rates, the extent of police abuse, xenophobia, and better safety and security.

Fig VI.6 Destinations for Somali secondary movers**Fig VI.7 Destinations for Eritrean secondary movers**

The Middle-East/Gulf, Europe and North America are the most frequently listed onward destinations for both groups. When UNHCR offices were asked to list the potential final destination of those moving onward, 41 per cent indicated the Middle-East/Gulf region for Somali refugees/asylum-seekers. For Eritreans, Europe was the anticipated prime destination (see Figures VI.6 and VI.7).

In many of the surveyed countries, the chances of achieving a durable solution⁶³ are low. While the possibilities for voluntary repatriation to either Eritrea or Somalia are low for the foreseeable future, three-quarters of the countries surveyed do not offer local integration⁶⁴ and in most of the surveyed countries, refugees do not find the resettlement approach to be acceptable.

Implications and response strategy

This study constituted an initial attempt to gain a better understanding of Eritrean and Somali secondary movements. With the scope of the study limited to perceptions and opinions expressed by UNHCR staff rather than refugees/asylum-seekers themselves, further research is required, including the direct participation of the groups concerned to better understand patterns of Eritrean and Somali secondary movements.

One of the main conclusions of the study was the need for a coherent policy approach to be crafted in order to ensure consistency. Responses to secondary movement ought to be coordinated across the region, as actions in one country can affect other countries, inadvertently creating push and pull factors, and adding yet more complexity to the already challenging task of effectively providing protection to those who need it.

63 See Chapter 3 for more details on the three durable solutions.

64 Viable local integration is seen by refugees as including access to work, access to education, access to health, and better living conditions.

Table 1. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Afghanistan	37	–	37	37	10	278,489	230,670	6,453	–	–	515,659
Albania	65	–	65	65	22	–	–	–	–	–	87
Algeria ¹⁰	94,093	–	94,093	90,088	898	–	–	–	–	–	94,991
Angola	12,710	–	12,710	4,812	3,185	13,052	–	–	–	–	28,947
Argentina	2,845	–	2,845	375	730	1	–	–	–	–	3,576
Armenia ¹¹	3,953	–	3,953	3,226	171	1	–	–	–	–	4,125
Australia	20,919	–	20,919	–	2,159	–	–	–	–	–	23,078
Austria	37,557	–	37,557	–	36,693	–	–	–	464	–	74,714
Azerbaijan	2,061	–	2,061	2,061	41	–	603,251	–	2,078	472	607,903
Bahrain	48	–	48	48	49	–	–	–	–	–	97
Bangladesh	28,389	–	28,389	28,123	3	–	–	–	–	–	28,392
Belarus	609	–	609	247	54	–	–	–	7,818	2,420	10,901
Belgium	17,026	–	17,026	–	14,263	–	–	–	548	–	31,837
Belize	277	–	277	87	7	–	–	–	–	–	284
Benin	6,933	–	6,933	6,933	212	–	–	–	–	–	7,145
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	664	–	664	288	91	–	–	–	–	–	755
Bosnia and Herzegovina	7,257	–	7,257	1,481	480	971	124,529	715	10,000	50,496	194,448
Botswana	3,019	–	3,019	3,019	182	–	–	–	–	–	3,201
Brazil	3,852	–	3,852	2,505	517	–	–	–	–	–	4,369
Bulgaria	5,129	–	5,129	–	1,079	–	–	–	–	–	6,208
Burkina Faso	557	–	557	557	604	–	–	–	–	–	1,161
Burundi	21,093	–	21,093	21,093	5,269	95,389	100,000	–	–	–	221,751
Cambodia	164	–	164	161	61	–	–	–	–	–	225
Cameroon	81,037	–	81,037	81,037	2,231	–	–	–	–	–	83,268
Canada	173,651	–	173,651	–	54,202	–	–	–	–	–	227,853
Central African Rep.	7,429	–	7,429	4,319	1,454	18	197,000	–	–	–	205,901
Chad	302,687	27,823	330,510	302,685	54	4,415	166,718	37,615	–	–	539,312
Chile	1,613	–	1,613	1,613	890	–	–	–	–	–	2,503
China ¹²	300,967	–	300,967	55	20	–	–	–	–	4	300,991
- Hong Kong SAR, China	103	–	103	103	1,112	–	–	–	–	–	1,215
Colombia	170	–	170	170	82	31	3,000,000	–	11	–	3,000,294
Comoros	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Congo, Rep. of	24,779	–	24,779	13,730	3,255	105	–	–	–	–	28,139
Costa Rica	11,923	6,213	18,136	14,431	463	–	–	–	–	–	18,599
Côte d'Ivoire	24,811	–	24,811	24,811	297	49	683,956	25,092	–	–	734,205
Croatia	1,378	219	1,597	1,597	62	1,147	2,497	376	180	28,084	33,943
Cuba	525	–	525	405	10	–	–	–	–	–	535
Cyprus	1,465	–	1,465	–	8,014	–	–	–	–	–	9,479
Czech Rep.	2,110	–	2,110	2,110	1,448	–	–	–	–	–	3,558
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	155,162	–	155,162	2,894	10	54,043	1,460,102	–	–	6	1,669,323
Denmark	23,401	–	23,401	–	527	–	–	–	3,687	–	27,615
Djibouti	9,228	–	9,228	8,924	428	–	–	–	–	–	9,656
Ecuador	19,098	82,300	101,398	19,098	33,919	–	–	–	–	–	135,317
Egypt	97,861	–	97,861	27,861	14,680	–	–	–	64	–	112,605
El Salvador	32	–	32	30	–	–	–	–	–	–	32
Equatorial Guinea	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Eritrea	4,862	–	4,862	4,820	130	92	–	–	–	–	5,084
Estonia	22	–	22	–	7	–	–	–	110,315	–	110,344
Ethiopia	83,583	–	83,583	83,583	1,667	167	–	–	–	–	85,417
Fiji	–	–	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	6
Finland	6,617	–	6,617	–	2,742	–	–	–	1,397	–	10,756
France	171,206	–	171,206	–	31,496	–	–	–	1,006	–	203,708
Gabon	9,001	–	9,001	9,001	4,306	–	–	–	–	–	13,307
Gambia	14,836	–	14,836	8,961	–	–	–	–	–	–	14,836
Georgia	996	–	996	996	19	–	329,870	102,800	1,544	–	435,229

Table 1. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Germany	582,735	–	582,735	–	33,295	–	–	–	9,322	22,500	647,852
Ghana	18,206	–	18,206	18,206	490	–	–	–	–	–	18,696
Greece	2,164	–	2,164	–	38,061	–	–	–	258	–	40,483
Guatemala	130	–	130	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	135
Guinea	21,488	–	21,488	21,488	631	6	–	–	–	–	22,125
Guinea-Bissau	7,884	–	7,884	7,884	327	–	–	–	–	–	8,211
Haiti	3	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
Honduras	24	–	24	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	24
Hungary	7,750	–	7,750	7,750	2,521	–	–	–	241	–	10,512
Iceland	49	–	49	–	48	–	–	–	116	–	213
India	184,543	–	184,543	11,257	3,785	–	–	–	–	–	188,328
Indonesia	369	–	369	369	353	1	–	–	–	3	726
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	980,109	–	980,109	980,109	1,707	95	–	–	–	–	981,911
Iraq	39,503	–	39,503	39,503	2,057	25,644	2,647,251	195,890	230,000	–	3,140,345
Ireland	9,730	–	9,730	–	4,612	–	–	–	–	–	14,342
Israel	394	8,743	9,137	9,137	4,631	–	–	–	–	1,102	14,870
Italy	47,061	–	47,061	–	–	–	–	–	722	–	47,783
Japan	2,019	–	2,019	251	2,288	–	–	–	1,573	–	5,880
Jordan ¹³	500,413	–	500,413	53,081	685	1	–	–	–	–	501,099
Kazakhstan	4,352	–	4,352	711	126	–	–	–	7,602	–	12,080
Kenya	320,605	–	320,605	320,605	8,760	723	404,000	346,000	100,000	–	1,180,088
Kuwait	238	38,000	38,238	768	2,648	–	–	–	92,000	–	132,886
Kyrgyzstan	375	–	375	375	765	–	–	–	19,943	–	21,083
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Latvia	32	–	32	–	36	–	–	–	365,417	–	365,485
Lebanon	50,319	100	50,419	10,564	524	–	–	–	–	–	50,943
Lesotho	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liberia	10,216	8	10,224	10,224	36	10,806	–	–	–	–	21,066
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	6,713	–	6,713	6,713	4,834	–	–	–	–	–	11,547
Liechtenstein	89	–	89	–	14	–	–	–	–	–	103
Lithuania	751	–	751	–	100	–	–	–	5,900	–	6,751
Luxembourg	3,109	–	3,109	–	29	–	–	–	162	–	3,300
Madagascar	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Malawi	4,175	–	4,175	4,175	6,541	–	–	–	–	–	10,716
Malaysia ¹⁴	36,088	583	36,671	36,671	9,323	–	–	–	40,001	61,317	147,312
Mali	9,578	–	9,578	9,578	1,916	–	–	–	–	–	11,494
Malta	4,332	–	4,332	–	1,230	–	–	–	–	–	5,562
Mauritania	1,041	26,000	27,041	642	62	7,036	–	–	–	–	34,139
Mauritius	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mexico	1,055	–	1,055	83	18	–	–	–	–	–	1,073
Micronesia (Federated States of)	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Mongolia	11	–	11	–	–	–	–	–	358	–	369
Montenegro	24,741	–	24,741	24,741	1	–	–	–	1,500	–	26,242
Morocco	766	–	766	766	469	–	–	–	–	–	1,235
Mozambique	3,163	–	3,163	1,802	4,456	–	–	–	–	–	7,619
Myanmar	–	–	–	–	–	–	67,290	–	723,571	–	790,861
Namibia	6,799	–	6,799	6,799	1,323	20	–	–	–	–	8,142
Nepal	122,332	2,500	124,832	102,329	981	1	–	–	800,000	59	925,873
Netherlands	77,600	–	77,600	–	9,743	–	–	–	4,591	–	91,934
New Zealand	2,716	–	2,716	–	152	–	–	–	–	–	2,868
Nicaragua	147	–	147	51	–	–	–	–	–	–	147
Niger	320	–	320	194	24	–	–	–	–	–	344
Nigeria	10,124	–	10,124	10,124	1,218	2	–	–	–	–	11,344
Norway	36,101	–	36,101	–	13,627	–	–	–	489	–	50,217

Table 1. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Occupied Palestinian Territory	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	4
Oman	7	–	7	7	47	–	–	–	–	–	54
Pakistan ¹⁵	765,720	1,015,215	1,780,935	765,720	2,951	5	155,809	–	–	–	1,939,700
Panama	1,913	15,000	16,913	3,707	601	–	–	–	1	–	17,515
Papua New Guinea	10,006	–	10,006	2,634	7	–	–	–	–	–	10,013
Paraguay	75	–	75	75	4	–	–	–	–	–	79
Peru	1,075	–	1,075	161	587	1	–	–	–	–	1,663
Philippines	104	–	104	10	89	–	–	–	–	87	280
Poland	12,774	–	12,774	–	4,403	–	–	–	839	–	18,016
Portugal	403	–	403	–	–	–	–	–	273	–	676
Qatar	13	–	13	13	37	–	–	–	1,200	–	1,250
Rep. of Korea	172	–	172	24	1,289	–	–	–	236	–	1,697
Rep. of Moldova	148	–	148	148	33	–	–	–	1,807	–	1,988
Romania	1,596	–	1,596	184	303	–	–	–	253	–	2,152
Russian Federation	3,479	–	3,479	3,479	1,800	70	91,505	1,096	50,000	–	147,950
Rwanda	55,062	–	55,062	55,062	352	11,790	–	–	–	–	67,204
Saint Lucia	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
Sao Tome and Principe	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Saudi Arabia	240,572	–	240,572	572	192	–	–	–	70,000	–	310,764
Senegal	33,193	–	33,193	33,193	2,694	2	–	–	–	–	35,889
Serbia	96,739	–	96,739	96,738	39	858	225,879	518	17,050	–	341,083
Sierra Leone	7,826	–	7,826	7,826	329	321	–	–	–	–	8,476
Singapore	10	–	10	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	10
Slovakia	317	–	317	317	307	–	–	–	911	–	1,535
Slovenia	268	–	268	268	84	–	–	–	4,090	–	4,442
Somalia	1,842	–	1,842	1,842	9,246	1,476	1,277,200	–	–	–	1,289,764
South Africa ¹⁶	43,546	–	43,546	–	227,125	–	–	–	–	–	270,671
Spain	4,661	–	4,661	–	–	–	–	–	26	–	4,687
Sri Lanka	269	–	269	269	393	1,739	504,800	20,800	–	–	528,001
Sudan	181,605	–	181,605	88,469	5,870	90,087	1,201,040	21,081	–	–	1,499,683
Suriname	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Swaziland	775	–	775	612	445	–	–	–	–	–	1,220
Sweden	77,038	–	77,038	–	24,099	–	–	–	6,239	–	107,376
Switzerland	46,132	–	46,132	–	17,163	–	–	–	75	–	63,370
Syrian Arab Rep. ¹³	1,105,698	–	1,105,698	230,041	2,243	8	–	–	300,000	–	1,407,949
Tajikistan	1,799	–	1,799	1,509	46	–	–	–	249	–	2,094
Thailand	112,932	–	112,932	112,932	12,578	–	–	–	3,500,000	–	3,625,510
TfYR Macedonia	1,153	519	1,672	1,481	100	–	–	–	1,051	–	2,823
Timor-Leste	1	–	1	1	16	–	15,860	–	–	–	15,877
Togo	9,377	–	9,377	1,318	452	4,798	–	–	–	–	14,627
Trinidad and Tobago	33	–	33	33	99	–	–	–	–	–	132
Tunisia	94	–	94	64	51	–	–	–	–	–	145
Turkey	11,103	–	11,103	11,103	7,117	1	–	–	2,734	306	21,261
Turkmenistan	79	–	79	79	–	1	–	–	8,500	–	8,580
Uganda ¹⁷	162,132	–	162,132	162,132	9,243	104	853,000	603,000	–	–	1,627,479
Ukraine	2,201	5,000	7,201	252	1,307	–	–	–	56,350	–	64,858
United Arab Emirates	209	–	209	–	65	–	–	–	–	–	274
United Kingdom	292,097	–	292,097	–	14,400	–	–	–	205	–	306,702
United Rep. of Tanzania	321,909	–	321,909	321,909	254	–	–	–	–	–	322,163
United States of America	279,548	–	279,548	–	69,228	–	–	–	–	–	348,776
Uruguay	145	–	145	75	39	–	–	–	–	–	184
Uzbekistan	821	–	821	821	–	5	–	–	–	–	826
Vanuatu	3	–	3	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	4
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	1,161	200,000	201,161	20,842	11,936	–	–	–	–	–	213,097

Table 1. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Viet Nam	2,357	–	2,357	–	–	315	–	–	7,200	–	9,872
Yemen	140,169	–	140,169	140,169	831	–	100,000	–	–	–	241,000
Zambia	83,485	–	83,485	53,434	57	–	–	–	–	–	83,542
Zimbabwe	3,468	–	3,468	3,468	527	3	–	–	–	–	3,998
Various/unknown	–	–	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	49
Grand Total	9,061,588	1,428,223	10,489,811	4,598,402	825,843	603,943	14,442,227	1,361,436	6,572,167	166,856	34,462,283

UNHCR Bureaux											
Central Africa-Great Lakes	978,159	27,823	1,005,982	811,730	17,185	165,761	1,923,820	37,615	–	6	3,150,369
East and Horn of Africa	763,857	–	763,857	670,375	35,344	92,649	3,735,240	970,081	100,000	–	5,697,171
Southern Africa	161,140	–	161,140	78,121	243,841	13,075	–	–	–	–	418,056
Western Africa	175,349	8	175,357	161,297	9,230	15,984	683,956	25,092	–	–	909,619
Asia and Pacific	2,577,767	1,018,298	3,596,065	2,044,563	40,221	280,651	974,429	27,253	5,109,233	61,470	10,089,322
Americas	499,960	303,513	803,473	64,035	173,429	33	3,000,000	–	12	–	3,976,947
Europe	1,627,205	5,738	1,632,943	158,244	271,590	3,048	1,377,531	105,505	669,658	104,278	4,164,553
Middle East and North Africa	2,278,151	72,843	2,350,994	610,037	35,003	32,693	2,747,251	195,890	693,264	1,102	6,056,197
Various/unknown	–	–	–	–	–	49	–	–	–	–	49
Total	9,061,588	1,428,223	10,489,811	4,598,402	825,843	603,943	14,442,227	1,361,436	6,572,167	166,856	34,462,283

Notes

The data are generally provided by Governments, based on their own definitions and methods of data collection.

A dash (-) indicates that the value is zero, not available or not applicable.

- Country or territory of asylum or residence.
- Persons recognized as refugees under the 1951 UN Convention/1967 Protocol, the 1969 OAU Convention, in accordance with the UNHCR Statute, persons granted a complementary form of protection and those granted temporary protection. In the absence of Government estimates, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population in 24 industrialized countries based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.
- This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are outside their country or territory of origin and who face protection risks similar to those of refugees, but for whom refugee status has, for practical or other reasons, not been ascertained.
- Persons whose application for asylum or refugee status is pending at any stage in the asylum procedure.
- Refugees who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year. Source: country of origin and asylum.
- Persons who are displaced within their country and to whom UNHCR extends protection and/or assistance. It also includes people in IDP-like situations. This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are inside their country of nationality or habitual residence and who face protection risks similar to those of IDPs but who, for practical or other reasons, could not be reported as such.
- IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year.
- Refers to persons who are not considered nationals by any State under the operation of its laws. See table 7 for footnotes.
- Refers to individuals who do not necessarily fall directly into any of the other groups but to whom UNHCR may extend its protection and/or assistance services. These activities might be based on humanitarian or other special grounds.
- According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- According to the Government of Armenia, there are some 81,300 naturalized former refugees from Azerbaijan residing in Armenia.
- The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- Refugee figures for Iraqis in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic are Government estimates.
- According to UNHCR, and based on lists provided by refugee communities in Malaysia, there are 45,900 unregistered asylum-seekers in Malaysia which share the same profile as the current population of asylum-seekers and refugees and who are being progressively registered and having their refugee status determined.
- Total refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.
- Asylum-seekers (pending cases) refers to 138,000 undecided cases at first instance at the end of 2008 and 89,000 undecided cases at the end of 2007 (no update available).
- The IDP figure at the end of 2008 represents the remaining IDP population in camps and transit sites. They remain of concern to UNHCR together with the 603,000 who have already returned to their villages.

Source: UNHCR/Governments.

Table 2. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin, end-2008

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Afghanistan ¹⁰	1,817,913	1,015,215	2,833,128	1,718,155	23,179	278,489	230,670	6,453	–	–	3,371,919
Albania	15,006	–	15,006	24	1,822	–	–	–	–	–	16,828
Algeria	9,060	–	9,060	169	1,536	–	–	–	–	–	10,596
Andorra	6	–	6	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	9
Angola	171,393	–	171,393	28,332	741	13,052	–	–	–	–	185,186
Antigua and Barbuda	26	–	26	–	26	–	–	–	–	–	52
Argentina	1,047	–	1,047	11	143	1	–	–	–	–	1,191
Armenia	16,336	–	16,336	311	3,768	1	–	–	–	–	20,105
Australia	43	–	43	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	53
Austria	14	–	14	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	16
Azerbaijan	16,319	–	16,319	2,510	1,872	–	603,251	–	–	472	621,914
Bahamas	15	–	15	–	25	–	–	–	–	–	40
Bahrain	80	–	80	–	13	–	–	–	–	–	93
Bangladesh	10,098	–	10,098	24	6,711	–	–	–	–	–	16,809
Barbados	34	–	34	–	49	–	–	–	–	–	83
Belarus	5,384	–	5,384	268	1,079	–	–	–	–	2,420	8,883
Belgium	61	–	61	–	28	–	–	–	–	–	89
Belize	20	–	20	–	19	–	–	–	–	–	39
Benin	318	–	318	19	187	–	–	–	–	–	505
Bermuda	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bhutan	102,465	2,500	104,965	102,092	1,091	–	–	–	–	–	106,056
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	454	–	454	10	161	–	–	–	–	–	615
Bosnia and Herzegovina	74,131	235	74,366	34,830	1,159	971	124,529	715	–	50,496	252,236
Botswana	26	–	26	–	153	–	–	–	–	–	179
Brazil	1,404	–	1,404	1	369	–	–	–	–	–	1,773
Brunei Darussalam	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Bulgaria	3,040	–	3,040	38	300	–	–	–	–	–	3,340
Burkina Faso	721	4	725	13	317	–	–	–	–	–	1,042
Burundi	281,592	–	281,592	251,552	6,645	95,389	100,000	–	–	–	483,626
Cambodia	17,245	8	17,253	109	218	–	–	–	–	–	17,471
Cameroon	13,870	–	13,870	2,009	2,933	–	–	–	–	–	16,803
Canada	101	–	101	1	61	–	–	–	–	–	162
Cape Verde	30	–	30	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	37
Cayman Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Central African Rep.	120,106	5,000	125,106	119,220	1,233	18	197,000	–	–	–	323,357
Chad	55,105	–	55,105	30,593	3,369	4,415	166,718	37,615	–	–	267,222
Chile	994	–	994	5	124	–	–	–	–	–	1,118
China	175,180	–	175,180	320	19,621	–	–	–	–	4	194,805
- Hong Kong SAR, China	11	–	11	–	52	–	–	–	–	–	63
- Macao SAR, China	9	–	9	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	11
Colombia	77,232	296,300	373,532	53,999	52,635	31	3,000,000	–	–	–	3,426,198
Comoros	378	–	378	4	40	–	–	–	–	–	418
Congo, Rep. of	19,925	–	19,925	8,885	5,039	105	–	–	–	–	25,069
Cook Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Costa Rica	354	–	354	7	66	–	–	–	–	–	420
Côte d'Ivoire	22,227	–	22,227	14,203	6,468	49	683,956	25,092	–	–	737,792
Croatia	97,012	–	97,012	73,175	137	1,147	2,497	376	–	28,084	129,253
Cuba	6,938	1,000	7,938	1,448	882	–	–	–	–	–	8,820
Cyprus	10	–	10	4	2	–	–	–	–	–	12
Czech Rep.	1,358	–	1,358	4	790	–	–	–	–	–	2,148
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	886	–	886	15	211	–	–	–	–	–	1,097
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	367,995	–	367,995	297,057	36,278	54,043	1,460,102	–	–	6	1,918,424
Denmark	11	–	11	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	18
Djibouti	650	–	650	64	66	–	–	–	–	–	716

Table 2. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin, end-2008

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Dominica	56	–	56	–	23	–	–	–	–	–	79
Dominican Rep.	318	–	318	7	270	–	–	–	–	–	588
Ecuador	1,066	–	1,066	30	244	–	–	–	–	–	1,310
Egypt	6,777	3	6,780	64	1,828	–	–	–	–	–	8,608
El Salvador	5,151	–	5,151	432	11,160	–	–	–	–	–	16,311
Equatorial Guinea	384	–	384	84	46	1	–	–	–	–	431
Eritrea	181,971	4,427	186,398	87,294	14,604	92	–	–	–	–	201,094
Estonia	248	–	248	2	38	–	–	–	–	–	286
Ethiopia	63,862	16	63,878	33,223	31,507	167	–	–	–	–	95,552
Faeroe Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Fiji	1,868	–	1,868	–	201	–	–	–	–	–	2,069
Finland	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4
France	101	–	101	–	58	–	–	–	–	–	159
French Guiana	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
Gabon	129	–	129	6	33	–	–	–	–	–	162
Gambia	1,352	–	1,352	14	1,137	–	–	–	–	–	2,489
Georgia ¹¹	7,598	5,000	12,598	866	5,086	–	329,870	102,800	–	–	450,354
Germany	166	–	166	3	103	–	–	–	–	22,500	22,769
Ghana	13,239	3	13,242	205	2,016	–	–	–	–	–	15,258
Gibraltar	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Greece	67	–	67	1	16	–	–	–	–	–	83
Grenada	312	–	312	–	66	–	–	–	–	–	378
Guatemala	5,934	–	5,934	43	10,253	–	–	–	–	–	16,187
Guinea	9,495	–	9,495	98	2,016	6	–	–	–	–	11,517
Guinea-Bissau	1,065	–	1,065	33	277	–	–	–	–	–	1,342
Guyana	708	–	708	–	276	–	–	–	–	–	984
Haiti	23,066	–	23,066	119	12,671	–	–	–	–	–	35,737
Holy See (the)	–	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	3
Honduras	1,116	–	1,116	12	943	–	–	–	–	–	2,059
Hungary	1,614	–	1,614	11	294	–	–	–	–	–	1,908
Iceland	7	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7
India	19,569	–	19,569	17	6,876	–	–	–	–	–	26,445
Indonesia	18,852	493	19,345	3,129	2,225	1	–	–	–	3	21,574
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	69,061	–	69,061	13,851	11,160	95	–	–	–	–	80,316
Iraq ¹²	1,873,519	30,000	1,903,519	360,532	25,675	25,644	2,647,251	195,890	–	–	4,797,979
Ireland	7	–	7	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	10
Israel	1,494	–	1,494	16	1,037	–	–	–	–	1,102	3,633
Italy	62	–	62	–	34	–	–	–	–	–	96
Jamaica	826	–	826	–	404	–	–	–	–	–	1,230
Japan	185	–	185	–	32	–	–	–	–	–	217
Jordan	1,889	1	1,890	105	759	1	–	–	–	–	2,650
Kazakhstan	4,825	–	4,825	92	586	–	–	–	–	–	5,411
Kenya	9,688	–	9,688	4,568	2,206	723	404,000	346,000	–	–	762,617
Kiribati	38	–	38	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	39
Kuwait	854	–	854	27	68	–	–	–	–	–	922
Kyrgyzstan	2,517	–	2,517	35	407	–	–	–	–	–	2,924
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	8,598	–	8,598	434	182	–	–	–	–	–	8,780
Latvia	763	–	763	–	31	–	–	–	–	–	794
Lebanon	12,966	1	12,967	36	2,291	–	–	–	–	–	15,258
Lesotho	8	–	8	–	17	–	–	–	–	–	25
Liberia	75,213	–	75,213	65,779	2,394	10,806	–	–	–	–	88,413
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2,084	–	2,084	22	765	–	–	–	–	–	2,849
Liechtenstein	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lithuania	490	–	490	2	60	–	–	–	–	–	550
Luxembourg	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Madagascar	277	–	277	2	17	–	–	–	–	–	294

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Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Malawi	106	–	106	2	8,210	–	–	–	–	–	8,316
Malaysia	608	–	608	–	138	–	–	–	–	61,317	62,063
Maldives	16	–	16	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	17
Mali	1,758	–	1,758	9	750	–	–	–	–	–	2,508
Malta	9	–	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	9
Marshall Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Martinique	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mauritania	45,601	–	45,601	38,488	784	7,036	–	–	–	–	53,421
Mauritius	24	–	24	–	25	–	–	–	–	–	49
Mexico	6,162	–	6,162	7	17,443	–	–	–	–	–	23,605
Micronesia (Federated States of)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Monaco	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mongolia	1,333	–	1,333	2	2,070	–	–	–	–	–	3,403
Montenegro	1,283	–	1,283	1	181	–	–	–	–	–	1,464
Morocco	3,533	–	3,533	21	534	–	–	–	–	–	4,067
Mozambique	208	–	208	2	682	–	–	–	–	–	890
Myanmar	184,347	66	184,413	175,722	22,338	–	67,290	–	–	–	274,041
Namibia	985	–	985	940	28	20	–	–	–	–	1,033
Nauru	3	–	3	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	4
Nepal	4,189	–	4,189	76	2,112	1	–	–	–	59	6,361
Netherlands	46	–	46	–	28	–	–	–	–	–	74
New Caledonia	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2
New Zealand	10	–	10	–	8	–	–	–	–	–	18
Nicaragua	1,537	–	1,537	823	468	–	–	–	–	–	2,005
Niger	796	–	796	7	271	–	–	–	–	–	1,067
Nigeria	14,168	1	14,169	3,303	10,474	2	–	–	–	–	24,645
Niue	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Norway	4	–	4	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	5
Occupied Palestinian Territory ³	333,990	6,026	340,016	17,976	2,661	4	–	–	–	–	342,681
Oman	56	–	56	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	60
Pakistan	32,403	–	32,403	579	6,254	5	155,809	–	–	–	194,471
Palau	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Panama	111	–	111	20	36	–	–	–	–	–	147
Papua New Guinea	46	–	46	–	19	–	–	–	–	–	65
Paraguay	101	–	101	4	32	–	–	–	–	–	133
Peru	7,339	–	7,339	898	2,503	1	–	–	–	–	9,843
Philippines	1,346	8	1,354	2	910	–	–	–	–	87	2,351
Poland	2,391	–	2,391	5	227	–	–	–	–	–	2,618
Portugal	36	–	36	–	35	–	–	–	–	–	71
Puerto Rico	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Qatar	71	–	71	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	74
Rep. of Korea	1,104	–	1,104	–	511	–	–	–	–	–	1,615
Rep. of Moldova	5,555	–	5,555	29	888	–	–	–	–	–	6,443
Romania	4,755	1	4,756	161	392	–	–	–	–	–	5,148
Russian Federation ¹⁴	103,061	–	103,061	3,947	15,715	70	91,505	1,096	–	–	211,447
Rwanda	72,530	–	72,530	28,323	6,108	11,790	–	–	–	–	90,428
Saint Kitts and Nevis	4	–	4	–	8	–	–	–	–	–	12
Saint Lucia	288	–	288	–	336	–	–	–	–	–	624
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	750	–	750	–	744	–	–	–	–	–	1,494
Samoa	4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4
San Marino	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2
Sao Tome and Principe	35	–	35	32	–	–	–	–	–	–	35
Saudi Arabia	712	–	712	9	39	–	–	–	–	–	751

Table 2. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin, end-2008

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Senegal	16,006	–	16,006	14,496	819	2	–	–	–	–	16,827
Serbia	185,432	503	185,935	20,586	14,683	858	225,879	518	–	–	427,873
Seychelles	53	–	53	–	16	–	–	–	–	–	69
Sierra Leone	32,536	–	32,536	14,981	2,623	321	–	–	–	–	35,480
Singapore	109	–	109	–	16	–	–	–	–	–	125
Slovakia	331	–	331	–	132	–	–	–	–	–	463
Slovenia	52	–	52	1	12	–	–	–	–	–	64
Solomon Islands	52	–	52	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	52
Somalia	559,154	2,001	561,155	459,253	20,543	1,476	1,277,200	–	–	–	1,860,374
South Africa	453	–	453	7	151	–	–	–	–	–	604
Spain	27	–	27	1	23	–	–	–	–	–	50
Sri Lanka	137,745	7	137,752	1,787	7,057	1,739	504,800	20,800	–	–	672,148
Sudan	397,013	22,235	419,248	381,379	18,080	90,087	1,201,040	21,081	–	–	1,749,536
Suriname	50	–	50	–	13	–	–	–	–	–	63
Swaziland	32	–	32	3	99	–	–	–	–	–	131
Sweden	15	–	15	–	18	–	–	–	–	–	33
Switzerland	32	–	32	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	38
Syrian Arab Rep.	15,186	25	15,211	840	5,989	8	–	–	–	–	21,208
Tajikistan	544	–	544	26	150	–	–	–	–	–	694
Thailand	1,801	14	1,815	136	414	–	–	–	–	–	2,229
TFYR Macedonia	7,521	–	7,521	15	1,084	–	–	–	–	–	8,605
Tibetans	20,079	–	20,079	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	20,081
Timor-Leste	7	–	7	–	2	–	15,860	–	–	–	15,869
Togo	16,749	1	16,750	7,621	1,131	4,798	–	–	–	–	22,679
Tonga	7	–	7	–	26	–	–	–	–	–	33
Trinidad and Tobago	231	–	231	–	239	–	–	–	–	–	470
Tunisia	2,349	–	2,349	40	368	–	–	–	–	–	2,717
Turkey	214,376	2	214,378	15,876	8,538	1	–	–	–	306	223,223
Turkmenistan	736	–	736	19	115	1	–	–	–	–	852
Turks and Caicos Islands	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Tuvalu	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Uganda ¹⁵	7,548	–	7,548	3,017	3,140	104	853,000	603,000	–	–	1,466,792
Ukraine	28,424	–	28,424	185	1,899	–	–	–	–	–	30,323
United Arab Emirates	256	–	256	–	11	–	–	–	–	–	267
United Kingdom	184	1	185	–	28	–	–	–	–	–	213
United Rep. of Tanzania	1,270	–	1,270	19	2,901	–	–	–	–	–	4,171
United States of America	2,136	1	2,137	9	1,755	–	–	–	–	–	3,892
Uruguay	199	–	199	2	51	–	–	–	–	–	250
Uzbekistan	6,308	–	6,308	451	1,840	5	–	–	–	–	8,153
Vanuatu	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	5,807	–	5,807	187	1,526	–	–	–	–	–	7,333
Viet Nam ¹⁶	328,183	–	328,183	299	1,712	315	–	–	–	–	330,210
Western Sahara ¹⁷	90,530	26,000	116,530	90,393	31	–	–	–	–	–	116,561
Yemen	1,776	1	1,777	273	473	–	100,000	–	–	–	102,250
Zambia	195	–	195	–	495	–	–	–	–	–	690
Zimbabwe	16,841	–	16,841	837	34,795	3	–	–	–	–	51,639
Stateless	14,171	2	14,173	200	2,937	–	–	–	6,572,167	–	6,589,277
Various	179,570	11,122	190,692	3,400	251,876	49	–	–	–	–	442,617
Total	9,061,588	1,428,223	10,489,811	4,598,402	825,843	603,943	14,442,227	1,361,436	6,572,167	166,856	34,462,283

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Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Stateless persons ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	Of whom assisted by UNHCR	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
UNHCR Bureaux											
Central Africa-Great Lakes	932,940	5,000	937,940	737,780	64,585	165,761	1,923,820	37,615	-	6	3,129,727
East and Horn of Africa	1,219,885	28,679	1,248,564	968,798	90,146	92,649	3,735,240	970,081	-	-	6,136,680
Southern Africa	190,978	-	190,978	30,129	45,469	13,075	-	-	-	-	249,522
Western Africa	205,673	9	205,682	120,781	30,887	15,984	683,956	25,092	-	-	961,601
Asia and Pacific	2,970,347	1,018,311	3,988,658	2,017,372	118,463	280,651	974,429	27,253	-	61,470	5,450,924
Middle East and North Africa	2,402,784	62,057	2,464,841	509,011	44,869	32,693	2,747,251	195,890	-	1,102	5,486,646
Europe	793,352	5,742	799,094	152,856	60,586	3,048	1,377,531	105,505	-	104,278	2,450,042
Americas	151,887	297,301	449,188	58,075	116,025	33	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,565,246
Various/Stateless	193,741	11,124	204,865	3,600	254,813	49	-	-	6,572,167	-	7,031,894
Total	9,061,588	1,428,223	10,489,811	4,598,402	825,843	603,943	14,442,227	1,361,436	6,572,167	166,856	34,462,283
Region											
Africa	2,709,410	59,691	2,769,101	1,986,685	236,933	294,505	6,343,016	1,032,788	-	6	10,676,349
Asia	5,465,764	1,059,367	6,525,131	2,416,753	176,484	306,310	4,654,801	325,943	-	63,350	12,052,019
Europe	538,712	740	539,452	133,289	41,320	3,046	444,410	2,705	-	103,500	1,134,433
Latin America and the Caribbean	149,650	297,300	446,950	58,065	114,209	33	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,561,192
Northern America	2,237	1	2,238	10	1,816	-	-	-	-	-	4,054
Oceania	2,074	-	2,074	-	268	-	-	-	-	-	2,342
Various/Stateless	193,741	11,124	204,865	3,600	254,813	49	-	-	6,572,167	-	7,031,894
Total	9,061,588	1,428,223	10,489,811	4,598,402	825,843	603,943	14,442,227	1,361,436	6,572,167	166,856	34,462,283

Notes

The data are generally provided by Governments, based on their own definitions and methods of data collection.

A dash (-) indicates that the value is zero, not available or not applicable.

- Country or territory of origin.
- Persons recognized as refugees under the 1951 UN Convention/1967 Protocol, the 1969 OAU Convention, in accordance with the UNHCR Statute, persons granted a complementary form of protection and those granted temporary protection. In the absence of Government estimates, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population in 24 industrialized countries based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.
- This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are outside their country or territory of origin and who face protection risks similar to those of refugees, but for whom refugee status has, for practical or other reasons, not been ascertained.
- Persons whose application for asylum or refugee status is pending at any stage in the asylum procedure.
- Refugees who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year. Source: country of origin and asylum.
- Persons who are displaced within their country and to whom UNHCR extends protection and/or assistance. It also includes people in IDP-like situations. This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are inside their country of nationality or habitual residence and who face protection risks similar to those of IDPs but who, for practical or other reasons, could not be reported as such.
- IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year.
- Refers to persons who are not considered nationals by any State under the operation of its laws. See table 7 for footnotes.
- Refers to individuals who do not necessarily fall directly into any of the other groups but to whom UNHCR may extend its protection and/or assistance services. These activities might be based on humanitarian or other special grounds.
- Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and upon return reintegration support.
- IDP figure in Georgia includes 88,000 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- Refugee figures for Iraqis in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic are Government estimates.
- Refers to Palestinian refugees under the UNHCR mandate only.
- IDP figure in the Russian Federation includes 2,000 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- The IDP figure at the end of 2008 represents the remaining IDP population in camps and transit sites. They remain of concern to UNHCR together with the 603,000 who have already returned to their villages.
- The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps. Source: UNHCR/Governments.

Table 3. Refugees and people in refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of asylum, 2008

N.B. For 24 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition. The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2008 does not equal the population at the start of 2008 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

Voluntary repatriation* shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Country/territory of asylum	Population start-2008		Major increases		Major decreases during 2008						Population end-2008	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Naturalization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recognition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Afghanistan	42	–	–	–	–	–	3	3	–	–	37	37
Albania	77	77	–	–	6	6	–	–	–	–	65	65
Algeria ¹	94,137	90,049	–	29	–	–	1	1	–	–	94,093	90,088
Angola	12,069	4,760	6	91	–	–	6	6	–	–	12,710	4,812
Argentina	2,743	364	–	114	5	4	–	–	49	–	2,845	375
Armenia	4,566	3,125	–	124	1	–	4	4	–	733	3,953	3,226
Australia	22,164	–	–	1,845	11	1	–	–	–	–	20,919	–
Austria	30,769	–	–	5,381	299	19	–	–	–	–	37,557	–
Azerbaijan	2,352	2,352	122	98	31	31	78	78	–	–	2,061	2,061
Bahrain	–	–	–	48	–	–	–	–	–	–	48	48
Bangladesh	27,569	27,387	–	84	–	–	156	156	–	–	28,389	28,123
Belarus	649	255	–	14	–	–	1	1	–	43	609	247
Belgium	17,575	–	–	3,517	28	16	–	–	–	4,162	17,026	–
Belize	358	99	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	81	277	87
Benin	7,621	7,621	–	110	571	569	429	429	–	–	6,933	6,933
Bolivia (Pluri-national State of)	632	263	–	32	–	–	–	–	–	–	664	288
Bosnia-Herzegovina	7,367	1,801	–	1	486	438	18	18	–	5	7,257	1,481
Botswana	2,257	2,257	–	747	13	11	54	54	–	–	3,019	3,019
Brazil	20,784	2,529	–	108	13	13	–	–	25	1	3,852	2,505
Bulgaria	4,836	–	–	294	–	–	–	–	1	–	5,129	–
Burkina Faso	535	535	–	26	7	7	5	5	–	–	557	557
Burundi	24,469	24,163	3,167	109	141	141	120	120	–	–	21,093	21,093
Cambodia	179	178	–	52	315	315	62	62	–	–	164	161
Cameroon	60,137	60,137	25,705	1,108	4,431	30	173	155	16	–	81,037	81,037
Canada	175,741	–	–	7,554	19	–	–	–	–	–	173,651	–
Central African Rep.	7,535	4,119	299	434	17	17	79	79	–	–	7,429	4,319
Chad	295,381	280,395	17,870	4	22,048	2,048	57	18	–	–	330,510	302,685
Chile	1,376	1,376	–	79	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,613	1,613
China ²	301,078	139	–	29	12	6	113	110	–	–	300,967	55
- Hong Kong SAR, China	97	94	–	46	2	2	38	38	–	–	103	103
Colombia	168	46	–	4	–	–	3	–	–	–	170	170
Congo	38,472	24,904	–	25	13,600	13,600	157	157	–	–	24,779	13,730
Costa Rica	17,190	13,485	–	387	2	2	68	68	–	–	18,136	14,431
Côte d'Ivoire	24,647	24,647	–	26	16	16	41	41	–	–	24,811	24,811
Croatia	1,642	1,642	–	6	37	–	–	–	41	2	1,597	1,597
Cuba	615	475	–	4	1	1	6	6	–	–	525	405
Cyprus	1,194	–	–	275	–	–	4	4	–	–	1,465	–
Czech Rep.	2,037	2,037	–	295	2	–	–	–	–	15	2,110	2,110
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	177,390	2,869	–	4	20,942	8,121	53	53	–	–	155,162	2,894
Denmark	27,051	–	–	666	51	2	–	–	–	–	23,401	–
Djibouti	6,651	6,376	2,174	75	5	–	53	53	–	–	9,228	8,924
Ecuador	264,903	14,903	–	4,181	–	–	410	410	–	–	101,398	19,098
Egypt	97,556	27,556	1,521	1,102	2,177	1,124	287	193	12	–	97,861	27,861
El Salvador	39	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	32	30
Eritrea	5,031	5,031	301	–	1	1	130	130	–	–	4,862	4,820
Estonia	18	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	22	–
Ethiopia	85,183	85,183	1	16,934	10,369	10,369	575	486	–	–	83,583	83,583
Finland	6,204	–	–	792	10	–	–	–	–	–	6,617	–

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			Group recognition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
France	151,789	–	–	17,772	122	2	–	–	–	–	171,206	–
Gabon	8,826	8,826	–	8	10	10	189	189	–	–	9,001	9,001
Gambia	14,895	9,327	–	2	260	260	5	5	–	–	14,836	8,961
Georgia	1,047	1,047	–	18	35	–	11	–	7	2	996	996
Germany	578,879	–	–	7,853	227	58	–	–	–	–	582,735	–
Ghana	34,958	34,958	–	51	13,106	13,076	276	264	–	–	18,206	18,206
Greece	2,228	–	–	379	56	56	–	–	–	–	2,164	–
Guatemala	379	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	130	–
Guinea	25,226	25,226	–	17	475	470	5	4	–	–	21,488	21,488
Guinea-Bissau	7,860	7,860	–	24	2	2	–	–	–	–	7,884	7,884
Haiti	1	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3
Honduras	22	2	–	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	24	2
Hungary	8,131	8,131	–	290	20	1	–	–	–	–	7,750	7,750
Iceland	49	–	–	11	–	–	–	–	–	–	49	–
India	161,537	11,406	25,600	1,322	1,742	1,740	1,094	1,070	–	282	184,543	11,257
Indonesia	315	315	9	168	28	28	75	75	–	–	369	369
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	963,546	963,546	517	120	7,146	6,244	485	485	–	–	980,109	980,109
Iraq	42,359	42,359	160	10	102	–	237	237	–	236	39,503	39,503
Ireland	9,333	–	–	592	2	–	–	–	6	999	9,730	–
Israel	1,156	1,156	8,426	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	9,137	9,137
Italy	38,068	–	–	10,019	12	4	–	–	–	–	47,061	–
Japan	1,794	225	–	417	2	2	–	–	–	–	2,019	251
Jordan	500,295	51,676	9,798	193	1,370	266	6,668	6,668	–	–	500,413	53,081
Kazakhstan	4,285	567	–	130	–	–	128	128	–	–	4,352	711
Kenya	265,729	265,729	65,111	2,926	9,884	8,505	3,919	3,919	–	–	320,605	320,605
Kuwait	38,159	739	–	104	–	–	25	25	–	–	38,238	768
Kyrgyzstan	723	723	–	207	18	13	183	183	–	303	375	375
Latvia	29	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	32	–
Lebanon	50,337	10,083	1,692	75	115	115	1,370	1,370	9	–	50,419	10,564
Liberia	10,466	5,040	37	4	5	5	–	–	–	–	10,224	10,224
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	4,092	4,092	317	2,399	49	49	80	80	–	–	6,713	6,713
Liechtenstein	283	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	89	–
Lithuania	688	–	–	63	–	–	–	–	–	–	751	–
Luxembourg	2,737	–	–	415	31	16	–	–	5	33	3,109	–
Malawi	2,929	2,929	–	1,243	100	100	38	38	–	–	4,175	4,175
Malaysia	32,653	32,653	–	11,367	–	–	5,865	5,865	–	–	36,671	36,671
Mali	9,203	9,203	–	25	–	–	73	73	–	–	9,578	9,578
Malta	3,000	–	–	1,414	–	–	150	150	–	–	4,332	–
Mauritania	30,471	486	–	73	16	16	–	–	–	–	27,041	642
Mexico	1,616	174	–	101	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,055	83
Micronesia (Federated States of)	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Mongolia	5	5	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	–
Montenegro	8,528	8,528	–	1	99	91	–	–	–	1	24,741	24,741
Morocco	786	786	–	114	8	8	43	43	–	–	766	766
Mozambique	2,767	1,458	–	452	557	554	7	7	–	–	3,163	1,802
Namibia	6,525	6,525	–	34	16	16	16	16	–	–	6,799	6,799
Nepal	130,681	108,027	–	731	–	–	8,166	8,166	–	2	124,832	102,329
Netherlands	86,589	–	–	5,676	54	14	–	–	–	–	77,600	–

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			Group recognition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
New Zealand	2,740	–	–	139	–	–	–	–	–	–	2,716	–
Nicaragua	184	37	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	34	147	51
Niger	319	198	–	6	–	–	1	1	–	–	320	194
Nigeria	8,460	8,460	1,845	26	362	362	59	59	–	–	10,124	10,124
Norway	34,522	–	–	3,732	63	14	–	–	–	–	36,101	–
Oman	7	7	–	3	–	–	3	3	–	–	7	7
Pakistan ³	2,035,023	887,273	–	575	274,201	274,201	62	62	–	–	1,780,935	765,720
Panama	16,890	3,684	–	34	11	8	–	–	–	–	16,913	3,707
Papua New Guinea	10,003	2,501	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	10,006	2,634
Paraguay	62	62	–	13	–	–	–	–	–	–	75	75
Peru	995	162	–	92	–	–	1	1	–	–	1,075	161
Philippines	106	10	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	104	10
Poland	10,053	–	–	2,783	–	–	–	–	–	–	12,774	–
Portugal	353	–	–	82	–	–	–	–	–	–	403	–
Qatar	46	46	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	13
Rep. of Korea	118	95	–	54	–	–	–	–	–	–	172	24
Rep. of Moldova	151	151	–	24	4	3	1	1	–	–	148	148
Romania	1,757	268	–	134	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,596	184
Russian Fed.	1,655	1,655	–	1,148	36	36	400	400	–	29	3,479	3,479
Rwanda	53,577	53,577	631	8	49	49	241	241	–	–	55,062	55,062
Saudi Arabia	240,742	742	–	67	131	131	28	28	–	–	240,572	572
Senegal	20,421	20,421	–	3	7,050	7,050	138	138	–	–	33,193	33,193
Serbia	97,995	97,995	–	12	704	127	38	38	425	11	96,739	96,738
Sierra Leone	8,790	8,790	–	–	1,141	1,141	140	140	–	–	7,826	7,826
Singapore	10	10	–	14	–	–	9	9	–	–	10	10
Slovakia	279	279	–	87	1	–	–	–	–	5	317	317
Slovenia	263	263	–	5	49	1	–	–	–	–	268	268
Somalia	905	905	–	722	–	–	94	94	–	–	1,842	1,842
South Africa	36,736	7,910	–	7,049	287	287	53	53	–	–	43,546	–
Spain	5,147	–	–	277	4	–	–	–	–	–	4,661	–
Sri Lanka	182	182	–	128	–	–	41	41	–	–	269	269
Sudan	222,723	146,731	17,284	11,407	104	72	537	534	–	–	181,605	88,469
Suriname	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
Swaziland	789	612	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	5	775	612
Sweden	75,078	–	–	9,026	354	30	–	–	–	–	77,038	–
Switzerland	45,653	–	–	6,588	169	9	–	–	–	–	46,132	–
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,503,769	157,439	75,307	1,484	4,162	644	7,253	7,253	–	–	1,105,698	230,041
Tajikistan	1,133	1,007	–	830	15	15	21	21	–	–	1,799	1,509
Thailand	125,643	125,643	–	1,267	2	2	16,797	16,797	–	–	112,932	112,932
TfYR Macedonia	1,689	1,581	–	47	70	59	–	–	9	42	1,672	1,481
Timor-Leste	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
Togo	1,331	1,331	–	26	4	3	36	36	–	4	9,377	1,318
Trinidad and Tobago	22	22	–	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	33	33
Tunisia	101	65	–	1	2	2	1	1	–	–	94	64
Turkey	6,956	6,956	–	8,646	480	–	3,832	3,832	–	–	11,103	11,103
Turkmenistan	125	125	–	–	8	8	39	39	–	–	79	79
Uganda	228,959	223,959	49,463	8,477	66,836	42,651	564	564	–	–	162,132	162,132
Ukraine	7,277	538	–	121	2	2	73	73	–	127	7,201	252
United Arab Emirates	159	159	–	114	–	–	58	58	–	–	209	–
United Kingdom	299,718	–	–	9,595	386	347	–	–	–	–	292,097	–

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			Group recognition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
United Rep. of Tanzania	435,375	435,375	54	–	110,830	110,604	3,219	3,219	–	490	321,909	321,909
United States of America	281,219	–	–	16,742	67	–	–	–	–	83,614	279,548	–
Uruguay	140	88	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	145	75
Uzbekistan	1,054	1,054	–	–	21	21	238	238	–	–	821	821
Vanuatu	1	1	–	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	3	3
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	200,907	254	–	295	–	–	41	41	–	–	201,161	20,842
Viet Nam	2,357	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2,357	–
Yemen	117,363	117,363	30,465	1,388	329	225	407	407	–	–	140,169	140,169
Zambia	112,931	59,340	112	80	10,123	10,123	512	512	–	–	83,485	53,434
Zimbabwe	3,978	2,589	–	223	43	43	75	75	–	–	3,468	3,468
Various/unknown	–	–	–	–	14,502	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
Grand Total	11,392,005	4,724,956	337,994	207,302	603,943	516,904	67,304	67,007	605	91,264	10,489,811	4,598,402

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- 3 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.

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			Group recog-nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Afghanistan ¹	3,057,670	1,809,563	–	8,395	278,489	278,487	1,633	1,632	–	1,977	2,833,128	1,718,155
Albania	15,357	23	–	510	–	–	–	–	–	359	15,006	24
Algeria	10,611	196	1	263	–	–	–	–	–	100	9,060	169
Andorra	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	–
Angola	185,998	29,271	2	509	13,052	282	19	19	1	78	171,393	28,332
Antigua and Barbuda	25	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	26	–
Argentina	1,171	10	–	17	1	1	–	–	–	140	1,047	11
Armenia	15,459	326	–	1,118	1	1	–	–	–	222	16,336	311
Australia	63	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	43	–
Austria	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	14	–
Azerbaijan	15,921	2,507	–	664	–	–	8	8	–	1,062	16,319	2,510
Bahamas	14	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	3	15	–
Bahrain	73	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	80	–
Bangladesh	10,246	31	–	729	–	–	3	3	–	128	10,098	24
Barbados	38	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	34	–
Belarus	4,883	261	–	329	–	–	–	–	1	660	5,384	268
Belgium	59	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	3	61	–
Belize	17	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	–
Benin	274	12	–	30	–	–	–	–	–	4	318	19
Bhutan	110,598	107,812	–	762	–	–	8,139	8,139	–	4	104,965	102,092
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	429	5	–	39	–	–	–	–	–	24	454	10
Bosnia and Herzegovina	78,295	35,054	–	402	971	5	–	–	172	6,484	74,366	34,830
Botswana	16	–	–	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	26	–
Brazil	1,624	1	–	67	–	–	–	–	–	51	1,404	1
Brunei Darussalam	2	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Bulgaria	3,302	38	–	89	–	–	–	–	–	78	3,040	38
Burkina Faso	558	9	–	160	–	–	–	–	–	4	725	13
Burundi	375,425	346,648	53	2,164	95,389	94,913	3,412	3,412	1	132	281,592	251,552
Cambodia	17,636	85	–	66	–	–	9	9	–	2,887	17,253	109
Cameroon	11,510	241	1,790	809	–	–	2	2	–	127	13,870	2,009
Canada	530	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	7	101	1
Cape Verde	32	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	30	–
Central African Rep.	98,104	92,795	24,818	784	18	18	74	74	–	1	125,106	119,220
Chad	55,722	43,776	20,209	743	4,415	21	20	20	–	6	55,105	30,593
Chile	1,110	26	–	24	–	–	–	–	–	66	994	5
China	149,094	323	22,803	5,994	–	–	76	76	–	703	175,180	320
- Hong Kong SAR, China	11	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	79	11	–
- Macao SAR, China	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	9	–
Colombia	551,041	29,043	–	7,357	31	27	494	494	–	563	373,532	53,999
Comoros	96	4	–	63	–	–	–	–	–	48	378	4
Congo	19,740	8,996	–	472	105	55	236	236	–	206	19,925	8,885
Costa Rica	361	5	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	34	354	7
Côte d'Ivoire	22,236	9,436	271	1,232	49	47	29	29	–	31	22,227	14,203
Croatia	100,425	74,266	–	25	1,147	554	–	–	294	765	97,012	73,175
Cuba	8,165	1,258	–	488	–	–	3	3	–	22,077	7,938	1,448
Cyprus	9	4	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	3	10	4
Czech Rep.	1,372	5	–	87	–	–	–	–	–	57	1,358	4
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	605	7	–	317	–	–	23	23	–	1	886	15
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	370,241	295,114	55,729	6,346	54,043	39,716	1,889	1,877	–	287	367,995	297,057

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			Group recog-nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Denmark	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	–
Djibouti	648	64	–	52	–	–	–	–	–	30	650	64
Dominica	59	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	56	–
Dominican Rep.	358	9	–	9	–	–	–	–	–	34	318	7
Ecuador	1,310	22	–	36	–	–	–	–	–	65	1,066	30
Egypt	6,806	68	3	419	–	–	16	16	1	141	6,780	64
El Salvador	6,022	482	–	397	–	–	–	–	–	400	5,151	432
Equatorial Guinea	407	85	–	13	1	–	–	–	–	–	384	84
Eritrea	208,758	131,893	4,543	26,314	92	5	978	956	–	61	186,398	87,294
Estonia	260	1	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	37	248	2
Ethiopia	59,979	24,187	674	5,218	167	44	1,131	1,121	–	1,820	63,878	33,223
Fiji	1,828	–	–	61	–	–	–	–	–	11	1,868	–
Finland	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–
France	99	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	10	101	–
Gabon	122	6	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	4	129	6
Gambia	1,272	26	–	232	–	–	16	16	–	33	1,352	14
Georgia	11,808	547	–	869	–	–	–	–	1	150	12,598	866
Germany	126	2	–	7	–	–	–	–	–	49	166	3
Ghana	5,134	195	–	202	–	–	–	–	–	46	13,242	205
Gibraltar	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Greece	91	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	8	67	1
Grenada	297	–	–	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	312	–
Guatemala	6,161	47	–	458	–	–	–	–	–	291	5,934	43
Guinea	8,263	98	1	1,585	6	–	1	1	–	77	9,495	98
Guinea-Bissau	1,070	36	–	17	–	–	2	2	–	11	1,065	33
Guyana	677	–	–	28	–	–	–	–	–	–	708	–
Haiti	22,281	100	–	1,538	–	–	–	–	1	681	23,066	119
Honduras	1,236	11	–	64	–	–	–	–	–	148	1,116	12
Hungary	3,384	3	–	22	–	–	–	–	–	58	1,614	11
Iceland	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	–
India	20,473	18	–	543	–	–	–	–	–	1,031	19,569	17
Indonesia	20,558	4,718	–	495	1	–	–	–	–	49	19,345	3,129
Ireland	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	–
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	68,395	14,124	3	4,349	95	1	1,341	1,341	1	3,323	69,061	13,851
Iraq	2,309,258	295,223	88,491	28,121	25,644	4,135	17,727	17,679	9	2,716	1,903,519	360,532
Israel	1,543	25	–	53	–	–	–	–	–	21	1,494	16
Italy	89	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	10	62	–
Jamaica	766	–	–	72	–	–	–	–	–	7	826	–
Japan	521	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	185	–
Jordan	1,786	35	74	142	1	–	1	1	–	17	1,890	105
Kazakhstan	5,159	81	–	94	–	–	–	–	–	282	4,825	92
Kenya	7,547	2,745	2,603	373	723	3	–	–	–	37	9,688	4,568
Kiribati	38	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	38	–
Kuwait	746	17	–	139	–	–	1	1	–	43	854	27
Kyrgyzstan	2,254	34	–	121	–	–	11	11	–	107	2,517	35
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	8,681	419	–	34	–	–	–	–	–	3,547	8,598	434
Latvia	657	2	–	12	–	–	–	–	–	83	763	–
Lebanon	13,107	37	4	281	–	–	–	–	–	57	12,967	36
Lesotho	7	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	–
Liberia	91,587	81,391	–	249	10,806	10,780	193	182	5	1,014	75,213	65,779
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1,954	20	–	118	–	–	1	1	–	18	2,084	22

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Origin	Population start-2008		Major increases		Major decreases during 2008						Population end-2008	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessa-tion	Natura-lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recog-nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Lithuania	461	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	38	490	2
Luxembourg	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Madagascar	283	2	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	1	277	2
Malawi	97	2	-	9	-	-	-	-	1	-	106	2
Malaysia	615	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	44	608	-
Maldives	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-
Mali	4,491	7	-	1,093	-	-	-	-	-	4	1,758	9
Malta	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Mauritania	33,114	25,715	-	360	7,036	7,036	130	130	1	79	45,601	38,488
Mauritius	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	24	-
Mexico	5,573	7	-	767	-	-	-	-	-	109	6,162	7
Mongolia	1,102	2	-	190	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,333	2
Montenegro	557	-	-	83	-	-	-	-	5	-	1,283	1
Morocco	4,040	24	-	87	-	-	3	3	-	5	3,533	21
Mozambique	222	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	208	2
Myanmar	191,304	183,437	9	12,590	-	-	23,211	23,192	-	260	184,413	175,722
Namibia	999	964	-	3	20	18	-	-	-	-	985	940
Nauru	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Nepal	3,363	89	-	603	1	1	15	15	-	25	4,189	76
Netherlands	43	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-
New Zealand	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Nicaragua	1,896	768	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	1,368	1,537	823
Niger	830	7	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	20	796	7
Nigeria	13,928	3,385	-	1,095	2	-	70	70	1	272	14,169	3,303
Norway	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Occupied Palestinian Territory	341,244	19,319	734	1,042	4	1	488	484	-	35	340,016	17,976
Oman	43	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-
Pakistan	31,862	568	-	1,276	5	1	148	148	-	311	32,403	579
Palau	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Panama	109	20	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	51	111	20
Papua New Guinea	30	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-
Paraguay	103	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	4	101	4
Peru	7,875	885	-	142	1	-	1	1	-	528	7,339	898
Philippines	1,553	5	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	141	1,354	2
Poland	2,912	3	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	475	2,391	5
Portugal	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	36	-
Qatar	62	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	-
Rep. of Korea	1,188	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	5	1,104	-
Rep. of Moldova	4,917	21	-	128	-	-	-	-	-	647	5,555	29
Romania	5,328	154	-	64	-	-	-	-	-	359	4,756	161
Russian Federation	93,235	4,225	122	8,281	70	35	102	91	7	5,801	103,061	3,947
Rwanda	81,086	29,615	-	1,867	11,790	8,616	273	263	1	571	72,530	28,323
Saint Kitts and Nevis	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Saint Lucia	227	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	-
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	646	-	-	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	-
Samoa	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
San Marino	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Sao Tome and Principe	33	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	32
Saudi Arabia	753	6	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	17	712	9
Senegal	15,929	15,094	-	146	2	2	-	-	-	9	16,006	14,496
Serbia	166,280	4,615	-	2,778	858	239	17	17	9	1,640	185,935	20,586

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Origin	Population start-2008		Major increases		Major decreases during 2008						Population end-2008	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessa-tion	Natura-lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recog-nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Seychelles	55	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	53	–
Sierra Leone	32,131	14,245	–	277	321	320	4	3	22	463	32,536	14,981
Singapore	116	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	3	109	–
Slovakia	313	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	5	331	–
Slovenia	52	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	52	1
Solomon Islands	48	–	–	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	52	–
Somalia	457,722	357,144	97,936	25,939	1,476	46	3,481	3,404	3	3,309	561,155	459,253
South Africa	482	6	–	20	–	–	–	–	–	8	453	7
Spain	40	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	55	27	1
Sri Lanka	134,961	635	2,797	5,957	1,739	1,739	50	50	–	53	137,752	1,787
Sudan	523,118	489,684	14,320	2,167	90,087	64,494	871	803	18	1,574	419,248	381,379
Suriname	63	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	10	50	–
Swaziland	26	3	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	32	3
Sweden	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	–
Switzerland	31	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	32	–
Syrian Arab Rep.	13,688	881	2	967	8	–	28	28	–	200	15,211	840
Tajikistan	894	371	–	28	–	–	4	4	–	357	544	26
Thailand	2,325	134	–	14	–	–	–	–	–	1,702	1,815	136
TFYR Macedonia	8,078	414	–	93	–	–	–	–	–	59	7,521	15
Tibetans	20,170	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	20,079	–
Timor-Leste	6	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	–
Togo	22,504	13,672	–	452	4,798	4,789	446	446	–	144	16,750	7,621
Tonga	5	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	–
Trinidad and Tobago	211	–	–	34	–	–	–	–	–	–	231	–
Tunisia	2,504	38	–	77	–	–	3	3	–	8	2,349	40
Turkey	221,945	15,735	–	2,178	1	1	6	6	–	93	214,378	15,876
Turkmenistan	680	19	–	32	1	–	2	2	–	27	736	19
Turks and Caicos Islands	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Tuvalu	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
Uganda	22,074	3,121	–	285	104	104	83	83	1	41	7,548	3,017
Ukraine	25,995	165	–	304	–	–	1	1	–	3,736	28,424	185
United Arab Emirates	306	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	3	256	–
United Kingdom	201	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	11	185	–
United Rep. of Tanzania	1,255	39	–	26	–	–	–	–	–	7	1,270	19
United States of America	2,176	6	–	19	–	–	–	–	–	–	2,137	9
Uruguay	196	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	13	199	2
Uzbekistan	5,663	411	–	645	5	–	266	266	–	448	6,308	451
Vanuatu	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	5,095	141	–	691	–	–	3	–	–	380	5,807	187
Viet Nam ²	327,764	318	–	149	315	315	67	67	–	9,194	328,183	299
Western Sahara ³	116,594	90,460	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	116,530	90,393
Yemen	1,632	274	–	174	–	–	1	1	–	26	1,777	273
Zambia	195	11	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	195	–
Zimbabwe	14,362	163	–	2,841	3	3	12	12	–	55	16,841	837
Stateless	13,171	170	–	1,379	–	–	13	13	–	2	14,173	200
Various	194,820	3,789	2	15,659	49	49	17	17	49	428	190,692	3,400
Grand Total	11,392,005	4,724,956	337,994	207,302	603,943	516,904	67,304	67,007	605	91,264	10,489,811	4,598,402

Notes

- 1 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a “refugee-like” situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the “refugee-like” category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and upon return reintegration support.
- 2 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of the People’s Republic of China.
- 3 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

Table 5. Refugees and people in refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by major origin and country of asylum, 2008

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2008		Major increases		Major decreases during 2008						Population end-2008	
		Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessa- tion	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
				Group recog- nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Afghanistan	Austria	4,191	-	-	877	8	8	-	-	-	-	5,387	-
Afghanistan	Denmark	5,387	-	-	65	1	1	-	-	-	-	5,214	-
Afghanistan	Germany	24,236	-	-	178	32	32	-	-	-	-	25,108	-
Afghanistan	India	9,011	9,011	-	163	9	7	313	312	-	282	8,441	8,441
Afghanistan	Islamic Rep. of Iran	906,071	906,071	-	73	3,656	3,656	469	469	-	-	935,595	935,595
Afghanistan	Netherlands	17,296	-	-	164	14	14	-	-	-	-	13,477	-
Afghanistan	United Kingdom	23,565	-	-	1,210	347	347	-	-	-	-	23,079	-
Afghanistan¹	Pakistan	2,034,416	886,666	-	374	274,200	274,200	58	58	-	-	1,780,150	764,935
Albania	United States	7,749	-	-	232	-	-	-	-	-	298	7,232	-
Angola	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	112,680	1,720	-	-	12,770	-	5	5	-	-	111,589	1,757
Angola	Namibia	5,705	5,705	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	5,916	5,916
Angola	South Africa	5,752	410	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	5,751	-
Angola	Zambia	40,757	18,704	2	-	275	275	-	-	-	-	27,131	18,882
Armenia	United States	7,831	-	-	211	-	-	-	-	-	182	7,731	-
Azerbaijan	Germany	4,507	-	-	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,315	-
Bhutan	Nepal	110,310	107,810	-	684	-	-	8,139	8,139	-	2	104,587	102,087
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Germany	26,261	-	-	7	95	-	-	-	-	-	24,697	-
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Montenegro	6,166	6,166	-	-	5	5	-	-	-	1	6,168	6,168
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Serbia	27,328	27,328	-	-	32	-	-	-	131	-	27,165	27,165
Burundi	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	17,602	653	-	-	6	5	14	14	-	-	17,588	639
Burundi	United Rep. of Tanzania	336,022	336,022	39	-	94,891	94,665	3,219	3,219	-	-	240,480	240,480
Cambodia	France	13,370	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,195	-
Cameroon	United States	7,068	-	-	376	-	-	-	-	-	74	7,279	-
Central African Rep.	Cameroon	48,498	48,498	17,085	688	14	14	66	66	-	-	66,602	66,602
Central African Rep.	Chad	46,176	44,176	7,733	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	57,258	52,258
Chad	Cameroon	5,974	5,974	8,620	318	4,401	7	8	8	-	-	8,773	8,773
Chad	Sudan	45,024	36,018	11,534	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,202	19,940
China	Canada	14,970	-	-	598	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,585	-
China	India	77,200	3	22,803	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,003	3
China	United States	45,194	-	-	4,034	-	-	-	-	-	669	47,277	-
Colombia	Canada	11,843	-	-	1,217	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,080	-
Colombia	Costa Rica	9,739	9,739	-	268	2	2	68	68	-	-	9,939	9,939
Colombia	Ecuador	264,251	14,251	-	4,056	-	-	390	390	-	-	100,637	18,337
Colombia	Panama	15,284	3,078	-	30	11	8	-	-	-	-	15,303	3,097
Colombia	United States	25,261	-	-	1,061	-	-	-	-	-	551	26,447	-
Colombia	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	200,843	237	-	287	-	-	36	36	-	-	201,094	20,776
Congo	Gabon	7,555	7,555	-	3	9	9	185	185	-	-	7,674	7,674
Côte d'Ivoire	Liberia	6,865	1,450	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,607	6,607
Croatia	Bosnia-Herzegovina	7,163	1,723	-	-	475	427	-	-	-	-	7,070	1,296
Croatia	Germany	17,747	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,241	-
Croatia	Serbia	70,169	70,169	-	-	672	127	-	-	294	11	69,505	69,505
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Angola	11,380	4,663	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,900	4,711

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				Group recog- nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Burundi	23,914	23,914	3,167	70	2	2	116	116	-	-	20,757	20,757
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Canada	5,997	-	-	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,687	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Congo	27,605	23,791	-	11	13,557	13,557	130	130	-	-	13,973	13,657
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	France	9,329	-	-	798	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,952	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Rwanda	50,731	50,731	631	5	-	-	228	228	-	-	52,409	52,409
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	South Africa	11,127	3,369	-	-	159	159	19	19	-	-	10,999	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Sudan	2,733	208	4,952	-	6	6	6	3	-	-	5,447	5,447
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Uganda	41,782	41,782	46,860	2,111	14,327	-	313	313	-	-	76,498	76,498
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	United Kingdom	6,988	-	-	135	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,673	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	United Rep. of Tanzania	97,099	97,099	15	-	15,681	15,681	-	-	-	-	79,706	79,706
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zambia	55,434	38,298	96	49	9,700	9,700	451	451	-	-	47,329	30,630
Eritrea	Ethiopia	20,753	20,753	-	7,895	-	-	282	272	-	-	21,018	21,018
Eritrea	Italy	7,404	-	-	1,629	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,033	-
Eritrea	Sudan	160,488	108,871	120	9,667	4	4	421	421	-	-	124,785	57,999
Eritrea	United Kingdom	6,427	-	-	1,435	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,701	-
Ethiopia	Kenya	18,119	18,119	-	1,714	1	1	824	824	-	-	22,649	22,649
Ethiopia	Sudan	11,416	1,383	674	296	68	36	93	93	-	-	8,621	4,648
Ethiopia	United States	12,530	-	-	796	-	-	-	-	-	1,793	12,515	-
Georgia	Ukraine	5,079	151	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	5,076	9
Ghana	Togo	54	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,113	54
Haiti	United States	17,728	-	-	962	-	-	-	-	-	680	18,175	-
India	Canada	7,114	-	-	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,718	-
India	United States	9,958	-	-	362	-	-	-	-	-	1,030	9,483	-
Indonesia	Papua New Guinea	10,000	2,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	2,630
Indonesia	United States	7,301	-	-	448	-	-	-	-	-	49	7,845	-
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Canada	6,221	-	-	108	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,200	-
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Germany	15,123	-	-	324	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,816	-
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Iraq	11,135	11,135	3	10	94	-	95	95	-	228	10,823	10,823
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	United Kingdom	10,227	-	-	750	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,320	-
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	United States	6,845	-	-	300	-	-	-	-	-	2,972	6,347	-
Iraq	Australia	5,851	-	-	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,945	-
Iraq	Denmark	8,391	-	-	235	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,102	-
Iraq	Egypt	10,273	10,273	1,521	100	1,210	161	149	101	-	-	10,091	10,091
Iraq	Germany	34,731	-	-	5,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,854	-
Iraq	Islamic Rep. of Iran	57,414	57,414	517	11	3,490	2,588	16	16	-	-	44,444	44,444
Iraq	Kuwait	30,131	607	-	82	-	-	20	20	-	-	30,193	612

Table 5. Refugees and people in refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by major origin and country of asylum, 2008

The refugee population is included in this table if the number was 5,000 or more at the end of 2008.
 N.B. For 24 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of asylum-seeker recognition.
 The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2008 does not equal the population at the start of 2008 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.
 Voluntary repatriation* shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports. Figures below 5 have been replaced with an asterisk.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2008		Major increases		Major decreases during 2008						Population end-2008	
		Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessa- tion	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
				Group recog- nition	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Iraq	Lebanon	50,000	9,817	1,692	2	114	114	1,329	1,329	5	–	50,000	10,245
Iraq	Netherlands	19,234	–	–	2,224	–	–	–	–	–	–	15,553	–
Iraq	Norway	7,744	–	–	613	–	–	–	–	–	–	7,878	–
Iraq	Sweden	30,423	–	–	4,026	–	–	–	–	–	–	32,120	–
Iraq	Turkey	3,662	3,662	–	6,631	480	–	2,415	2,415	–	–	7,481	7,481
Iraq	United Kingdom	22,021	–	–	635	–	–	–	–	–	–	21,483	–
Iraq ²	Jordan	500,000	51,381	9,798	–	1,370	266	6,640	6,640	–	–	500,000	52,668
Iraq ²	Syrian Arab Rep.	1,500,000	153,670	74,963	–	4,160	642	6,926	6,926	–	–	1,100,000	224,343
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	France	7,550	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7,496	–
Lebanon	Germany	9,485	–	–	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	9,650	–
Liberia	Côte d'Ivoire	24,146	24,146	–	–	15	15	8	8	–	–	24,256	24,256
Liberia	Ghana	26,967	26,967	–	–	8,846	8,825	40	29	–	–	15,797	15,797
Liberia	Guinea	14,487	14,487	–	–	421	416	3	3	–	–	11,097	11,097
Liberia	Nigeria	5,528	5,528	–	–	337	337	1	1	–	–	5,303	5,303
Liberia	Sierra Leone	8,738	8,738	–	–	1,137	1,137	140	140	–	–	7,778	7,778
Liberia	United States	6,055	–	–	113	–	–	–	–	–	1,006	5,475	–
Mauritania	Mali	6,165	6,165	–	–	–	–	8	8	–	–	6,157	6,157
Mauritania	Senegal	19,503	19,503	–	–	7,036	7,036	121	121	–	–	32,292	32,292
Myanmar	Bangladesh	27,537	27,387	–	64	–	–	156	156	–	–	28,337	28,123
Myanmar	Malaysia	29,474	29,474	–	9,819	–	–	5,808	5,808	–	–	33,781	33,781
Myanmar	Thailand	124,562	124,562	–	759	–	–	16,608	16,608	–	–	111,555	111,555
Myanmar	United States	5,334	–	–	170	–	–	–	–	–	254	5,171	–
Occup. Palest. Territ. ³	Egypt	70,213	213	–	4	–	–	9	9	–	–	70,174	174
Occup. Palest. Territ. ³	Iraq	14,937	14,937	73	–	–	–	140	140	–	–	12,302	12,302
Occup. Palest. Territ. ³	Kuwait	6,000	104	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6,000	111
Occup. Palest. Territ. ³	Saudi Arabia	240,016	16	–	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	240,025	25
Pakistan	Canada	15,820	–	–	161	–	–	–	–	–	–	15,798	–
Russian Fed.	Austria	11,571	–	–	1,990	–	–	–	–	–	–	14,122	–
Russian Fed.	France	6,613	–	–	1,239	–	–	–	–	–	–	7,615	–
Russian Fed.	Germany	30,424	–	–	171	–	–	–	–	–	–	35,505	–
Russian Fed.	Poland	9,355	–	–	2,680	–	–	–	–	–	–	12,034	–
Russian Fed.	United States	7,915	–	–	623	–	–	–	–	–	3,979	7,652	–
Rwanda	Congo	7,941	51	–	2	36	36	3	3	–	–	7,897	52
Rwanda	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	29,814	191	–	2	8,074	8,074	2	2	–	–	22,643	195
Rwanda	Uganda	17,846	17,846	–	959	3,174	7	57	57	–	–	16,162	16,162
Senegal	Gambia	7,546	7,546	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7,546	6,946
Senegal	Guinea-Bissau	7,488	7,488	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7,492	7,492
Serbia	Austria	5,783	–	–	331	252	11	–	–	–	–	6,218	–
Serbia	France	7,848	–	–	684	77	–	–	–	–	–	8,395	–
Serbia	Germany	91,616	–	–	40	100	26	–	–	–	–	98,787	–
Serbia	Montenegro	–	–	–	–	94	86	–	–	–	–	16,210	16,210
Serbia	Sweden	9,589	–	–	352	36	11	–	–	–	–	8,692	–
Serbia	Switzerland	8,315	–	–	432	117	5	–	–	–	–	7,397	–
Serbia	United Kingdom	16,237	–	–	20	10	–	–	–	–	–	15,242	–
Sierra Leone	Gambia	6,465	1,274	–	–	216	216	–	–	–	–	6,454	1,490

Notes

- 1 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a “refugee-like” situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the “refugee-like” category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and upon return reintegration support.
- 2 Refers to Government estimates.
- 3 Refers to Palestinians under the UNHCR mandate only.
- 4 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- 5 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

Table 6. Internally displaced persons (IDPs) protected/assisted by UNHCR, 2008

This table also includes people in IDP-like situations.

This table reflects only IDPs who are protected/assisted by UNHCR. These are also not necessarily representative of the entire IDP population in a given country. Many of the world's IDP situations are not covered by UNHCR and are thus not reflected. For global IDP estimates, visit the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre at www.internal-displacement.org. Most IDP figures are rough estimates and rounded to the nearest hundredth.

Country	Population start-2008	Population end-2008
	Total	Total
Afghanistan	153,700	230,700
Azerbaijan	686,600	603,300
Bosnia and Herzegovina	131,000	124,500
Burundi ¹	100,000	100,000
Central African Rep.	197,000	197,000
Chad	178,900	166,700
Colombia	3,000,000	3,000,000
Côte d'Ivoire	709,000	684,000
Croatia	2,900	2,500
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	1,317,900	1,460,100
Georgia (IDPs)	222,100	241,800
Georgia (people in IDP-like situation) ²	49,200	88,000
Iraq	2,481,000	2,647,300
Kenya ³	250,000	404,000
Lebanon	70,000	–
Montenegro ³	16,200	–
Myanmar	67,300	67,300
Nepal	50,000	–
Pakistan ³	155,800	155,800
Russian Federation (IDPs)	178,500	89,500
Russian Federation (people in IDP-like situation)	85,200	2,000
Serbia	226,400	225,900
Somalia	1,000,000	1,277,200
Sri Lanka	459,600	504,800
Sudan	1,225,000	1,201,000
Timor-Leste ⁴	62,600	15,900
Yemen	77,000	100,000
Uganda ⁵	1,236,000	853,000
Total	14,388,900	14,442,300

Notes

- 1 Newly included figure in 2008.
- 2 Refers to people in IDP-like situations from Abkhazia and South Ossetia.
- 3 Although counted as IDPs up to 2008 (and officially referred to as such by the Government of Montenegro), this population consists of persons displaced from Serbia (Kosovo) who are not being accorded the same rights as Montenegrin citizens in practice. They have been reclassified by UNHCR and are now listed as refugees.
- 4 UNHCR's assistance activities for IDPs in Timor-Leste ended in July 2007.
- 5 The IDP figure at the end of 2008 represents the remaining IDP population in camps and transit sites. They remain of concern to UNHCR together with the 603,000 who have already returned to their villages.

Table 7. Stateless persons¹, 2008

N.B. Stateless refugees are included in Table 3 and stateless asylum-seekers in Table 12.

Data is not complete and includes estimates. Countries for which UNHCR has information about stateless persons but no reliable data have been included in the table with an asterisk ().*

Country of residence	Description/origin	Pop. start-2008		Pop. end-2008	
		Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted
Austria	Stateless	472	–	464	–
Azerbaijan	Stateless	2,078	–	2,078	–
Bahamas	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Bangladesh ²	Biharis	*	–	*	–
Belarus ³	Stateless	8,025	1	7,818	1
Belgium	Stateless	468	–	548	–
Bosnia and Herzegovina ⁴	Citizens of former Yugoslavia	..	–	10,000	524
Bhutan	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Brunei Darussalam	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Burundi	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Cambodia	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Colombia	Stateless	11	–	11	–
Cote d'Ivoire	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Croatia	Stateless	25	–	180	–
Dem. Rep. of the Congo ⁵	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Denmark	Stateless	3,649	–	3,687	–
Dominican Republic	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Egypt	Stateless	74	74	64	64
Eritrea	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Estonia ⁶	Stateless	116,248	–	110,315	–
Ethiopia	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Finland	Stateless	706	–	1,397	–
France	Stateless	948	–	1,006	–
Georgia	Stateless	1,340	–	1,544	–
Germany	Stateless	9,091	–	9,322	–
Greece ⁷	Stateless	108	–	258	–
Hungary ⁸	Stateless	241	241	241	241
Iceland	Stateless	1	–	116	–
India	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Indonesia	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Iraq	Stateless	130,000	–	230,000	–
Italy ⁹	Stateless	722	–	722	–
Japan ⁹	Stateless	1,717	–	1,573	–
Jordan	Stateless	9	9	–	–
Kazakhstan	Stateless	7,856	1	7,602	1
Kenya	Nubians	100,000	–	100,000	–
Kuwait	Bidoons	91,000	117	92,000	178
Kyrgyzstan ¹⁰	Stateless	9,480	–	19,943	–
Latvia ¹¹	Stateless	201	–	266	–
Latvia ¹²	Non-citizens	372,421	–	365,151	–
Lebanon	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Lithuania ¹³	Stateless	5,900	–	5,900	–
Luxembourg	Stateless	154	–	162	–
Madagascar	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Malaysia ¹⁴	Stateless	40,001	1	40,001	–
Mongolia	Stateless	598	–	358	–
Montenegro ¹⁵	Citizens of former Yugoslavia	..	–	1,500	–
Myanmar ¹⁶	Stateless	723,571	200,000	723,571	200,000
Nepal ¹⁷	Stateless	800,000	–	800,000	–
Netherlands	Stateless	4,461	–	4,591	–
Niger	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Norway	Stateless	258	–	489	–
Pakistan	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Panama	Stateless	2	2	1	1
Papua New Guinea	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Philippines	Stateless	*	–	*	–

Table 7. Stateless persons¹, 2008

N.B. Stateless refugees are included in Table 3 and stateless asylum-seekers in Table 12.

Data is not complete and includes estimates. Countries for which UNHCR has information about stateless persons but no reliable data have been included in the table with an asterisk (*).

Country of residence	Description/origin	Pop. start-2008		Pop. end-2008	
		Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted
Poland	Stateless	839	–	839	–
Portugal	Stateless	..	–	273	–
Qatar	Bidoons	..	–	1,200	–
Rep. of Korea	Stateless	..	–	236	–
Rep. of Moldova	Stateless	1,663	–	1,807	–
Romania	Stateless	257	–	253	–
Russian Federation	Meskhetyans	1,296	–	1,200	–
Russian Federation ¹⁸	Stateless	50,000	185	48,800	167
Saudi Arabia	Stateless	70,000	–	70,000	–
Serbia ¹⁹	Citizens of former Yugoslavia	..	–	17,000	17,000
Serbia	Former refugees from TFYR Macedonia in Kosovo	..	–	50	50
Slovakia	Stateless	911	–	911	–
Slovenia	Citizens of former Yugoslavia	4,090	4,090	4,090	4,090
Spain	Stateless	20	–	26	–
Sri Lanka ²⁰	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Sweden	Stateless	5,571	–	6,239	–
Switzerland	Stateless	80	–	75	–
Syrian Arab Republic ²¹	Stateless	300,000	–	300,000	–
Tajikistan	Stateless	249	–	249	–
Thailand ²²	Stateless	..	–	3,500,000	–
TFYR Macedonia ²³	Long-term habitual residents without effective citizenship (de facto stateless) and Roma at risk of becoming stateless/with documentation gaps	537	537	1,051	1,051
Turkey ²⁴	Stateless	..	–	2,734	–
Turkmenistan	Stateless	8,500	–	8,500	–
Ukraine	Formerly deported persons in Crimea, Ukraine	3,500	2,000	3,500	2,000
Ukraine ²⁵	Stateless	55,204	60	52,850	120
United Arab Emirates ²⁶	Stateless	*	–	*	–
United Kingdom ²⁷	Stateless	205	–	205	–
Uzbekistan	Stateless	6	6	–	–
Viet Nam	Former Cambodian refugees	7,200	–	7,200	–
Zimbabwe	Stateless	*	–	*	–
Total		2,941,964	207,324	6,572,167	225,488

Notes

- 1 This category covers *de jure* and *de facto* stateless persons, including persons who are unable to establish their nationality.
- 2 Formerly stateless persons of the Bihari/Urdu-speaking communities were issued national identity cards and could participate in the 2008 general elections.
- 3 The figure is based on the Belarus definition of a stateless person as “a person who is not a citizen of Belarus and who has no proof of citizenship of another country.”
- 4 The great majority of these people have yet to have their Bosnian nationality formally recognized.
- 5 It has yet to be determined whether statelessness has remained a significant problem after the November 2004 Congolese Nationality Law was enacted.
- 6 Almost all people recorded as stateless have permanent residence and enjoy more rights than foreseen in the 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons.
- 7 Includes people deprived of their citizenship under previous nationality legislation, stateless individuals with permanent residence who are recognized as “stateless foreigners” and other stateless persons resident in Greece.
- 8 Figure as reported in the last national census, which was in 2001. UNHCR has not received updated official statistics on stateless persons since then.
- 9 Figure refers to the end of 2007, no data available for 2008.
- 10 Increase due to identification campaign conducted in coordination with the Government. Some 560 stateless persons also acquired Kyrgyz nationality during the year.
- 11 The Republic of Latvia enacted a Law on Stateless Persons on 17 February 2004, which replaced the Law on the Status of Stateless Persons in the Republic of Latvia of 18 February 1999, and which determines the legal status of persons who are not considered as citizens by the legislation of any State and whose status is not determined by the 25th April 1995 Law (quoted below).
- 12 The Republic of Latvia, by the 25th April 1995 Law on the Status of Those Former USSR Citizens who are not Citizens of Latvia or of Any Other State, granted a transitional legal status to permanently residing persons (non-citizens) entitling them to a set of rights and obligations beyond the minimum rights prescribed by the 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons.

- 13 Figure provided is from beginning of 2007 and may change once official statistics have been released by the Statistics Department of Lithuania.
- 14 Figure includes one individual from the Czech Republic and an estimated number of individuals who are stateless, including people who are unable to establish their nationality from among the following populations: Indian community, children of Filipino refugees, and children of undocumented migrants. Estimate is based on NGO and media reports, some citing official sources.
- 15 The great majority of these people have yet to have their Montenegrin nationality formally recognized.
- 16 Muslim residents of northern Rakhine State.
- 17 Estimate of number of persons who remained stateless after the issuance of approximately 2.6 million Citizenship Certificates in 2007.
- 18 UNHCR estimate provided in the absence of comprehensive Government statistics. No precise data is available for 2008 on the reduction of statelessness by way of the naturalization of stateless persons.
- 19 The great majority of these people have yet to have their Serbian nationality formally recognized.
- 20 A large number of stateless persons benefited from acquisition/confirmation of Sri Lankan nationality since 2003 but information gathered by UNHCR in the field indicates that several thousand persons remain stateless.
- 21 Figures are based on estimates from Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch.
- 22 Includes members of the hill tribes and immigrants, as well as their descendants, from neighbouring countries.
- 23 The great majority of this population are people who are yet to have their nationality of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia formally recognized, as well as long term habitual residents without effective citizenship.
- 24 Figure refers to the year 2000, no data available for subsequent years.
- 25 The figure is based on an extrapolation from the number of stateless persons registered in the 2001 census in Ukraine. It includes stateless persons officially registered with the Ukrainian Ministry of Interior.
- 26 The UAE has acknowledged 10,000 persons to be stateless while other sources put the total stateless population in the country at 20,000 or more. The Government undertook a registration exercise during 2008 and naturalized a small number of individuals with the remaining decisions pending at the end of the year.
- 27 Figure refers to the end of 2005, no data available for subsequent years.

Table 8. Others of concern to UNHCR, 2008*N.B. This table does not include stateless persons or people in refugee-like or IDP-like situations.*

Country of asylum	Description/origin	Pop. start-2008		Pop. end-2008		Change (%)	
		Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of who: UNHCR-assisted
Azerbaijan	Rejected Afghan asylum-seekers	411	411	469	469	14%	14%
Azerbaijan	Rejected Iraqi asylum-seekers	20	20	3	3	-85%	-85%
Belarus	Asylum-seekers of concern to UNHCR	2,416	120	2,420	74	0%	-38%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Former Bosnian refugees of concern to UNHCR	-	-	4,481	-	..	..
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Former internally displaced persons of concern to UNHCR	-	-	46,015	-	..	..
China	People of various nationalities of concern to UNHCR	23	23	4	4	-83%	-83%
Croatia	Returning refugees who are beneficiaries of reconstruction programmes	-	-	20,884	20,884	..	..
Croatia	Returning refugees who are not fully integrated	-	-	7,200	7,200	..	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Dependants of refugees	6	-	6	-	0%	..
Eritrea	Dependants of refugees	11	-	-	-	-100%	..
Germany	Afghan nationals holding tolerated stay permits	2,832	-	1,632	-	-42%	..
Germany	Iraqi nationals holding tolerated stay permits	9,029	-	7,763	-	-14%	..
Germany	Various nationals holding tolerated stay permits	2,139	-	1,605	-	-25%	..
Germany	Minorities from Kosovo (Serbia)	11,500	-	11,500	-	0%	..
Indonesia	Dependants of refugees	-	-	3	-	..	..
Israel	Persons of concern to UNHCR in detention	-	-	1,102	-	..	..
Malaysia	Various nationalities	6	-	3	-	-50%	..
Malaysia	Filipino Muslims	61,314	-	61,314	-	0%	..
Nepal	Tibetans (recent arrivals)	141	134	59	59	-58%	-56%
Philippines	Rejected Vietnamese of concern to UNHCR	165	-	87	-	-47%	..
Russian Federation	Asylum-seekers of concern to UNHCR	2,893	2,893	-	-	-100%	-100%
Turkey	Chechens in need of international protection	306	-	306	-	0%	..
Total		93,212	3,601	166,856	28,693	79%	697%

Table 9. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum, 2008

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal). These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure for negative decisions. For information on recognition rates see Table 10.

Country/ territory of asylum	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indic. ¹	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Conv-ent status	Complem. protect. status							
Afghanistan	6	–	15	–	–	1	10	11	10	10	91%	66.7
Albania	22	22	13	–	–	1	12	13	22	22	92%	0.0
Algeria	1,601	–	75	29	–	48	701	778	898	–	90%	–43.9
Angola	2,921	167	436	91	–	81	–	172	3,185	205	0%	9.0
Argentina	554	547	859	114	–	442	127	683	730	624	19%	31.8
Armenia	101	101	209	–	124	–	15	139	171	169	11%	69.3
Australia	1,516	–	7,324	1,845	–	4,484	330	6,659	2,159	–	5%	42.4
Austria	38,442	–	12,841	3,753	1,628	7,968	3,605	16,954	36,693	–	21%	–4.5
Azerbaijan	75	75	409	198	–	243	2	443	41	41	0%	–45.3
Bahrain	35	–	64	48	–	1	1	50	49	–	2%	40.0
Bangladesh	53	–	104	84	–	61	9	154	3	–	6%	–94.3
Belarus	10	4	112	10	4	26	28	68	54	31	41%	440.0
Belgium	15,247	–	17,115	2,696	332	8,126	824	18,069	14,263	–	5%	–6.5
Belize	2	–	7	–	–	–	2	2	7	7	100%	250.0
Benin	536	–	737	110	–	768	183	1,061	212	–	17%	–60.4
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	162	157	45	32	–	14	70	116	91	33	60%	–43.8
Bosnia and Herzegovina	627	627	95	1	–	40	201	242	480	480	83%	–23.4
Botswana	84	84	845	747	–	–	–	747	182	182	0%	116.7
Brazil	427	405	595	94	14	216	181	505	517	438	36%	21.1
Bulgaria	1,074	–	746	27	267	380	67	741	1,079	–	9%	0.5
Burkina Faso	598	598	72	26	–	40	–	66	604	604	0%	1.0
Burundi	7,531	7,531	3,614	3,276	–	311	2,289	5,876	5,269	5,269	39%	–30.0
Cambodia	239	227	514	52	–	553	87	692	61	47	13%	–74.5
Cameroon	2,157	2,157	4,053	1,108	–	1,177	1,694	3,979	2,231	2,231	43%	3.4
Canada	37,514	–	34,800	7,554	–	6,784	3,774	18,112	54,202	–	21%	44.5
Central African Rep.	1,970	464	876	434	–	3	955	1,392	1,454	335	69%	–26.2
Chad	48	–	110	4	–	98	2	104	54	–	2%	12.5
Chile	518	518	872	124	–	371	5	500	890	890	1%	71.8
China	70	–	48	29	–	20	49	98	20	–	50%	–71.4
- Hong Kong SAR, China	1,924	–	1,265	46	–	1,569	462	2,077	1,112	–	22%	–42.2
Colombia	88	71	100	4	–	101	1	106	82	79	1%	–6.8
Congo	4,793	–	1,986	25	–	439	3,060	3,524	3,255	–	87%	–32.1
Costa Rica	511	511	966	387	–	627	–	1,014	463	463	0%	–9.4
Côte d'Ivoire	1,784	–	106	26	–	237	1,330	1,593	297	–	83%	–83.4
Croatia	53	53	182	3	3	75	92	173	62	62	53%	17.0
Cuba	14	1	10	4	–	8	2	14	10	1	14%	–28.6
Cyprus	11,892	26	6,933	87	188	6,407	4,129	10,811	8,014	7	38%	–32.6
Czech Rep.	2,044	2,044	2,719	220	138	1,885	1,072	3,315	1,448	1,448	32%	–29.2
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	58	–	17	4	–	11	50	65	10	–	77%	–82.8
Denmark	560	–	2,360	306	360	820	–	1,486	527	–	0%	–5.9
Djibouti	487	–	193	75	20	–	157	252	428	–	62%	–12.1
Ecuador	27,413	27,413	17,607	36	4,427	6,337	305	11,105	33,919	33,919	3%	23.7
Egypt	14,885	14,885	2,546	1,102	–	862	787	2,751	14,680	14,680	29%	–1.4
El Salvador	5	5	7	–	–	2	10	12	–	–	83%	–100.0
Eritrea	2,019	109	77	–	–	–	1,966	1,966	130	128	100%	–93.6
Estonia	6	–	14	4	–	8	1	13	7	–	8%	16.7
Ethiopia	185	185	23,716	16,934	–	2,531	2,769	22,234	1,667	1,667	12%	801.1
Fiji	1	1	5	–	–	–	–	–	6	1	..	500.0
Finland	721	–	4,016	94	698	240	973	2,005	2,742	–	49%	280.3
France	32,275	–	64,235	14,847	2,925	41,138	4,246	63,156	31,496	–	7%	–2.4
Gabon	4,260	4,260	302	8	–	28	220	256	4,306	4,306	86%	1.1

Table 9. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum, 2008

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal). These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure for negative decisions. For information on recognition rates see Table 10.

Country/ territory of asylum	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indic. ¹	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Conv-ent ion status	Comple m. protect. status							
Gambia	2	2	2	2	-	-	2	4	-	-	50%	-100.0
Georgia	10	10	41	18	-	5	9	32	19	10	28%	90.0
Germany	34,063	-	28,018	7,291	562	6,761	6,203	20,817	33,295	-	30%	-2.3
Ghana	444	444	151	45	6	34	20	105	490	490	19%	10.4
Greece	28,463	-	33,252	358	21	23,345	380	24,104	38,061	-	2%	33.7
Guatemala	2	-	14	1	-	4	6	11	5	-	55%	150.0
Guinea	4,025	4,025	336	17	-	9	3,704	3,730	631	631	99%	-84.3
Guinea-Bissau	343	343	102	24	-	84	10	118	327	327	8%	-4.7
Haiti	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	0%	-100.0
Honduras	21	-	44	3	-	-	62	65	-	-	95%	-100.0
Hungary	1,559	1,559	3,118	160	130	395	1,483	2,168	2,521	2,521	68%	61.7
Iceland	34	-	99	4	7	20	54	85	48	-	64%	41.2
India	2,429	2,429	3,515	1,322	-	546	291	2,159	3,785	3,785	13%	55.8
Indonesia	211	211	385	177	-	13	53	243	353	353	22%	67.3
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1,188	1,188	893	120	-	68	186	374	1,707	1,707	50%	43.7
Iraq	2,413	2,413	285	-	-	-	641	641	2,057	2,057	100%	-14.8
Ireland	4,359	-	6,756	588	-	4,970	1,325	6,883	4,612	-	19%	5.8
Israel	6,281	6,281	8,373	4	8,418	1,025	576	10,023	4,631	4,631	6%	-26.3
Italy	-	-	30,324	1,785	8,234	10,379	1,049	21,447	-	-	5%	..
Japan	1,515	408	2,100	60	360	1,095	121	1,276	2,288	674	9%	51.0
Jordan	589	589	509	144	49	71	149	413	685	685	36%	16.3
Kazakhstan	70	54	256	130	-	62	8	200	126	86	4%	80.0
Kenya	5,765	5,765	8,816	2,926	-	645	2,250	5,821	8,760	8,760	39%	52.0
Kuwait	702	702	2,075	104	-	8	18	130	2,648	948	14%	277.2
Kyrgyzstan	715	715	875	207	-	286	332	825	765	765	40%	7.0
Latvia	15	-	51	2	1	21	7	31	36	-	23%	140.0
Lebanon	582	-	410	67	8	294	99	468	524	-	21%	-10.0
Liberia	95	1	4	41	-	-	22	63	36	36	35%	-62.1
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2,773	126	5,087	2,398	344	189	95	3,026	4,834	50	3%	74.3
Liechtenstein	14	-	26	-	-	10	16	26	14	-	62%	0.0
Lithuania	29	-	215	11	52	37	44	144	100	-	31%	244.8
Luxembourg	38	-	809	73	342	504	179	1,098	29	-	16%	-23.7
Malawi	6,782	6,782	1,429	1,243	-	231	196	1,670	6,541	6,541	12%	-3.6
Malaysia ²	6,851	6,851	17,039	11,367	-	318	2,882	14,567	9,323	9,323	20%	36.1
Mali	1,910	1,910	54	25	-	23	-	48	1,916	1,916	0%	0.3
Malta	725	-	3,518	20	1,394	1,462	23	2,899	1,230	-	1%	69.7
Mauritania	25	3	311	73	-	172	29	274	62	62	11%	148.0
Mexico	49	-	317	101	-	105	142	348	18	-	41%	-63.3
Mongolia	2	2	5	5	-	1	1	7	-	-	14%	-100.0
Montenegro	2	2	7	-	1	5	2	8	1	1	25%	-50.0
Morocco	671	-	1,099	114	-	885	302	1,301	469	-	23%	-30.1
Mozambique	4,161	3,030	1,755	452	-	549	459	1,460	4,456	3,072	31%	7.1
Namibia	1,205	1,205	296	34	-	138	6	178	1,323	1,323	3%	9.8
Nepal	1,633	83	122	47	684	13	30	774	981	30	4%	-39.9
Netherlands	5,840	-	13,399	515	5,161	5,247	-	10,923	9,743	-	0%	66.8
New Zealand	178	-	387	139	-	262	12	413	152	-	3%	-14.6
Nicaragua	25	25	71	2	-	-	94	96	-	-	98%	-100.0
Niger	19	19	21	6	-	10	-	16	24	24	0%	26.3
Nigeria	700	700	694	26	55	81	14	176	1,218	1,218	8%	74.0
Norway	6,677	-	20,505	1,150	2,582	8,357	2,292	14,381	13,627	-	16%	104.1
Oman	41	-	12	3	-	-	3	6	47	-	50%	14.6
Pakistan	3,126	3,126	1,449	575	-	508	541	1,624	2,951	2,951	33%	-5.6
Panama	530	420	202	34	-	26	71	131	601	542	54%	13.4
Papua New Guinea	9	9	2	3	-	-	1	4	7	7	25%	-22.2

Table 9. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum, 2008

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal). These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure for negative decisions. For information on recognition rates see Table 10.

Country/ territory of asylum	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indic. ¹	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Conv-ent status	Complem. protect. status							
Paraguay	14	14	15	13	–	2	10	25	4	4	40%	–71.4
Peru	541	157	211	92	–	57	16	165	587	136	10%	8.5
Philippines	31	–	62	2	–	2	–	4	89	3	0%	187.1
Poland	4,449	–	7,745	193	2,590	1,608	5,791	10,182	4,403	–	57%	–1.0
Portugal	–	–	161	12	70	41	–	123	–	–	0%	..
Qatar	44	–	19	7	–	–	19	26	37	–	73%	–15.9
Rep. of Korea	1,155	500	364	32	22	77	99	230	1,289	14	43%	11.6
Rep. of Moldova	79	79	57	4	20	53	26	103	33	33	25%	–58.2
Romania	166	140	1,172	129	5	835	80	1,049	303	105	8%	82.5
Russian Federation	3,080	3,080	5,418	350	797	5,551	–	6,698	1,800	1,800	0%	–41.6
Rwanda	728	728	13	23	–	38	328	389	352	–	84%	–51.6
Saint Lucia	3	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	1	100%	–66.7
Saudi Arabia	293	–	95	58	9	30	99	196	192	–	51%	–34.5
Senegal	2,538	2,538	255	3	–	96	–	99	2,694	2,694	0%	6.1
Serbia	12	12	79	–	12	17	23	52	39	39	44%	225.0
Sierra Leone	226	–	432	–	–	53	276	329	329	–	84%	45.6
Singapore	24	24	17	13	1	3	24	41	–	–	59%	–100.0
Slovakia	584	–	910	22	65	414	452	953	307	–	47%	–47.4
Slovenia	58	–	238	3	2	156	164	325	84	84	50%	44.8
Somalia	8,659	8,659	2,164	720	2	629	226	1,577	9,246	9,246	14%	6.8
South Africa ³	89,033	18,353	207,206	7,049	–	62,065	–	69,114	227,125	18,353	0%	155.1
Spain	–	–	4,517	151	126	2,289	2,614	5,180	–	–	50%	..
Sri Lanka	198	198	425	128	–	45	57	230	393	393	25%	98.5
Sudan	8,151	3,455	35,108	5,887	6,728	64	24,710	37,389	5,870	36	66%	–28.0
Swaziland	252	185	193	–	–	–	–	–	445	309	..	76.6
Sweden	27,723	–	40,490	1,930	7,096	28,411	4,612	42,049	24,099	–	11%	–13.1
Switzerland	12,475	–	16,606	2,261	4,327	4,483	4,318	15,389	17,163	–	28%	37.6
Syrian Arab Rep.	5,884	–	979	1,484	–	223	2,913	4,620	2,243	–	63%	–61.9
Tajikistan	144	102	1,371	830	–	639	–	1,469	46	46	0%	–68.1
Thailand	13,483	4,794	1,232	1,267	–	545	325	2,137	12,578	3,805	15%	–6.7
TfYR Macedonia	171	153	54	1	46	17	61	125	100	55	49%	–41.5
Timor-Leste	4	–	12	–	–	–	–	–	16	–	..	300.0
Togo	345	–	199	26	–	66	–	92	452	–	0%	31.0
Trinidad and Tobago	103	103	63	12	–	20	35	67	99	99	52%	–3.9
Tunisia	54	8	67	1	–	22	47	70	51	1	67%	–5.6
Turkey	5,189	5,189	13,811	8,646	–	679	2,558	11,883	7,117	7,105	22%	37.2
Turkmenistan	16	16	–	–	–	16	–	16	–	–	0%	–100.0
Uganda	5,776	–	13,550	7,602	–	1,079	1,402	9,889	9,243	9,243	14%	60.0
Ukraine	1,302	572	2,970	194	–	1,108	1,662	2,964	1,307	592	56%	0.4
United Arab Emirates	64	–	128	109	5	10	3	127	65	–	2%	1.6
United Kingdom	10,800	–	44,423	7,287	2,308	21,716	8,693	40,004	14,400	–	22%	33.3
United Rep. of Tanzania	308	308	–	54	–	–	–	54	254	254	0%	–17.5
United States	82,393	–	39,362	16,742	–	28,407	29,337	74,486	69,228	–	39%	–16.0
Uruguay	37	13	16	3	–	11	–	14	39	–	0%	5.4
Vanuatu	–	–	4	3	–	–	–	3	1	–	0%	..
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	9,602	5,002	2,960	295	–	331	–	626	11,936	7,997	0%	24.3
Yemen	717	717	2,238	1,388	–	379	357	2,124	831	831	17%	15.9
Zambia	28	–	227	11	69	56	62	198	57	–	31%	103.6
Zimbabwe	543	543	905	223	–	2	696	921	527	527	76%	–2.9
Grand Total	657,508	170,325	865,146	155,976	63,839	327,200	155,446	707,998	825,843	187,710		

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available.

* Data refers to number of cases or mix of persons and cases.

1 Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):

Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.

Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December minus Cases pending as at 1 January divided by Cases pending as at 1 January * 100%.

2 According to UNHCR, and based on lists provided by refugee communities in Malaysia, there are 45,900 unregistered asylum-seekers in Malaysia which share the same profile as the current population of asylum-seekers and refugees and who are being progressively registered and having their refugee status determined.

3 Pending cases refers to 138,000 undecided cases at first instance at the end of 2008 and 89,000 undecided cases at the end of 2007 (no update available)

Table 10. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum and level in the procedure, 2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Cases/ Persons***				Pending start-08	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-08	Protection indicators ¹			
	Procedure		App.	Dec.			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases(%)
	T ¹	L ²					Conv- ention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. sta- tus	Total		
Afghanistan	U	FI	P	P	6	15	-	-	1	10	11	10	0.0	0.0	90.9	66.7
Albania	G	FA	P	P	22	13	-	-	1	12	13	22	0.0	0.0	92.3	0.0
Algeria	U	FA	P	P	1,601	75	29	-	48	701	778	898	37.7	37.7	90.1	-43.9
Angola	G	FA	P	P	2,921	436	91	-	81	-	172	3,185	52.9	52.9	0.0	9.0
Argentina	G	FI	C	C	554	859	114	-	442	127	683	730	20.5	20.5	18.6	31.8
Armenia	G	FI	P	P	101	209	-	124	-	15	139	171	0.0	100.0	10.8	69.3
Australia	G	AR	C	C	558	2,553	448	-	1,617	261	2,326	785	21.7	21.7	11.2	40.7
Australia	G	FI	P	P	958	4,771	1,397	-	2,867	69	4,333	1,374	32.8	32.8	1.6	43.4
Austria	G	FA	P	P	33,886	12,841	3,753	1,628	7,968	3,605	16,954	31,073	28.1	40.3	21.3	-8.3
Austria	G	JR	P	P	4,556	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,620	..	..	..	23.4
Azerbaijan	G	AR	C	C	1	23	-	-	18	2	20	4	0.0	0.0	10.0	300.0
Azerbaijan	G	FI	P	P	71	187	1	-	221	-	222	36	0.5	0.5	0.0	-49.3
Azerbaijan	G	JR	C	C	3	2	-	-	4	-	4	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-66.7
Azerbaijan	U	FI	P	P	-	197	197	-	-	-	197	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Bahrain	U	FI	P	P	35	64	48	-	1	1	50	49	98.0	98.0	2.0	40.0
Bangladesh	U	FA	P	P	53	104	84	-	61	9	154	3	57.9	57.9	5.8	-94.3
Belarus	G	FI	P	P	10	91	-	4	26	28	58	43	0.0	13.3	48.3	330.0
Belarus	U	FI	P	P	-	21	10	-	-	-	10	11	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Belgium	G	AR	C	P	10,281	4,823	-	-	-	-	6,091	9,013	..	..	0.0	-12.3
Belgium	G	FI	P	P	4,966	12,252	3,033	475	7,557	729	11,784	5,248	27.4	31.7	6.2	5.7
Belgium	G	SP	C	P	-	40	-	9	4	25	38	2	0.0	69.2	65.8	..
Belize	G	FI	P	P	2	7	-	-	-	2	2	7	..	..	100.0	250.0
Benin	G	AR	P	P	156	247	14	-	340	2	356	47	4.0	4.0	0.6	-69.9
Benin	G	FI	P	P	380	490	96	-	428	181	705	165	18.3	18.3	25.7	-56.6
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	G	FI	P	P	162	45	32	-	14	70	116	91	69.6	69.6	60.3	-43.8
Bosnia- Herzegovina	G	FA	P	P	627	95	1	-	40	201	242	480	2.4	2.4	83.1	-23.4
Botswana	G	FI	P	P	84	845	747	-	-	-	747	182	100.0	100.0	0.0	116.7
Brazil	G	FI	P	P	427	595	94	14	216	181	505	517	29.0	33.3	35.8	21.1
Bulgaria	G	FI	P	P	1,074	746	27	267	380	67	741	1,079	4.0	43.6	9.0	0.5
Burkina Faso	G	AR	P	P	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	..	..	..	0.0
Burkina Faso	G	FI	P	P	559	72	26	-	40	-	66	565	39.4	39.4	0.0	1.1
Burundi	G	FI	P	P	7,492	3,613	3,252	-	311	2,273	5,836	5,269	91.3	91.3	38.9	-29.7
Burundi	U	FI	P	P	39	1	24	-	-	16	40	-	100.0	100.0	40.0	-100.0
Cambodia	U	AR	P	P	43	264	-	-	280	12	292	15	0.0	0.0	4.1	-65.1
Cambodia	U	FI	P	P	196	250	52	-	273	75	400	46	16.0	16.0	18.8	-76.5
Cameroon	U	FA	P	P	2,157	4,053	1,108	-	1,177	1,694	3,979	2,231	48.5	48.5	42.6	3.4
Canada	G	FI	P	P	37,514	34,800	7,554	-	6,784	3,774	18,112	54,202	52.7	52.7	20.8	44.5
Central African Rep.	G	FI	P	P	1,970	876	434	-	3	955	1,392	1,454	99.3	99.3	68.6	-26.2
Chad	J	FI	P	P	48	110	4	-	98	2	104	54	3.9	3.9	1.9	12.5
Chile	G	FI	P	P	518	872	124	-	371	5	500	890	25.1	25.1	1.0	71.8
China	U	FI	P	P	70	48	29	-	20	49	98	20	59.2	59.2	50.0	-71.4
- Hong Kong SAR, China	U	AR	P	P	485	501	8	-	648	72	728	258	1.2	1.2	9.9	-46.8
- Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	P	P	1,431	735	37	-	920	389	1,346	820	3.9	3.9	28.9	-42.7
- Hong Kong SAR, China	U	RA	P	P	8	29	1	-	1	1	3	34	50.0	50.0	33.3	325.0
Colombia	G	AR	P	P	-	11	-	-	8	-	8	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Colombia	G	FI	P	P	88	89	4	-	93	1	98	79	4.1	4.1	1.0	-10.2
Congo	J	FA	C	C	4,793	1,986	25	-	439	3,060	3,524	3,255	5.4	5.4	86.8	-32.1
Costa Rica	G	FA	P	P	511	966	387	-	627	-	1,014	463	38.2	38.2	0.0	-9.4
Côte d'Ivoire	G	FA	P	P	1,784	106	26	-	237	1,330	1,593	297	9.9	9.9	83.5	-83.4
Croatia	G	AR	P	P	-	24	-	3	16	-	19	5	0.0	15.8	0.0	..
Croatia	G	FI	P	P	53	155	3	-	56	92	151	57	5.1	5.1	60.9	7.5

Table 10. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum and level in the procedure, 2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Cases/ Persons***		Pending start-08	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-08	Protection indicators ¹			
							Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
	Conv- ention status	Comple. protect. status	Ref. sta- tus	Total												
	T [†]	L ^{**}	App.	Dec.	Total	Conv- ention status	Comple. protect. status	Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	Ref. sta- tus	Total	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)	
Croatia	G	JR	P	P	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Cuba	U	FA	P	P	14	10	4	-	8	2	14	10	33.3	33.3	14.3	-28.6
Cyprus	G	AR	P	P	2,043	2,992	11	25	2,403	422	2,861	2,174	0.5	1.5	14.8	6.4
Cyprus	G	FI	P	P	9,823	3,922	65	163	4,001	3,683	7,912	5,833	1.5	5.4	46.5	-40.6
Cyprus	U	FA	P	P	26	19	11	-	3	24	38	7	78.6	78.6	63.2	-73.1
Czech Rep.	G	AR	P	P	1,268	1,008	63	-	833	363	1,259	1,017	7.0	7.0	28.8	-19.8
Czech Rep.	G	FI	P	P	776	1,711	157	138	1,052	709	2,056	431	11.7	21.9	34.5	-44.5
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	U	FA	C	P	58	17	4	-	11	50	65	10	26.7	26.7	76.9	-82.8
Denmark	G	AR	P	P	146	-	106	45	293	-	444	176	23.9	34.0	0.0	20.5
Denmark ²	G	FI	P	P	414	2,360	200	315	527	-	1,042	351	19.2	49.4	0.0	-15.2
Djibouti	U	FI	P	P	487	193	75	20	-	157	252	428	78.9	100.0	62.3	-12.1
Ecuador	G	FA	P	P	27,413	17,607	36	4,427	6,337	305	11,105	33,919	0.3	41.3	2.7	23.7
Egypt	U	AR	P	P	397	275	35	-	257	17	309	363	12.0	12.0	5.5	-8.6
Egypt	U	FI	P	P	14,488	2,271	1,067	-	605	770	2,442	14,317	63.8	63.8	31.5	-1.2
El Salvador	G	FA	P	P	5	7	-	-	2	10	12	-	0.0	0.0	83.3	-100.0
Eritrea	U	FA	P	P	2,019	77	-	-	-	1,966	1,966	130	..	..	100.0	-93.6
Estonia	G	FI	P	P	6	14	4	-	8	1	13	7	33.3	33.3	7.7	16.7
Ethiopia	J	FI	P	P	185	23,716	16,934	-	2,531	2,769	22,234	1,667	87.0	87.0	12.5	801.1
Fiji	J	FI	P	P	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	6	..	..	..	500.0
Finland	G	FI	P	P	721	4,016	94	698	240	973	2,005	2,742	9.1	76.7	48.5	280.3
France	G	AR	P	P	24,027	21,636	5,199	1,132	14,490	4,246	25,067	20,596	25.0	30.4	16.9	-14.3
France	G	FI	P	P	8,248	35,404	9,648	1,793	26,648	-	38,089	10,900	25.3	30.0	0.0	32.2
France	G	RA	P	P	-	7,195	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Gabon	G	FA	P	P	4,260	302	8	-	28	220	256	4,306	22.2	22.2	85.9	1.1
Gambia	G	FI	P	P	2	2	2	-	-	2	4	-	100.0	100.0	50.0	-100.0
Georgia	G	FA	P	P	10	41	18	-	5	9	32	19	78.3	78.3	28.1	90.0
Germany	G	JR	P	P	23,137	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,017	..	..	..	-35.1
Germany	G	NA	P	P	7,716	22,085	5,902	338	6,584	2,955	15,779	14,092	46.0	48.7	18.7	82.6
Germany	G	RA	P	P	3,210	5,933	1,389	224	177	3,248	5,038	4,186	77.6	90.1	64.5	30.4
Ghana	G	FI	P	P	444	151	45	6	34	20	105	490	52.9	60.0	19.0	10.4
Greece	G	AR	P	P	20,724	13,368	344	21	1,157	275	1,797	32,659	22.6	24.0	15.3	57.6
Greece	G	FI	P	P	7,739	19,884	14	-	22,188	105	22,307	5,402	0.1	0.1	0.5	-30.2
Guatemala	G	FI	P	P	2	14	1	-	4	6	11	5	20.0	20.0	54.5	150.0
Guinea	G	FA	P	P	4,025	336	17	-	9	3,704	3,730	631	65.4	65.4	99.3	-84.3
Guinea-Bissau	G	FI	P	P	343	102	24	-	84	10	118	327	22.2	22.2	8.5	-4.7
Haiti	U	FI	P	P	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0
Honduras	G	FI	P	P	21	44	3	-	-	62	65	-	100.0	100.0	95.4	-100.0
Hungary	G	FI	P	P	1,559	3,118	160	130	395	1,483	2,168	2,521	23.4	42.3	68.4	61.7
Iceland	G	AR	P	P	12	22	-	1	7	5	13	21	0.0	12.5	38.5	75.0
Iceland	G	FI	P	P	22	77	4	6	13	49	72	27	17.4	43.5	68.1	22.7
India	U	AR	P	P	262	210	63	-	139	65	267	205	31.2	31.2	24.3	-21.8
India	U	FI	P	P	2,167	3,305	1,259	-	407	226	1,892	3,580	75.6	75.6	11.9	65.2
Indonesia	U	FI	P	P	211	385	177	-	13	53	243	353	93.2	93.2	21.8	67.3
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	U	FI	P	P	1,188	893	120	-	68	186	374	1,707	63.8	63.8	49.7	43.7
Iraq	U	FI	P	P	2,413	285	-	-	-	641	641	2,057	..	..	100.0	-14.8
Ireland	G	AR	P	P	3,091	2,890	293	-	2,028	245	2,566	3,416	12.6	12.6	9.5	10.5
Ireland	G	FI	P	P	1,268	3,866	295	-	2,942	1,080	4,317	1,196	9.1	9.1	25.0	-5.7
Israel	J	AR	P	P	291	617	1	-	124	3	128	780	0.8	0.8	2.3	168.0
Israel	J	FI	P	P	5,989	7,738	3	8,418	896	573	9,890	3,837	0.0	90.4	5.8	-35.9
Israel	J	RA	P	P	1	18	-	-	5	-	5	14	0.0	0.0	0.0	1300.0
Italy	G	FI	P	P	-	30,324	1,785	8,234	10,379	1,049	21,447	-	8.8	49.1	4.9	..
Japan	G	AR	P	P	380	429	17	45	300	34	351	407	4.7	17.1	9.7	7.1
Japan	G	FI	P	P	1,018	1,599	40	315	791	87	918	1,699	3.5	31.0	9.5	66.9
Japan	G	JR	P	P	117	72	3	-	4	-	7	182	42.9	42.9	0.0	55.6
Jordan	U	AR	P	P	21	21	2	-	13	-	15	27	13.3	13.3	0.0	28.6

Table 10. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum and level in the procedure, 2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Cases/ Persons***		Pending start-08	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-08	Protection indicators ¹			
							Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases(%)
	T ¹	L ²	App.	Dec.	Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status	Ref. sta- tus	Total								
Jordan	U	FI	P	P	567	455	142	49	52	149	392	630	58.4	78.6	38.0	11.1
Jordan	U	RA	P	P	1	33	-	-	6	-	6	28	0.0	0.0	0.0	2700.0
Kazakhstan	U	FA	P	P	70	256	130	-	62	8	200	126	67.7	67.7	4.0	80.0
Kenya	U	AR	P	P	917	723	317	-	187	68	572	1,068	62.9	62.9	11.9	16.5
Kenya	U	FI	P	P	4,848	8,093	2,609	-	458	2,182	5,249	7,692	85.1	85.1	41.6	58.7
Kuwait	U	AR	P	P	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	..	..	..	..
Kuwait	U	FI	P	P	702	2,071	104	-	8	18	130	2,644	92.9	92.9	13.8	276.6
Kyrgyzstan	G	FI	P	P	545	419	5	-	285	304	594	370	17.7	1.7	51.2	-32.1
Kyrgyzstan	U	FA	P	P	170	456	202	-	1	28	231	395	99.5	99.5	12.1	132.4
Latvia	G	FI	P	P	15	51	2	1	21	7	31	36	8.3	12.5	22.6	140.0
Lebanon	U	AR	P	P	169	118	8	-	118	-	126	161	6.3	6.3	0.0	-4.7
Lebanon	U	FI	P	P	413	292	59	8	176	99	342	363	24.3	27.6	28.9	-12.1
Liberia	G	FA	C	C	95	4	41	-	-	22	63	36	100.0	100.0	34.9	-62.1
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	AR	P	P	-	140	70	-	9	-	79	61	88.6	88.6	0.0	..
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	FI	P	P	2,773	4,947	2,328	344	180	95	2,947	4,773	81.6	93.7	3.2	72.1
Liechtenstein	G	FI	P	P	14	26	-	-	10	16	26	14	0.0	0.0	61.5	0.0
Lithuania	G	FI	P	P	29	215	11	52	37	44	144	100	11.0	63.0	30.6	244.8
Luxembourg	G	AR	C	C	-	202	20	1	183	17	221	-	9.8	10.3	7.7	..
Luxembourg	G	FI	P	P	-	463	52	338	230	142	762	-	8.4	62.9	18.6	..
Luxembourg	G	JR	C	C	38	144	1	3	91	20	115	29	1.1	4.2	17.4	-23.7
Malawi	G	FA	P	P	6,782	1,429	1,243	-	231	196	1,670	6,541	84.3	84.3	11.7	-3.6
Malaysia ³	U	FI	P	P	6,851	17,039	11,367	-	318	2,882	14,567	9,323	97.3	97.3	19.8	36.1
Mali	G	FI	P	P	1,910	54	25	-	23	-	48	1,916	52.1	52.1	0.0	0.3
Malta	G	AR	P	P	114	911	1	-	183	-	184	727	0.5	0.5	0.0	537.7
Malta	G	FI	P	P	611	2,607	19	1,394	1,279	23	2,715	503	0.7	52.5	0.8	-17.7
Mauritania	J	FA	P	P	25	311	73	-	172	29	274	62	29.8	29.8	10.6	148.0
Mexico	G	FI	P	P	49	317	101	-	105	142	348	18	49.0	49.0	40.8	-63.3
Mongolia	U	FI	P	P	2	5	5	-	1	1	7	-	83.3	83.3	14.3	-100.0
Montenegro	G	FA	P	P	2	7	-	1	5	2	8	1	0.0	16.7	25.0	-50.0
Morocco	U	AR	P	P	193	264	-	-	334	-	334	123	0.0	0.0	0.0	-36.3
Morocco	U	FI	P	P	478	835	114	-	551	302	967	346	17.1	17.1	31.2	-27.6
Mozambique	G	AR	P	P	-	380	-	-	-	-	-	380	..	..	..	..
Mozambique	G	FI	P	P	4,161	1,375	452	-	549	459	1,460	4,076	45.2	45.2	31.4	-2.0
Namibia	G	FI	C	P	1,205	296	34	-	138	6	178	1,323	19.8	19.8	3.4	9.8
Nepal	G	FI	P	P	1,550	83	-	684	-	-	684	949	0.0	100.0	0.0	-38.8
Nepal	U	AR	P	P	16	-	1	-	4	-	5	11	20.0	20.0	0.0	-31.3
Nepal	U	FI	P	P	67	39	46	-	9	30	85	21	83.6	83.6	35.3	-68.7
Netherlands	G	FA	P	P	5,840	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,743	..	..	..	66.8
Netherlands	G	FI	P	P	-	13,399	515	5,161	5,247	-	10,923	-	4.7	52.0	0.0	..
New Zealand	G	AR	P	P	94	133	48	-	95	12	155	72	33.6	33.6	7.7	-23.4
New Zealand	G	FI	P	P	84	254	91	-	167	-	258	80	35.3	35.3	0.0	-4.8
Nicaragua	G	FI	P	P	25	71	2	-	-	94	96	-	100.0	100.0	97.9	-100.0
Niger	G	FI	P	P	19	21	6	-	10	-	16	24	37.5	37.5	0.0	26.3
Nigeria	G	FI	P	P	700	694	26	55	81	14	176	1,218	16.0	50.0	8.0	74.0
Norway	G	AR	P	P	2,523	6,074	73	607	3,967	34	4,681	4,313	1.6	14.6	0.7	70.9
Norway	G	FI	P	P	4,154	14,431	1,077	1,975	4,390	2,258	9,700	9,314	14.5	41.0	23.3	124.2
Oman	U	FA	P	P	41	12	3	-	-	3	6	47	100.0	100.0	50.0	14.6
Pakistan	U	FA	P	P	3,126	1,449	575	-	508	541	1,624	2,951	53.1	53.1	33.3	-5.6
Panama	G	FI	P	P	530	202	34	-	26	71	131	601	56.7	56.7	54.2	13.4
Papua New Guinea	J	FI	P	P	9	2	3	-	-	1	4	7	100.0	100.0	25.0	-22.2
Paraguay	G	FI	P	P	14	15	13	-	2	10	25	4	86.7	86.7	40.0	-71.4
Peru	G	FI	P	P	541	211	92	-	57	16	165	587	61.7	61.7	9.7	8.5
Philippines	G	FI	P	P	31	62	2	-	2	-	4	89	50.0	50.0	0.0	187.1
Poland	G	AR	P	P	-	542	7	9	154	153	323	911	4.1	9.4	47.4	..

Table 10. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum and level in the procedure, 2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Cases/ Persons***		Pending start-08	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-08	Protection indicators ¹			
							Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
	Conv- ention status	Complem. protect. status	Ref. sta- tus	Total												
	T*	L**	App.	Dec.	Total	Conv- ention status	Complem. protect. status	Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	Ref. sta- tus	Total	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)	
Poland	G	FI	P	P	4,449	7,203	186	2,581	1,454	5,638	9,859	3,492	4.4	65.6	57.2	-21.5
Portugal	G	FA	P	P	-	161	12	70	41	-	123	-	9.8	66.7	0.0	..
Qatar	U	FI	P	P	44	19	7	-	-	19	26	37	100.0	100.0	73.1	-15.9
Rep. of Korea	G	FA	P	P	1,155	364	32	22	77	99	230	1,289	24.4	41.2	43.0	11.6
Rep. of Moldova	G	FA	P	P	79	57	4	20	53	26	103	33	5.2	31.2	25.2	-58.2
Romania	G	FA	P	P	166	1,172	129	5	835	80	1,049	303	13.3	13.8	7.6	82.5
Russian Federation	G	FI	P	P	3,080	5,418	350	797	5,551	-	6,698	1,800	5.2	17.1	0.0	-41.6
Rwanda	G	FI	P	P	692	13	19	-	38	296	353	352	33.3	33.3	83.9	-49.1
Rwanda	U	AR	P	P	36	-	4	-	-	32	36	-	100.0	100.0	88.9	-100.0
Saint Lucia	U	FI	P	P	3	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	..	..	100.0	-66.7
Saudi Arabia	U	FI	P	P	293	95	58	9	30	99	196	192	59.8	69.1	50.5	-34.5
Senegal	G	FI	P	P	2,538	255	3	-	96	-	99	2,694	3.0	3.0	0.0	6.1
Serbia	J	FI	P	P	12	79	-	12	17	23	52	39	0.0	41.4	44.2	225.0
Sierra Leone	U	FI	P	P	226	432	-	-	53	276	329	329	0.0	0.0	83.9	45.6
Singapore	U	FI	P	P	24	17	13	1	3	24	41	-	76.5	82.4	58.5	-100.0
Slovakia	G	AR	P	P	433	-	-	-	-	-	-	260	..	..	..	-40.0
Slovakia	G	FI	P	P	151	910	22	65	414	452	953	47	4.4	17.4	47.4	-68.9
Slovenia	G	FI	P	P	58	238	3	2	156	164	325	84	1.9	3.1	50.5	44.8
Somalia	U	FI	P	P	8,659	2,164	720	2	629	226	1,577	9,246	53.3	53.4	14.3	6.8
South Africa ⁴	G	BL	P	P	89,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,033	..	..	..	0.0
South Africa	G	FI	P	P	-	207,206	7,049	-	62,065	-	69,114	138,092	10.2	10.2	0.0	..
Spain	G	FI	P	P	-	4,517	151	126	2,289	2,614	5,180	-	5.9	10.8	50.5	..
Sri Lanka	U	FA	P	P	198	425	128	-	45	57	230	393	74.0	74.0	24.8	98.5
Sudan	G	FI	P	P	8,114	34,818	5,642	6,722	63	24,691	37,118	5,814	45.4	99.5	66.5	-28.3
Sudan	U	FA	C	P	37	290	245	6	1	19	271	56	97.2	99.6	7.0	51.4
Swaziland	J	FI	P	P	252	193	-	-	-	-	-	445	..	..	..	76.6
Sweden	G	AR	P	P	4,690	16,137	208	661	10,316	1,439	12,624	10,122	1.9	7.8	11.4	115.8
Sweden	G	FI	P	P	23,033	24,353	1,722	6,435	18,095	3,173	29,425	13,977	6.6	31.1	10.8	-39.3
Switzerland	G	FA	P	P	6,170	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,507	..	..	..	-27.0
Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	P	P	6,305	16,606	2,261	4,327	4,483	4,318	15,389	12,656	20.4	59.5	28.1	100.7
Syrian Arab Rep.	U	AR	P	P	338	90	90	-	103	70	263	165	46.6	46.6	26.6	-51.2
Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	P	P	5,385	880	1,370	-	119	2,804	4,293	1,972	92.0	92.0	65.3	-63.4
Syrian Arab Rep.	U	RA	P	P	161	9	24	-	1	39	64	106	96.0	96.0	60.9	-34.2
Tajikistan	J	FA	P	P	142	1,366	828	-	639	-	1,467	41	56.4	56.4	0.0	-71.1
Tajikistan	U	AR	P	P	2	5	2	-	-	-	2	5	100.0	100.0	0.0	150.0
Thailand	G	FA	P	P	12,761	193	755	-	150	40	945	12,009	83.4	83.4	4.2	-5.9
Thailand	U	AR	P	P	42	183	15	-	119	24	158	67	11.2	11.2	15.2	59.5
Thailand	U	FI	P	P	650	766	480	-	249	196	925	491	65.8	65.8	21.2	-24.5
Thailand	U	RA	P	P	30	90	17	-	27	65	109	11	38.6	38.6	59.6	-63.3
TFYR Macedonia	G	FA	P	P	171	54	1	46	17	61	125	100	1.6	73.4	48.8	-41.5
Timor-Leste	G	FA	C	C	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	16	..	..	..	300.0
Togo	G	FI	P	P	345	199	26	-	66	-	92	452	28.3	28.3	0.0	31.0
Trinidad and Tobago	U	FA	P	P	103	63	12	-	20	35	67	99	37.5	37.5	52.2	-3.9
Tunisia	U	FA	P	P	54	67	1	-	22	47	70	51	4.3	4.3	67.1	-5.6
Turkey	U	AR	P	P	676	740	256	-	174	526	956	460	59.5	59.5	55.0	-32.0
Turkey	U	FI	P	P	4,381	12,981	8,310	-	478	2,022	10,810	6,552	94.6	94.6	18.7	49.6
Turkey	U	RA	P	P	132	90	80	-	27	10	117	105	74.8	74.8	8.5	-20.5
Turkmenistan	U	FI	P	P	16	-	-	-	16	-	16	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Uganda	G	FI	P	P	5,776	13,550	7,602	-	1,079	1,402	9,889	9,243	87.6	87.6	14.2	60.0
Ukraine	G	AR	P	P	591	660	-	-	534	84	618	633	0.0	0.0	13.6	7.1
Ukraine	G	FI	P	P	711	2,237	121	-	574	1,578	2,273	674	17.4	17.4	69.4	-5.2

Table 10. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country of asylum and level in the procedure, 2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Cases/ Persons***		Pending start-08	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-08	Protection indicators ¹			
							Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases(%)
	T [*]	L ^{**}	App.	Dec.	Conv- ention status	Comple. protect. status	Ref. sta- tus	Total								
Ukraine	U	FI	P	P	-	73	73	-	-	-	73	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
United Arab Emirates	U	FA	P	P	64	128	109	5	10	3	127	65	87.9	91.9	2.4	1.6
United Kingdom	G	AR	C	C	4,000	10,660	2,475	-	7,570	655	10,700	3,000	24.6	24.6	6.1	-25.0
United Kingdom ⁵	G	FI	P	P	6,800	31,315	4,780	2,310	14,085	5,615	26,790	11,400	22.6	33.5	21.0	67.6
United Kingdom	G	JR	C	C	-	2,450	30	-	60	2,425	2,515	-	33.3	33.3	96.4	..
United Rep. of Tanzania	G	FA	P	P	308	-	54	-	-	-	54	254	100.0	100.0	0.0	-17.5
United States of America	G	EO	P	P	55,241	13,857	6,946	-	6,663	15,512	29,121	57,936	51.0	51.0	53.3	4.9
United States of America	G	IN	C	C	27,152	25,505	9,796	-	21,744	13,825	45,365	11,292	31.1	31.1	30.5	-58.4
Uruguay	G	FI	P	P	37	16	3	-	11	-	14	39	21.4	21.4	0.0	5.4
Vanuatu	U	FI	P	P	-	4	3	-	-	-	3	1	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	G	FI	P	P	9,602	2,960	295	-	331	-	626	11,936	47.1	47.1	0.0	24.3
Yemen	U	FA	P	P	717	2,238	1,388	-	379	357	2,124	831	78.6	78.6	16.8	15.9
Zambia	G	FA	P	C	28	227	11	69	56	62	198	57	8.1	58.8	31.3	103.6
Zimbabwe	G	FI	P	P	543	905	223	-	2	696	921	527	99.1	99.1	75.6	-2.9
Total					657,508	865,148	156,311	63,993	326,634	155,378	707,843	825,843				

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available.

- Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):
 Refugee status recognition rate: Recognized divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.
 Total recognition rate: Recognized plus Other positive divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.
 Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.
 Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December minus Cases pending as at 1 January divided by Cases pending as at 1 January * 100%.
- Denmark (FI) excludes Iraqi translators who have been working for the Danish Forces in Iraq.
- Malaysia: According to UNHCR, and based on lists provided by refugee communities in Malaysia, there are 45,900 unregistered asylum-seekers in Malaysia which share the same profile as the current population of asylum-seekers and refugees and who are being progressively registered and having their refugee status determined.
- South Africa: Pending cases refers to 138,000 undecided cases at first instance at the end of 2008 and 89,000 undecided cases at the end of 2007 (no update available).
- Switzerland (FI): complementary protection refers to the year when it enters into force even though it might have been granted earlier.
- UK figures at first instance are rounded to the closest five.
- T=Type: G=Government; U=UNHCR; J=Government and UNHCR jointly.
- L=Level: NA=New Applications; FI=First instance decisions; AR=Administrative Review decisions; RA=Repeat/reopened applications; IN=US Immigration and Naturalization Service; EO=US Executive Office of Immigration Review; JR=Judicial Review; SP=Subsidiary protection; BL=backlog procedure; FA=First instance and appeal.
- *** Data refers to number of cases (C) or persons (P): App. = Applications; Dec. = Decisions taken during the year.

Table 11. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin, 2008

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal). These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indicators ¹			
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Conv-ent. status	Comple. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Afghanistan	16,328	7,779	30,349	4,173	4,242	11,596	3,219	23,230	23,179	10,875	20.9	42.1	13.9	42.0
Albania	1,662	8	2,237	390	120	1,224	373	2,107	1,822	9	22.5	29.4	17.7	9.6
Algeria	1,399	58	4,207	150	114	2,157	943	3,364	1,536	70	6.2	10.9	28.0	9.8
Andorra	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	..	..	..	0.0
Angola	925	202	1,543	252	258	892	136	1,538	741	170	18.0	36.4	8.8	-19.9
Antigua and Barbuda	11	-	19	-	-	2	-	2	26	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	136.4
Argentina	122	3	148	16	1	38	52	107	143	11	29.1	30.9	48.6	17.2
Armenia	4,116	101	5,169	802	318	3,774	533	5,427	3,768	97	16.4	22.9	9.8	-8.5
Australia	1	-	11	-	-	-	2	2	10	-	..	..	100.0	900.0
Austria	6	-	5	-	-	5	5	10	2	-	0.0	0.0	50.0	-66.7
Azerbaijan	1,937	74	2,423	529	136	1,379	265	2,309	1,872	40	25.9	32.5	11.5	-3.4
Bahamas	24	-	29	3	-	3	13	19	25	-	50.0	50.0	68.4	4.2
Bahrain	18	-	7	2	-	6	5	13	13	-	25.0	25.0	38.5	-27.8
Bangladesh	7,341	165	14,757	545	184	6,694	1,030	8,453	6,711	173	7.3	9.8	12.2	-8.6
Barbados	32	-	38	3	-	14	2	19	49	1	17.6	17.6	10.5	53.1
Belarus	1,293	175	1,654	279	55	1,091	472	1,897	1,079	164	19.6	23.4	24.9	-16.6
Belgium	13	-	24	3	-	7	10	20	28	-	30.0	30.0	50.0	115.4
Belize	23	1	10	1	-	6	4	11	19	1	14.3	14.3	36.4	-17.4
Benin	174	16	389	14	16	145	44	219	187	17	8.0	17.1	20.1	7.5
Bhutan	1,649	3	386	49	713	146	11	919	1,091	3	5.4	83.9	1.2	-33.8
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	431	7	401	31	8	545	77	661	161	11	5.3	6.7	11.6	-62.6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1,419	3	1,322	151	251	791	282	1,475	1,159	22	12.7	33.7	19.1	-18.3
Botswana	57	2	127	6	2	15	8	31	153	1	26.1	34.8	25.8	168.4
Brazil	318	1	468	64	3	177	150	390	369	4	26.2	27.5	38.5	16.0
Brunei Darussalam	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	..	..	100.0	..
Bulgaria	400	3	302	79	10	177	184	450	300	4	29.7	33.5	40.9	-25.0
Burkina Faso	274	15	1,119	64	96	649	95	904	317	26	7.9	19.8	10.5	15.7
Burundi	7,094	4,860	5,091	1,660	168	1,171	291	3,290	6,645	5,387	55.4	61.0	8.8	-6.3
Cambodia	420	240	203	65	1	129	207	402	218	75	33.3	33.8	51.5	-48.1
Cameroon	2,966	404	4,003	698	113	1,742	601	3,154	2,933	442	27.3	31.8	19.1	-1.1
Canada	73	-	35	-	-	16	18	34	61	-	0.0	0.0	52.9	-16.4
Cape Verde	7	2	8	-	-	2	2	4	7	3	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
Central African Rep.	1,354	889	1,805	772	11	393	774	1,950	1,233	1,037	65.6	66.6	39.7	-8.9
Chad	2,661	1,437	3,520	717	82	985	973	2,757	3,369	2,066	40.2	44.8	35.3	26.6
Chile	121	7	202	16	8	130	33	187	124	12	10.4	15.6	17.6	2.5
China	15,714	543	21,193	5,572	422	11,740	2,941	20,675	19,621	520	31.4	33.8	14.2	24.9
- Hong Kong SAR, China	26	-	49	-	-	8	5	13	52	-	0.0	0.0	38.5	100.0
- Macao SAR, China	2	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	2	-	..	..	100.0	0.0
Colombia	43,076	31,025	25,434	3,301	4,376	7,609	1,922	17,208	52,635	41,141	21.6	50.2	11.2	22.2
Comoros	42	3	1,142	61	2	416	7	486	40	3	12.7	13.2	1.4	-4.8
Congo	6,058	3,280	10,753	365	103	1,268	1,006	2,742	5,039	3,029	21.0	27.0	36.7	-16.8
Costa Rica	65	3	51	2	-	14	31	47	66	1	12.5	12.5	66.0	1.5
Côte d'Ivoire	7,906	3,964	6,207	671	829	3,441	2,262	7,203	6,468	3,290	13.6	30.4	31.4	-18.2
Croatia	126	-	190	13	12	107	34	166	137	2	9.8	18.9	20.5	8.7
Cuba	1,014	367	1,370	322	165	464	366	1,317	882	317	33.9	51.2	27.8	-13.0
Cyprus	2	1	2	1	-	4	4	9	2	-	20.0	20.0	44.4	0.0
Czech Rep.	139	3	974	87	-	94	162	343	790	10	48.1	48.1	47.2	468.3
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	257	20	414	298	19	140	120	577	211	12	65.2	69.4	20.8	-17.9

Table 11. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin, 2008

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal).
 These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indicators ^a			
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Convention status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	36,620	25,452	34,153	10,554	532	6,034	7,252	24,372	36,278	25,856	61.6	64.8	29.8	-0.9
Denmark	2	-	8	-	-	1	1	2	7	-	0.0	0.0	50.0	250.0
Djibouti	32	2	115	51	1	25	7	84	66	4	66.2	67.5	8.3	106.3
Dominica	11	-	14	-	-	1	1	2	23	-	0.0	0.0	50.0	109.1
Dominican Rep.	112	14	332	9	-	85	24	118	270	59	9.6	9.6	20.3	141.1
Ecuador	204	21	351	30	6	131	134	301	244	33	18.0	21.6	44.5	19.6
Egypt	1,646	91	2,558	407	12	1,058	399	1,876	1,828	136	27.6	28.4	21.3	11.1
El Salvador	17,599	2	3,589	393	4	4,435	8,392	13,224	11,160	12	8.1	8.2	63.5	-36.6
Equatorial Guinea	30	12	66	5	8	18	17	48	46	13	16.1	41.9	35.4	53.3
Eritrea	12,711	4,177	63,254	17,381	13,850	2,545	26,064	59,840	14,604	3,957	51.5	92.5	43.6	14.9
Estonia	57	3	14	5	1	17	16	39	38	1	21.7	26.1	41.0	-33.3
Ethiopia	29,361	15,414	26,314	5,462	801	3,834	4,039	14,136	31,507	18,566	54.1	62.0	28.6	7.3
Fiji	223	-	213	61	-	136	62	259	201	-	31.0	31.0	23.9	-9.9
Finland	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
France	50	-	63	-	1	17	22	40	58	1	0.0	5.6	55.0	16.0
French Guiana	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	..	..	..	0.0
Gabon	26	1	67	4	-	11	8	23	33	5	26.7	26.7	34.8	26.9
Gambia	986	87	1,699	174	58	825	317	1,374	1,137	89	16.5	21.9	23.1	15.3
Georgia	4,123	579	9,225	298	573	5,902	1,305	8,078	5,086	1,182	4.4	12.9	16.2	23.4
Germany	66	1	106	3	4	25	25	56	103	2	9.4	21.9	44.6	56.1
Ghana	1,655	313	5,306	65	137	2,083	336	2,621	2,016	476	2.8	8.8	12.8	21.8
Gibraltar	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Greece	11	4	10	-	-	2	4	6	16	4	0.0	0.0	66.7	45.5
Grenada	66	-	37	15	-	16	5	36	66	-	48.4	48.4	13.9	0.0
Guatemala	13,905	9	2,210	458	-	2,985	5,979	9,422	10,253	9	13.3	13.3	63.5	-26.3
Guinea	2,010	299	4,981	1,285	301	2,807	808	5,201	2,016	241	29.3	36.1	15.5	0.3
Guinea-Bissau	274	155	343	14	4	149	124	291	277	129	8.4	10.8	42.6	1.1
Guyana	234	-	220	28	-	82	34	144	276	-	25.5	25.5	23.6	17.9
Haiti	10,316	55	8,613	1,478	60	3,875	2,551	7,964	12,671	62	27.3	28.4	32.0	22.8
Holy See (the)	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	..	..	..	0.0
Honduras	649	-	1,447	61	3	168	305	537	943	1	26.3	27.6	56.8	45.3
Hungary	101	-	331	22	-	43	68	133	294	2	33.8	33.8	51.1	191.1
Iceland	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
India	7,104	108	8,616	503	40	3,575	2,021	6,139	6,876	88	12.2	13.2	32.9	-3.2
Indonesia	2,361	167	1,789	495	-	1,343	669	2,507	2,225	39	26.9	26.9	26.7	-5.8
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	10,691	3,177	13,341	3,590	751	5,974	2,474	12,789	11,160	3,365	34.8	42.1	19.3	4.4
Iraq	28,246	3,207	52,086	19,718	8,423	19,197	5,878	53,216	25,675	2,329	41.7	59.4	11.0	-9.1
Ireland	4	-	4	-	-	4	4	8	3	1	0.0	0.0	50.0	-25.0
Israel	934	12	589	41	12	282	146	481	1,037	10	12.2	15.8	30.4	11.0
Italy	12	-	61	2	-	2	13	17	34	1	50.0	50.0	76.5	183.3
Jamaica	242	2	701	70	2	285	115	472	404	1	19.6	20.2	24.4	66.9
Japan	24	-	21	-	-	6	8	14	32	-	0.0	0.0	57.1	33.3
Jordan	729	27	657	64	78	306	255	703	759	23	14.3	31.7	36.3	4.1
Kazakhstan	546	220	867	73	27	580	149	829	586	123	10.7	14.7	18.0	7.3
Kenya	1,737	182	3,120	339	46	877	280	1,542	2,206	334	26.9	30.5	18.2	27.0
Kiribati	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	..	..	..	..
Kuwait	105	16	329	124	13	102	54	293	68	12	51.9	57.3	18.4	-35.2
Kyrgyzstan	451	92	502	98	23	329	122	572	407	64	21.8	26.9	21.3	-9.8
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	166	82	98	34	-	28	22	84	182	82	54.8	54.8	26.2	9.6
Latvia	42	2	56	3	9	36	17	65	31	2	6.3	25.0	26.2	-26.2
Lebanon	2,610	49	2,562	198	83	1,910	556	2,747	2,291	59	9.0	12.8	20.2	-12.2
Lesotho	13	-	45	1	-	2	4	7	17	-	33.3	33.3	57.1	30.8

Table 11. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin, 2008

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These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indicators ¹			
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Conv-ent status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Liberia	3,582	2,384	1,654	182	63	672	1,916	2,833	2,394	1,240	19.8	26.7	67.6	-33.2
Libyan Arab Jamahiriyah	645	5	1,419	62	57	872	252	1,243	765	3	6.3	12.0	20.3	18.6
Lithuania	80	3	40	2	1	31	41	74	60	3	5.9	8.8	55.4	-25.0
Madagascar	9	1	38	9	1	18	2	30	17	1	32.1	35.7	6.7	88.9
Malawi	8,198	158	16,110	5	4	133	35	177	8,210	158	3.5	6.3	19.8	0.1
Malaysia	116	1	534	26	-	438	38	502	138	1	5.6	5.6	7.6	19.0
Maldives	2	1	1	-	-	1	1	2	1	1	0.0	0.0	50.0	-50.0
Mali	626	15	4,594	736	357	1,867	148	3,108	750	36	24.9	36.9	4.8	19.8
Malta	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	..	..	100.0	-100.0
Mauritania	897	251	1,837	322	38	1,242	172	1,774	784	258	20.1	22.5	9.7	-12.6
Mauritius	24	3	81	-	-	62	11	73	25	2	0.0	0.0	15.1	4.2
Mexico	14,766	2	10,806	767	-	4,280	5,233	10,280	17,443	2	15.2	15.2	50.9	18.1
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Mongolia	2,005	180	2,683	125	65	2,055	430	2,675	2,070	173	5.6	8.5	16.1	3.2
Montenegro	195	2	411	18	65	361	98	542	181	12	4.1	18.7	18.1	-7.2
Morocco	473	30	1,187	58	29	661	336	1,084	534	19	7.8	11.6	31.0	12.9
Mozambique	686	1	3,665	-	1	8	5	14	682	-	0.0	11.1	35.7	-0.6
Myanmar	19,043	9,274	18,623	12,071	529	1,336	1,767	15,375	22,338	12,046	86.6	90.4	11.5	17.3
Namibia	22	2	30	3	-	11	4	18	28	1	21.4	21.4	22.2	27.3
Nauru	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	..	..	..	0.0
Nepal	2,240	253	1,842	532	71	1,229	393	2,225	2,112	96	29.0	32.9	17.7	-5.7
Netherlands	21	-	31	1	-	19	4	24	28	1	5.0	5.0	16.7	33.3
New Caledonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	..	..	100.0	..
New Zealand	5	-	16	-	-	12	-	12	8	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.0
Nicaragua	738	11	423	35	1	216	475	727	468	12	13.9	14.3	65.3	-36.6
Niger	228	17	4,058	43	13	272	71	399	271	37	13.1	17.1	17.8	18.9
Nigeria	9,741	1,334	17,189	514	584	9,695	3,158	13,951	10,474	1,511	4.8	10.2	22.6	7.5
Norway	1	-	2	-	2	1	1	4	1	-	0.0	66.7	25.0	0.0
Occupied Palestinian Territory	2,411	638	2,916	960	427	409	746	2,542	2,661	602	53.5	77.2	29.3	10.4
Oman	4	-	6	2	2	2	-	6	4	-	33.3	66.7	0.0	0.0
Pakistan	8,644	460	20,582	1,038	229	14,328	2,194	17,789	6,254	678	6.7	8.1	12.3	-27.6
Panama	34	2	28	2	-	19	3	24	36	1	9.5	9.5	12.5	5.9
Papua New Guinea	24	-	33	18	-	19	1	38	19	-	48.6	48.6	2.6	-20.8
Paraguay	39	2	26	7	-	20	5	32	32	3	25.9	25.9	15.6	-17.9
Peru	2,844	2,204	2,691	124	20	2,542	249	2,935	2,503	1,888	4.6	5.4	8.5	-12.0
Philippines	783	50	789	38	2	471	173	684	910	66	7.4	7.8	25.3	16.2
Poland	212	1	149	16	-	40	105	161	227	1	28.6	28.6	65.2	7.1
Portugal	43	1	34	-	-	23	21	44	35	-	0.0	0.0	47.7	-18.6
Qatar	2	1	4	1	-	1	-	2	3	1	50.0	50.0	0.0	50.0
Rep. of Korea	392	4	464	14	1	273	83	371	511	1	4.9	5.2	22.4	30.4
Rep. of Moldova	928	54	1,409	98	30	988	505	1,621	888	38	8.8	11.5	31.2	-4.3
Romania	566	8	383	57	7	183	229	476	392	4	23.1	25.9	48.1	-30.7
Russian Federation	16,582	421	23,036	4,688	3,720	9,925	7,970	26,303	15,715	313	25.6	45.9	30.3	-5.2
Rwanda	8,320	4,201	2,634	1,061	41	1,452	1,805	4,165	6,108	5,077	41.5	43.1	43.3	-26.6
Saint Kitts and Nevis	8	-	6	2	-	2	2	6	8	-	50.0	50.0	33.3	0.0
Saint Lucia	179	-	261	29	-	55	17	101	336	-	34.5	34.5	16.8	87.7
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	504	-	500	93	-	118	48	259	744	-	44.1	44.1	18.5	47.6
Samoa	1	-	6	-	-	6	-	6	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0

Table 11. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin, 2008

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal).
These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2008		Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008		Protection indicators ^c			
	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Convention status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
San Marino	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Saudi Arabia	45	10	62	16	1	36	32	85	39	10	30.2	32.1	37.6	-13.3
Senegal	802	211	2,154	82	64	1,231	133	1,510	819	211	6.0	10.6	8.8	2.1
Serbia	15,314	1,349	18,490	1,512	1,267	10,063	4,386	17,228	14,683	1,697	11.8	21.6	25.5	-4.1
Seychelles	11	-	7	1	-	3	-	4	16	-	25.0	25.0	0.0	45.5
Sierra Leone	4,625	3,129	1,481	154	121	844	2,391	3,510	2,623	1,574	13.8	24.6	68.1	-43.3
Singapore	16	1	13	2	1	7	6	16	16	-	20.0	30.0	37.5	0.0
Slovakia	107	7	383	1	-	466	84	551	132	12	0.2	0.2	15.2	23.4
Slovenia	10	-	4	-	-	2	1	3	12	-	0.0	0.0	33.3	20.0
Solomon Islands	22	-	-	22	-	-	-	22	-	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0
Somalia	16,643	4,135	53,062	16,196	8,286	6,270	7,049	37,801	20,543	6,434	52.7	79.6	18.6	23.4
South Africa	121	15	481	11	9	307	75	402	151	19	3.4	6.1	18.7	24.8
Spain	13	3	29	1	-	7	10	18	23	3	12.5	12.5	55.6	76.9
Sri Lanka	6,272	1,695	13,439	4,693	1,263	6,507	1,553	14,013	7,057	1,502	37.7	47.8	11.1	12.5
Sudan	19,999	16,834	9,789	1,851	4,029	2,495	3,383	11,758	18,080	14,639	22.1	70.2	28.8	-9.6
Suriname	9	-	12	3	-	3	-	6	13	-	50.0	50.0	0.0	44.4
Swaziland	66	4	76	4	1	16	-	21	99	3	19.0	23.8	0.0	50.0
Sweden	8	-	28	-	-	4	10	14	18	-	0.0	0.0	71.4	125.0
Switzerland	4	-	12	-	1	4	7	12	6	-	0.0	20.0	58.3	50.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	7,024	1,211	6,941	654	315	5,049	1,758	7,776	5,989	1,326	10.9	16.1	22.6	-14.7
Tajikistan	105	45	202	11	17	118	27	173	150	36	7.5	19.2	15.6	42.9
Thailand	376	179	229	8	6	76	84	174	414	173	8.9	15.6	48.3	10.1
TFYR Macedonia	1,169	21	1,024	40	53	611	343	1,047	1,084	24	5.7	13.2	32.8	-7.3
Timor-Leste	2	-	14	1	-	11	-	12	2	-	8.3	8.3	0.0	0.0
Togo	1,364	276	1,917	305	147	1,283	206	1,941	1,131	323	17.6	26.1	10.6	-17.1
Tonga	18	1	25	2	-	11	5	18	26	1	15.4	15.4	27.8	44.4
Trinidad and Tobago	166	-	203	32	2	44	26	104	239	-	41.0	43.6	25.0	44.0
Tunisia	375	24	871	58	19	309	201	587	368	18	15.0	19.9	34.2	-1.9
Turkey	9,947	876	9,466	1,730	454	5,981	1,929	10,094	8,538	875	21.2	26.7	19.1	-14.2
Turkmenistan	148	43	126	25	8	99	19	148	115	29	18.9	25.0	12.8	-22.3
Tuvalu	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Uganda	3,200	755	3,268	249	33	531	214	1,027	3,140	618	30.6	34.7	20.8	-1.9
Ukraine	2,362	353	1,691	249	63	1,253	687	2,252	1,899	231	15.9	19.9	30.5	-19.6
United Arab Emirates	6	-	13	3	-	3	1	7	11	1	50.0	50.0	14.3	83.3
United Kingdom	41	1	43	3	-	29	32	63	28	-	9.4	9.4	50.8	-31.7
United Rep. of Tanzania	2,930	499	4,299	23	1	144	104	272	2,901	444	13.7	14.3	38.2	-1.0
United States	1,114	3	1,056	12	4	256	134	406	1,755	8	4.4	5.9	33.0	57.5
Uruguay	32	1	41	2	-	4	17	23	51	1	33.3	33.3	73.9	59.4
Uzbekistan	1,809	411	2,735	539	117	1,562	539	2,757	1,840	350	24.3	29.6	19.6	1.7
Vanuatu	-	-	3	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	50.0	50.0	0.0	..
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	1,799	28	1,053	690	1	697	360	1,748	1,526	32	49.7	49.8	20.6	-15.2
Viet Nam	1,783	841	3,110	110	39	2,084	771	3,004	1,712	683	4.9	6.7	25.7	-4.0
Western Sahara	30	1	32	2	-	16	12	30	31	2	11.1	11.1	40.0	3.3
Yemen	384	21	553	115	59	277	53	504	473	24	25.5	38.6	10.5	23.2
Zambia	492	51	1,000	10	-	34	6	50	495	51	22.7	22.7	12.0	0.6
Zimbabwe	34,360	3,957	118,774	2,674	168	4,738	408	7,988	34,795	4,101	35.3	37.5	5.1	1.3
Stateless	2,790	224	3,729	630	750	1,816	538	3,734	2,937	303	19.7	43.2	14.4	5.3
Variou/unknown	94,529	1,433	59,088	13,984	1,631	81,409	8,269	111,355	251,878	1,243	14.4	16.1	7.4	166.5
Total	657,508	170,325	865,146	156,313	63,991	326,635	155,376	707,842	825,843	187,710				

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available.

1 In a few countries, the data may include individuals from Montenegro in the absence of separate statistics available for Montenegro and Serbia.

* Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):

Refugee status recognition rate: $\text{Recognized} \div \text{total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected} * 100\%$.

Total recognition rate: $\text{Recognized plus Other positive} \div \text{total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected} * 100\%$.

Otherwise closed rate: $\text{Otherwise closed} \div \text{Total no. of decisions} * 100\%$.

Change in pending cases: $\text{Cases pending as at 31 December 2008 minus Cases pending as at 1 January 2008} \div \text{Cases pending as at 1 January 2008} * 100\%$.

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2008 was 100 or more. Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.*

Origin	Country/territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv-ent ion status	Comple m. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Afghanistan	Austria	G	FA	1,544	1,382	486	391	217	221	1,315	2,016	44.4	80.2	16.8	30.6%
Afghanistan	Azerbaijan	G	FI	43	125	-	-	149	-	149	19	0.0	..	0.0	-55.8%
Afghanistan	Belgium	G	FI	-	879	107	92	459	32	690	-	16.3	30.2	4.6	..
Afghanistan	Canada	G	FI	405	488	230	-	10	40	280	613	95.8	95.8	14.3	51.4%
Afghanistan	Denmark	G	FI	47	418	5	51	56	-	112	60	4.5	50.0	0.0	27.7%
Afghanistan	Finland	G	FI	44	249	-	71	*	17	92	213	0.0	94.7	18.5	384.1%
Afghanistan	France	G	FI	-	263	90	14	146	-	250	-	36.0	41.6	0.0	..
Afghanistan	Germany	G	NA	168	657	46	51	64	73	234	594	28.6	60.2	31.2	253.6%
Afghanistan	Germany	G	RA	117	174	36	45	*	80	164	133	42.9	96.4	48.8	13.7%
Afghanistan	Greece	G	FI	1,061	2,287	*	-	1,809	13	1,826	1,522	0.2	0.2	0.7	43.4%
Afghanistan	Hungary	G	FI	19	116	7	52	17	5	81	54	9.2	77.6	6.2	184.2%
Afghanistan	India	U	FI	525	1,396	140	-	177	84	401	1,520	44.2	44.2	20.9	189.5%
Afghanistan	India	U	AR	165	121	23	-	114	8	145	141	16.8	16.8	5.5	-14.5%
Afghanistan	Indonesia	U	FI	12	149	6	-	10	9	25	136	37.5	37.5	36.0	1033.3%
Afghanistan	Islamic Rep. of Iran	U	FI	967	871	73	-	55	135	263	1,575	57.0	57.0	51.3	62.9%
Afghanistan	Italy	G	FI	-	1,732	208	969	582	22	1,781	-	11.8	66.9	1.2	..
Afghanistan	Kazakhstan	U	FA	*	146	49	-	45	-	94	56	52.1	52.1	0.0	1300.0%
Afghanistan	Kuwait	U	FI	21	1,774	-	-	*	-	*	1,795	0.0	..	0.0	8447.6%
Afghanistan	Kyrgyzstan	G	FI	238	235	*	-	263	84	351	122	1.5	1.5	23.9	-48.7%
Afghanistan	Kyrgyzstan	U	FA	106	237	29	-	*	10	40	303	96.7	96.7	25.0	185.8%
Afghanistan	Malaysia	U	FI	122	378	8	-	-	27	35	465	100.0	100.0	77.1	281.1%
Afghanistan	Netherlands	G	FI	-	395	7	157	266	-	430	-	1.6	38.1	0.0	..
Afghanistan	Norway	G	FI	230	1,363	20	301	23	59	403	1,214	5.8	93.3	14.6	427.8%
Afghanistan	Norway	G	AR	416	279	21	162	325	*	510	625	4.1	36.0	0.4	50.2%
Afghanistan	Pakistan	U	FA	2,518	1,144	374	-	491	262	1,127	2,535	43.2	43.2	23.2	0.7%
Afghanistan	Russian Federation	G	FI	2,072	2,047	261	298	2,719	-	3,278	841	8.0	17.1	0.0	-59.4%
Afghanistan	Sweden	G	FI	463	784	50	332	326	24	732	407	7.1	54.0	3.3	-12.1%
Afghanistan	Sweden	G	AR	161	413	19	102	281	22	424	197	4.7	30.1	5.2	22.4%
Afghanistan	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	251	405	21	182	228	80	511	356	4.9	47.1	15.7	41.8%
Afghanistan	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	407	160	222	-	*	101	324	243	99.6	99.6	31.2	-40.3%
Afghanistan	Tajikistan	J	FA	142	1,361	828	-	634	-	1,462	41	56.6	56.6	0.0	-71.1%
Afghanistan	Turkey	U	FI	614	2,642	144	-	113	309	566	2,690	56.0	56.0	54.6	338.1%
Afghanistan	Turkey	U	AR	76	146	41	-	7	63	111	111	85.4	85.4	56.8	46.1%
Afghanistan	Ukraine	G	FI	211	432	57	-	153	211	421	254	27.1	27.1	50.1	20.4%
Afghanistan	Ukraine	G	AR	108	163	-	-	52	19	71	200	0.0	..	26.8	85.2%
Afghanistan	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	-	3,725	155	890	845	985	2,875	-	8.2	55.3	34.3	..
Albania	Belgium	G	FI	-	172	38	*	108	19	169	-	25.3	28.0	11.2	..
Albania	Canada	G	FI	372	369	24	-	51	7	82	659	32.0	32.0	8.5	77.2%
Albania	France	G	FI	-	334	51	36	185	-	272	-	18.8	32.0	0.0	..
Albania	Greece	G	FI	30	202	-	-	174	9	183	49	0.0	..	4.9	63.3%
Albania	Sweden	G	FI	82	118	-	*	93	19	113	55	0.0	1.1	16.8	-32.9%
Albania	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	-	175	-	40	90	35	165	-	0.0	30.8	21.2	..
Albania	United States	G	EO	575	142	200	-	89	94	383	421	69.2	69.2	24.5	-26.8%
Albania	United States	G	IN	61	111	32	-	79	25	136	45	28.8	28.8	18.4	-26.2%
Algeria	Austria	G	FA	273	173	*	*	111	69	183	268	0.9	2.6	37.7	-1.8%
Algeria	Belgium	G	FI	-	206	*	-	102	17	121	-	1.9	1.9	14.0	..
Algeria	France	G	FI	-	978	83	63	806	-	952	-	8.7	15.3	0.0	..
Algeria	Germany	G	NA	108	449	*	*	260	90	352	222	0.4	0.8	25.6	105.6%
Algeria	Italy	G	FI	-	463	5	5	111	9	130	-	4.1	8.3	6.9	..
Algeria	Norway	G	FI	13	100	-	-	21	48	69	51	0.0	..	69.6	292.3%
Algeria	South Africa	G	FI	-	178	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Algeria	Spain	G	FI	-	152	-	-	117	103	220	-	0.0	..	46.8	..

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2008 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
						Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Algeria	Sweden	G	FI	90	163	–	10	80	31	121	76	0.0	11.1	25.6	–15.6%
Algeria	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	19	236	*	8	20	158	190	80	12.5	37.5	83.2	321.1%
Algeria	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	385	5	15	150	130	300	–	2.9	11.8	43.3	..
Angola	Belgium	G	FI	–	133	20	*	112	*	134	–	15.0	15.8	0.7	..
Angola	France	G	FI	–	514	138	11	327	–	476	–	29.0	31.3	0.0	..
Angola	South Africa	G	FI	–	175	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Angola	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	74	110	–	146	102	19	267	52	0.0	58.9	7.1	–29.7%
Armenia	Austria	G	FA	1,714	360	105	95	353	61	614	1,502	19.0	36.2	9.9	–12.4%
Armenia	Belgium	G	FI	–	461	6	–	243	21	270	–	2.4	2.4	7.8	..
Armenia	France	G	FI	–	2,075	450	85	1,923	–	2,458	–	18.3	21.8	0.0	..
Armenia	France	G	RA	–	362	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Armenia	Germany	G	NA	106	198	*	13	101	33	151	160	3.4	14.4	21.9	50.9%
Armenia	Greece	G	FI	15	114	–	–	87	*	89	40	0.0	..	2.2	166.7%
Armenia	Netherlands	G	FI	–	208	*	14	98	–	115	–	2.6	14.8	0.0	..
Armenia	Sweden	G	FI	158	269	–	56	175	35	266	177	0.0	24.2	13.2	12.0%
Armenia	Sweden	G	AR	65	200	–	9	129	17	155	118	0.0	6.5	11.0	81.5%
Armenia	United States	G	IN	123	186	96	–	127	22	245	65	43.0	43.0	9.0	–47.2%
Azerbaijan	Austria	G	FA	322	117	59	11	37	18	125	324	55.1	65.4	14.4	0.6%
Azerbaijan	France	G	FI	–	629	327	*	472	–	801	–	40.8	41.1	0.0	..
Azerbaijan	Germany	G	NA	102	360	27	*	87	25	141	314	23.3	25.0	17.7	207.8%
Azerbaijan	Germany	G	RA	73	182	39	*	–	65	108	142	90.7	93.0	60.2	94.5%
Azerbaijan	Sweden	G	FI	229	390	14	52	256	56	378	224	4.3	20.5	14.8	–2.2%
Azerbaijan	Sweden	G	AR	107	202	*	*	164	25	196	128	2.3	4.1	12.8	19.6%
Bangladesh	Australia	G	AR	32	163	11	–	59	87	157	38	15.7	15.7	55.4	18.8%
Bangladesh	Australia	G	FI	11	131	35	–	80	*	118	23	30.4	30.4	2.5	109.1%
Bangladesh	Canada	G	FI	173	101	39	–	18	9	66	208	68.4	68.4	13.6	20.2%
Bangladesh	Cyprus	G	AR	175	238	–	–	268	61	329	84	0.0	..	18.5	–52.0%
Bangladesh	Cyprus	G	FI	383	178	–	–	332	222	554	7	0.0	..	40.1	–98.2%
Bangladesh	France	G	FI	–	1,249	304	*	1,627	–	1,934	–	15.7	15.9	0.0	..
Bangladesh	France	G	RA	–	546	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Bangladesh	Greece	G	FI	179	1,778	–	–	1,834	*	1,836	121	0.0	..	0.1	–32.4%
Bangladesh	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	AR	57	143	–	–	137	6	143	57	0.0	..	4.2	0.0%
Bangladesh	Italy	G	FI	–	1,684	10	50	890	46	996	–	1.1	6.3	4.6	..
Bangladesh	Romania	G	FA	7	174	*	–	143	*	145	36	0.7	0.7	0.7	414.3%
Bangladesh	South Africa	G	FI	–	6,636	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Bangladesh	Ukraine	G	FI	13	123	*	–	19	105	127	15	13.6	13.6	82.7	15.4%
Bangladesh	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	510	5	95	265	135	495	–	1.4	27.4	27.3	..
Bangladesh	United States	G	IN	48	103	24	–	78	26	128	42	23.5	23.5	20.3	–12.5%
Belarus	Sweden	G	FI	260	361	*	9	225	128	363	190	0.4	4.3	35.3	–26.9%
Belarus	Sweden	G	AR	108	255	–	5	265	35	305	80	0.0	1.9	11.5	–25.9%
Belarus	United States	G	IN	76	147	62	–	102	17	181	47	37.8	37.8	9.4	–38.2%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Sweden	G	AR	220	180	–	*	372	27	400	24	0.0	0.3	6.8	–89.1%
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Austria	G	FA	392	110	11	12	69	37	129	363	12.0	25.0	28.7	–7.4%
Bosnia-Herzegovina	France	G	FI	–	239	94	5	146	–	245	–	38.4	40.4	0.0	..
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Germany	G	NA	41	131	*	*	46	23	75	104	3.8	11.5	30.7	153.7%
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Sweden	G	FI	112	150	–	24	120	24	168	46	0.0	16.7	14.3	–58.9%
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Sweden	G	AR	68	121	–	17	103	15	135	53	0.0	14.2	11.1	–22.1%

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Origin	Country/territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv-ent. status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	41	146	14	162	78	54	308	41	5.5	69.3	17.5	0.0%
Botswana	Canada	G	FI	48	112	6	–	–	6	12	148	100.0	100.0	50.0	208.3%
Brazil	Canada	G	FI	96	109	10	–	25	16	51	154	28.6	28.6	31.4	60.4%
Brazil	United States	G	IN	58	107	36	–	54	35	125	42	40.0	40.0	28.0	–27.6%
Brazil	United States	G	EO	148	102	18	–	19	64	101	147	48.6	48.6	63.4	–0.7%
Burkina Faso	Greece	G	FI	21	118	–	–	133	–	133	6	0.0	..	0.0	–71.4%
Burkina Faso	Italy	G	FI	–	646	15	83	340	31	469	–	3.4	22.4	6.6	..
Burundi	Belgium	G	FI	–	106	56	–	39	6	101	–	58.9	58.9	5.9	..
Burundi	Canada	G	FI	432	264	224	–	84	*	309	387	72.7	72.7	0.3	–10.4%
Burundi	Kenya	U	FI	56	115	70	–	6	–	76	95	92.1	92.1	0.0	69.6%
Burundi	Malawi	G	FA	1,979	415	311	–	–	39	350	2,044	100.0	100.0	11.1	3.3%
Burundi	Mozambique	G	FI	817	274	29	–	73	76	178	913	28.4	28.4	42.7	11.8%
Burundi	South Africa	G	FI	–	2,346	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Burundi	Sweden	G	AR	59	183	5	17	146	15	183	73	3.0	13.1	8.2	23.7%
Burundi	Uganda	G	FI	887	522	804	–	262	–	1,066	343	75.4	75.4	0.0	–61.3%
Cameroon	Belgium	G	FI	–	367	66	–	187	*	256	–	26.1	26.1	1.2	..
Cameroon	Canada	G	FI	205	141	42	–	21	5	68	278	66.7	66.7	7.4	35.6%
Cameroon	Cyprus	G	AR	9	104	–	–	16	11	27	86	0.0	..	40.7	855.6%
Cameroon	France	G	FI	–	186	48	11	158	–	217	–	22.1	27.2	0.0	..
Cameroon	Germany	G	NA	107	172	9	–	48	27	84	186	15.8	15.8	32.1	73.8%
Cameroon	Italy	G	FI	–	194	34	42	88	5	169	–	20.7	46.3	3.0	..
Cameroon	South Africa	G	FI	–	1,050	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Cameroon	United Kingdom	G	FI	–	130	15	5	105	10	135	–	12.0	16.0	7.4	..
Cameroon	United States	G	IN	199	514	259	–	280	38	577	145	48.1	48.1	6.6	–27.1%
Cameroon	United States	G	EO	433	105	117	–	78	99	294	496	60.0	60.0	33.7	14.5%
Central African Rep.	Cameroon	U	FA	767	1,496	688	–	187	495	1,370	893	78.6	78.6	36.1	16.4%
Central African Rep.	France	G	FI	–	106	45	*	98	–	147	–	30.6	33.3	0.0	..
Chad	Benin	G	FI	67	116	51	–	91	–	142	41	35.9	35.9	0.0	–38.8%
Chad	Cameroon	U	FA	466	1,674	318	–	477	481	1,276	864	40.0	40.0	37.7	85.4%
Chad	France	G	FI	–	224	76	*	120	–	198	–	38.4	39.4	0.0	..
Chad	Gabon	G	FA	687	209	*	–	7	*	12	884	36.4	36.4	8.3	28.7%
Chad	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	FI	65	486	–	–	14	*	16	535	0.0	..	12.5	723.1%
Chad	United States	G	IN	27	104	37	–	70	6	113	23	34.6	34.6	5.3	–14.8%
China	Australia	G	FI	319	1,232	183	–	1,092	14	1,289	272	14.4	14.4	1.1	–14.7%
China	Australia	G	AR	222	1,063	203	–	676	47	926	359	23.1	23.1	5.1	61.7%
China	Austria	G	FA	1,024	236	19	14	162	98	293	1,021	9.7	16.9	33.4	–0.3%
China	Belgium	G	FI	–	189	79	–	35	*	115	–	69.3	69.3	0.9	..
China	Canada	G	FI	2,313	1,711	598	–	284	98	980	3,044	67.8	67.8	10.0	31.6%
China	France	G	FI	–	821	102	*	507	–	613	–	16.6	17.3	0.0	..
China	Germany	G	NA	72	299	27	6	93	22	148	225	21.4	26.2	14.9	212.5%
China	Ireland	G	FI	75	180	–	–	61	151	212	50	0.0	..	71.2	–33.3%
China	Netherlands	G	FI	–	563	52	47	437	–	536	–	9.7	18.5	0.0	..
China	South Africa	G	FI	–	1,967	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
China	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	120	272	27	260	200	20	507	182	5.5	58.9	3.9	51.7%
China	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	1,615	75	60	590	670	1,395	–	10.3	18.6	48.0	..
China	United States	G	IN	1,585	7,781	1,902	–	5,714	422	8,038	1,471	25.0	25.0	5.3	–7.2%
China	United States	G	EO	7,334	2,044	2,132	–	966	1,066	4,164	10,493	68.8	68.8	25.6	43.1%
Colombia	Argentina	G	FI	–	171	68	–	30	5	103	68	69.4	69.4	4.9	..
Colombia	Canada	G	FI	3,079	3,132	1,217	–	198	125	1,540	4,671	86.0	86.0	8.1	51.7%
Colombia	Chile	G	FI	472	816	114	–	348	5	467	821	24.7	24.7	1.1	73.9%
Colombia	Costa Rica	G	FA	476	735	268	–	542	–	810	401	33.1	33.1	0.0	–15.8%

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
						Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Colombia	Ecuador	G	FA	24,413	15,051	35	4,296	3,824	220	8,375	31,089	0.4	53.1	2.6	27.3%
Colombia	France	G	FI	–	116	24	15	53	–	92	–	26.1	42.4	0.0	..
Colombia	Panama	G	FI	473	176	30	–	17	71	118	531	63.8	63.8	60.2	12.3%
Colombia	Peru	G	FI	384	130	40	–	11	–	51	463	78.4	78.4	0.0	20.6%
Colombia	Spain	G	FI	–	752	15	6	1,083	429	1,533	–	1.4	1.9	28.0	..
Colombia	United States	G	IN	816	604	594	–	330	116	1,040	402	64.3	64.3	11.2	–50.7%
Colombia	United States	G	EO	3,079	306	467	–	666	843	1,976	1,963	41.2	41.2	42.7	–36.2%
Colombia	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	G	FI	9,490	2,920	287	–	324	–	611	11,799	47.0	47.0	0.0	24.3%
Comoros	France	G	FI	–	1,105	61	–	408	–	469	–	13.0	13.0	0.0	..
Congo	France	G	FI	–	804	183	22	715	–	920	–	19.9	22.3	0.0	..
Congo	France	G	RA	–	107	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Congo	South Africa	G	FI	–	9,100	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Côte d'Ivoire	Cameroon	U	FA	156	182	*	–	31	196	228	110	3.1	3.1	86.0	–29.5%
Côte d'Ivoire	France	G	FI	–	632	149	34	512	–	695	–	21.4	26.3	0.0	..
Côte d'Ivoire	France	G	RA	–	153	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Côte d'Ivoire	Israel	J	FI	990	507	–	234	506	76	816	681	0.0	31.6	9.3	–31.2%
Côte d'Ivoire	Israel	J	AR	77	365	–	–	30	–	30	412	0.0	..	0.0	435.1%
Côte d'Ivoire	Italy	G	FI	–	1,653	90	468	829	40	1,427	–	6.5	40.2	2.8	..
Côte d'Ivoire	Malta	G	FI	37	263	–	*	245	*	248	52	0.0	0.4	0.8	40.5%
Côte d'Ivoire	Malta	G	AR	–	189	–	–	36	–	36	–	0.0	..	0.0	..
Côte d'Ivoire	Mauritania	J	FA	*	164	36	–	76	18	130	35	32.1	32.1	13.8	3400.0%
Côte d'Ivoire	Morocco	U	FI	32	109	30	–	49	15	94	47	38.0	38.0	16.0	46.9%
Côte d'Ivoire	Spain	G	FI	–	500	–	8	184	257	449	–	0.0	4.2	57.2	..
Côte d'Ivoire	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	44	157	–	14	49	76	139	84	0.0	22.2	54.7	90.9%
Côte d'Ivoire	United States	G	IN	96	190	40	–	185	17	242	54	17.8	17.8	7.0	–43.8%
Cuba	Canada	G	FI	214	184	93	–	22	25	140	258	80.9	80.9	17.9	20.6%
Cuba	Ecuador	G	FA	96	156	–	57	25	*	83	169	0.0	69.5	1.2	76.0%
Cuba	Spain	G	FI	–	119	9	5	48	70	132	–	14.5	22.6	53.0	..
Cuba	United States	G	EO	70	288	*	–	*	68	72	59	25.0	25.0	94.4	–15.7%
Czech Rep.	Canada	G	FI	82	859	84	–	5	106	195	746	94.4	94.4	54.4	809.8%
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	275	280	10	75	70	435	–	76.7	79.5	16.1	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Angola	G	FA	584	231	11	–	17	–	28	787	39.3	39.3	0.0	34.8%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Belgium	G	FI	–	579	126	14	604	46	790	–	16.9	18.8	5.8	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Brazil	G	FI	46	162	51	10	31	5	97	111	55.4	66.3	5.2	141.3%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Burundi	G	FI	7,460	3,570	3,237	–	311	2,270	5,818	5,212	91.2	91.2	39.0	–30.1%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Cameroon	U	FA	305	234	54	–	141	180	375	164	27.7	27.7	48.0	–46.2%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Canada	G	FI	532	425	144	–	63	21	228	729	69.6	69.6	9.2	37.0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Central African Rep.	G	FI	757	390	239	–	–	–	239	908	100.0	100.0	0.0	19.9%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Congo	J	FA	3,695	1,921	11	–	262	2,451	2,724	2,892	4.0	4.0	90.0	–21.7%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	France	G	FI	–	2,543	744	54	1,668	–	2,466	–	30.2	32.4	0.0	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	France	G	RA	–	377	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Germany	G	NA	125	190	6	13	31	34	84	239	12.0	38.0	40.5	91.2%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Ireland	G	FI	47	173	7	–	145	13	165	56	4.6	4.6	7.9	19.1%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Ireland	G	AR	154	172	*	–	117	12	131	195	1.7	1.7	9.2	26.6%

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		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Kenya	U	FI	80	654	246	–	17	9	272	462	93.5	93.5	3.3	477.5%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Malawi	G	FA	1,939	761	844	–	–	12	856	1,844	100.0	100.0	1.4	–4.9%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Morocco	U	FI	198	284	36	–	218	92	346	136	14.2	14.2	26.6	–31.3%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Morocco	U	AR	103	140	–	–	188	–	188	55	0.0	..	0.0	–46.6%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Mozambique	G	FI	2,809	722	403	–	474	366	1,243	2,288	46.0	46.0	29.4	–18.5%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Mozambique	G	AR	–	325	–	–	–	–	–	325	..	..	..	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Namibia	G	FI	868	230	21	–	96	–	117	981	17.9	17.9	0.0	13.0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Nigeria	G	FI	327	440	23	–	37	–	60	707	38.3	38.3	0.0	116.2%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Norway	G	FI	63	107	18	16	71	13	118	62	17.1	32.4	11.0	–1.6%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	South Africa	G	FI	–	10,047	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Spain	G	FI	–	105	12	–	23	52	87	–	34.3	34.3	59.8	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	122	246	7	199	178	56	440	134	1.8	53.6	12.7	9.8%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Uganda	G	FI	–	6,306	3,650	–	159	–	3,809	2,497	95.8	95.8	0.0	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	400	70	30	200	30	330	–	23.3	33.3	9.1	..
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zambia	G	FA	17	106	*	48	16	23	88	35	1.5	75.4	26.1	105.9%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zimbabwe	G	FI	430	720	193	–	*	584	778	372	99.5	99.5	75.1	–13.5%
Dominican Rep.	Argentina	G	FI	–	125	–	–	*	*	*	121	0.0	..	75.0	..
Egypt	Cyprus	G	FI	289	211	–	–	116	100	216	284	0.0	..	46.3	–1.7%
Egypt	South Africa	G	FI	–	746	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Egypt	United States	G	IN	129	356	166	–	202	21	389	106	45.1	45.1	5.4	–17.8%
El Salvador	Canada	G	FI	400	587	95	–	71	18	184	803	57.2	57.2	9.8	100.8%
El Salvador	United States	G	EO	7,859	2,441	33	–	274	3,147	3,454	8,253	10.7	10.7	91.1	5.0%
El Salvador	United States	G	IN	9,275	348	260	–	3,934	5,176	9,370	2,035	6.2	6.2	55.2	–78.1%
Eritrea	Canada	G	FI	180	212	58	–	*	11	71	321	96.7	96.7	15.5	78.3%
Eritrea	Djibouti	U	FI	107	191	73	–	–	–	73	225	100.0	100.0	0.0	110.3%
Eritrea	Egypt	U	FI	669	632	374	–	250	5	629	672	59.9	59.9	0.8	0.4%
Eritrea	Egypt	U	AR	80	121	6	–	99	–	105	96	5.7	5.7	0.0	20.0%
Eritrea	Ethiopia	J	FI	5	8,709	7,895	–	105	–	8,000	714	98.7	98.7	0.0	..
Eritrea	France	G	FI	–	123	62	–	24	–	86	–	72.1	72.1	0.0	..
Eritrea	Germany	G	NA	194	262	150	15	41	39	245	212	72.8	80.1	15.9	9.3%
Eritrea	Israel	J	FI	1,361	3,067	–	4,417	*	*	4,421	7	0.0	100.0	0.0	–99.5%
Eritrea	Italy	G	FI	–	2,934	202	1,427	174	64	1,867	–	11.2	90.3	3.4	..
Eritrea	Kenya	U	FI	69	189	96	–	–	53	149	109	100.0	100.0	35.6	58.0%
Eritrea	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	FI	449	1,015	312	–	12	*	327	1,137	96.3	96.3	0.9	153.2%
Eritrea	Malta	G	FI	136	176	10	251	18	–	279	33	3.6	93.5	0.0	–75.7%
Eritrea	Netherlands	G	FI	–	236	16	139	66	–	221	–	7.2	70.1	0.0	..
Eritrea	Norway	G	FI	503	1,799	310	401	34	327	1,072	1,245	41.6	95.4	30.5	147.5%
Eritrea	South Africa	G	FI	–	608	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Eritrea	Sudan	G	FI	3,850	32,740	3,571	6,110	54	24,493	34,228	2,362	36.7	99.4	71.6	–38.6%
Eritrea	Sudan	U	FA	–	110	110	–	–	–	110	–	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Eritrea	Sweden	G	FI	684	857	157	455	202	36	850	489	19.3	75.2	4.2	–28.5%
Eritrea	Sweden	G	AR	89	276	14	47	196	13	270	117	5.4	23.7	4.8	31.5%

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		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Eritrea	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	1,808	2,849	950	492	435	141	2,018	3,184	50.6	76.8	7.0	76.1%
Eritrea	Uganda	G	FI	425	2,573	1,079	–	19	–	1,098	1,900	98.3	98.3	0.0	347.1%
Eritrea	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	2,335	1,210	65	315	545	2,135	–	76.1	80.2	25.5	..
Eritrea	United States	G	IN	81	259	173	–	109	9	291	50	61.3	61.3	3.1	–38.3%
Eritrea	United States	G	EO	64	161	34	–	11	14	59	114	75.6	75.6	23.7	78.1%
Eritrea	Yemen	U	FA	195	153	192	–	31	12	235	113	86.1	86.1	5.1	–42.1%
Ethiopia	Canada	G	FI	201	197	58	–	15	7	80	318	79.5	79.5	8.8	58.2%
Ethiopia	Egypt	U	FI	195	266	14	–	189	45	248	213	6.9	6.9	18.1	9.2%
Ethiopia	Germany	G	NA	118	183	32	*	98	17	148	155	24.4	25.2	11.5	31.4%
Ethiopia	Greece	G	FI	–	118	–	–	111	–	111	7	0.0	..	0.0	..
Ethiopia	Israel	J	FI	261	495	*	–	*	12	17	739	40.0	40.0	70.6	183.1%
Ethiopia	Italy	G	FI	–	330	65	136	78	8	287	–	23.3	72.0	2.8	..
Ethiopia	Kenya	U	FI	2,890	5,495	1,513	–	95	792	2,400	5,985	94.1	94.1	33.0	107.1%
Ethiopia	Kenya	U	AR	588	293	201	–	60	51	312	569	77.0	77.0	16.3	–3.2%
Ethiopia	Norway	G	FI	184	354	106	35	129	44	314	287	39.3	52.2	14.0	56.0%
Ethiopia	Norway	G	AR	187	281	14	45	232	*	293	175	4.8	20.3	0.7	–6.4%
Ethiopia	Somalia	U	FI	8,595	2,109	705	*	610	222	1,539	9,165	53.5	53.7	14.4	6.6%
Ethiopia	South Africa	G	FI	–	10,616	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Ethiopia	Sudan	G	FI	3,688	811	986	298	9	82	1,375	3,124	76.3	99.3	6.0	–15.3%
Ethiopia	Sudan	U	FA	29	132	131	–	*	–	132	29	99.2	99.2	0.0	0.0%
Ethiopia	Sweden	G	AR	47	141	8	8	98	8	122	74	7.0	14.0	6.6	57.4%
Ethiopia	Sweden	G	FI	116	127	12	23	149	7	191	72	6.5	19.0	3.7	–37.9%
Ethiopia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	231	231	28	147	221	63	459	176	7.1	44.2	13.7	–23.8%
Ethiopia	Uganda	G	FI	276	913	349	–	164	–	513	676	68.0	68.0	0.0	144.9%
Ethiopia	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	150	20	5	65	15	105	–	22.2	27.8	14.3	..
Ethiopia	United States	G	IN	461	959	582	–	520	45	1,147	288	52.8	52.8	3.9	–37.5%
Ethiopia	United States	G	EO	516	209	214	–	99	79	392	642	68.4	68.4	20.2	24.4%
Ethiopia	Yemen	U	FA	109	936	173	–	308	224	705	340	36.0	36.0	31.8	211.9%
Gambia	Germany	G	NA	40	145	8	*	43	5	57	135	15.4	17.3	8.8	237.5%
Gambia	Italy	G	FI	–	413	18	24	121	*	166	–	11.0	25.8	1.8	..
Gambia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	11	204	–	–	38	100	138	85	0.0	..	72.5	672.7%
Gambia	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	210	30	10	95	15	145	–	22.2	29.6	10.3	..
Gambia	United States	G	IN	68	140	38	–	116	12	166	49	24.7	24.7	7.2	–27.9%
Georgia	Armenia	G	FI	–	124	–	–	–	*	*	123	..	..	100.0	..
Georgia	Austria	G	FA	1,375	511	61	49	380	129	619	1,350	12.4	22.4	20.8	–1.8%
Georgia	Belgium	G	FI	–	222	–	–	73	10	83	–	0.0	..	12.0	..
Georgia	Cyprus	G	AR	146	153	–	8	75	35	118	181	0.0	9.6	29.7	24.0%
Georgia	Cyprus	G	FI	702	122	–	10	197	300	507	317	0.0	4.8	59.2	–54.8%
Georgia	France	G	FI	–	379	114	18	327	–	459	–	24.8	28.8	0.0	..
Georgia	Germany	G	NA	54	232	*	*	85	52	140	154	1.1	3.4	37.1	185.2%
Georgia	Greece	G	FI	470	2,241	–	–	1,933	20	1,953	758	0.0	..	1.0	61.3%
Georgia	Hungary	G	FI	18	165	*	6	32	77	116	67	2.6	17.9	66.4	272.2%
Georgia	Ireland	G	FI	48	181	*	–	110	39	150	74	0.9	0.9	26.0	54.2%
Georgia	Israel	J	FI	30	238	–	–	*	*	5	263	0.0	..	80.0	776.7%
Georgia	Russian Fed.	G	FI	483	2,684	46	444	2,047	–	2,537	630	1.8	19.3	0.0	30.4%
Georgia	Slovakia	G	FI	8	119	–	–	43	76	119	–	0.0	..	63.9	–100.0%
Georgia	Sweden	G	FI	73	211	–	9	84	17	110	139	0.0	9.7	15.5	90.4%
Georgia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	30	481	–	7	39	314	360	178	0.0	15.2	87.2	493.3%
Ghana	Germany	G	NA	62	206	*	*	121	27	150	107	0.8	1.6	18.0	72.6%
Ghana	Greece	G	FI	18	104	–	–	83	–	83	39	0.0	..	0.0	116.7%
Ghana	Ireland	G	FI	30	104	–	–	79	9	88	45	0.0	..	10.2	50.0%
Ghana	Israel	J	FI	155	233	–	–	71	25	96	292	0.0	..	26.0	88.4%
Ghana	Italy	G	FI	–	1,815	9	124	1,075	22	1,230	–	0.7	11.0	1.8	..

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

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Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.*

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Ghana	Malta	G	FI	13	110	-	-	93	*	97	26	0.0	..	4.1	100.0%
Ghana	South Africa	G	FI	-	1,639	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Ghana	Togo	G	FI	-	134	-	-	-	-	-	134	..	..	..	..
Ghana	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	-	165	-	-	115	40	155	-	0.0	..	25.8	..
Guatemala	Canada	G	FI	275	288	74	-	34	17	125	438	68.5	68.5	13.6	59.3%
Guatemala	United States	G	EO	7,690	1,177	89	-	684	2,242	3,015	8,179	11.5	11.5	74.4	6.4%
Guatemala	United States	G	IN	5,912	676	286	-	2,219	3,706	6,211	1,616	11.4	11.4	59.7	-72.7%
Guinea	Belgium	G	FI	-	661	359	*	384	36	781	-	48.2	48.5	4.6	..
Guinea	Cameroon	U	FA	129	210	*	-	83	196	280	59	1.2	1.2	70.0	-54.3%
Guinea	France	G	FI	-	1,270	451	79	933	-	1,463	-	30.8	36.2	0.0	..
Guinea	France	G	RA	-	361	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Guinea	Germany	G	NA	54	199	6	5	72	15	98	155	7.2	13.3	15.3	187.0%
Guinea	Greece	G	FI	15	136	-	-	142	-	142	9	0.0	..	0.0	-40.0%
Guinea	Italy	G	FI	-	465	40	105	249	6	400	-	10.2	36.8	1.5	..
Guinea	Netherlands	G	FI	-	154	24	79	145	-	248	-	9.7	41.5	0.0	..
Guinea	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	37	239	6	6	38	130	180	109	12.0	24.0	72.2	194.6%
Guinea	United States	G	IN	207	363	101	-	296	33	430	155	25.4	25.4	7.7	-25.1%
Guyana	Canada	G	FI	197	137	24	-	56	14	94	240	30.0	30.0	14.9	21.8%
Haiti	Canada	G	FI	4,181	4,936	311	-	351	93	755	8,362	47.0	47.0	12.3	100.0%
Haiti	France	G	FI	-	930	138	58	1,000	-	1,196	-	11.5	16.4	0.0	..
Haiti	France	G	RA	-	511	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Haiti	United States	G	IN	1,211	1,321	587	-	1,067	515	2,169	473	35.5	35.5	23.7	-60.9%
Haiti	United States	G	EO	4,841	757	375	-	1,402	1,917	3,694	3,749	21.1	21.1	51.9	-22.6%
Honduras	Canada	G	FI	262	473	31	-	52	48	131	604	37.3	37.3	36.6	130.5%
Honduras	United States	G	EO	279	785	7	-	21	111	139	293	25.0	25.0	79.9	5.0%
Honduras	United States	G	IN	93	108	21	-	56	103	180	39	27.3	27.3	57.2	-58.1%
Hungary	Canada	G	FI	68	288	22	-	13	47	82	274	62.9	62.9	57.3	302.9%
India	Australia	G	FI	21	373	*	-	296	5	305	90	1.3	1.3	1.6	328.6%
India	Australia	G	AR	46	265	12	-	148	41	201	110	7.5	7.5	20.4	139.1%
India	Austria	G	FA	1,297	355	*	7	438	179	627	1,066	0.7	2.2	28.5	-17.8%
India	Canada	G	FI	981	561	102	-	179	132	413	1,129	36.3	36.3	32.0	15.1%
India	Cyprus	G	FI	610	232	-	-	266	253	519	323	0.0	..	48.7	-47.0%
India	Germany	G	NA	96	485	*	-	242	41	284	306	0.4	0.4	14.4	218.8%
India	Greece	G	FI	31	227	-	-	245	*	246	12	0.0	..	0.4	-61.3%
India	Italy	G	FI	-	210	-	*	57	11	71	-	0.0	5.0	15.5	..
India	Romania	G	FA	-	141	-	-	122	*	123	18	0.0	..	0.8	..
India	South Africa	G	FI	-	2,996	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
India	Ukraine	G	FI	*	177	-	-	*	174	175	-	0.0	..	99.4	-100.0%
India	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	-	775	5	15	270	410	700	-	1.7	6.9	58.6	..
India	United States	G	IN	297	514	137	-	442	98	677	169	23.7	23.7	14.5	-43.1%
India	United States	G	EO	1,040	220	225	-	189	222	636	1,184	54.3	54.3	34.9	13.8%
Indonesia	Australia	G	FI	33	238	5	-	213	*	219	54	2.3	2.3	0.5	63.6%
Indonesia	Australia	G	AR	20	167	9	-	134	17	160	27	6.3	6.3	10.6	35.0%
Indonesia	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	53	128	-	-	25	21	46	135	0.0	..	45.7	154.7%
Indonesia	Malaysia	U	FI	167	169	27	-	*	275	304	32	93.1	93.1	90.5	-80.8%
Indonesia	United States	G	IN	423	686	277	-	544	122	943	208	33.7	33.7	12.9	-50.8%
Indonesia	United States	G	EO	1,501	208	171	-	311	204	686	1,592	35.5	35.5	29.7	6.1%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Australia	G	FI	31	161	98	-	27	*	127	69	78.4	78.4	1.6	122.6%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Austria	G	FA	661	250	198	16	78	51	343	586	67.8	73.3	14.9	-11.3%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Belgium	G	FI	-	614	63	*	294	22	380	-	17.6	17.9	5.8	..

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

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Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Canada	G	FI	364	267	108	–	9	21	138	493	92.3	92.3	15.2	35.4%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Cyprus	G	FI	667	213	9	–	114	104	227	653	7.3	7.3	45.8	–2.1%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Cyprus	G	AR	219	106	9	–	46	14	69	256	16.4	16.4	20.3	16.9%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Denmark	G	FI	32	196	62	13	24	–	99	34	62.6	75.8	0.0	6.3%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Finland	G	FI	38	143	*	34	12	25	74	109	6.1	75.5	33.8	186.8%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	France	G	FI	–	147	72	*	87	–	161	–	44.7	46.0	0.0	..
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Germany	G	NA	319	815	94	6	240	84	424	712	27.6	29.4	19.8	123.2%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Germany	G	RA	335	582	210	14	28	198	450	477	83.3	88.9	44.0	42.4%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Greece	G	FI	105	312	*	–	274	*	279	138	0.7	0.7	1.1	31.4%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Italy	G	FI	–	149	43	31	19	6	99	–	46.2	79.6	6.1	..
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Netherlands	G	FI	–	322	46	112	201	–	359	–	12.8	44.0	0.0	..
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Norway	G	FI	184	720	59	53	186	53	351	567	19.8	37.6	15.1	208.2%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Norway	G	AR	178	371	5	21	281	*	309	239	1.6	8.5	0.6	34.3%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Sweden	G	FI	524	799	100	46	461	65	672	546	16.5	24.1	9.7	4.2%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Sweden	G	AR	232	487	37	45	364	32	478	294	8.3	18.4	6.7	26.7%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	241	393	51	110	159	97	417	382	15.9	50.3	23.3	58.5%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Turkey	U	FI	1,458	2,116	1,112	–	213	192	1,517	2,057	83.9	83.9	12.7	41.1%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Turkey	U	AR	289	224	109	–	95	103	307	206	53.4	53.4	33.6	–28.7%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	2,595	290	220	1,360	310	2,185	–	15.5	27.3	14.2	..
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	United States	G	IN	248	222	249	–	87	30	366	108	74.1	74.1	8.2	–56.5%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	United States	G	EO	280	112	51	–	14	57	122	284	78.5	78.5	46.7	1.4%
Iraq	Australia	G	FI	68	199	154	–	17	10	181	84	90.1	90.1	5.5	23.5%
Iraq	Austria	G	FA	636	490	240	146	95	64	545	745	49.9	80.2	11.7	17.1%
Iraq	Belgium	G	FI	–	1,070	336	267	282	57	942	–	38.0	68.1	6.1	..
Iraq	Bulgaria	G	FI	398	350	11	219	128	31	389	359	3.1	64.2	8.0	–9.8%
Iraq	Canada	G	FI	359	282	147	–	5	24	176	465	96.7	96.7	13.6	29.5%
Iraq	Cyprus	G	FI	221	170	24	126	*	39	190	201	15.9	99.3	20.5	–9.0%
Iraq ⁴	Denmark ⁴	G	FI	111	543	15	125	95	–	235	75	6.4	59.6	0.0	–32.4%
Iraq	Finland	G	FI	145	1,253	42	227	–	228	497	872	15.6	100.0	45.9	501.4%
Iraq	France	G	FI	–	637	262	39	61	–	362	–	72.4	83.1	0.0	..
Iraq	Germany	G	NA	2,049	6,836	4,875	20	460	550	5,905	2,938	91.0	91.4	9.3	43.4%
Iraq	Germany	G	RA	1,133	1,552	855	44	7	579	1,485	1,180	94.4	99.2	39.0	4.1%
Iraq	Greece	G	FI	2,109	1,760	*	–	2,785	23	2,812	1,057	0.1	0.1	0.8	–49.9%
Iraq	Hungary	G	FI	33	125	21	36	17	31	105	53	28.4	77.0	29.5	60.6%
Iraq	Ireland	G	FI	116	203	110	–	100	30	240	61	52.4	52.4	12.5	–47.4%
Iraq	Italy	G	FI	–	758	210	224	57	24	515	–	42.8	88.4	4.7	..
Iraq	Kuwait	U	FI	345	158	82	–	–	*	84	419	100.0	100.0	2.4	21.4%
Iraq	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	FI	940	1,044	1,161	–	*	27	1,191	793	99.7	99.7	2.3	–15.6%

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Iraq	Malaysia	U	FI	419	235	191	–	–	260	451	203	100.0	100.0	57.6	–51.6%
Iraq	Netherlands	G	FI	–	5,027	180	2,044	1,099	–	3,323	–	5.4	66.9	0.0	..
Iraq	Norway	G	FI	914	3,137	113	452	935	344	1,844	2,290	7.5	37.7	18.7	150.5%
Iraq	Norway	G	AR	371	1,027	8	40	958	9	1,015	385	0.8	4.8	0.9	3.8%
Iraq	Romania	G	FA	75	177	89	*	83	15	189	63	51.1	52.3	7.9	–16.0%
Iraq	Sweden	G	FI	10,852	6,083	680	3,196	7,461	1,122	12,459	3,355	6.0	34.2	9.0	–69.1%
Iraq	Sweden	G	AR	530	5,232	24	126	1,922	481	2,553	4,469	1.2	7.2	18.8	743.2%
Iraq	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	479	1,440	164	574	360	376	1,474	1,080	14.9	67.2	25.5	125.5%
Iraq	Turkey	U	FI	900	6,904	6,573	–	21	465	7,059	745	99.7	99.7	6.6	–17.2%
Iraq	Ukraine	G	FI	98	107	8	–	71	59	138	63	10.1	10.1	42.8	–35.7%
Iraq	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	2,040	250	220	1,005	285	1,760	–	16.9	31.9	16.2	..
Iraq	United States	G	IN	287	463	420	–	93	21	534	222	81.9	81.9	3.9	–22.6%
Iraq	United States	G	EO	175	346	92	–	16	32	140	124	85.2	85.2	22.9	–29.1%
Iraq	Yemen	U	FA	172	928	928	–	–	106	1,034	66	100.0	100.0	10.3	–61.6%
Israel	Canada	G	FI	744	340	12	–	124	73	209	875	8.8	8.8	34.9	17.6%
Jamaica	Canada	G	FI	173	242	32	–	22	24	78	337	59.3	59.3	30.8	94.8%
Jamaica	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	270	10	–	185	55	250	–	5.1	5.1	22.0	..
Jamaica	United States	G	EO	49	112	–	–	7	12	19	47	0.0	..	63.2	–4.1%
Jordan	Canada	G	FI	128	118	11	–	9	33	53	193	55.0	55.0	62.3	50.8%
Kazakhstan	Sweden	G	FI	69	282	–	14	131	25	170	161	0.0	9.7	14.7	133.3%
Kazakhstan	Sweden	G	AR	40	103	–	*	54	9	67	83	0.0	6.9	13.4	107.5%
Kenya	Canada	G	FI	115	125	41	–	21	6	68	172	66.1	66.1	8.8	49.6%
Kenya	Germany	G	NA	46	147	–	*	24	9	36	158	0.0	11.1	25.0	243.5%
Kenya	South Africa	G	FI	–	1,278	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Kenya	Uganda	G	FI	6	158	14	–	7	–	21	143	66.7	66.7	0.0	2283.3%
Kenya	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	175	5	10	130	25	165	–	3.4	10.3	15.2	..
Kenya	United States	G	IN	145	408	184	–	195	50	429	137	48.5	48.5	11.7	–5.5%
Kuwait	United Kingdom	G	FI	–	260	95	5	80	15	195	–	52.8	55.6	7.7	..
Kyrgyzstan	Sweden	G	FI	28	111	–	*	43	*	50	78	0.0	8.5	6.0	178.6%
Lebanon	Canada	G	FI	467	169	74	–	76	43	193	443	49.3	49.3	22.3	–5.1%
Lebanon	Germany	G	NA	213	525	10	–	260	70	340	412	3.7	3.7	20.6	93.4%
Lebanon	Norway	G	AR	17	109	–	*	96	–	97	28	0.0	1.0	0.0	64.7%
Lebanon	Sweden	G	AR	251	482	*	17	475	50	543	191	0.2	3.7	9.2	–23.9%
Lebanon	Sweden	G	FI	397	302	*	13	407	76	498	162	0.5	3.6	15.3	–59.2%
Liberia	Italy	G	FI	–	131	*	18	75	24	118	–	1.1	20.2	20.3	..
Liberia	Sierra Leone	U	FI	–	415	–	–	–	255	255	160	..	..	100.0	..
Liberia	United States	G	IN	131	127	87	–	80	32	199	69	52.1	52.1	16.1	–47.3%
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Sweden	G	FI	264	646	*	7	339	137	487	380	1.1	3.1	28.1	43.9%
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Sweden	G	AR	155	324	7	6	325	28	366	149	2.1	3.8	7.7	–3.9%
Malawi	South Africa	G	FI	–	15,873	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Malawi	United Kingdom	G	FI	–	175	5	–	95	25	125	–	5.0	5.0	20.0	..
Malaysia	Australia	G	FI	34	238	*	–	233	*	236	34	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.0%
Malaysia	Australia	G	AR	22	157	9	–	140	8	157	22	6.0	6.0	5.1	0.0%
Mali	France	G	FI	–	2,670	662	327	1,108	–	2,097	–	31.6	47.2	0.0	..
Mali	France	G	RA	–	684	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Mali	Italy	G	FI	–	419	*	28	286	10	327	–	0.9	9.8	3.1	..
Mali	Malta	G	FI	14	209	–	*	168	–	169	54	0.0	0.6	0.0	285.7%
Mali	Malta	G	AR	–	122	–	–	15	–	15	–	0.0	..	0.0	..
Mali	South Africa	G	FI	–	111	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mali	United States	G	IN	79	188	32	–	187	13	232	44	14.6	14.6	5.6	–44.3%

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
						Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Mauritania	Belgium	G	FI	–	128	42	–	54	*	100	–	43.8	43.8	4.0	..
Mauritania	France	G	FI	–	719	177	23	927	–	1,127	–	15.7	17.7	0.0	..
Mauritania	France	G	RA	–	636	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Mexico	Canada	G	FI	8,243	8,069	606	–	3,368	1,680	5,654	10,658	15.2	15.2	29.7	29.3%
Mexico	United States	G	IN	866	2,144	123	–	829	1,543	2,495	602	12.9	12.9	61.8	–30.5%
Mexico	United States	G	EO	5,647	569	38	–	69	2,004	2,111	6,170	35.5	35.5	94.9	9.3%
Mongolia	Austria	G	FA	895	175	20	18	94	89	221	872	15.2	28.8	40.3	–2.6%
Mongolia	Czech Rep.	G	FI	22	193	–	–	123	72	195	20	0.0	..	36.9	–9.1%
Mongolia	Czech Rep.	G	AR	128	119	–	–	94	38	132	115	0.0	..	28.8	–10.2%
Mongolia	Netherlands	G	FI	–	103	–	*	75	–	77	–	0.0	2.6	0.0	..
Mongolia	Sweden	G	FI	342	791	–	12	702	42	756	306	0.0	1.7	5.6	–10.5%
Mongolia	Sweden	G	AR	222	639	–	5	631	24	660	227	0.0	0.8	3.6	2.3%
Mongolia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	55	162	–	10	43	88	141	88	0.0	18.9	62.4	60.0%
Mongolia	United States	G	IN	28	132	45	–	75	7	127	33	37.5	37.5	5.5	17.9%
Montenegro	France	G	FI	–	117	8	5	75	–	88	–	9.1	14.8	0.0	..
Morocco	Austria	G	FA	60	140	–	*	72	20	93	110	0.0	1.4	21.5	83.3%
Morocco	Germany	G	NA	59	161	*	–	82	39	123	96	2.4	2.4	31.7	62.7%
Morocco	Italy	G	FI	–	194	6	11	93	11	121	–	5.5	15.5	9.1	..
Morocco	Spain	G	FI	–	121	*	–	141	82	226	–	2.1	2.1	36.3	..
Mozambique	South Africa	G	FI	–	3,652	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Myanmar	India	U	FI	1,029	1,624	726	–	130	76	932	1,721	84.8	84.8	8.2	67.2%
Myanmar	Japan	G	FI	675	979	38	312	491	24	553	1,101	4.5	41.6	4.3	63.1%
Myanmar	Japan	G	AR	–	195	16	16	200	–	216	–	6.9	13.8	0.0	..
Myanmar	Malaysia	U	FI	3,832	14,309	9,819	–	84	1,508	11,411	6,730	99.2	99.2	13.2	75.6%
Myanmar	Thailand	G	FA	12,761	193	755	–	150	40	945	12,009	83.4	83.4	4.2	–5.9%
Myanmar	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	210	120	20	55	5	205	–	61.5	71.8	2.4	..
Myanmar	United States	G	IN	85	221	142	–	76	22	240	72	65.1	65.1	9.2	–15.3%
Myanmar	United States	G	EO	101	139	28	–	9	9	46	127	75.7	75.7	19.6	25.7%
Nepal	Canada	G	FI	161	100	50	–	*	7	59	202	96.2	96.2	11.9	25.5%
Nepal	Netherlands	G	FI	–	100	*	51	31	–	86	–	4.7	64.0	0.0	..
Nepal	Norway	G	FI	23	144	–	–	33	9	42	135	0.0	..	21.4	487.0%
Nepal	United States	G	IN	205	625	295	–	307	29	631	207	49.0	49.0	4.6	1.0%
Nicaragua	United States	G	EO	384	216	5	–	32	274	311	278	13.5	13.5	88.1	–27.6%
Niger	Italy	G	FI	–	154	5	11	76	*	93	–	5.4	17.4	1.1	..
Niger	South Africa	G	FI	–	3,464	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Nigeria	Austria	G	FA	2,544	535	12	20	671	323	1,026	1,942	1.7	4.6	31.5	–23.7%
Nigeria	Canada	G	FI	1,157	766	210	–	128	46	384	1,539	62.1	62.1	12.0	33.0%
Nigeria	Cyprus	G	AR	8	181	–	–	22	13	35	154	0.0	..	37.1	1825.0%
Nigeria	Cyprus	G	FI	200	100	–	*	207	59	267	33	0.0	0.5	22.1	–83.5%
Nigeria	France	G	FI	–	462	50	30	388	–	468	–	10.7	17.1	0.0	..
Nigeria	France	G	RA	–	110	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Nigeria	Germany	G	NA	165	561	9	*	229	66	306	426	3.8	4.6	21.6	158.2%
Nigeria	Greece	G	FI	157	746	–	–	712	5	717	186	0.0	..	0.7	18.5%
Nigeria	Ireland	G	FI	134	1,009	5	–	989	79	1,073	119	0.5	0.5	7.4	–11.2%
Nigeria	Ireland	G	AR	1,015	999	57	–	804	57	918	1,096	6.6	6.6	6.2	8.0%
Nigeria	Israel	J	FI	452	418	–	–	194	66	260	610	0.0	..	25.4	35.0%
Nigeria	Israel	J	AR	54	132	–	–	*	*	*	182	0.0	..	25.0	237.0%
Nigeria	Italy	G	FI	–	5,673	41	366	2,738	253	3,398	–	1.3	12.9	7.4	..
Nigeria	Malta	G	FI	25	224	–	*	204	*	207	42	0.0	1.0	0.5	68.0%
Nigeria	Malta	G	AR	–	171	–	–	*	–	*	–	0.0	..	0.0	..
Nigeria	Morocco	U	FI	69	202	–	–	157	81	238	33	0.0	..	34.0	–52.2%
Nigeria	Norway	G	FI	64	436	–	*	147	104	252	264	0.0	0.7	41.3	312.5%
Nigeria	Norway	G	AR	20	128	–	11	31	*	44	101	0.0	26.2	4.5	405.0%
Nigeria	Spain	G	FI	–	808	–	*	98	692	794	–	0.0	3.9	87.2	..
Nigeria	Sweden	G	FI	105	176	*	15	95	29	140	113	0.9	14.4	20.7	7.6%

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Nigeria	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	87	988	*	13	58	606	679	442	2.7	20.5	89.2	408.0%
Nigeria	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	1,070	5	50	700	210	970	–	0.7	7.3	21.6	..
Nigeria	United States	G	EO	130	106	14	–	22	45	81	148	38.9	38.9	55.6	13.8%
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Cyprus	G	FI	1,174	391	11	17	11	220	259	1,306	28.2	71.8	84.9	11.2%
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Italy	G	FI	–	142	14	7	79	11	111	–	14.0	21.0	9.9	..
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	FI	11	943	544	344	*	–	891	63	61.1	99.7	0.0	472.7%
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	257	124	–	–	–	119	119	262	..	..	100.0	1.9%
Occupied Palestinian Territory	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	315	15	15	115	135	285	–	10.3	20.7	47.4	..
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Yemen	U	FA	166	127	77	–	–	–	77	216	100.0	100.0	0.0	30.1%
Pakistan	Australia	G	FI	45	220	133	–	67	*	201	64	66.5	66.5	0.5	42.2%
Pakistan	Austria	G	FA	477	106	12	6	53	70	141	427	16.9	25.4	49.6	–10.5%
Pakistan	Belgium	G	FI	–	150	9	–	81	*	92	–	10.0	10.0	2.2	..
Pakistan	Canada	G	FI	663	403	161	–	114	48	323	743	58.5	58.5	14.9	12.1%
Pakistan	Cyprus	G	FI	471	221	–	–	350	193	543	149	0.0	..	35.5	–68.4%
Pakistan	Cyprus	G	AR	194	178	–	–	301	20	321	51	0.0	..	6.2	–73.7%
Pakistan	France	G	FI	–	325	45	5	348	–	398	–	11.3	12.6	0.0	..
Pakistan	Germany	G	NA	135	320	12	–	139	44	195	264	7.9	7.9	22.6	95.6%
Pakistan	Greece	G	FI	1,918	6,914	–	–	8,808	7	8,815	17	0.0	..	0.1	–99.1%
Pakistan	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	423	137	11	–	252	153	416	144	4.2	4.2	36.8	–66.0%
Pakistan	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	AR	98	114	–	–	145	17	162	50	0.0	..	10.5	–49.0%
Pakistan	Hungary	G	FI	19	246	*	*	42	179	223	42	2.3	4.5	80.3	121.1%
Pakistan	Ireland	G	FI	97	237	15	–	145	27	187	111	9.4	9.4	14.4	14.4%
Pakistan	Ireland	G	AR	130	131	17	–	50	8	75	186	25.4	25.4	10.7	43.1%
Pakistan	Italy	G	FI	–	1,143	43	111	500	52	706	–	6.6	23.5	7.4	..
Pakistan	Romania	G	FA	*	254	*	–	228	*	231	25	0.9	0.9	0.4	1150.0%
Pakistan	Slovakia	G	FI	31	109	*	*	66	43	111	–	1.5	2.9	38.7	–100.0%
Pakistan	South Africa	G	FI	–	4,883	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Pakistan	Sri Lanka	U	FA	175	354	56	–	38	51	145	384	59.6	59.6	35.2	119.4%
Pakistan	Ukraine	G	FI	11	579	–	–	10	578	588	12	0.0	..	98.3	9.1%
Pakistan	Ukraine	G	AR	149	127	–	–	221	*	222	54	0.0	..	0.5	–63.8%
Pakistan	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	2,075	145	55	1,230	265	1,695	–	10.1	14.0	15.6	..
Pakistan	United States	G	IN	153	253	118	–	129	60	307	118	47.8	47.8	19.5	–22.9%
Pakistan	United States	G	EO	333	238	70	–	32	83	185	401	68.6	68.6	44.9	20.4%
Peru	Canada	G	FI	233	194	41	–	36	17	94	333	53.2	53.2	18.1	42.9%
Peru	Ecuador	G	FA	2,191	2,109	–	17	2,360	70	2,447	1,853	0.0	0.7	2.9	–15.4%
Peru	France	G	FI	–	114	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Philippines	Canada	G	FI	149	153	11	–	46	14	71	231	19.3	19.3	19.7	55.0%
Philippines	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	47	133	–	–	86	15	101	79	0.0	..	14.9	68.1%
Rep. of Korea	Australia	G	FI	20	136	*	–	116	–	119	31	2.5	2.5	0.0	55.0%
Rep. of Korea	Canada	G	FI	322	181	7	–	58	43	108	395	10.8	10.8	39.8	22.7%
Rep. of Moldova	Austria	G	FA	431	225	9	7	182	166	364	357	4.5	8.1	45.6	–17.2%

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		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Con- vention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Rep. of Moldova	France	G	FI	–	173	9	11	175	–	195	–	4.6	10.3	0.0	..
Rep. of Moldova	Greece	G	FI	32	113	–	–	103	*	106	39	0.0	..	2.8	21.9%
Rep. of Moldova	Ireland	G	FI	49	141	–	–	99	54	153	39	0.0	..	35.3	–20.4%
Rep. of Moldova	Slovakia	G	FI	7	113	–	–	45	70	115	–	0.0	..	60.9	–100.0%
Rep. of Moldova	United States	G	IN	45	183	41	–	94	34	169	64	30.4	30.4	20.1	42.2%
Russian Fed.	Austria	G	FA	5,561	3,435	1,557	433	1,682	332	4,004	5,312	42.4	54.2	8.3	–4.5%
Russian Fed.	Azerbaijan	U	FI	–	138	138	–	–	–	138	–	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Russian Fed.	Belgium	G	FI	–	1,620	582	–	1,331	117	2,030	–	30.4	30.4	5.8	..
Russian Fed.	Canada	G	FI	310	192	61	–	29	26	116	386	67.8	67.8	22.4	24.5%
Russian Fed.	Denmark	G	FI	31	183	12	95	31	–	138	23	8.7	77.5	0.0	–25.8%
Russian Fed.	Finland	G	FI	78	208	39	7	45	85	176	98	42.9	50.5	48.3	25.6%
Russian Fed.	France	G	FI	–	3,595	1,163	76	2,074	–	3,313	–	35.1	37.4	0.0	..
Russian Fed.	France	G	RA	–	223	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Russian Fed.	Germany	G	NA	346	792	104	6	250	251	611	559	28.9	30.6	41.1	61.6%
Russian Fed.	Germany	G	RA	104	208	46	15	*	113	176	144	73.0	96.8	64.2	38.5%
Russian Fed.	Greece	G	FI	18	125	–	–	107	*	108	35	0.0	..	0.9	94.4%
Russian Fed.	Lithuania	G	FI	15	137	6	45	8	21	80	72	10.2	86.4	26.3	380.0%
Russian Fed.	Norway	G	FI	301	1,078	16	121	829	220	1,186	249	1.7	14.2	18.5	–17.3%
Russian Fed.	Norway	G	AR	258	958	5	99	329	*	435	772	1.2	24.0	0.5	199.2%
Russian Fed.	Poland	G	FI	4,139	6,647	129	2,543	1,120	5,309	9,101	3,176	3.4	70.5	58.3	–23.3%
Russian Fed.	Poland	G	AR	–	323	*	6	103	130	241	848	1.8	7.2	53.9	..
Russian Fed.	Slovakia	G	FI	18	100	–	–	34	84	118	–	0.0	..	71.2	–100.0%
Russian Fed.	Sweden	G	FI	487	933	16	104	504	142	766	407	2.6	19.2	18.5	–16.4%
Russian Fed.	Sweden	G	AR	161	497	5	9	381	71	466	236	1.3	3.5	15.2	46.6%
Russian Fed.	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	121	208	27	93	68	142	330	106	14.4	63.8	43.0	–12.4%
Russian Fed.	United States	G	IN	384	585	304	–	322	180	806	204	48.6	48.6	22.3	–46.9%
Rwanda	Belgium	G	FI	–	273	142	–	136	*	281	–	51.1	51.1	1.1	..
Rwanda	Cameroon	U	FA	202	129	23	–	202	29	254	77	10.2	10.2	11.4	–61.9%
Rwanda	Canada	G	FI	361	279	151	–	36	*	190	450	80.7	80.7	1.6	24.7%
Rwanda	France	G	FI	–	347	182	*	108	–	291	–	62.5	62.9	0.0	..
Rwanda	Kenya	U	FI	28	174	25	–	61	82	168	34	29.1	29.1	48.8	21.4%
Rwanda	Malawi	G	FA	2,802	199	71	–	231	121	423	2,578	23.5	23.5	28.6	–8.0%
Rwanda	South Africa	G	FI	–	496	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Saint Lucia	Canada	G	FI	179	252	29	–	50	16	95	336	36.7	36.7	16.8	87.7%
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Canada	G	FI	504	498	93	–	117	48	258	744	44.3	44.3	18.6	47.6%
Senegal	Argentina	G	FI	19	329	–	–	348	–	348	–	0.0	..	0.0	–100.0%
Senegal	France	G	FI	–	296	32	34	171	–	237	–	13.5	27.8	0.0	..
Senegal	Greece	G	FI	63	386	–	–	431	–	431	18	0.0	..	0.0	–71.4%
Senegal	Italy	G	FI	–	131	8	21	63	*	95	–	8.7	31.5	3.2	..
Senegal	South Africa	G	FI	–	472	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Serbia	Austria	G	FA	5,331	1,702	148	183	1,486	625	2,442	4,687	8.1	18.2	25.6	–12.1%
Serbia	Belgium	G	FI	–	1,050	387	–	675	120	1,182	–	36.4	36.4	10.2	..
Serbia	Canada	G	FI	122	102	5	–	11	19	35	189	31.3	31.3	54.3	54.9%
Serbia	Denmark	G	FI	19	118	*	–	59	–	61	8	3.3	3.3	0.0	–57.9%
Serbia	Finland	G	FI	77	170	–	24	25	59	108	86	0.0	49.0	54.6	11.7%
Serbia	France	G	FI	–	3,140	590	94	1,889	–	2,573	–	22.9	26.6	0.0	..
Serbia	France	G	RA	–	318	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Serbia ⁷	Germany ⁷	G	NA	573	1,608	5	16	672	429	1,122	1,057	0.7	3.0	38.2	84.5%
Serbia ⁷	Germany ⁷	G	RA	292	789	*	15	26	550	595	497	8.9	42.2	92.4	70.2%
Serbia	Hungary	G	FI	500	1,593	–	15	119	877	1,011	1,082	0.0	11.2	86.7	116.4%

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2008 was 100 or more. Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.*

Origin	Country/territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv-ent ion status	Comple m. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Serbia	Italy	G	FI	–	282	13	28	40	128	209	–	16.0	50.6	61.2	..
Serbia	Luxembourg	G	FI	–	219	12	121	97	50	280	–	5.2	57.8	17.9	..
Serbia	Norway	G	AR	159	729	–	–	292	*	294	475	0.0	..	0.7	198.7%
Serbia	Norway	G	FI	260	675	34	20	724	130	908	66	4.4	6.9	14.3	–74.6%
Serbia	Sweden	G	FI	1,778	1,989	54	212	1,646	304	2,216	1,013	2.8	13.9	13.7	–43.0%
Serbia	Sweden	G	AR	443	1,764	15	71	1,126	144	1,356	871	1.2	7.1	10.6	96.6%
Serbia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	367	1,301	37	395	589	371	1,392	773	3.6	42.3	26.7	110.6%
Serbia ⁷	United States ⁷	G	IN	86	201	63	–	136	46	245	50	31.7	31.7	18.8	–41.9%
Sierra Leone	France	G	FI	–	146	22	9	130	–	161	–	13.7	19.3	0.0	..
Sierra Leone	Germany	G	NA	65	114	6	*	33	9	52	126	14.0	23.3	17.3	93.8%
Sierra Leone	Guinea	G	FA	1,753	167	–	–	–	1,777	1,777	143	..	..	100.0	–91.8%
Sierra Leone	Netherlands	G	FI	–	129	*	78	114	–	193	–	0.5	40.9	0.0	..
Slovakia	Belgium	G	FI	–	239	–	–	434	*	437	–	0.0	..	0.7	..
Somalia	Austria	G	FA	318	411	118	37	48	125	328	417	58.1	76.4	38.1	31.1%
Somalia	Belgium	G	FI	–	163	25	52	55	14	146	–	18.9	58.3	9.6	..
Somalia	Canada	G	FI	331	505	147	–	8	45	200	636	94.8	94.8	22.5	92.1%
Somalia	Egypt	U	FI	132	450	389	–	15	100	504	78	96.3	96.3	19.8	–40.9%
Somalia	Ethiopia	J	FI	13	14,727	8,883	–	2,416	2,731	14,030	710	78.6	78.6	19.5	5361.5%
Somalia	Finland	G	FI	53	1,176	–	149	*	170	323	914	0.0	97.4	52.6	1624.5%
Somalia	Germany	G	NA	69	165	68	28	13	16	125	110	62.4	88.1	12.8	59.4%
Somalia	Greece	G	FI	206	149	–	–	79	–	79	276	0.0	..	0.0	34.0%
Somalia	Hungary	G	FI	63	185	104	*	*	11	117	131	98.1	99.1	9.4	107.9%
Somalia	India	U	FI	361	139	275	–	27	29	331	169	91.1	91.1	8.8	–53.2%
Somalia	Ireland	G	FI	68	141	23	–	42	11	76	124	35.4	35.4	14.5	82.4%
Somalia	Italy	G	FI	–	4,864	342	3,210	153	13	3,718	–	9.2	95.9	0.3	..
Somalia	Jordan	U	FI	221	143	87	49	*	13	150	214	63.5	99.3	8.7	–3.2%
Somalia	Kenya	U	FI	701	739	553	–	–	240	793	647	100.0	100.0	30.3	–7.7%
Somalia	Malaysia	U	FI	172	472	278	–	*	83	362	282	99.6	99.6	22.9	64.0%
Somalia	Malta	G	FI	262	1,081	*	1,117	22	5	1,147	196	0.3	98.1	0.4	–25.2%
Somalia	Mozambique	G	FI	85	340	*	–	–	*	6	419	100.0	100.0	33.3	392.9%
Somalia	Netherlands	G	FI	–	3,842	35	1,451	817	–	2,303	–	1.5	64.5	0.0	..
Somalia	Norway	G	FI	244	1,293	141	168	58	225	592	957	38.4	84.2	38.0	292.2%
Somalia	Norway	G	AR	182	218	8	47	122	–	177	223	4.5	31.1	0.0	22.5%
Somalia	Pakistan	U	FA	209	223	158	–	–	17	175	257	100.0	100.0	9.7	23.0%
Somalia	South Africa	G	FI	–	8,520	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Somalia	Spain	G	FI	–	195	–	8	14	19	41	–	0.0	36.4	46.3	..
Somalia	Sudan	G	FI	276	247	25	312	–	94	431	92	7.4	100.0	21.8	–66.7%
Somalia	Sweden	G	FI	1,935	3,361	355	1,178	663	171	2,367	2,388	16.2	69.8	7.2	23.4%
Somalia	Sweden	G	AR	8	539	6	6	109	27	148	488	5.0	9.9	18.2	6000.0%
Somalia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	274	2,014	18	305	284	109	716	1,896	3.0	53.2	15.2	592.0%
Somalia	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	2,910	205	964	–	24	1,349	2,337	778	97.6	97.6	57.7	–73.3%
Somalia	Thailand	U	FI	51	110	112	–	*	18	131	30	99.1	99.1	13.7	–41.2%
Somalia	Turkey	U	FI	707	647	323	–	30	573	926	428	91.5	91.5	61.9	–39.5%
Somalia	Turkey	U	AR	132	124	57	–	11	157	225	31	83.8	83.8	69.8	–76.5%
Somalia	Uganda	G	FI	1,055	2,499	1,330	–	70	–	1,400	2,154	95.0	95.0	0.0	104.2%
Somalia	Ukraine	G	FI	44	177	–	–	68	100	168	71	0.0	..	59.5	61.4%
Somalia	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	1,575	635	75	540	135	1,385	–	50.8	56.8	9.7	..
Somalia	United States	G	EO	131	168	24	–	23	52	99	91	51.1	51.1	52.5	–30.5%
Somalia	United States	G	IN	166	131	111	–	27	37	175	132	80.4	80.4	21.1	–20.5%
South Africa	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	200	5	5	100	40	155	–	4.5	9.1	25.8	..
Sri Lanka	Australia	G	FI	121	422	309	–	61	5	375	168	83.5	83.5	1.3	38.8%
Sri Lanka	Belgium	G	FI	–	148	89	–	80	5	174	–	52.7	52.7	2.9	..
Sri Lanka	Canada	G	FI	1,073	1,008	988	–	27	41	1,056	1,025	97.3	97.3	3.9	–4.5%

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2008 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Con- vention status	Comple- ment. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Sri Lanka	Cyprus	G	AR	194	454	–	–	291	44	335	313	0.0	..	13.1	61.3%
Sri Lanka	Cyprus	G	FI	824	408	–	*	610	380	991	241	0.0	0.2	38.3	–70.8%
Sri Lanka	France	G	FI	–	2,322	1,209	498	2,666	–	4,373	–	27.6	39.0	0.0	..
Sri Lanka	France	G	RA	–	986	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Sri Lanka	Germany	G	NA	275	468	92	88	106	70	356	390	32.2	62.9	19.7	41.8%
Sri Lanka	Greece	G	FI	50	123	–	–	136	*	139	34	0.0	..	2.2	–32.0%
Sri Lanka	Italy	G	FI	–	190	12	67	63	12	154	–	8.5	55.6	7.8	..
Sri Lanka	Malaysia	U	FI	1,047	1,172	957	–	22	283	1,262	957	97.8	97.8	22.4	–8.6%
Sri Lanka	Netherlands	G	FI	–	216	13	41	129	–	183	–	7.1	29.5	0.0	..
Sri Lanka	Norway	G	FI	112	342	5	42	95	30	172	297	3.5	33.1	17.4	165.2%
Sri Lanka	Norway	G	AR	52	217	–	–	74	–	74	195	0.0	..	0.0	275.0%
Sri Lanka	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	508	1,262	170	354	243	107	874	1,283	22.2	68.3	12.2	152.6%
Sri Lanka	Thailand	U	FI	235	236	215	–	91	29	335	136	70.3	70.3	8.7	–42.1%
Sri Lanka	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	1,865	165	65	805	130	1,165	–	15.9	22.2	11.2	..
Sri Lanka	United States	G	IN	69	215	30	–	143	14	187	99	17.3	17.3	7.5	43.5%
Sri Lanka	United States	G	EO	168	129	58	–	19	26	103	280	75.3	75.3	25.2	66.7%
Sudan	Central African Rep.	G	FI	408	302	18	–	–	551	569	141	100.0	100.0	96.8	–65.4%
Sudan	Egypt	U	FI	13,034	782	152	–	97	562	811	13,005	61.0	61.0	69.3	–0.2%
Sudan	Ethiopia	J	FI	14	147	139	–	–	12	151	10	100.0	100.0	7.9	–28.6%
Sudan	France	G	FI	–	399	185	9	219	–	413	–	44.8	47.0	0.0	..
Sudan	Greece	G	FI	–	126	–	–	104	–	104	22	0.0	..	0.0	..
Sudan	Ireland	G	FI	84	126	35	–	98	44	177	54	26.3	26.3	24.9	–35.7%
Sudan	Ireland	G	AR	99	106	6	–	62	24	92	113	8.8	8.8	26.1	14.1%
Sudan	Israel	J	FI	1,888	2,142	–	3,767	–	261	4,028	*	0.0	100.0	6.5	–99.9%
Sudan	Italy	G	FI	–	493	121	146	126	29	422	–	30.8	67.9	6.9	..
Sudan	Kenya	U	FI	821	620	98	–	269	879	1,246	195	26.7	26.7	70.5	–76.2%
Sudan	Kenya	U	AR	134	213	65	–	38	–	103	244	63.1	63.1	0.0	82.1%
Sudan	Lebanon	U	FI	149	125	12	*	128	12	153	121	8.5	9.2	7.8	–18.8%
Sudan	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	FI	646	1,188	195	–	64	13	272	1,562	75.3	75.3	4.8	141.8%
Sudan	Norway	G	FI	49	118	28	*	10	10	52	111	66.7	76.2	19.2	126.5%
Sudan	Spain	G	FI	–	123	*	–	129	56	188	–	2.3	2.3	29.8	..
Sudan	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	754	190	121	–	48	479	648	296	71.6	71.6	73.9	–60.7%
Sudan	Turkey	U	FI	73	156	38	–	24	35	97	132	61.3	61.3	36.1	80.8%
Sudan	Uganda	G	FI	47	550	176	–	22	–	198	399	88.9	88.9	0.0	748.9%
Sudan	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	290	50	10	115	80	250	–	28.6	34.3	32.0	..
Sudan	United States	G	IN	67	132	92	–	63	9	164	37	59.4	59.4	5.5	–44.8%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Austria	G	FA	326	140	68	6	25	12	111	357	68.7	74.7	10.8	9.5%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Belgium	G	FI	–	281	82	–	157	7	246	–	34.3	34.3	2.8	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Cyprus	G	FI	1,836	963	–	*	1,042	1,005	2,048	751	0.0	0.1	49.1	–59.1%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Cyprus	G	AR	426	946	–	*	1,012	97	1,113	259	0.0	0.4	8.7	–39.2%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Denmark	G	FI	38	105	43	13	6	–	62	30	69.4	90.3	0.0	–21.1%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Germany	G	NA	279	775	68	6	280	122	476	587	19.2	20.9	25.6	110.4%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Germany	G	RA	100	165	38	*	5	95	141	148	82.6	89.1	67.4	48.0%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Greece	G	FI	392	808	–	–	1,072	*	1,073	127	0.0	..	0.1	–67.6%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Jordan	U	FI	60	139	21	–	5	62	88	111	80.8	80.8	70.5	85.0%

Table 12. Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum, 2008

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2008 was 100 or more. Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.*

Origin	Country/territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv-ent. status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Syrian Arab Rep.	Norway	G	FI	42	115	5	9	35	26	75	88	10.2	28.6	34.7	109.5%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Sweden	G	FI	381	551	36	27	411	45	519	339	7.6	13.3	8.7	-11.0%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Sweden	G	AR	163	451	13	21	309	20	363	278	3.8	9.9	5.5	70.6%
Syrian Arab Rep.	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	299	388	57	180	171	51	459	466	14.0	58.1	11.1	55.9%
Syrian Arab Rep.	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	-	180	20	10	85	20	135	-	17.4	26.1	14.8	..
Thailand	Canada	G	FI	142	129	5	-	36	53	94	177	12.2	12.2	56.4	24.6%
TFYR Macedonia	Austria	G	FA	793	205	11	11	229	74	325	713	4.4	8.8	22.8	-10.1%
TFYR Macedonia	Belgium	G	FI	-	122	*	-	61	19	82	-	3.2	3.2	23.2	..
Togo	Belgium	G	FI	-	171	26	-	114	7	147	-	18.6	18.6	4.8	..
Togo	Benin	G	FI	-	179	22	-	95	-	117	62	18.8	18.8	0.0	..
Togo	Benin	G	AR	26	118	*	-	141	-	143	*	1.4	1.4	0.0	-96.2%
Togo	France	G	FI	-	149	49	*	120	-	170	-	28.8	29.4	0.0	..
Togo	Italy	G	FI	-	576	37	114	359	5	515	-	7.3	29.6	1.0	..
Togo	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	55	103	53	6	48	11	118	55	49.5	55.1	9.3	0.0%
Trinidad and Tobago	Canada	G	FI	146	136	27	-	23	12	62	220	54.0	54.0	19.4	50.7%
Tunisia	Italy	G	FI	-	278	*	-	56	10	67	-	1.8	1.8	14.9	..
Turkey	Austria	G	FA	3,054	417	246	24	508	251	1,029	2,425	31.6	34.7	24.4	-20.6%
Turkey	Belgium	G	FI	-	284	40	-	144	17	201	-	21.7	21.7	8.5	..
Turkey	Canada	G	FI	327	232	82	-	32	22	136	423	71.9	71.9	16.2	29.4%
Turkey	Czech Rep.	G	FI	62	253	-	-	222	89	311	*	0.0	..	28.6	-93.5%
Turkey	Czech Rep.	G	AR	140	172	6	-	50	152	208	104	10.7	10.7	73.1	-25.7%
Turkey	France	G	FI	-	2,198	683	21	2,455	-	3,159	-	21.6	22.3	0.0	..
Turkey	France	G	RA	-	747	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Turkey	Germany	G	NA	583	1,408	75	6	637	222	940	1,077	10.4	11.3	23.6	84.7%
Turkey	Germany	G	RA	252	494	42	7	22	372	443	307	59.2	69.0	84.0	21.8%
Turkey	Israel	J	FI	184	142	-	-	51	42	93	233	0.0	..	45.2	26.6%
Turkey	Italy	G	FI	-	501	58	116	177	41	392	-	16.5	49.6	10.5	..
Turkey	Japan	G	FI	93	156	-	-	119	13	132	117	0.0	..	9.8	25.8%
Turkey	Sweden	G	FI	226	254	5	23	218	50	296	138	2.0	11.4	16.9	-38.9%
Turkey	Sweden	G	AR	157	222	*	18	233	35	288	119	0.8	7.9	12.2	-24.2%
Turkey	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	355	519	302	192	189	119	802	440	44.2	72.3	14.8	23.9%
Turkey	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	-	230	15	10	150	70	250	-	8.6	14.3	28.0	..
Uganda	South Africa	G	FI	-	2,398	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Uganda	United Kingdom	G	FI	-	160	10	10	95	20	140	-	8.7	17.4	14.3	..
Ukraine	Austria	G	FA	684	139	33	25	204	81	343	515	12.6	22.1	23.6	-24.7%
Ukraine	Canada	G	FI	332	187	58	-	32	28	118	401	64.4	64.4	23.7	20.8%
Ukraine	Czech Rep.	G	FI	76	323	17	*	190	154	364	35	8.1	9.5	42.3	-53.9%
Ukraine	Czech Rep.	G	AR	236	172	*	-	187	37	227	181	1.6	1.6	16.3	-23.3%
Ukraine	United States	G	IN	116	138	59	-	95	42	196	77	38.3	38.3	21.4	-33.6%
United Rep. of Tanzania	South Africa	G	FI	-	4,030	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
United States	Canada	G	FI	1,090	969	6	-	205	113	324	1,735	2.8	2.8	34.9	59.2%
Uzbekistan	Kyrgyzstan	G	FI	129	160	-	-	-	167	167	122	..	..	100.0	-5.4%
Uzbekistan	Kyrgyzstan	U	FA	42	198	173	-	-	17	190	50	100.0	100.0	8.9	19.0%
Uzbekistan	Norway	G	FI	15	148	-	*	97	10	110	43	0.0	3.0	9.1	186.7%
Uzbekistan	Norway	G	AR	70	107	6	27	28	-	61	112	9.8	54.1	0.0	60.0%
Uzbekistan	Sweden	G	FI	416	741	6	26	535	70	637	452	1.1	5.6	11.0	8.7%
Uzbekistan	Sweden	G	AR	256	546	6	19	419	38	482	337	1.4	5.6	7.9	31.6%

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-2008	Applied during 2008	Decisions during 2008					Pending end-2008	Protection indicators ¹			
		T ²	L ³			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
						Conv- ention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Uzbekistan	United States	G	IN	96	163	78	–	116	16	210	55	40.2	40.2	7.6	–42.7%
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	Canada	G	FI	178	170	31	–	8	15	54	294	79.5	79.5	27.8	65.2%
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	United States	G	IN	264	586	348	–	307	36	691	165	53.1	53.1	5.2	–37.5%
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	United States	G	EO	1,309	123	260	–	315	287	862	1,014	45.2	45.2	33.3	–22.5%
Viet Nam	Cambodia	U	AR	42	263	–	–	278	12	290	15	0.0	..	4.1	–64.3%
Viet Nam	Cambodia	U	FI	190	226	41	–	272	64	377	39	13.1	13.1	17.0	–79.5%
Viet Nam	Czech Rep.	G	FI	13	109	–	–	64	40	104	18	0.0	..	38.5	38.5%
Viet Nam	Germany	G	NA	172	1,042	*	–	821	81	906	299	0.5	0.5	8.9	73.8%
Viet Nam	Germany	G	RA	34	239	–	–	20	178	198	75	0.0	..	89.9	120.6%
Viet Nam	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	235	–	15	55	125	195	–	0.0	21.4	64.1	..
Yemen	Sweden	G	FI	33	132	11	*	63	13	89	72	14.5	17.1	14.6	118.2%
Zambia	South Africa	G	FI	–	947	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Zimbabwe	Australia	G	FI	23	215	124	–	49	*	175	63	71.7	71.7	1.1	173.9%
Zimbabwe	Botswana	G	FI	–	786	731	–	–	–	731	55	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Zimbabwe	Canada	G	FI	476	387	188	–	60	14	262	601	75.8	75.8	5.3	26.3%
Zimbabwe	Ireland	G	FI	29	114	5	–	100	10	115	37	4.8	4.8	8.7	27.6%
Zimbabwe	South Africa	G	FI	–	111,968	–	–	–	–	–	–	..	..	..	..
Zimbabwe	United Kingdom ⁶	G	FI	–	4,475	795	150	2,800	85	3,835	–	21.2	25.2	2.2	..
Zimbabwe	United States	G	IN	88	235	136	–	93	18	247	79	59.4	59.4	7.3	–10.2%
Stateless	Austria	G	FA	378	134	55	29	67	43	194	340	36.4	55.6	22.2	–10.1%
Stateless	France	G	FI	–	161	65	–	152	–	217	–	30.0	30.0	0.0	..
Stateless	Norway	G	FI	224	940	154	258	141	118	671	508	27.8	74.5	17.6	126.8%
Stateless	Norway	G	AR	86	172	–	10	181	–	191	65	0.0	5.2	0.0	–24.4%
Stateless	Sweden	G	FI	1,007	1,051	137	308	562	136	1,143	716	13.6	44.2	11.9	–28.9%
Stateless	Sweden	G	AR	235	559	6	29	409	64	508	314	1.4	7.9	12.6	33.6%
Stateless	United States	G	IN	84	121	61	–	80	12	153	55	43.3	43.3	7.8	–34.5%

Notes

A dash ("–") indicates that the value is zero or not available.

1 Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):

Refugee status recognition rate: Recognized divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.

Total recognition rate: Recognized plus Other positive divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.

Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.

Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December 2008 minus Cases pending as at 1 January 2008 divided by Cases pending as at 1 January 2008 * 100%.

2 T=Type: G=Government; U=UNHCR; J=Government and UNHCR jointly.

3 L=Level: NA=New Applications; FI=First instance decisions; AR=Administrative Review decisions; RA=Repeat/reopened applications; IN=US Immigration and Naturalization Service; EO=US Executive Office of Immigration Review; JR=Judicial Review; SP=Subsidiary protection; BL=backlog procedure; FA=First instance and appeal.

4 Denmark (first instance): figures exclude Iraqi interpreters who worked for the Danish Forces in Iraq.

5 Switzerland (first instance): complementary protection refers to the year when it enters into force even though it might have been granted earlier.

6 UK figures are rounded to the closest five at the request of the Government.

7 In Germany and the United States, the data may include individuals from Montenegro in the absence of separate statistics available for Serbia and for Montenegro.

Table 13. Demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (below 10-20%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population of concern in the country.
 Important note: The population for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total pop. of concern in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Population for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Population of concern to UNHCR end-2008	Coverage*		
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only	
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total				
Afghanistan	515,654	17%	27%	16%	60%	38%	3%	49%	49%	47%	48%	49%	32%	49%	49%	515,659	54%	100%	
Albania	87	11%	8%	15%	34%	59%	7%	50%	29%	38%	40%	35%	67%	..	39%	87	100%	100%	
Algeria ¹	986	9%	3%	1%	12%	88%	0%	43%	42%	60%	44%	23%	..	..	26%	94,991	1%	1%
Angola	28,665	13%	15%	30%	58%	41%	1%	59%	55%	58%	57%	44%	60%	47%	51%	28,947	81%	99%	
Argentina	2,845	34%	34%	3,576	0%	80%
Armenia	4,124	1%	2%	3%	6%	72%	22%	41%	49%	50%	47%	49%	66%	..	52%	4,125	100%	100%	
Australia	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23,078	0%	0%
Austria	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74,714	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	4,647	13%	19%	11%	42%	56%	2%	50%	44%	52%	48%	46%	60%	51%	49%	607,903	0%	1%	
Bahrain	97	9%	15%	2%	27%	69%	4%	44%	40%	50%	42%	39%	25%	..	39%	97	100%	100%	
Bangladesh	28,392	19%	25%	14%	58%	40%	2%	50%	50%	51%	50%	54%	50%	..	52%	28,392	100%	100%	
Belarus	3,072	4%	12%	12%	28%	67%	5%	33%	53%	53%	50%	34%	67%	35%	36%	10,901	6%	28%	
Belgium	17,574	43%	43%	31,837	0%	55%
Belize	284	1%	0%	4%	4%	69%	26%	0%	..	40%	33%	32%	31%	..	32%	284	100%	100%	
Benin	7,145	14%	14%	11%	39%	60%	1%	51%	46%	51%	49%	38%	57%	..	43%	7,145	100%	100%	
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	755	2%	5%	10%	17%	81%	2%	38%	39%	53%	47%	34%	44%	..	36%	755	100%	100%	
Bosnia- Herzegovina	194,443	2%	8%	8%	19%	62%	19%	49%	50%	50%	50%	51%	56%	51%	51%	194,448	68%	100%	
Botswana	3,201	12%	16%	11%	38%	60%	2%	50%	52%	51%	51%	28%	45%	..	37%	3,201	100%	100%	
Brazil	4,369	1%	7%	10%	19%	80%	2%	38%	53%	31%	40%	29%	27%	..	31%	4,369	100%	100%	
Bulgaria	746	3%	6%	7%	16%	83%	0%	15%	27%	23%	23%	21%	50%	..	21%	6,208	12%	12%	
Burkina Faso	1,161	5%	11%	10%	26%	73%	1%	59%	56%	53%	56%	30%	29%	..	37%	1,161	100%	100%	
Burundi	121,430	17%	24%	15%	56%	41%	3%	50%	50%	50%	50%	53%	47%	..	51%	221,751	55%	55%	
Cambodia	225	8%	16%	16%	40%	58%	1%	35%	35%	57%	44%	47%	0%	..	45%	225	100%	100%	
Cameroon	83,268	18%	25%	12%	55%	42%	2%	49%	49%	53%	50%	52%	38%	..	51%	83,268	100%	100%	
Canada	54,182	8%	10%	6%	24%	73%	3%	49%	50%	48%	49%	43%	63%	..	45%	227,853	24%	24%	
Central African Rep.	205,892	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	54%	44%	53%	49%	..	48%	205,901	100%	100%	
Chad	469,403	19%	30%	15%	64%	33%	3%	50%	51%	52%	51%	65%	57%	..	56%	539,312	87%	87%	
Chile	1,613	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41%	41%	2,503	0%	64%
China	96	14%	11%	9%	34%	63%	3%	77%	27%	56%	55%	23%	33%	..	34%	300,991	0%	0%	
- Hong Kong SAR, China	1,215	4%	2%	1%	6%	93%	0%	53%	52%	14%	49%	28%	75%	..	30%	1,215	100%	100%	
Colombia	3,000,277	4%	17%	15%	36%	60%	5%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%	..	48%	3,000,294	100%	100%	
Comoros	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Congo, Rep. of	28,084	8%	17%	21%	45%	51%	4%	51%	50%	48%	49%	46%	47%	..	48%	28,139	100%	100%	
Costa Rica	18,599	5%	10%	10%	25%	71%	4%	41%	43%	43%	43%	43%	24%	..	42%	18,599	100%	100%	
Côte d'Ivoire	734,186	15%	21%	11%	47%	51%	2%	50%	49%	53%	50%	56%	52%	52%	52%	734,205	3%	100%	
Croatia	33,783	1%	3%	7%	12%	59%	29%	44%	48%	45%	46%	51%	59%	53%	53%	33,943	17%	100%	
Cuba	535	0%	0%	4%	5%	95%	0%	100%	0%	0%	8%	2%	..	..	2%	535	100%	100%
Cyprus	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,479	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,558	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	161,169	16%	17%	16%	49%	43%	7%	51%	49%	49%	50%	53%	67%	..	52%	1,669,323	10%	10%	
Denmark	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,615	0%	0%
Djibouti	9,230	15%	20%	11%	46%	52%	2%	48%	48%	49%	48%	53%	46%	..	51%	9,656	96%	96%	
Ecuador	64,590	5%	12%	9%	25%	72%	3%	47%	49%	47%	48%	41%	37%	..	43%	135,317	48%	48%	
Egypt	112,605	15%	17%	17%	49%	49%	2%	48%	57%	36%	47%	43%	58%	..	46%	112,605	100%	100%	
El Salvador	32	0%	3%	0%	3%	84%	13%	..	0%	..	0%	33%	25%	..	31%	32	100%	100%	
Equatorial Guinea	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0%	0%
Eritrea	4,992	28%	17%	10%	54%	44%	1%	47%	52%	40%	47%	38%	45%	..	43%	5,084	98%	98%	
Estonia	29	0%	7%	0%	7%	93%	0%	..	100%	..	100%	4%	..	..	10%	110,344	0%	0%
Ethiopia	85,250	17%	21%	15%	53%	45%	2%	49%	49%	48%	49%	46%	50%	..	47%	85,417	100%	100%	
Fiji	6	0%	33%	0%	33%	67%	0%	..	50%	..	50%	25%	33%	6	100%	100%	

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		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only	
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total				
Finland	1,397	43%	43%	10,756	0%	13%
France	139,212	41%	41%	203,708	0%	68%
Gabon	13,307	6%	17%	12%	35%	63%	3%	49%	50%	53%	51%	39%	40%	..	43%	13,307	100%	100%	
Gambia	14,836	15%	20%	27%	62%	31%	7%	50%	52%	61%	56%	52%	50%	..	54%	14,836	100%	100%	
Georgia	201,378	4%	10%	9%	23%	59%	18%	48%	48%	50%	49%	56%	62%	..	55%	435,229	46%	46%	
Germany	616,030	47%	47%	647,852	0%	95%
Ghana	18,696	9%	16%	11%	36%	62%	2%	46%	51%	51%	50%	44%	68%	..	47%	18,696	100%	100%	
Greece	-	40,483	0%	0%
Guatemala	135	0%	0%	0%	0%	88%	12%	..	..	..	..	49%	56%	..	50%	135	100%	100%
Guinea	22,119	8%	21%	17%	46%	52%	2%	49%	51%	49%	50%	49%	50%	..	50%	22,125	100%	100%	
Guinea-Bissau	8,211	18%	26%	23%	68%	28%	4%	48%	69%	52%	58%	34%	39%	..	50%	8,211	100%	100%	
Haiti	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Honduras	24	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	87%	..	..	..	..	100%	0%	0%	13%	24	96%	100%
Hungary	6,072	0%	20%	7%	27%	73%	0%	..	41%	21%	36%	18%	65%	..	23%	10,512	58%	58%	
Iceland	158	6%	12%	25%	43%	56%	1%	33%	47%	60%	53%	54%	100%	..	54%	213	74%	74%	
India	88,328	11%	10%	17%	38%	58%	4%	51%	47%	47%	48%	52%	53%	49%	49%	188,328	8%	47%	
Indonesia	725	6%	10%	9%	24%	75%	1%	50%	32%	29%	35%	17%	40%	..	22%	726	100%	100%	
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	981,815	0%	17%	20%	38%	58%	4%	48%	47%	48%	48%	44%	38%	..	45%	981,911	100%	100%	
Iraq	3,431,562	13%	17%	14%	45%	51%	5%	49%	49%	49%	49%	49%	52%	49%	49%	3,140,345	9%	100%	
Ireland	-	14,342	0%	0%
Israel	14,870	3%	2%	1%	7%	92%	1%	44%	43%	26%	40%	17%	11%	15%	19%	14,870	93%	100%	
Italy	-	47,783	0%	0%
Japan	5,749	41%	41%	5,880	0%	98%
Jordan	501,098	9%	13%	11%	33%	58%	9%	49%	48%	48%	48%	52%	59%	..	52%	501,099	100%	100%	
Kazakhstan	12,024	4%	15%	17%	36%	62%	3%	41%	46%	49%	47%	48%	59%	50%	49%	12,080	37%	100%	
Kenya	329,365	13%	20%	14%	47%	50%	3%	49%	48%	45%	47%	47%	48%	..	47%	1,180,088	28%	28%	
Kuwait	2,885	2%	5%	7%	14%	85%	1%	51%	45%	47%	47%	12%	41%	..	17%	132,886	2%	2%	
Kyrgyzstan	20,961	14%	20%	12%	46%	50%	4%	48%	51%	48%	50%	59%	46%	50%	53%	21,083	86%	99%	
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	-
Latvia	68	12%	12%	6%	29%	69%	1%	25%	63%	50%	45%	28%	0%	..	32%	365,485	0%	0%	
Lebanon	11,188	9%	9%	7%	25%	73%	2%	45%	48%	44%	46%	23%	47%	..	29%	50,943	22%	22%	
Lesotho	-	-
Liberia	19,797	6%	12%	13%	31%	66%	3%	46%	49%	46%	47%	48%	44%	56%	52%	21,066	49%	94%	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	11,547	5%	10%	12%	27%	69%	5%	47%	48%	49%	48%	38%	32%	..	40%	11,547	100%	100%	
Liechtenstein	-	103	0%	0%
Lithuania	351	18%	13%	10%	40%	59%	1%	46%	52%	53%	50%	38%	50%	..	42%	6,751	5%	5%	
Luxembourg	-	3,300	0%	0%
Madagascar	-	-
Malawi	10,716	9%	24%	15%	48%	51%	1%	51%	48%	49%	49%	43%	76%	..	46%	10,716	100%	100%	
Malaysia	45,998	10%	8%	10%	29%	70%	1%	48%	48%	40%	45%	30%	38%	..	34%	147,312	31%	31%	
Mali	11,494	13%	17%	18%	48%	49%	3%	65%	52%	30%	47%	32%	42%	..	39%	11,494	100%	100%	
Malta	-	5,562	0%	0%
Mauritania	34,138	21%	22%	11%	54%	42%	4%	51%	52%	54%	52%	51%	49%	52%	52%	34,139	24%	100%	
Mauritius	-	-
Mexico	1,073	2%	6%	16%	24%	70%	6%	84%	63%	39%	49%	33%	47%	..	38%	1,073	100%	100%	
Micronesia (Federated States of)	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Mongolia	11	9%	0%	0%	9%	91%	0%	0%	..	..	0%	40%	..	..	36%	369	3%	3%
Montenegro	24,742	3%	11%	12%	26%	57%	17%	46%	48%	47%	47%	53%	58%	..	53%	26,242	94%	94%	
Morocco	1,235	7%	7%	10%	24%	75%	1%	52%	49%	37%	45%	21%	36%	..	27%	1,235	100%	100%	
Mozambique	7,619	15%	21%	10%	47%	53%	1%	48%	50%	48%	49%	35%	62%	..	41%	7,619	100%	100%	
Myanmar	686,177	15%	23%	18%	56%	40%	4%	46%	48%	46%	47%	54%	48%	..	50%	790,861	87%	87%	

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		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only	
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total				
Namibia	8,140	14%	20%	15%	49%	49%	2%	50%	50%	50%	50%	40%	50%	56%	45%	8,142	100%	100%	
Nepal	125,873	8%	12%	12%	33%	60%	7%	49%	49%	50%	49%	49%	46%	50%	49%	925,873	11%	14%	
Netherlands	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91,934	0%	0%
New Zealand	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,868	0%	0%
Nicaragua	147	0%	0%	4%	4%	88%	8%	..	..	33%	33%	82%	0%	..	73%	147	100%	100%
Niger	344	7%	16%	12%	35%	63%	3%	48%	61%	61%	58%	38%	56%	..	45%	344	100%	100%	
Nigeria	11,342	7%	9%	11%	27%	70%	3%	58%	52%	49%	52%	43%	26%	..	45%	11,344	100%	100%	
Norway	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50,217	0%	0%
Occup. Palest. Territ.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	0%	0%
Oman	54	9%	24%	4%	37%	61%	2%	40%	23%	50%	30%	55%	0%	..	44%	54	100%	100%	
Pakistan ^a	1,939,695	9%	26%	16%	52%	45%	4%	49%	48%	46%	47%	46%	34%	..	47%	1,939,700	100%	100%	
Panama	17,515	4%	10%	27%	41%	48%	11%	49%	49%	45%	46%	40%	47%	..	43%	17,515	100%	100%	
Papua New Guinea	2,513	11%	18%	15%	45%	51%	4%	50%	47%	46%	47%	48%	47%	..	48%	10,013	25%	25%	
Paraguay	79	0%	4%	13%	16%	81%	3%	..	67%	60%	62%	33%	50%	..	38%	79	100%	100%	
Peru	1,662	1%	5%	8%	14%	76%	10%	20%	35%	44%	40%	39%	28%	..	38%	1,663	100%	100%	
Philippines	280	0%	2%	4%	5%	95%	0%	..	67%	29%	40%	10%	..	24%	16%	280	69%	100%	
Poland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,016	0%	0%
Portugal	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	676	0%	0%
Qatar	50	8%	16%	6%	30%	64%	6%	25%	50%	67%	47%	47%	33%	..	46%	1,250	4%	4%	
Rep. of Korea	1,461	2%	2%	0%	3%	95%	2%	36%	45%	50%	42%	19%	64%	..	21%	1,697	86%	86%	
Rep. of Moldova	1,988	0%	1%	1%	1%	90%	9%	100%	29%	50%	41%	59%	59%	..	58%	1,988	100%	100%	
Romania	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,152	0%	0%
Russian Fed.	1,174	3%	6%	10%	19%	80%	1%	45%	48%	45%	46%	31%	36%	..	34%	147,950	1%	1%	
Rwanda	55,062	16%	25%	19%	59%	38%	3%	51%	51%	52%	51%	60%	60%	..	55%	67,204	82%	82%	
Saint Lucia	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Sao Tome and Principe	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Saudi Arabia	739	5%	22%	15%	42%	55%	3%	53%	51%	43%	48%	36%	35%	..	41%	310,764	0%	0%	
Senegal	35,887	15%	21%	17%	52%	41%	7%	57%	52%	60%	56%	48%	54%	..	53%	35,889	100%	100%	
Serbia	341,045	1%	8%	11%	20%	59%	21%	50%	49%	49%	49%	49%	58%	46%	50%	341,083	94%	100%	
Sierra Leone	8,391	11%	20%	15%	46%	52%	3%	58%	53%	52%	54%	55%	47%	..	54%	8,476	99%	99%	
Singapore	10	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	30%	..	..	30%	10	100%	100%
Slovakia	192	5%	9%	8%	22%	78%	1%	22%	24%	0%	14%	11%	0%	..	12%	1,535	13%	13%	
Slovenia	64	0%	0%	5%	5%	95%	0%	..	..	0%	0%	33%	..	..	31%	4,442	1%	1%
Somalia	1,280,284	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	49%	50%	50%	52%	53%	37%	51%	1,289,764	99%	99%	
South Africa	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	270,671	0%	0%
Spain	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,687	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	526,262	10%	15%	13%	39%	59%	2%	51%	45%	42%	45%	42%	50%	50%	50%	528,000	0%	100%	
Sudan	1,295,565	10%	14%	11%	36%	61%	4%	50%	49%	49%	49%	50%	43%	50%	50%	1,499,683	8%	86%	
Suriname	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Swaziland	1,220	11%	12%	16%	39%	61%	0%	49%	45%	40%	44%	37%	..	..	40%	1,220	100%	100%
Sweden	6,239	42%	42%	107,376	0%	6%
Switzerland	63,295	8%	12%	10%	30%	67%	3%	48%	46%	42%	46%	35%	65%	44%	41%	63,370	63%	100%	
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,107,941	9%	16%	14%	40%	54%	6%	49%	48%	48%	48%	50%	51%	..	49%	1,407,949	79%	79%	
Tajikistan	40	10%	3%	10%	23%	70%	8%	25%	0%	75%	44%	46%	0%	..	43%	2,094	2%	2%	
Thailand	125,510	13%	18%	15%	46%	50%	4%	48%	49%	49%	49%	48%	50%	..	49%	3,625,510	3%	3%	
TfYR Macedonia	1,772	12%	20%	14%	46%	51%	3%	49%	48%	54%	50%	50%	55%	..	50%	2,823	63%	63%	
Timor-Leste	17	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	15,877	0%	0%
Togo	14,093	24%	25%	12%	61%	38%	1%	49%	58%	55%	54%	58%	75%	..	56%	14,627	96%	96%	
Trinidad and Tobago	132	2%	3%	2%	7%	93%	0%	0%	0%	33%	11%	9%	..	..	9%	132	100%	100%
Tunisia	145	4%	4%	3%	11%	81%	8%	67%	33%	25%	44%	26%	50%	..	30%	145	100%	100%	
Turkey	18,515	10%	12%	12%	34%	63%	2%	48%	48%	41%	45%	41%	49%	..	43%	21,261	87%	87%	
Turkmenistan	8,579	1%	6%	18%	25%	65%	10%	100%	20%	50%	45%	47%	88%	50%	50%	8,580	1%	100%	

Table 13. Demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (below 10-20%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population of concern in the country.
Important note: The population for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total pop. of concern in the country.

Country/ territory/ of asylum/ residence	Population for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Population of concern to UNHCR end-2008	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total							Percentage female per age group								Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total			
Uganda	155,375	18%	22%	14%	54%	44%	2%	50%	50%	48%	49%	50%	55%	..	50%	1,627,479	10%	10%
Ukraine	3,371	1%	1%	14%	15%	82%	2%	46%	57%	51%	51%	18%	48%	..	23%	64,858	5%	5%
United Arab Emirates	274	9%	12%	11%	32%	62%	6%	38%	45%	34%	40%	46%	31%	..	43%	274	100%	100%
United Kingdom	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	306,702	0%	0%
United Rep. of Tanzania	322,163	18%	20%	18%	56%	41%	3%	50%	58%	41%	50%	53%	51%	..	51%	322,163	100%	100%
United States	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	348,776	0%	0%
Uruguay	184	4%	3%	7%	14%	78%	9%	0%	33%	50%	32%	24%	44%	..	27%	184	100%	100%
Uzbekistan	821	7%	17%	13%	37%	60%	3%	47%	60%	23%	45%	46%	58%	..	46%	826	99%	99%
Vanuatu	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	4	100%	100%
Venezuela (Bol. Rep. of)	213,097	13%	17%	15%	44%	53%	3%	47%	49%	48%	48%	45%	40%	48%	48%	213,097	6%	100%
Viet Nam	9,557	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52%	52%	9,872	0%	97%
Yemen	241,000	11%	15%	12%	39%	60%	2%	52%	53%	45%	50%	37%	53%	..	42%	241,000	100%	100%
Zambia	58,185	19%	21%	14%	54%	43%	3%	50%	51%	51%	51%	47%	44%	..	49%	83,542	70%	70%
Zimbabwe	3,995	17%	21%	14%	52%	47%	1%	51%	48%	48%	49%	42%	52%	..	46%	3,998	100%	100%
Total	21,317,397	10%	19%	15%	44%	51%	5%	49%	49%	48%	49%	49%	50%	49%	49%	34,462,234	41%	62%

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.

Table 14. Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations, end-2008

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (below 10-20%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.
 Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee- like situa- tion end-2008	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Afghanistan	37	11%	11%	8%	30%	68%	3%	0%	50%	0%	18%	36%	100%	..	32%	37	100%	100%
Albania	65	15%	8%	12%	35%	57%	8%	50%	20%	50%	43%	32%	60%	..	38%	65	100%	100%
Algeria ¹	88	10%	5%	2%	17%	83%	0%	56%	50%	100%	60%	29%	..	..	34%	94,093	0%	0%
Angola	12,710	13%	13%	43%	69%	30%	1%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	..	60%	12,710	100%	100%
Argentina	2,845	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34%	34%	2,845	0%	100%
Armenia	3,953	1%	2%	3%	5%	72%	23%	45%	49%	50%	49%	49%	66%	..	52%	3,953	100%	100%
Australia	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20,919	0%	0%
Austria	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37,557	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	2,061	14%	21%	11%	46%	52%	2%	51%	44%	52%	48%	54%	61%	..	51%	2,061	100%	100%
Bahrain	48	10%	6%	0%	17%	75%	8%	60%	67%	..	63%	36%	25%	..	40%	48	100%	100%
Bangladesh	28,389	19%	25%	14%	58%	40%	2%	50%	50%	51%	50%	54%	50%	..	52%	28,389	100%	100%
Belarus	609	3%	12%	13%	28%	66%	5%	50%	54%	56%	54%	34%	67%	..	42%	609	100%	100%
Belgium	17,574	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43%	43%	17,026	0%	103%
Belize	277	0%	0%	4%	4%	69%	27%	..	..	40%	40%	32%	31%	..	32%	277	100%	100%
Benin	6,933	14%	14%	11%	39%	60%	1%	51%	46%	51%	49%	39%	57%	..	43%	6,933	100%	100%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	664	2%	6%	11%	18%	80%	2%	33%	39%	54%	48%	39%	44%	..	41%	664	100%	100%
Bosnia- Herzegovina	7,257	1%	5%	8%	14%	71%	16%	53%	53%	49%	51%	50%	52%	..	50%	7,257	100%	100%
Botswana	2,958	12%	16%	10%	38%	60%	2%	51%	52%	52%	52%	28%	46%	..	38%	3,019	98%	98%
Brazil	3,852	1%	7%	9%	17%	81%	2%	46%	51%	30%	39%	30%	28%	..	32%	3,852	100%	100%
Bulgaria	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,129	0%	0%
Burkina Faso	557	9%	15%	15%	40%	59%	1%	60%	62%	59%	60%	34%	25%	..	45%	557	100%	100%
Burundi	21,093	17%	25%	17%	59%	40%	2%	51%	49%	49%	50%	55%	59%	..	52%	21,093	100%	100%
Cambodia	164	6%	18%	18%	42%	57%	1%	40%	40%	55%	46%	44%	0%	..	45%	164	100%	100%
Cameroon	81,037	18%	26%	12%	56%	42%	3%	49%	49%	53%	50%	53%	38%	..	51%	81,037	100%	100%
Canada	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	173,651	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	7,429	18%	18%	11%	47%	51%	2%	49%	49%	50%	49%	38%	36%	..	43%	7,429	100%	100%
Chad	302,685	19%	29%	15%	62%	34%	3%	50%	51%	52%	51%	65%	59%	..	56%	330,510	92%	92%
Chile	1,613	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41%	41%	1,613	0%	100%
China	72	15%	13%	7%	35%	61%	4%	73%	33%	40%	52%	27%	33%	..	36%	300,967	0%	0%
- Hong Kong SAR, China	103	10%	10%	3%	22%	77%	1%	60%	50%	33%	52%	32%	0%	..	36%	103	100%	100%
Colombia	170	5%	6%	10%	21%	68%	11%	50%	18%	59%	44%	28%	44%	..	34%	170	100%	100%
Comoros	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Congo, Rep. of	24,779	9%	17%	21%	47%	49%	4%	51%	51%	49%	50%	47%	48%	..	48%	24,779	100%	100%
Costa Rica	18,136	5%	10%	10%	25%	71%	4%	41%	43%	43%	43%	43%	24%	..	42%	18,136	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	24,811	15%	21%	11%	47%	50%	2%	50%	49%	53%	50%	56%	52%	..	53%	24,811	100%	100%
Croatia	1,597	2%	4%	8%	14%	52%	34%	44%	38%	35%	37%	52%	65%	60%	54%	1,597	100%	100%
Cuba	525	0%	0%	4%	5%	95%	0%	100%	0%	0%	8%	2%	..	..	2%	525	100%	100%
Cyprus	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,465	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,110	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	121,613	14%	16%	16%	46%	48%	7%	51%	49%	49%	50%	54%	55%	..	52%	155,162	78%	78%
Denmark	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23,401	0%	0%
Djibouti	9,228	15%	20%	11%	46%	52%	2%	48%	48%	49%	48%	53%	46%	..	51%	9,228	100%	100%
Ecuador	19,040	5%	15%	12%	32%	65%	3%	49%	49%	47%	48%	47%	36%	..	47%	101,398	19%	19%
Egypt	97,861	16%	18%	18%	52%	46%	2%	48%	58%	36%	47%	46%	58%	..	47%	97,861	100%	100%
El Salvador	32	0%	3%	0%	3%	84%	13%	..	0%	..	0%	33%	25%	..	31%	32	100%	100%
Equatorial Guinea	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Eritrea	4,862	28%	17%	10%	55%	43%	1%	47%	52%	40%	47%	39%	46%	..	43%	4,862	100%	100%
Estonia	22	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	22	100%	100%

Table 14. Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations, end-2008

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (below 10-20%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.

Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee- like situa- tion end-2008	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total			
Ethiopia	83,583	17%	21%	15%	53%	45%	2%	49%	49%	48%	49%	46%	50%	..	48%	83,583	100%	100%
Fiji	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Finland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,617	0%	0%
France	139,212	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41%	41%	171,206	0%	81%
Gabon	9,001	6%	18%	13%	38%	59%	3%	50%	49%	54%	51%	44%	45%	..	47%	9,001	100%	100%
Gambia	14,836	15%	20%	27%	62%	31%	7%	50%	52%	61%	56%	52%	50%	..	54%	14,836	100%	100%
Georgia	996	10%	19%	15%	45%	53%	2%	38%	49%	46%	45%	54%	40%	..	50%	996	100%	100%
Germany	582,735	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48%	48%	582,735	0%	100%
Ghana	18,206	9%	16%	11%	36%	62%	2%	46%	51%	51%	50%	45%	70%	..	47%	18,206	100%	100%
Greece	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,164	0%	0%
Guatemala	130	0%	0%	0%	0%	88%	12%	..	..	..	..	49%	56%	..	50%	130	100%	100%
Guinea	21,488	8%	21%	17%	46%	52%	2%	49%	51%	49%	50%	50%	50%	..	50%	21,488	100%	100%
Guinea-Bissau	7,884	19%	27%	24%	69%	27%	4%	49%	70%	53%	58%	34%	41%	..	51%	7,884	100%	100%
Haiti	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Honduras	24	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	87%	..	..	..	..	100%	0%	0%	13%	24	96%	100%
Hungary	6,072	0%	20%	7%	27%	73%	0%	..	41%	21%	36%	18%	65%	..	23%	7,750	78%	78%
Iceland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49	0%	0%
India	84,543	6%	10%	17%	34%	61%	5%	49%	46%	48%	48%	54%	53%	49%	49%	184,543	6%	46%
Indonesia	369	9%	12%	6%	27%	73%	0%	55%	34%	48%	44%	16%	0%	..	24%	369	100%	100%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	980,108	0%	17%	20%	38%	58%	4%	48%	47%	48%	48%	44%	38%	..	45%	980,109	100%	100%
Iraq	39,503	7%	18%	15%	40%	54%	6%	50%	49%	50%	49%	49%	50%	..	49%	39,503	100%	100%
Ireland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,730	0%	0%
Israel	9,137	4%	3%	1%	8%	91%	1%	43%	41%	23%	39%	12%	5%	..	14%	9,137	100%	100%
Italy	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47,061	0%	0%
Japan	2,019	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37%	37%	2,019	0%	100%
Jordan	500,413	9%	13%	11%	33%	58%	9%	49%	48%	48%	48%	53%	59%	..	52%	500,413	100%	100%
Kazakhstan	4,352	4%	15%	17%	36%	62%	3%	41%	46%	50%	47%	49%	58%	..	49%	4,352	100%	100%
Kenya	320,605	13%	20%	14%	47%	50%	3%	49%	48%	45%	47%	47%	48%	..	47%	320,605	100%	100%
Kuwait	238	3%	19%	19%	41%	59%	0%	57%	49%	47%	48%	34%	100%	..	40%	38,238	1%	1%
Kyrgyzstan	375	5%	14%	12%	31%	66%	3%	63%	48%	52%	52%	42%	45%	..	45%	375	100%	100%
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Latvia	32	6%	3%	9%	19%	81%	0%	0%	0%	67%	33%	23%	..	..	25%	32	100%	100%
Lebanon	10,664	9%	9%	7%	26%	73%	2%	45%	48%	44%	46%	24%	47%	..	30%	50,419	21%	21%
Lesotho	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Liberia	10,224	6%	12%	13%	31%	66%	3%	46%	49%	46%	47%	48%	44%	..	48%	10,224	100%	100%
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	6,713	5%	10%	13%	28%	66%	6%	47%	47%	49%	48%	46%	34%	..	46%	6,713	100%	100%
Liechtenstein	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	89	0%	0%
Lithuania	228	20%	15%	12%	47%	52%	1%	42%	51%	48%	47%	45%	50%	..	46%	751	30%	30%
Luxembourg	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,109	0%	0%
Madagascar	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Malawi	4,175	14%	23%	17%	53%	45%	2%	45%	45%	47%	46%	46%	96%	..	47%	4,175	100%	100%
Malaysia	36,671	11%	9%	10%	30%	69%	1%	48%	48%	44%	47%	30%	37%	..	35%	36,671	100%	100%
Mali	9,578	15%	18%	20%	52%	45%	3%	66%	52%	30%	47%	29%	43%	..	39%	9,578	100%	100%
Malta	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,332	0%	0%
Mauritania	27,041	10%	10%	6%	26%	72%	2%	50%	44%	42%	46%	32%	43%	52%	51%	27,041	4%	100%
Mauritius	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Mexico	1,055	2%	6%	16%	24%	69%	6%	84%	64%	39%	49%	33%	47%	..	38%	1,055	100%	100%
Micronesia (Federated States of)	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Mongolia	11	9%	0%	0%	9%	91%	0%	0%	..	..	0%	40%	..	..	36%	11	100%	100%
Montenegro	24,741	3%	11%	12%	26%	57%	17%	46%	48%	47%	47%	53%	58%	..	53%	24,741	100%	100%

Table 14. Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations, end-2008

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (below 10-20%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.
 Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee- like situa- tion end-2008	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Morocco	766	9%	10%	7%	25%	73%	1%	52%	50%	49%	51%	23%	44%	..	30%	766	100%	100%
Mozambique	3,163	16%	25%	13%	54%	45%	1%	45%	50%	50%	49%	43%	46%	..	46%	3,163	100%	100%
Myanmar	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Namibia	6,799	15%	21%	16%	52%	46%	2%	50%	50%	49%	50%	45%	50%	..	47%	6,799	100%	100%
Nepal	124,832	8%	12%	12%	33%	60%	7%	49%	49%	50%	49%	50%	46%	50%	49%	124,832	82%	100%
Netherlands	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	77,600	0%	0%
New Zealand	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,716	0%	0%
Nicaragua	147	0%	0%	4%	4%	88%	8%	..	..	33%	33%	82%	0%	..	73%	147	100%	100%
Niger	320	6%	17%	13%	36%	61%	3%	45%	60%	61%	58%	40%	56%	..	47%	320	100%	100%
Nigeria	10,124	7%	9%	12%	28%	68%	4%	58%	54%	48%	52%	45%	26%	..	46%	10,124	100%	100%
Norway	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36,101	0%	0%
Occup. Palest. Territ.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Oman	7	0%	0%	29%	29%	71%	0%	..	..	50%	50%	60%	..	..	57%	7	100%	100%
Pakistan ²	1,780,935	9%	26%	16%	51%	45%	4%	49%	48%	46%	48%	46%	33%	..	46%	1,780,935	100%	100%
Panama	16,913	4%	10%	28%	42%	47%	11%	50%	49%	45%	46%	41%	47%	..	44%	16,913	100%	100%
Papua New Guinea	2,506	11%	18%	15%	45%	51%	4%	50%	47%	46%	47%	48%	47%	..	48%	10,006	25%	25%
Paraguay	75	0%	4%	13%	17%	80%	3%	..	67%	60%	62%	35%	50%	..	40%	75	100%	100%
Peru	1,075	1%	5%	10%	15%	69%	15%	0%	36%	48%	42%	39%	28%	..	38%	1,075	100%	100%
Philippines	104	0%	3%	5%	8%	92%	0%	..	67%	40%	50%	9%	..	..	13%	104	100%	100%
Poland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12,774	0%	0%
Portugal	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	403	0%	0%
Qatar	13	8%	0%	8%	15%	69%	15%	100%	..	0%	50%	56%	50%	..	54%	13	100%	100%
Rep. of Korea	172	3%	8%	1%	12%	86%	2%	33%	46%	0%	38%	28%	33%	..	30%	172	100%	100%
Rep. of Moldova	148	1%	9%	7%	17%	79%	4%	100%	29%	60%	44%	26%	50%	..	30%	148	100%	100%
Romania	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,596	0%	0%
Russian Fed.	1,153	3%	5%	10%	18%	80%	1%	47%	48%	44%	46%	30%	31%	..	33%	3,479	33%	33%
Rwanda	55,062	16%	25%	19%	59%	38%	3%	51%	51%	52%	51%	60%	60%	..	55%	55,062	100%	100%
Saint Lucia	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Sao Tome and Principe	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Saudi Arabia	547	4%	21%	19%	44%	52%	3%	55%	51%	40%	47%	38%	24%	..	41%	240,572	0%	0%
Senegal	33,193	15%	22%	18%	55%	38%	7%	57%	52%	61%	56%	52%	54%	..	55%	33,193	100%	100%
Serbia	96,739	0%	3%	6%	10%	60%	30%	47%	49%	49%	49%	46%	63%	..	51%	96,739	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	7,826	11%	20%	15%	46%	51%	3%	58%	53%	52%	54%	58%	47%	..	56%	7,826	100%	100%
Singapore	10	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	30%	..	..	30%	10	100%	100%
Slovakia	42	2%	24%	5%	31%	69%	0%	100%	10%	0%	15%	14%	..	..	14%	317	13%	13%
Slovenia	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	268	0%	0%
Somalia	1,806	22%	17%	7%	46%	53%	0%	50%	47%	45%	48%	47%	0%	..	47%	1,842	98%	98%
South Africa	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43,546	0%	0%
Spain	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,661	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	269	10%	15%	13%	39%	60%	1%	57%	46%	34%	45%	34%	75%	..	39%	269	100%	100%
Sudan	181,610	11%	14%	12%	37%	59%	4%	50%	49%	49%	49%	50%	43%	51%	50%	181,605	62%	100%
Suriname	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Swaziland	775	12%	11%	17%	40%	60%	0%	51%	50%	43%	47%	40%	..	..	43%	775	100%	100%
Sweden	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	77,038	0%	0%
Switzerland	46,132	9%	16%	12%	37%	59%	4%	48%	46%	47%	47%	46%	66%	44%	46%	46,132	50%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,105,698	9%	16%	14%	40%	54%	6%	49%	48%	48%	48%	50%	51%	..	49%	1,105,698	100%	100%
Tajikistan	35	11%	3%	11%	26%	66%	9%	25%	0%	75%	44%	57%	0%	..	49%	1,799	2%	2%
Thailand	112,932	14%	18%	15%	48%	48%	4%	48%	49%	49%	49%	50%	50%	..	49%	112,932	100%	100%
TFYR Macedonia	1,672	11%	20%	14%	45%	51%	4%	48%	47%	55%	50%	49%	55%	..	50%	1,672	100%	100%
Timor-Leste	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Togo	9,370	24%	29%	13%	65%	34%	0%	48%	61%	55%	55%	57%	59%	..	56%	9,377	100%	100%

Table 14. Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations, end-2008

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (below 10-20%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.
 Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee- like situa- tion end-2008	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Trinidad and Tobago	33	0%	9%	9%	18%	82%	0%	..	0%	33%	17%	22%	..	..	21%	33	100%	100%
Tunisia	94	6%	6%	3%	16%	71%	13%	67%	33%	33%	47%	37%	50%	..	40%	94	100%	100%
Turkey	11,103	9%	13%	11%	33%	64%	3%	49%	48%	42%	46%	42%	50%	..	44%	11,103	100%	100%
Turkmenistan	79	1%	6%	18%	25%	65%	10%	100%	20%	50%	45%	47%	88%	..	51%	79	100%	100%
Uganda	146,132	18%	23%	15%	55%	42%	2%	50%	50%	48%	49%	51%	55%	..	50%	162,132	90%	90%
Ukraine	2,201	1%	1%	20%	21%	76%	3%	50%	43%	51%	51%	25%	46%	..	31%	7,201	31%	31%
United Arab Emirates	209	11%	11%	10%	32%	62%	6%	39%	50%	45%	45%	48%	42%	..	46%	209	100%	100%
United Kingdom	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	292,097	0%	0%
United Rep. of Tanzania	321,909	18%	20%	18%	56%	41%	3%	50%	58%	41%	50%	53%	51%	..	51%	321,909	100%	100%
United States	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	279,548	0%	0%
Uruguay	145	5%	3%	6%	14%	75%	10%	0%	40%	56%	33%	28%	47%	..	30%	145	100%	100%
Uzbekistan	821	7%	17%	13%	37%	60%	3%	47%	60%	23%	45%	46%	58%	..	46%	821	100%	100%
Vanuatu	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Venezuela (Bol. Rep. of)	201,161	6%	15%	16%	37%	60%	3%	39%	49%	50%	48%	45%	38%	48%	48%	201,161	1%	100%
Viet Nam	2,357	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52%	52%	2,357	0%	100%
Yemen	140,169	4%	9%	12%	26%	72%	2%	51%	48%	40%	45%	27%	52%	..	32%	140,169	100%	100%
Zambia	58,185	19%	21%	14%	54%	43%	3%	50%	51%	51%	51%	47%	44%	..	49%	83,485	70%	70%
Zimbabwe	3,468	17%	22%	14%	53%	46%	1%	51%	48%	50%	50%	44%	46%	..	47%	3,468	100%	100%
Total	8,275,756	10%	20%	15%	44%	51%	5%	49%	49%	47%	49%	48%	48%	47%	48%	10,489,811	68%	79%

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Afghanistan	C	Hilmand	23,506	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Hirat	31,182	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Kandahar	92,839	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Khost	12,341	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Kunar	11,388	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Kunduz	975	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Laghman	4,956	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Nangarhar	39,540	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	C	Paktika	1,524	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Badakhshan	450	4%	7%	15%	26%	73%	2%	41%	52%	12%	27%	11%	25%	..	15%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Badghis	1,979	18%	20%	17%	55%	42%	2%	58%	47%	47%	51%	42%	50%	51%	51%	9%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Baghlan	5,174	17%	25%	16%	58%	39%	3%	50%	48%	45%	48%	48%	27%	51%	48%	93%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Bamyan	280	13%	21%	17%	51%	46%	3%	54%	40%	26%	39%	44%	25%	..	41%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Farah	680	24%	21%	14%	59%	39%	3%	42%	47%	45%	45%	52%	50%	51%	51%	12%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Faryab	2,709	17%	22%	14%	53%	43%	4%	48%	49%	41%	47%	46%	34%	51%	47%	84%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Ghazni	875	16%	25%	14%	56%	40%	4%	53%	51%	49%	51%	50%	36%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Ghor	201	11%	23%	14%	47%	49%	4%	67%	38%	38%	44%	25%	50%	51%	46%	28%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Hilmand	1,613	19%	30%	14%	62%	35%	3%	47%	46%	44%	46%	50%	27%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Jawzjan	3,862	16%	22%	13%	51%	46%	4%	50%	50%	54%	51%	44%	38%	51%	48%	78%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Kandahar	1,395	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Kapisa	600	18%	27%	16%	60%	38%	2%	51%	54%	45%	51%	46%	33%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Khost	1,674	16%	26%	15%	57%	38%	4%	49%	47%	39%	45%	53%	29%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Kunar	32,187	18%	28%	16%	62%	36%	2%	49%	48%	48%	48%	50%	31%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Laghman	22,716	17%	27%	16%	61%	37%	2%	49%	50%	49%	49%	49%	33%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Logar	9,661	16%	27%	17%	60%	37%	3%	49%	49%	49%	49%	53%	32%	51%	50%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Paktika	121	11%	31%	17%	60%	40%	1%	31%	37%	52%	40%	46%	100%	..	43%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Paktya	8,479	16%	27%	16%	59%	37%	3%	48%	48%	47%	48%	55%	30%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Parwan	1,736	14%	20%	18%	53%	45%	3%	46%	51%	47%	49%	45%	39%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Samangan	1,349	19%	29%	13%	61%	37%	2%	49%	50%	45%	49%	48%	33%	51%	48%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Sari Pul	999	18%	27%	11%	57%	40%	3%	50%	48%	54%	50%	48%	39%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Takhar	4,074	20%	26%	14%	60%	38%	2%	50%	52%	44%	49%	45%	28%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Various	628	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Wardak	1,645	14%	21%	18%	53%	45%	3%	56%	51%	51%	52%	47%	30%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	R	Zabul	677	19%	29%	14%	63%	34%	3%	44%	43%	45%	44%	56%	48%	51%	48%	90%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Badghis	2,083	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Balkh	4,461	18%	26%	14%	58%	39%	3%	51%	49%	45%	49%	48%	31%	50%	48%	86%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Farah	665	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Faryab	425	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Ghazni	2,085	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Hirat	1,485	9%	11%	8%	28%	69%	3%	48%	48%	48%	48%	25%	35%	51%	36%	79%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Kabul	38,740	15%	25%	16%	56%	41%	3%	49%	49%	49%	49%	50%	35%	49%	49%	87%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Kandahar	5,870	19%	29%	15%	63%	35%	3%	48%	46%	42%	46%	48%	34%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Kunduz	18,307	20%	28%	15%	62%	36%	2%	48%	48%	45%	48%	50%	35%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Nangarhar	115,250	17%	28%	16%	61%	37%	2%	50%	48%	47%	49%	50%	30%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Afghanistan	U	Paktya	759	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Samangan	360	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Sare Pul	150	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Takhar	530	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Algeria ¹	C	Tindouf	90,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Algeria	U	Algiers	4,991	9%	3%	1%	12%	88%	0%	43%	42%	60%	44%	23%	..	..	26%	20%	20%
Angola	R	Cabinda	684	18%	12%	11%	40%	60%	0%	52%	62%	53%	55%	48%	..	..	51%	100%	100%
Angola	R	Moxico	2,153	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46%	46%	0%	100%
Angola	R	Ugie	6,734	19%	27%	23%	69%	31%	0%	58%	50%	50%	52%	52%	..	..	52%	100%	100%
Angola	R	Zaire	3,199	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total		
Angola	U	Luanda	15,895	11%	11%	34%	55%	44%	1%	60%	60%	60%	60%	42%	60%	..	52%	100%	100%
Argentina	U	Various	2,845	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34%	34%	0%	100%
Armenia	R	Ararat marz	460	0%	0%	0%	0%	82%	18%	..	..	50%	50%	49%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Armenia	R	Gegharkunik marz	140	0%	0%	0%	0%	84%	16%	..	..	..	..	36%	50%	..	38%	100%	100%
Armenia	R	Kotayk marz	323	0%	0%	0%	0%	70%	29%	..	..	0%	0%	44%	67%	..	51%	100%	100%
Armenia	R	Tavush marz	132	0%	0%	0%	0%	71%	29%	..	..	..	..	55%	61%	..	57%	100%	100%
Armenia	U	Abovyan	113	0%	0%	0%	0%	66%	34%	..	..	..	..	59%	79%	..	65%	100%	100%
Armenia	U	Yerevan	1,861	3%	4%	6%	13%	68%	19%	41%	49%	51%	48%	47%	67%	..	51%	100%	100%
Azerbaijan	R	Aghdam	38,690	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Aghdash	2,851	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Aghsu	1,548	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Agstafa	183	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Beylagan	12,655	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Bilasuvar	19,255	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Dashkesen	1,362	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Fizuli	57,292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Gadebey	286	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Gakh	1,147	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Gazakh	6,353	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Gebele	1,798	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Goranboy	8,085	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Goychay	1,651	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Hajigabul	946	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Imishli	6,356	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Ismayilli	3,099	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Jalilabad	739	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Khanlar	5,601	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Kurdemir	2,059	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Lachin	16,672	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Oghuz	2,784	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Salyan	682	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Samukh	1,517	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Shamakhi	1,094	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Sheki	4,644	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Shemkir	2,110	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Tar-Tar	11,414	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Ujar	826	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Yevlakh	8,610	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Absheron	14,894	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Ali-Bayramli	2,552	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Baku	186,909	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Ganja	16,494	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Mingachevir	17,470	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Naftalan	1,294	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Nakhchivan	835	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Sumgait	46,122	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Various	2,569	13%	19%	11%	42%	56%	2%	50%	44%	52%	48%	46%	60%	..	47%	100%	100%
Azerbaijan	V	Aghjabedi	14,488	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	V	Barda	34,711	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	V	Saatli	3,934	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	V	Sabirabad	5,680	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	V	Various	37,626	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	6%
Bangladesh	C	Kutupalong	11,047	20%	25%	14%	59%	39%	2%	49%	50%	48%	50%	54%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%
Bangladesh	C	Nayapara	17,076	19%	26%	14%	59%	39%	2%	50%	50%	52%	50%	55%	48%	..	52%	100%	100%

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators													Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.			Total
Bangladesh	U	Dhaka	269	7%	7%	6%	20%	77%	3%	55%	55%	53%	55%	32%	29%	..	36%	100%	100%
Belarus	U	Minsk City	397	4%	14%	14%	33%	64%	4%	35%	56%	55%	53%	30%	71%	..	39%	100%	100%
Belarus	V	Various	10,184	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35%	35%	0%	23%
Belgium	U	Various	17,574	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43%	43%	0%	100%
Belize	R	Various	264	0%	0%	3%	3%	70%	27%	..	..	50%	50%	33%	29%	..	32%	100%	100%
Benin	C	Agame	2,976	18%	16%	12%	46%	53%	1%	52%	46%	49%	49%	40%	74%	..	45%	100%	100%
Benin	C	Kpomasse	376	9%	15%	12%	36%	63%	1%	47%	36%	47%	42%	49%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Benin	U	Cotonou	3,793	11%	13%	10%	34%	65%	1%	50%	46%	54%	50%	36%	45%	..	41%	100%	100%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	U	La Paz	352	3%	7%	13%	23%	74%	3%	22%	32%	43%	38%	39%	36%	..	39%	100%	100%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	V	Various	226	0%	0%	5%	5%	93%	2%	..	..	91%	91%	39%	60%	..	42%	100%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	C	Various (Federation of BiH)	219	14%	24%	13%	50%	46%	4%	47%	54%	39%	48%	46%	78%	..	48%	100%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	U	Various (Federation of BiH)	448	10%	22%	14%	45%	51%	4%	50%	47%	53%	50%	43%	53%	..	46%	100%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	U	Various (Rep. Srpska)	7,037	0%	5%	8%	13%	71%	16%	57%	53%	48%	50%	50%	52%	..	50%	100%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Brcko District	1,112	3%	7%	7%	16%	61%	22%	43%	44%	44%	44%	53%	62%	..	53%	100%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Various	50,496	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Various (Federation of BiH)	64,293	3%	9%	9%	21%	62%	17%	49%	50%	50%	50%	54%	55%	51%	53%	87%	100%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Various (Rep. Srpska)	70,805	2%	7%	7%	17%	62%	21%	49%	50%	50%	50%	49%	56%	54%	51%	95%	100%
Botswana	C	Dukwi	2,894	12%	17%	11%	39%	58%	2%	50%	52%	52%	51%	29%	45%	..	38%	100%	100%
Botswana	U	Various	307	14%	4%	10%	28%	72%	0%	56%	67%	47%	54%	21%	0%	..	30%	100%	100%
Brazil	U	Various	4,369	1%	7%	10%	19%	80%	2%	38%	53%	31%	40%	29%	27%	..	31%	100%	100%
Bulgaria	C	Sofia	746	3%	6%	7%	16%	83%	0%	15%	27%	23%	23%	21%	50%	..	21%	100%	100%
Burkina Faso	U	Ouagadougou	1,161	5%	11%	10%	26%	73%	1%	59%	56%	53%	56%	30%	29%	..	37%	100%	100%
Burundi	C	Gihinga	2,393	15%	20%	17%	52%	45%	3%	52%	48%	49%	49%	51%	51%	..	50%	100%	100%
Burundi	C	Kinama	8,447	19%	27%	16%	62%	36%	2%	50%	50%	48%	49%	57%	63%	..	52%	100%	100%
Burundi	C	Musasa	5,984	20%	26%	15%	62%	37%	1%	53%	48%	49%	50%	54%	73%	..	52%	100%	100%
Burundi	R	Giharo	231	26%	13%	15%	54%	43%	3%	57%	38%	49%	50%	53%	50%	..	52%	100%	100%
Burundi	U	Bujumbura	9,307	11%	22%	20%	53%	45%	2%	50%	48%	49%	49%	54%	55%	..	51%	100%	100%
Burundi	V	Various	109,153	17%	24%	15%	56%	41%	3%	50%	50%	50%	50%	52%	46%	..	51%	87%	87%
Cambodia	C	Phnom Penh	144	10%	19%	22%	51%	48%	1%	43%	39%	55%	47%	68%	0%	..	56%	100%	100%
Cameroon	C	Langui	4,427	18%	21%	8%	48%	49%	3%	49%	52%	53%	51%	44%	65%	..	48%	100%	100%
Cameroon	R	Adamaoua/Est province	62,919	20%	29%	12%	60%	37%	3%	49%	49%	53%	50%	58%	36%	..	53%	100%	100%
Cameroon	R	Adamaoua/Nordouest province	2,871	13%	24%	19%	56%	40%	3%	46%	47%	55%	50%	60%	37%	..	53%	100%	100%
Cameroon	U	Douala, Yaoundé	8,387	12%	15%	10%	37%	62%	1%	52%	50%	54%	52%	39%	36%	..	44%	100%	100%
Cameroon	U	Garoua, Yaoundé	4,433	4%	6%	13%	24%	75%	1%	52%	49%	47%	49%	38%	32%	..	40%	100%	100%
Cameroon	U	Yaoundé	225	3%	3%	5%	10%	87%	3%	50%	50%	45%	48%	17%	17%	..	20%	100%	100%
Canada	U	Various	54,182	8%	10%	6%	24%	73%	3%	49%	50%	48%	49%	43%	63%	..	45%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	C	Mboki	200	17%	26%	13%	55%	46%	0%	55%	53%	100%	64%	49%	..	..	58%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	C	Molangue	112	20%	21%	15%	55%	43%	2%	55%	61%	59%	58%	44%	0%	..	51%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	C	Sam Ouandja	3,244	27%	23%	11%	61%	34%	4%	50%	49%	49%	49%	55%	35%	..	51%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Bamingui-Bangoran	8,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Central African Rep.	R	Haute Kotto	17,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Nana-Cribizi	28,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Nana-Mambere	25,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Nomadic herders	25,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Ouham	24,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Ouham Pende	50,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Vakaga	20,000	19%	25%	11%	55%	43%	2%	37%	44%	55%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	U	Bangui	5,336	11%	14%	12%	37%	62%	0%	46%	48%	50%	48%	31%	41%	..	38%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Amboko	12,057	14%	32%	20%	67%	32%	2%	52%	52%	48%	51%	60%	46%	..	53%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Amnabak	16,696	24%	28%	14%	65%	31%	4%	49%	53%	65%	54%	74%	63%	..	61%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Bredjing	32,669	20%	23%	16%	58%	38%	4%	50%	50%	48%	49%	62%	55%	..	54%	98%	98%
Chad	C	Djabal	17,153	22%	26%	14%	62%	35%	3%	50%	49%	52%	50%	63%	55%	..	55%	99%	99%
Chad	C	Dosseye	8,556	22%	31%	14%	67%	31%	2%	50%	52%	56%	52%	64%	49%	..	56%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Farchana	21,183	19%	25%	16%	59%	37%	4%	51%	51%	50%	50%	65%	60%	..	56%	98%	98%
Chad	C	Gaga	20,677	25%	26%	12%	63%	35%	3%	52%	50%	47%	50%	63%	56%	..	55%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Gondje	12,700	17%	32%	16%	65%	34%	1%	51%	51%	48%	50%	59%	58%	..	53%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Goz Amer	21,640	24%	24%	13%	61%	35%	4%	49%	49%	52%	50%	62%	56%	..	54%	96%	96%
Chad	C	Iridimi	19,531	17%	34%	15%	66%	30%	4%	50%	51%	50%	51%	70%	66%	..	57%	95%	95%
Chad	C	Kounongou	18,514	19%	32%	14%	65%	32%	3%	50%	51%	50%	51%	70%	55%	..	57%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Mile	17,476	16%	31%	14%	62%	34%	4%	49%	52%	51%	51%	65%	60%	..	56%	98%	98%
Chad	C	Moula	5,372	25%	21%	16%	62%	37%	2%	48%	48%	46%	47%	53%	51%	..	50%	100%	100%
Chad	C	Oure-Cassoni	28,430	15%	36%	13%	64%	33%	3%	49%	53%	57%	53%	74%	68%	..	60%	96%	96%
Chad	C	Touloum	24,935	15%	34%	16%	65%	31%	4%	50%	53%	52%	52%	70%	65%	..	58%	96%	96%
Chad	C	Treguine	17,260	22%	22%	15%	59%	37%	4%	50%	51%	49%	50%	62%	53%	..	55%	97%	97%
Chad	C	Yaroungou	16,573	16%	27%	15%	59%	38%	3%	52%	48%	54%	51%	59%	58%	..	54%	82%	82%
Chad	R	Ade	16,785	16%	30%	17%	62%	36%	2%	47%	47%	46%	47%	58%	39%	..	51%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Alacha-Alentours	1,805	18%	27%	15%	59%	37%	4%	49%	54%	54%	53%	71%	54%	..	60%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Aradib1	13,786	19%	34%	17%	70%	27%	4%	51%	52%	52%	52%	65%	58%	..	55%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Aradib2	3,934	20%	33%	14%	67%	29%	3%	48%	52%	58%	52%	59%	52%	..	54%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Arkoum	6,783	18%	29%	14%	62%	35%	4%	50%	53%	54%	52%	68%	58%	..	58%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Canton Barh Azoum	5,341	19%	27%	12%	59%	37%	4%	47%	46%	52%	47%	67%	59%	..	55%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Canton Barh Azoum Ambrouine	5,998	20%	25%	13%	58%	38%	4%	46%	49%	57%	50%	68%	45%	..	57%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Canton Dogdore Et Residents	1,339	20%	24%	12%	55%	40%	5%	49%	51%	56%	51%	64%	40%	..	56%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Canton Signar	4,487	17%	28%	13%	57%	37%	6%	52%	52%	54%	52%	67%	61%	..	58%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Canton Signar Dadjo	1,814	19%	29%	13%	60%	36%	4%	49%	46%	62%	51%	70%	51%	..	58%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Canton Wadi Kadja	8,471	20%	25%	11%	56%	40%	4%	49%	49%	57%	51%	66%	47%	..	57%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Departement Dar-Tama (Guereda)	6,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Departement Grande Sido (Danamadji)	1,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Departement Nya-Pende (Gore)	500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Ganachour	2,171	20%	31%	14%	66%	31%	3%	52%	51%	42%	49%	61%	36%	..	53%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Gassire	17,899	22%	33%	15%	69%	28%	3%	51%	51%	56%	52%	68%	51%	..	56%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Goundiang	906	18%	27%	15%	60%	36%	4%	49%	55%	58%	54%	66%	43%	..	58%	100%	100%

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* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.
 ** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.
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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators													Coverage**			
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only		
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.			Total	
Chad	R	Gouroukoun	17,563	23%	33%	14%	70%	27%	3%	51%	52%	54%	52%	69%	58%	..	57%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Habile1	9,807	21%	35%	14%	70%	27%	4%	49%	51%	55%	51%	68%	55%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Habile2	10,161	21%	35%	14%	70%	27%	4%	49%	53%	57%	53%	64%	58%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Habile3	13,538	16%	35%	18%	69%	27%	3%	50%	52%	52%	52%	64%	55%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Kerfi	4,462	21%	32%	13%	66%	31%	3%	50%	49%	50%	49%	62%	58%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Koloma	8,121	19%	31%	14%	64%	32%	4%	51%	47%	51%	49%	58%	51%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Koubigou	10,903	21%	34%	16%	71%	27%	2%	54%	52%	56%	54%	73%	61%	..	59%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Sannour	644	22%	28%	14%	64%	33%	3%	44%	48%	49%	47%	65%	41%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	SpAbdi	5,856	0%	0%
Chad	R	SpAde	600	0%	0%
Chad	R	SpAdre Rural	4,400	0%	0%
Chad	R	SpAm Timan (Ideter, Ardo, Badine, Al Kouk, Maka)	6,902	0%	0%
Chad	R	SpAm Zoer (Kerkeke)	870	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Borota	900	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Borota (Goungour)	9,157	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Daguessa	1,000	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Daguessa (Dogdore/Tour, Daguessa)	600	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Goz Beida	2,000	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Hautoich (Hautoich I-I, Amtalata I-I, Binedir, Wizine, Mirer, Sarafaye, Tinaye, Am Sit)	7,330	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Koukou-Angarana	300	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Mabrone (Goundo)	2,500	0%	0%
Chad	R	Sp Tissi	1,000	0%	0%
Chad	U	N'Djamena	5,342	15%	13%	5%	33%	65%	2%	49%	49%	42%	48%	26%	13%	..	33%	7%	7%	
Chile	U	Various	1,613	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41%	41%	0%	100%
Colombia	U	Bogota	205	3%	5%	6%	14%	79%	7%	50%	27%	58%	45%	18%	53%	..	24%	100%	100%	
Colombia	V	Various	3,000,011	4%	17%	15%	36%	60%	5%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Congo	C	Komi	181	2%	14%	20%	37%	59%	4%	25%	54%	54%	52%	45%	29%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Congo	C	Kondi M	737	3%	18%	21%	42%	56%	2%	22%	41%	44%	41%	53%	56%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Congo	C	Loukolela	861	10%	22%	22%	53%	43%	4%	62%	52%	47%	52%	55%	61%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Congo	C	Ndoundou & L	663	8%	21%	22%	51%	42%	7%	41%	56%	57%	54%	50%	45%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Congo	C	Tchiamba-Nza	546	12%	19%	19%	50%	49%	1%	51%	45%	57%	51%	45%	57%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Congo	C	Tchitanzi	328	6%	16%	21%	43%	54%	3%	20%	37%	38%	35%	46%	64%	..	42%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Betou	2,895	18%	21%	24%	64%	28%	8%	58%	52%	46%	51%	53%	62%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Dolisie & environ	183	2%	17%	24%	44%	53%	3%	25%	47%	57%	51%	55%	50%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Impfondo	8,774	12%	16%	22%	50%	44%	6%	51%	59%	50%	53%	52%	46%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Kintele & environ	1,488	2%	15%	19%	36%	63%	1%	48%	40%	39%	40%	44%	15%	..	42%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Loukolela	1,429	7%	12%	17%	36%	64%	1%	49%	47%	49%	48%	37%	25%	..	41%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Malolo & Loud	466	1%	18%	25%	44%	54%	2%	40%	53%	59%	57%	45%	75%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Ngo	482	3%	22%	27%	52%	48%	0%	46%	42%	42%	42%	39%	100%	..	41%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Oyo	195	6%	15%	19%	40%	59%	1%	36%	24%	53%	40%	42%	100%	..	42%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Sangha	1,083	1%	18%	22%	41%	58%	1%	43%	52%	47%	49%	41%	57%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Congo	U	Brazzaville	3,880	3%	17%	20%	39%	59%	2%	29%	45%	51%	47%	44%	18%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Congo	U	Brazzaville/Point-Noire	3,305	2%	16%	18%	36%	64%	1%	65%	37%	39%	39%	43%	11%	..	42%	100%	100%	
Congo	U	Pointe-Noire	397	1%	6%	13%	20%	77%	3%	0%	42%	41%	39%	41%	64%	..	41%	100%	100%	

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Costa Rica	U	Various	18,599	5%	10%	10%	25%	71%	4%	41%	43%	43%	43%	43%	24%	..	42%	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	R	Guiglo	7,188	14%	23%	12%	49%	48%	3%	50%	48%	52%	50%	59%	57%	..	54%	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	R	Tabou	14,359	16%	21%	10%	48%	50%	2%	50%	50%	54%	51%	57%	50%	..	54%	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	U	Abidjan	3,585	11%	17%	10%	37%	61%	2%	48%	45%	52%	48%	48%	48%	..	48%	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	V	Various	683,956	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52%	52%	0%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	V	Zou/Dieouzon/Duekoue	25,092	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Croatia	C	Collective accommodation	501	2%	3%	9%	14%	45%	41%	50%	31%	22%	28%	40%	62%	..	47%	100%	100%
Croatia	V	Osječko-Baranjska	746	0%	1%	4%	5%	57%	38%	100%	43%	59%	57%	49%	52%	..	50%	100%	100%
Croatia	V	Private Accommodation	29,174	2%	5%	8%	14%	54%	31%	41%	41%	42%	42%	57%	67%	53%	53%	4%	100%
Croatia	V	Various	2,562	1%	3%	9%	13%	65%	22%	36%	51%	50%	49%	52%	57%	45%	53%	93%	94%
Croatia	V	Vukovarsko-Srijemska	892	2%	3%	3%	8%	59%	33%	53%	61%	44%	52%	52%	57%	..	54%	100%	100%
Cuba	U	Isla de la Juventud	173	0%	0%	12%	12%	88%	0%	..	..	0%	0%	0%	..	..	0%	100%	100%
Cyprus	U	Various	9,479	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	C	Havirov	141	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	C	Kostelec nad Orlici	304	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	C	Zastavka	302	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	U	Private Accommodation	269	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	V	Various	2,300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Bandundu(Province)	559	15%	26%	26%	68%	28%	4%	62%	48%	48%	51%	77%	85%	..	60%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Bas-Congo(Bas Fleuve District)	910	16%	20%	12%	49%	44%	8%	45%	47%	50%	47%	44%	34%	..	45%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Bas-Congo(Cataractes District)	1,266	11%	21%	21%	53%	42%	4%	50%	47%	46%	47%	58%	62%	..	53%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Bas-Congo(Kimaza)	578	16%	15%	13%	43%	56%	1%	47%	43%	44%	45%	36%	0%	..	39%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Bas-Congo(Lukaya District)	344	20%	23%	23%	66%	33%	1%	51%	47%	49%	49%	61%	100%	..	53%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Bas-Congo(Spontaneous Installed)	82,921	15%	16%	16%	48%	47%	6%	51%	49%	49%	49%	55%	57%	..	53%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Equateur	13,300	25%	25%	14%	63%	34%	3%	49%	51%	50%	50%	57%	63%	..	52%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Kasai orientale(Province)	1,266	2%	28%	7%	37%	59%	3%	43%	52%	56%	52%	46%	41%	..	48%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Katanga(Kisenge)	669	12%	18%	20%	51%	42%	8%	49%	49%	48%	49%	48%	43%	..	48%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Kivus scattered	21,169	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	North Katanga(Pweto)	5,320	23%	19%	19%	61%	37%	2%	51%	50%	49%	50%	56%	57%	..	52%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	North Katanga(Kalemie)	1,372	21%	18%	19%	59%	38%	3%	53%	46%	50%	50%	51%	49%	..	50%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	North katanga(Moba)	4,192	23%	19%	18%	60%	38%	3%	54%	50%	53%	52%	56%	55%	..	54%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Orientale(Province)	2,461	14%	16%	15%	45%	46%	9%	49%	46%	48%	47%	48%	39%	..	47%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	South Kivu scattered	12,380	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	South Kivu(Uvira/Fizi)	4,569	19%	17%	16%	52%	44%	4%	53%	48%	55%	52%	60%	56%	..	56%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Sud kivu(Uvira & Fizi)	14,551	21%	23%	13%	57%	19%	23%	51%	51%	47%	50%	7%	96%	..	52%	100%	100%

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Georgia	R	Various	34,480	11%	20%	15%	45%	53%	2%	38%	49%	47%	46%	54%	33%	..	50%	3%	3%
Georgia	U	Various	303,169	4%	10%	9%	23%	59%	18%	48%	48%	50%	49%	56%	62%	..	55%	66%	66%
Georgia	V	Abkhazia	45,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Georgia	V	Various	1,544	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Germany	U	Various	616,030	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47%	47%	0%	100%
Ghana	C	Buduburam	14,992	9%	17%	11%	37%	62%	2%	46%	50%	51%	49%	48%	67%	..	49%	100%	100%
Ghana	C	Krisan	1,157	4%	11%	6%	22%	77%	2%	40%	52%	53%	50%	28%	55%	..	33%	100%	100%
Ghana	C	Volta	1,264	15%	12%	14%	42%	56%	3%	48%	63%	48%	53%	44%	60%	..	48%	100%	100%
Ghana	U	Accra	1,283	6%	13%	10%	30%	64%	6%	49%	49%	55%	51%	23%	79%	..	35%	100%	100%
Guatemala	U	Guatemala City	131	0%	0%	0%	0%	88%	12%	..	..	..	..	50%	56%	..	50%	100%	100%
Guinea	C	Boreah	1,388	5%	25%	16%	46%	51%	3%	54%	54%	50%	53%	57%	60%	..	55%	100%	100%
Guinea	C	Kouankan	3,223	9%	26%	18%	53%	45%	2%	49%	51%	51%	51%	55%	51%	..	53%	100%	100%
Guinea	C	Kouankan 2	3,298	11%	28%	20%	58%	39%	3%	56%	52%	48%	52%	55%	56%	..	53%	100%	100%
Guinea	C	Laine	4,262	7%	25%	19%	52%	46%	2%	44%	52%	49%	50%	57%	60%	..	54%	100%	100%
Guinea	U	Boreah	1,830	6%	19%	13%	39%	57%	4%	46%	48%	48%	48%	42%	27%	..	43%	100%	100%
Guinea	U	Conakry	7,945	7%	14%	15%	36%	63%	1%	49%	50%	48%	49%	44%	43%	..	46%	100%	100%
Guinea	U	Nzerekore	115	5%	11%	24%	41%	59%	0%	50%	38%	36%	38%	46%	..	..	43%	100%	100%
Guinea-Bissau	U	Bissau	719	10%	15%	14%	39%	58%	3%	40%	27%	37%	34%	32%	19%	..	33%	100%	100%
Guinea-Bissau	U	Frontiere Sn	6,902	19%	28%	24%	72%	24%	4%	49%	71%	54%	59%	31%	41%	..	52%	100%	100%
Guinea-Bissau	U	Jolmette	590	18%	18%	22%	58%	38%	4%	49%	73%	33%	51%	56%	39%	..	52%	100%	100%
Hong Kong SAR, China	U	Hong Kong SAR, China	1,215	4%	2%	1%	6%	93%	0%	53%	52%	14%	49%	28%	75%	..	30%	100%	100%
Hungary	C	Békéscsaba, Bicske, Debrecen	9,573	0%	20%	7%	26%	73%	0%	..	41%	24%	36%	18%	65%	..	23%	61%	61%
Hungary	U	Budapest	2,575	0%	18%	18%	37%	63%	0%	..	39%	0%	20%	19%	..	..	19%	9%	9%
India	C	Tamil Nadu	73,286	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
India	U	Delhi	15,042	11%	10%	17%	38%	58%	4%	51%	47%	47%	48%	52%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%
Indonesia	U	Jakarta	576	5%	9%	9%	23%	76%	1%	56%	28%	26%	33%	17%	40%	..	21%	100%	100%
Indonesia	U	Mataram	149	10%	12%	7%	29%	71%	0%	40%	44%	40%	42%	17%	..	..	24%	100%	100%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	C	Various	28,551	1%	16%	21%	38%	58%	4%	48%	49%	47%	48%	43%	38%	..	45%	100%	100%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	R	Various	953,239	0%	17%	20%	38%	58%	4%	48%	47%	48%	48%	44%	38%	..	45%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Anbar/Al-Tash	200	5%	15%	18%	37%	59%	4%	67%	59%	44%	53%	49%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Anbar/Al-Waleed	1,354	12%	15%	13%	40%	55%	5%	55%	53%	50%	53%	40%	47%	..	45%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Anbar/NML	193	6%	24%	18%	48%	51%	1%	67%	57%	56%	58%	41%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Anbar/Trebil	170	14%	19%	11%	44%	53%	3%	38%	52%	56%	48%	42%	60%	..	45%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Dahuk/Balqus	174	1%	30%	15%	46%	51%	4%	0%	43%	59%	48%	43%	80%	47%	47%	82%	100%
Iraq	C	Dahuk/Moquble	259	13%	13%	8%	34%	64%	1%	50%	39%	45%	45%	40%	33%	..	42%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Erbil/Kawa	1,449	8%	19%	17%	43%	52%	4%	58%	47%	47%	49%	51%	45%	..	50%	100%	100%
Iraq	C	Ninewa/Makhmour	10,912	10%	19%	17%	46%	49%	4%	49%	49%	50%	49%	53%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Basrah/Al-Chabasi	140	2%	19%	14%	34%	56%	10%	33%	38%	58%	46%	56%	43%	..	51%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Basrah/Al-Shuaba	115	0%	20%	13%	33%	57%	10%	..	39%	40%	39%	39%	55%	..	41%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Dahuk/Darato	492	0%	25%	16%	41%	55%	4%	..	42%	37%	40%	51%	40%	..	46%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Dahuk/Greygewry	754	1%	31%	14%	46%	51%	3%	40%	44%	51%	46%	52%	30%	33%	48%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Dahuk/Hussainiya	531	0%	29%	16%	44%	48%	8%	100%	48%	43%	47%	52%	54%	40%	50%	99%	100%
Iraq	R	Dahuk/Malaparwan	111	4%	31%	18%	52%	45%	3%	50%	50%	60%	53%	52%	67%	..	53%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Dahuk/Mesirike	1,111	1%	23%	16%	40%	54%	6%	17%	49%	59%	52%	49%	59%	47%	50%	90%	100%
Iraq	R	Erbil/Hareer	276	1%	23%	17%	41%	55%	4%	50%	48%	54%	51%	55%	70%	..	54%	100%	100%
Iraq	R	Various	2,964,112	14%	17%	14%	45%	50%	5%	49%	49%	49%	49%	49%	53%	49%	49%	1%	100%
Iraq	U	Anbar	113	0%	23%	16%	39%	52%	9%	..	54%	50%	52%	51%	40%	..	50%	100%	100%
Iraq	U	Baghdad	207	3%	15%	12%	31%	55%	14%	86%	50%	60%	58%	47%	27%	..	47%	100%	100%
Iraq	U	Baghdad/Al-Karkh	2,592	7%	13%	13%	32%	58%	10%	50%	51%	53%	52%	47%	47%	..	48%	100%	100%
Iraq	U	Baghdad/Al-Resafa	7,776	8%	12%	14%	34%	57%	9%	47%	50%	49%	49%	49%	52%	..	49%	100%	100%
Iraq	U	Basrah	464	4%	28%	15%	47%	50%	3%	63%	58%	49%	56%	52%	73%	..	54%	100%	100%
Iraq	U	Basrah/Abul Khasib	124	2%	27%	10%	39%	55%	6%	50%	38%	75%	48%	53%	63%	..	52%	100%	100%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Mali	U	Bamako	5,278	7%	10%	8%	26%	73%	2%	48%	47%	45%	47%	31%	43%	..	35%	100%	100%	
Mali	U	Kayes	6,157	19%	22%	27%	68%	29%	4%	70%	54%	26%	47%	32%	42%	..	43%	100%	100%	
Mauritania	U	Nouakchott/ Nouadhibou	1,102	9%	10%	6%	25%	73%	2%	50%	46%	43%	47%	32%	43%	..	36%	100%	100%	
Mauritania	V	Various	33,036	22%	24%	12%	58%	38%	4%	51%	52%	55%	52%	57%	50%	52%	52%	21%	100%	
Mexico	U	Mexico City	1,073	2%	6%	16%	24%	70%	6%	84%	63%	39%	49%	33%	47%	..	38%	100%	100%	
Montenegro	C	Podgorica	1,583	20%	16%	23%	59%	39%	3%	53%	49%	48%	50%	49%	40%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Montenegro	U	Various	24,659	2%	10%	11%	24%	58%	18%	41%	48%	47%	47%	54%	58%	..	53%	94%	94%	
Morocco	U	Rabat	1,235	7%	7%	10%	24%	75%	1%	52%	49%	37%	45%	21%	36%	..	27%	100%	100%	
Mozambique	C	Maratane	4,874	17%	23%	11%	51%	48%	1%	46%	50%	46%	48%	37%	85%	..	43%	100%	100%	
Mozambique	U	Maputo	1,524	12%	21%	10%	43%	56%	1%	54%	53%	53%	53%	38%	42%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Mozambique	U	Nampula	847	11%	11%	7%	30%	70%	1%	42%	41%	49%	44%	23%	20%	..	29%	100%	100%	
Mozambique	U	Niassa	148	14%	24%	14%	52%	48%	0%	50%	50%	52%	51%	37%	..	..	44%	100%	100%
Myanmar	R	Buthidaung	235,471	14%	24%	17%	55%	41%	4%	48%	48%	45%	47%	54%	47%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Myanmar	R	Maungdaw	450,706	15%	23%	18%	56%	40%	4%	45%	48%	46%	47%	55%	49%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Myanmar	R	Mon/Kayin/ Taninthayi	67,290	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Myanmar	R	Rathedaung	37,394	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Namibia	C	Osire	8,122	14%	20%	15%	49%	49%	2%	50%	50%	50%	50%	40%	50%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Beldangi 1	17,583	9%	13%	13%	35%	58%	7%	50%	48%	50%	49%	49%	45%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Beldangi 2	21,245	7%	12%	12%	31%	62%	7%	50%	48%	48%	49%	50%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Beldangi 2 Extension	11,522	8%	12%	13%	33%	60%	7%	48%	48%	49%	48%	49%	47%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Goldhap	8,315	8%	11%	11%	30%	62%	7%	49%	47%	50%	49%	49%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Khudunabari	13,254	7%	12%	13%	32%	61%	7%	48%	50%	51%	50%	50%	44%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Sanischare	20,128	8%	13%	12%	33%	60%	7%	47%	49%	51%	49%	50%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Nepal	C	Timai	9,935	9%	13%	13%	35%	59%	6%	49%	50%	47%	48%	50%	48%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Nepal	U	Kathmandu	277	13%	13%	7%	34%	65%	1%	54%	38%	25%	41%	32%	0%	..	35%	100%	100%	
Nepal	V	Eastern Region	949	4%	14%	16%	34%	62%	5%	45%	47%	47%	47%	34%	39%	..	39%	100%	100%	
Nepal	V	Out of Camp	105	2%	7%	6%	14%	78%	8%	50%	71%	33%	53%	32%	50%	..	36%	100%	100%	
Nepal	V	Various	822,501	50%	50%	0%	3%
Nicaragua	U	Managua	147	0%	0%	4%	4%	88%	8%	..	..	33%	33%	82%	0%	..	73%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Goure	126	6%	17%	17%	40%	54%	6%	38%	52%	57%	52%	47%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Niger	U	Niamey	218	7%	16%	9%	32%	67%	0%	53%	66%	65%	63%	33%	100%	..	43%	100%	100%	
Nigeria	C	Oru	5,014	3%	10%	11%	24%	75%	1%	51%	53%	43%	48%	39%	71%	..	41%	100%	100%	
Nigeria	R	Amana/Ituav	1,790	24%	14%	21%	60%	36%	4%	57%	60%	53%	56%	72%	68%	..	62%	100%	100%	
Nigeria	U	Ijebu Ode	153	13%	10%	4%	27%	73%	0%	55%	60%	83%	61%	27%	..	..	36%	100%	100%
Nigeria	U	Lagos	4,385	3%	6%	8%	17%	77%	5%	68%	44%	53%	53%	42%	0%	..	42%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Azakhel	24,258	9%	28%	17%	55%	42%	3%	50%	48%	47%	48%	49%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Badaber	30,327	9%	29%	17%	55%	42%	3%	48%	50%	48%	49%	49%	31%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Baghicha	712	6%	26%	18%	50%	45%	5%	48%	49%	55%	51%	44%	39%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Bajaur	114,717	18%	29%	14%	61%	37%	2%	47%	45%	46%	46%	51%	43%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Bakka Khel	931	7%	29%	14%	51%	46%	4%	42%	45%	38%	43%	40%	31%	..	41%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Barakai	28,851	9%	28%	18%	55%	41%	3%	47%	49%	47%	48%	51%	32%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Barari	278	8%	27%	18%	53%	44%	3%	43%	47%	57%	50%	46%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Barary	7,757	9%	27%	19%	55%	41%	3%	48%	49%	48%	49%	47%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Barawal	359	9%	30%	13%	52%	45%	3%	38%	48%	53%	48%	45%	42%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Basu Mera	5,458	9%	28%	17%	55%	42%	4%	49%	48%	49%	49%	51%	29%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Bizen Khel	1,595	7%	30%	17%	54%	42%	4%	41%	46%	47%	46%	48%	23%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Chagai	294	11%	24%	18%	53%	43%	4%	50%	46%	40%	45%	46%	45%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Chakdara	16,427	13%	28%	17%	58%	39%	3%	47%	49%	49%	48%	48%	39%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Charsadda	187	17%	25%	19%	61%	37%	2%	44%	55%	46%	49%	47%	100%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Chichana	4,179	7%	24%	17%	48%	47%	5%	48%	50%	43%	47%	43%	31%	..	44%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Dabara	3,114	7%	25%	14%	46%	50%	4%	40%	44%	33%	40%	35%	28%	..	37%	100%	100%	
Pakistan	C	Dara Adam Khel	1,168	11%	24%	16%	51%	45%	5%	45%	47%	49%	48%	45%	37%	..	46%	100%	100%	

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR, end-2008	Demographic indicators													Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.			Total
Pakistan	C	Darsamand	6,021	9%	25%	15%	49%	46%	5%	50%	47%	47%	48%	46%	36%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Dir Lower	157	17%	22%	16%	55%	42%	3%	50%	43%	40%	44%	52%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Doaba	7,490	8%	26%	16%	49%	46%	5%	48%	50%	46%	48%	46%	35%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Dodpa	300	11%	28%	15%	54%	43%	3%	62%	47%	36%	47%	44%	38%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Domshingar	213	8%	26%	19%	52%	44%	4%	81%	45%	48%	51%	41%	25%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Gambila	2,024	8%	30%	14%	52%	44%	4%	52%	49%	39%	46%	49%	24%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Gamkol	33,499	9%	27%	17%	53%	44%	3%	50%	49%	44%	47%	45%	34%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Gandaf	12,659	10%	28%	17%	55%	42%	3%	50%	47%	50%	48%	47%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Gandhi Khan Khel	3,747	9%	29%	17%	54%	41%	4%	50%	49%	47%	49%	50%	35%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Ghazgai Minara	2,421	9%	30%	17%	56%	40%	4%	52%	46%	40%	45%	45%	34%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Ghazai	277	10%	29%	12%	51%	44%	4%	31%	48%	36%	42%	47%	33%	..	44%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Ghiljo	1,971	10%	28%	18%	55%	42%	3%	39%	48%	49%	47%	49%	28%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Ghulam Banda	8,238	9%	27%	18%	54%	43%	3%	50%	47%	49%	48%	47%	28%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Girdi Jungle	29,717	9%	23%	13%	46%	47%	6%	52%	49%	40%	47%	39%	42%	..	43%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Ichirian	7,515	9%	26%	17%	52%	44%	4%	50%	51%	46%	49%	46%	34%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Jalala	14,115	9%	27%	17%	53%	43%	3%	47%	49%	46%	47%	48%	35%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Jalozai	32,155	8%	23%	16%	47%	49%	3%	48%	50%	47%	49%	44%	35%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Jerma	1,212	8%	25%	18%	52%	45%	4%	53%	47%	40%	46%	45%	37%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kababian	11,291	8%	27%	17%	52%	45%	3%	50%	49%	47%	49%	47%	25%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kacha Gari	24,554	7%	25%	17%	49%	48%	3%	50%	47%	44%	47%	41%	35%	..	44%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kaghan	2,131	12%	28%	16%	57%	40%	2%	49%	47%	48%	47%	50%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kalatak	1,466	10%	27%	16%	53%	45%	3%	45%	45%	41%	44%	43%	27%	..	43%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kata Kanri	6,246	11%	27%	17%	55%	41%	5%	49%	49%	50%	49%	49%	37%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kesu	990	10%	27%	18%	55%	43%	2%	47%	40%	52%	45%	46%	36%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Khaki	16,010	9%	28%	20%	57%	40%	3%	48%	49%	47%	48%	50%	37%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Khazana	5,725	9%	29%	17%	54%	42%	3%	49%	48%	45%	47%	47%	36%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kheshki	540	9%	29%	16%	54%	42%	4%	59%	48%	43%	48%	48%	27%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Khoughani	1,574	7%	26%	19%	52%	45%	2%	48%	50%	49%	49%	49%	29%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Khurasan	5,532	7%	22%	16%	44%	52%	4%	48%	49%	50%	49%	48%	42%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Khyber	110	15%	22%	14%	50%	44%	6%	38%	33%	47%	38%	44%	29%	..	40%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Koga	10,458	10%	29%	17%	56%	41%	3%	49%	48%	49%	49%	51%	38%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kohat	1,237	7%	15%	16%	39%	55%	6%	52%	46%	49%	48%	49%	43%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kot Chandna	15,037	9%	28%	18%	55%	41%	3%	49%	50%	50%	49%	49%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kotkai	5,290	9%	27%	19%	54%	41%	5%	45%	50%	45%	48%	51%	38%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kotwai	7,333	9%	30%	17%	56%	40%	4%	48%	47%	46%	47%	48%	37%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kund/Khairabad	11,686	12%	29%	16%	57%	40%	4%	50%	49%	45%	48%	50%	34%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Kurram	5,275	13%	22%	18%	54%	43%	3%	46%	49%	49%	48%	50%	40%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Lakti Banda	8,061	9%	26%	17%	52%	42%	6%	49%	49%	48%	49%	49%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Lejay Karez	1,269	6%	25%	18%	49%	45%	6%	59%	51%	42%	49%	43%	33%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Malgagai	7,051	8%	27%	16%	51%	44%	5%	48%	48%	42%	46%	46%	33%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Mayar	2,765	9%	27%	17%	53%	44%	3%	50%	53%	47%	51%	47%	34%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Mera Kachori	5,041	9%	28%	16%	52%	44%	3%	52%	48%	49%	49%	49%	39%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Michni	202	6%	27%	17%	51%	45%	4%	62%	53%	54%	54%	41%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Mohammad Kheil	6,154	9%	29%	16%	54%	42%	4%	53%	46%	41%	46%	49%	25%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Mohmand	15,516	16%	28%	15%	59%	39%	2%	49%	44%	42%	45%	48%	43%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Munda	11,386	9%	28%	18%	55%	41%	4%	51%	50%	48%	49%	50%	31%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Nagar	276	9%	25%	11%	45%	53%	2%	46%	53%	65%	54%	36%	17%	..	44%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Naguman	3,409	10%	31%	17%	57%	40%	3%	48%	48%	49%	48%	49%	31%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Naurang	2,289	8%	30%	16%	54%	42%	4%	51%	44%	49%	47%	50%	25%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	New Akora	180	3%	18%	17%	38%	58%	4%	50%	41%	29%	36%	49%	14%	..	43%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Oblan	9,624	10%	28%	18%	56%	41%	4%	48%	48%	45%	47%	49%	33%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Old Akora	37,757	9%	27%	17%	53%	44%	3%	48%	49%	46%	48%	48%	24%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Old Shamshatoo	58,773	9%	26%	19%	53%	44%	3%	49%	49%	47%	48%	48%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	C	Orakzai	1,632	13%	20%	15%	48%	48%	4%	48%	48%	45%	47%	46%	42%	..	46%	100%	100%

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total		
Poland	C	Lukow	302	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	C	Moszna	232	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	C	Puste Laki	192	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	C	Radom	265	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	C	Smoszewo	217	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	C	Warszawa Bielany	288	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	C	Warszawa Siekierki	135	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Poland	U	Private Accommodation	1,773	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rep. of Korea	U	Seoul/Kyunggi Province	1,243	2%	2%	0%	4%	95%	2%	38%	47%	50%	43%	19%	70%	..	21%	100%	100%
Rep. of Moldova	U	Chisinau	181	1%	8%	6%	14%	81%	5%	100%	29%	60%	44%	25%	44%	..	29%	100%	100%
Rep. of Moldova	U	Various	1,807	0%	0%	0%	0%	90%	9%	..	..	25%	25%	62%	60%	..	61%	100%	100%
Romania	C	Bucharest	101	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Romania	C	Galati	122	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Russian Federation	U	Moscow	1,072	3%	5%	10%	18%	81%	1%	45%	47%	45%	46%	31%	31%	..	33%	100%	100%
Russian Federation	U	Various	144,748	38%	10%	5%	52%	43%	5%	38%	50%	100%	45%	44%	100%	..	48%	0%	0%
Rwanda	C	Gihembe (Byumba)	19,027	14%	25%	18%	57%	40%	3%	49%	52%	51%	51%	59%	65%	..	55%	100%	100%
Rwanda	C	Kigeme (Gikongoro)	2,023	21%	22%	15%	59%	39%	2%	53%	46%	49%	49%	52%	54%	..	50%	100%	100%
Rwanda	C	Kiziba (Kibuye)	18,323	14%	23%	20%	58%	38%	4%	52%	50%	53%	52%	60%	56%	..	55%	100%	100%
Rwanda	C	Nyabiheke (Byumba)	13,807	21%	27%	17%	65%	33%	2%	50%	51%	53%	51%	65%	59%	..	56%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Butare	737	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Byumba	182	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Cyangugu	363	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Gikongoro	460	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Gisenyi	2,526	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Gitarama	361	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Kibungo	498	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Kibuye	1,528	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Kigali Ngali	581	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Ruhengeri	1,184	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	U	Kigali	2,413	15%	23%	20%	57%	42%	1%	53%	50%	51%	51%	52%	47%	..	51%	78%	78%
Saudi Arabia	U	Jeddah	253	8%	28%	13%	48%	50%	2%	47%	47%	53%	49%	40%	33%	..	44%	100%	100%
Saudi Arabia	U	Riyadh	444	3%	19%	17%	39%	57%	3%	50%	52%	41%	47%	35%	33%	..	40%	100%	100%
Saudi Arabia	U	Various	310,025	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Senegal	R	Bakel	5,082	18%	23%	14%	55%	36%	8%	54%	51%	60%	54%	53%	52%	..	54%	100%	100%
Senegal	R	Dagana	5,397	13%	18%	21%	52%	40%	8%	56%	50%	59%	55%	54%	55%	..	54%	100%	100%
Senegal	R	Dakar/Thies	645	10%	33%	14%	57%	33%	10%	59%	24%	50%	37%	76%	40%	..	50%	100%	100%
Senegal	R	Matam	12,365	16%	23%	19%	58%	36%	7%	63%	59%	62%	61%	54%	56%	..	58%	100%	100%
Senegal	R	Podor	8,803	17%	25%	16%	58%	34%	8%	53%	49%	61%	53%	53%	53%	..	53%	100%	100%
Senegal	U	Dakar	3,595	3%	4%	4%	10%	88%	2%	43%	35%	47%	42%	29%	42%	..	30%	100%	100%
Serbia	C	Belgrade area and west of Serbia	9,854	0%	13%	16%	30%	61%	9%	45%	46%	47%	47%	51%	53%	..	50%	100%	100%
Serbia	C	Central and Southern Serbia	4,064	0%	13%	16%	29%	61%	10%	..	44%	50%	47%	51%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Serbia	C	Vojvodina	3,972	0%	18%	17%	35%	55%	10%	0%	50%	48%	49%	50%	52%	..	50%	100%	100%
Serbia	R	Belgrade area and west of Serbia	36,465	0%	6%	10%	16%	61%	23%	56%	49%	47%	48%	48%	59%	..	50%	100%	100%
Serbia	R	Central and Southern Serbia	48,283	0%	7%	11%	18%	61%	20%	50%	49%	50%	49%	49%	54%	..	50%	100%	100%
Serbia	R	Vojvodina	29,581	0%	4%	7%	11%	59%	30%	38%	47%	49%	48%	45%	62%	..	50%	100%	100%
Serbia	U	Belgrade area and west of Serbia	74,688	0%	6%	9%	16%	61%	24%	51%	49%	49%	49%	49%	60%	..	52%	100%	100%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators													Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.			Total
Serbia	U	Central and Southern Serbia	68,720	0%	8%	11%	19%	62%	20%	63%	48%	48%	48%	50%	56%	..	51%	100%	100%
Serbia	U	Kosovo	21,656	5%	11%	11%	27%	58%	15%	48%	48%	45%	47%	45%	54%	46%	46%	4%	100%
Serbia	U	Vojvodina	26,762	0%	4%	7%	12%	61%	27%	60%	47%	47%	47%	46%	63%	..	51%	100%	100%
Serbia	V	Serbia (excluding Kosovo)	17,000	24%	24%	29%	76%	20%	4%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	..	50%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Bandajuma	249	10%	22%	11%	43%	53%	4%	60%	59%	44%	56%	50%	44%	..	52%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Gerihun	306	14%	10%	19%	43%	52%	5%	91%	52%	17%	49%	55%	60%	..	53%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Gondama	1,109	13%	29%	17%	60%	39%	1%	63%	46%	42%	49%	76%	60%	..	60%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Jembe	367	22%	24%	12%	58%	40%	2%	41%	25%	61%	38%	47%	33%	..	42%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Jimmi Bagbo	404	7%	20%	13%	41%	57%	2%	90%	43%	37%	49%	41%	56%	..	45%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Largo	371	26%	25%	12%	63%	33%	5%	54%	70%	74%	64%	49%	71%	..	59%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Taiama	578	20%	21%	21%	63%	36%	1%	66%	49%	66%	60%	57%	57%	..	59%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	C	Tobanda	464	8%	36%	10%	54%	43%	3%	41%	47%	40%	45%	62%	60%	..	53%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	U	Bo	804	6%	17%	17%	41%	57%	2%	51%	65%	56%	59%	56%	41%	..	57%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	U	Freetown	1,881	5%	14%	18%	36%	61%	2%	27%	54%	48%	48%	50%	55%	..	49%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	U	Kenema	1,622	8%	15%	12%	34%	61%	4%	70%	66%	71%	69%	60%	30%	..	61%	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	V	Various	236	21%	20%	10%	51%	49%	0%	55%	40%	54%	49%	33%	..	..	41%	100%	100%
Slovenia	U	Ljubljana	342	0%	0%	5%	5%	95%	0%	..	..	0%	0%	33%	..	..	31%	19%	19%
Somalia	U	Puntland	107,665	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	49%	50%	50%	52%	53%	37%	51%	99%	99%
Somalia	U	South/Central	1,090,000	22%	22%	14%	59%	38%	3%	52%	49%	50%	50%	52%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%
Somalia	U	Woqooyi Galbeed	83,994	22%	22%	14%	58%	39%	3%	52%	49%	50%	50%	52%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%
Sri Lanka	U	Colombo	662	10%	15%	13%	39%	59%	2%	51%	45%	42%	45%	42%	50%	..	44%	100%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Ampara	5,600	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Anuradhapura	9,700	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Batticaloa	30,700	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Jaffna	86,100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Kilinochchi	124,400	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Mannar	21,478	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Mullaitivu	113,900	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Other	15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Puttalam	69,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sri Lanka	V	Trincomalee	13,532	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	89%
Sri Lanka	V	Vavuniya	37,923	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	C	Abuda	2,611	13%	21%	17%	50%	44%	5%	52%	48%	50%	50%	57%	38%	..	52%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Awad El Sid	592	13%	18%	14%	45%	47%	7%	44%	44%	44%	44%	58%	30%	..	49%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Fath El Rahman	277	8%	16%	17%	41%	47%	12%	55%	50%	57%	54%	57%	45%	..	55%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Fau V	817	14%	19%	11%	45%	50%	6%	43%	50%	49%	48%	53%	36%	..	50%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Girba	5,120	14%	18%	15%	48%	46%	7%	47%	50%	48%	48%	62%	39%	..	54%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Juba County, Ces	1,067	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31%	31%	0%	100%
Sudan	C	Khartoum	690,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	C	Kilo 26	7,133	14%	18%	16%	49%	46%	6%	48%	50%	49%	49%	59%	38%	..	53%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Kilo 7	424	12%	15%	13%	39%	53%	8%	48%	45%	40%	44%	54%	39%	..	49%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Mukjar	725	30%	0%	32%	62%	35%	3%	56%	..	47%	51%	53%	57%	..	52%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Pibor, Jos	523	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	0%	100%
Sudan	C	Pochalla, Jos	2,580	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74%	74%	0%	100%
Sudan	C	Shagarab I	9,485	15%	21%	14%	50%	45%	5%	49%	48%	49%	49%	58%	38%	..	52%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Shagarab li	5,505	15%	21%	15%	52%	43%	5%	50%	48%	48%	48%	59%	39%	..	53%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Shagarab lii	4,693	15%	21%	15%	50%	44%	5%	51%	51%	51%	51%	62%	38%	..	55%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Um Gargur	8,180	12%	19%	17%	48%	45%	6%	48%	47%	48%	47%	54%	37%	..	50%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Um Shalaya	6,701	30%	0%	29%	59%	33%	7%	52%	..	49%	51%	67%	66%	..	57%	100%	100%
Sudan	C	Wad Sherife	13,636	15%	18%	17%	50%	45%	6%	49%	49%	52%	50%	65%	50%	..	56%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Armankul	2,632	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Arwa	496	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.
 ** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.
 This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.
 Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.
 Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total			
Sudan	R	Bir Saleeba Area	6,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Blue Nile	20,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Bor, Jos	8,673	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Ces	57,602	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Chali, Bns	605	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54%	54%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Ees	23,713	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Habila Area	15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Ibba, Wes	410	14%	0%	32%	45%	52%	3%	52%	..	52%	52%	57%	18%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Juba County, Ces	627	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52%	52%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Juba, Ces	4,637	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54%	54%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Kajo Keji, Ces	2,834	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56%	56%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Kurmuk&Others, Bns	4,211	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	53%	53%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Mabaan, Ups	4,652	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	61%	61%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Magwi, Ees	36,248	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54%	54%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Malakal, Ups	2,013	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Nzara, Wes	1,062	13%	0%	24%	37%	59%	4%	50%	..	45%	47%	48%	43%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Tendelti	1,106	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Torit, Ees	3,149	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Twic East & Others, Jos	3,543	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Um Dukhun	8,482	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Um Gorjo	305	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Ees	2,288	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48%	48%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Krt	157	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39%	39%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Las	119	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32%	32%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Nbgs	158	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Uns	228	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30%	30%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Ups	1,160	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48%	48%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Various, Warrab	381	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33%	33%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Wad Sherife Village	284	21%	30%	19%	70%	28%	2%	43%	49%	36%	44%	75%	67%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Wbgs & Warrab	8,793	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	West Darfur	22,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Yambio	3,036	14%	0%	30%	44%	54%	3%	50%	..	51%	51%	48%	57%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Yei & Others, Ces	1,560	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56%	56%	0%	100%
Sudan	U	Cor/Kht	17,945	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	50%	..	..	50%	100%	100%	
Sudan	U	Ezo, Wes	312	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Sudan	U	Khartoum	18,241	3%	23%	0%	26%	72%	2%	53%	50%	..	50%	43%	35%	..	44%	100%	100%	
Sudan	V	Various	40,316	4%	7%	6%	16%	83%	0%	51%	48%	34%	43%	24%	31%	50%	44%	26%	100%	
Sudan	V	West Darfur	210,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Swaziland	C	Malindza	218	15%	12%	15%	41%	59%	0%	44%	42%	34%	40%	35%	..	..	37%	100%	100%	
Swaziland	U	Various	1,002	10%	11%	17%	39%	61%	0%	50%	46%	40%	45%	37%	..	..	40%	100%	100%	
Sweden	U	Various	6,239	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	0%	100%
Switzerland	U	Various	63,295	8%	12%	10%	30%	67%	3%	48%	46%	42%	46%	35%	65%	44%	41%	63%	100%	
Syrian Arab Rep.	C	Al-Hol	341	18%	20%	10%	48%	50%	2%	48%	46%	42%	46%	44%	75%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Syrian Arab Rep.	C	Al-Tanf	811	12%	15%	12%	39%	55%	5%	49%	55%	39%	48%	46%	49%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Syrian Arab Rep.	U	Various	1,106,789	9%	16%	14%	40%	54%	6%	49%	48%	48%	48%	50%	51%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Tajikistan	U	Dushanbe	734	10%	3%	10%	23%	70%	8%	25%	0%	75%	44%	46%	0%	..	43%	5%	5%	
Tajikistan	U	Khujand	143	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Tajikistan	U	Various	1,188	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Thailand	C	Ban Don Yang	3,674	16%	18%	16%	50%	46%	4%	49%	49%	49%	49%	53%	52%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Thailand	C	Ban Mae Surin	3,469	13%	18%	14%	45%	51%	4%	51%	47%	52%	50%	49%	45%	..	49%	100%	100%	

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Thailand	C	Mae La	32,862	14%	19%	16%	48%	47%	5%	49%	49%	49%	49%	51%	54%	..	50%	100%	100%
Thailand	C	Mae La Oon	13,478	15%	19%	15%	48%	48%	4%	47%	48%	48%	48%	49%	48%	..	48%	100%	100%
Thailand	C	Mae Ra Ma Luang	11,304	13%	20%	16%	48%	47%	5%	51%	48%	49%	49%	49%	45%	..	49%	100%	100%
Thailand	C	Mai Nai Soi	19,311	15%	18%	14%	47%	48%	5%	47%	50%	50%	49%	48%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%
Thailand	C	Nu Po	11,113	14%	17%	15%	46%	50%	4%	48%	51%	48%	49%	49%	52%	..	49%	100%	100%
Thailand	C	Tham Hin	5,078	16%	18%	17%	51%	45%	5%	47%	50%	51%	49%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%
Thailand	C	Umpium	14,051	12%	17%	16%	46%	51%	4%	50%	50%	47%	49%	50%	53%	..	50%	100%	100%
Thailand	U	Bangkok	6,466	5%	8%	7%	20%	79%	1%	47%	46%	50%	48%	33%	38%	..	36%	100%	100%
Thailand	U	Mae Sot	4,704	7%	14%	13%	34%	64%	2%	49%	46%	46%	47%	43%	50%	..	45%	100%	100%
TFYR Macedonia	U	Skopje	1,621	12%	20%	14%	46%	50%	3%	49%	47%	56%	50%	50%	55%	..	50%	100%	100%
Timor-Leste	R	Various	15,860	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Togo	R	Lome	12,898	26%	27%	11%	64%	35%	1%	49%	58%	56%	54%	62%	76%	..	57%	99%	99%
Togo	U	Lome	1,582	11%	11%	15%	37%	63%	1%	48%	54%	49%	51%	39%	43%	..	43%	84%	84%
Trinidad and Tobago	U	Port of Spain	132	2%	3%	2%	7%	93%	0%	0%	0%	33%	11%	9%	..	..	9%	100%	100%
Tunisia	U	Tunis	132	4%	3%	3%	10%	82%	8%	80%	25%	25%	46%	25%	55%	..	30%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Afyon	1,327	11%	11%	9%	31%	65%	4%	49%	47%	47%	48%	42%	54%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Agri	154	12%	12%	19%	44%	55%	1%	33%	21%	30%	28%	41%	0%	..	35%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Aksaray	443	9%	12%	12%	33%	64%	3%	48%	49%	58%	52%	41%	46%	..	45%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Amasya	678	9%	17%	12%	37%	60%	2%	38%	50%	47%	46%	43%	50%	..	45%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Ankara	640	7%	13%	13%	33%	64%	3%	48%	45%	35%	42%	38%	43%	..	39%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Bilecik	246	9%	13%	9%	32%	64%	4%	35%	44%	39%	40%	50%	40%	..	46%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Burdur	230	12%	13%	10%	35%	65%	0%	67%	57%	52%	59%	49%	0%	..	52%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Cankiri	308	10%	14%	10%	34%	64%	2%	56%	36%	40%	43%	38%	43%	..	40%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Corum	389	11%	14%	11%	36%	61%	3%	52%	42%	40%	45%	44%	45%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Eskisehir	645	7%	10%	11%	29%	70%	2%	48%	46%	35%	42%	42%	42%	..	42%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Gaziantep	878	12%	14%	10%	36%	62%	1%	52%	49%	35%	46%	36%	46%	..	40%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Hatay	159	9%	6%	9%	24%	74%	2%	64%	22%	60%	53%	30%	100%	..	36%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Isparta	486	8%	9%	18%	35%	65%	0%	56%	40%	42%	45%	42%	50%	..	43%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Istanbul	2,805	10%	12%	12%	34%	63%	3%	42%	50%	39%	44%	40%	48%	..	42%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Izmir	194	2%	3%	5%	10%	90%	0%	25%	40%	30%	32%	22%	..	..	23%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Karaman	308	10%	16%	8%	34%	64%	1%	50%	31%	46%	41%	38%	75%	..	39%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Kastamonu	285	12%	13%	10%	35%	64%	2%	67%	53%	29%	51%	40%	80%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Kayseri	955	5%	10%	13%	27%	68%	5%	42%	52%	43%	46%	50%	59%	..	49%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Kirsehir	455	7%	14%	11%	33%	63%	4%	55%	51%	35%	46%	42%	50%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Konya	686	12%	17%	16%	44%	55%	1%	44%	53%	54%	51%	47%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Kutahya	283	10%	16%	13%	38%	61%	1%	59%	56%	33%	49%	48%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Nevsehir	596	4%	10%	11%	26%	72%	2%	54%	58%	43%	51%	47%	36%	..	48%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Nigde	353	8%	14%	14%	35%	58%	6%	44%	60%	40%	49%	55%	55%	..	53%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Sivas	537	9%	12%	12%	33%	63%	4%	55%	52%	38%	48%	48%	40%	..	48%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Tokat	490	12%	12%	13%	37%	59%	3%	50%	39%	42%	44%	44%	50%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Van	3,384	11%	14%	14%	39%	59%	1%	48%	47%	37%	43%	39%	43%	..	41%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Yozgat	113	9%	13%	9%	31%	67%	2%	90%	47%	60%	63%	36%	100%	..	45%	100%	100%
Turkmenistan	V	Various	8,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Uganda	C	Adjumani	21,714	14%	24%	17%	54%	43%	3%	50%	50%	49%	50%	56%	61%	..	53%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Adjumani/Moyo	27,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Amuria	14,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Amuru	234,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Culu	156,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Ikafe	772	10%	22%	18%	51%	49%	1%	49%	47%	41%	45%	42%	60%	..	44%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Imvepi	7,453	12%	24%	22%	58%	40%	2%	45%	47%	38%	43%	49%	70%	..	46%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Katakwi	7,000	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Kiryandongo	4,783	16%	23%	15%	54%	42%	3%	51%	49%	49%	50%	52%	58%	..	51%	100%	100%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators													Coverage**		
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only	
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.			Total
Uganda	C	Kitgum	164,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Kyaka II	14,750	22%	23%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	52%	47%	51%	53%	46%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Kyangwali	13,434	20%	24%	15%	60%	38%	2%	50%	50%	49%	49%	52%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Kyriandongo	116	20%	24%	18%	62%	36%	2%	57%	61%	43%	54%	52%	50%	..	53%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Madi-Okollo	1,011	15%	23%	18%	56%	42%	3%	49%	47%	44%	47%	52%	65%	..	49%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Masindi/ Hoima	55,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Matanda	11,208	24%	20%	11%	54%	44%	2%	50%	51%	47%	49%	53%	60%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Moyo	11,895	16%	26%	16%	57%	41%	2%	49%	48%	50%	49%	58%	64%	..	53%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Nakivale	42,113	21%	22%	12%	54%	44%	1%	50%	51%	48%	50%	48%	48%	..	49%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Oruchinga	2,167	19%	24%	13%	56%	42%	2%	53%	50%	51%	51%	50%	48%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	C	Pader	196,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	C	Rhino Camp	5,582	14%	25%	19%	59%	39%	2%	51%	49%	46%	48%	57%	56%	..	52%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Adjumani/ Moyo	27,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Amuria	58,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Amuru	21,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Gulu	141,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Katakwi	58,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Kitgum	154,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Masindi/ Hoima	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Pader	143,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	R	Various	16,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Uganda	U	Kampala	18,377	10%	16%	15%	41%	58%	1%	49%	51%	51%	51%	41%	48%	..	45%	100%	100%
Ukraine	U	Various	3,371	1%	1%	14%	15%	82%	2%	46%	57%	51%	51%	18%	48%	..	23%	100%	100%
United Arab Emirates	U	Various	274	9%	12%	11%	32%	62%	6%	38%	45%	34%	40%	46%	31%	..	43%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	C	Chogo	1,522	14%	20%	24%	57%	39%	4%	60%	67%	69%	66%	55%	56%	..	62%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	C	Kanembwa	2,211	11%	21%	24%	56%	41%	2%	46%	28%	46%	39%	58%	53%	..	47%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	C	Lugufu	28,995	19%	20%	21%	59%	39%	1%	50%	49%	50%	50%	55%	58%	..	52%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	C	Mtabila	45,247	18%	17%	20%	55%	43%	1%	49%	50%	48%	49%	50%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	C	Nyarugusu	49,628	18%	19%	23%	59%	39%	2%	50%	54%	47%	50%	55%	56%	..	52%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	C	Old Settlements	194,560	19%	21%	15%	55%	41%	4%	50%	62%	35%	50%	53%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uruguay	U	Montevideo	184	4%	3%	7%	14%	78%	9%	0%	33%	50%	32%	24%	44%	..	27%	100%	100%
Uzbekistan	U	Tashkent	719	8%	17%	11%	36%	61%	3%	46%	63%	18%	45%	45%	58%	..	46%	100%	100%
Uzbekistan	U	Termez	102	4%	20%	21%	44%	54%	2%	50%	40%	43%	42%	47%	50%	..	45%	100%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	R	Amazonas	3,573	2%	21%	26%	49%	49%	2%	100%	45%	36%	42%	46%	100%	48%	48%	1%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	R	Apure	18,838	14%	19%	16%	49%	47%	4%	47%	50%	50%	49%	49%	42%	48%	48%	19%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	R	Tachira	45,602	13%	17%	15%	45%	53%	2%	48%	47%	46%	47%	46%	45%	48%	48%	9%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	R	Various	82,882	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48%	48%	0%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	R	Zulia	59,893	15%	17%	14%	46%	51%	3%	47%	51%	50%	49%	44%	38%	47%	47%	5%	100%

Table 15. Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR, end-2008

* Type of location: C=Camps/Centers; U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern at the location for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows locations where the population numbered 100 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2008	Demographic indicators															Coverage**	
				Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/sex	Sex only
				0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total			
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	U	Caracas	1,148	7%	9%	11%	26%	71%	3%	43%	42%	48%	44%	36%	28%	..	38%	100%	100%	
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	V	Various	1,161	6%	15%	16%	37%	60%	3%	39%	49%	50%	48%	45%	38%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Viet Nam	C	Binh Duong	1,785	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52%	52%	0%	100%
Viet Nam	C	Binh Phuoc	261	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Viet Nam	C	Cu Chi	233	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	55%	55%	0%	100%
Viet Nam	R	Gia Lai	219	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Viet Nam	U	Ho Chi Minh City	7,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51%	51%	0%	100%
Yemen	C	AL-Kharaz	11,394	22%	22%	12%	57%	43%	1%	49%	50%	49%	50%	53%	47%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Yemen	R	Sa'dah	100,000	22%	23%	12%	57%	42%	1%	52%	55%	52%	53%	60%	56%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Yemen	R	Various	83,238	1%	3%	9%	13%	87%	0%	56%	37%	31%	35%	18%	59%	..	20%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Aden	13,834	4%	21%	20%	45%	50%	5%	44%	53%	45%	49%	48%	54%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Al-Baida	322	7%	18%	17%	42%	55%	3%	36%	60%	59%	56%	48%	78%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Dhamar	235	15%	15%	14%	44%	53%	3%	51%	54%	53%	53%	62%	33%	..	57%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Hodeidah	486	8%	20%	20%	47%	44%	9%	51%	42%	43%	44%	51%	56%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Mahra	680	9%	19%	19%	48%	50%	2%	50%	47%	47%	47%	46%	50%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Mukalla	2,646	5%	24%	28%	57%	40%	3%	60%	58%	43%	51%	52%	49%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Rida'a	282	19%	18%	17%	55%	42%	4%	54%	35%	35%	42%	47%	50%	..	44%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Sada'a	140	4%	16%	16%	36%	57%	6%	40%	35%	35%	35%	31%	44%	..	34%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Sana'a	23,758	5%	17%	16%	38%	56%	6%	53%	50%	50%	50%	50%	51%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Sana'a/Aden	669	5%	6%	5%	16%	76%	8%	44%	50%	39%	45%	37%	56%	..	40%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Shabwa	458	6%	11%	11%	28%	70%	2%	56%	56%	57%	56%	47%	75%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Yemen	U	Taiz	2,858	4%	18%	18%	40%	47%	13%	51%	34%	34%	36%	51%	51%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Zambia	C	Kala	12,768	19%	24%	15%	58%	41%	1%	50%	53%	50%	51%	50%	49%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Zambia	C	Mayukwayukwa	10,474	20%	21%	17%	57%	39%	4%	52%	50%	51%	51%	49%	37%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Zambia	C	Meheba	15,763	21%	18%	15%	53%	43%	4%	51%	51%	51%	51%	45%	46%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Zambia	C	Mwange	14,429	19%	25%	10%	54%	44%	2%	50%	50%	49%	50%	48%	48%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Zambia	R	Various	25,300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Zambia	U	Various	4,751	10%	18%	15%	43%	55%	1%	49%	51%	51%	50%	41%	41%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Zimbabwe	C	Tongogara	2,779	18%	23%	14%	54%	45%	1%	49%	48%	46%	48%	42%	52%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Zimbabwe	U	Various	1,216	16%	17%	15%	48%	51%	1%	57%	49%	52%	52%	42%	50%	..	47%	100%	100%	

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 Refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (1,700), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (886,700), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,147,500). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.

Table 16. Population of concern to UNHCR by type of location, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum	Location type					Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown	Total	Camps/centers	Urban
Afghanistan	218,251	191,170	106,233	5	515,659	42%	37%
Albania	14	62	11	–	87	16%	71%
Algeria ¹	90,000	4,991	–	–	94,991	95%	5%
Angola	–	15,895	12,770	282	28,947	0%	55%
Argentina	–	2,845	–	731	3,576	0%	100%
Armenia	–	2,724	1,400	1	4,125	0%	66%
Australia	–	–	–	23,078	23,078	..	..
Austria	–	–	–	74,714	74,714	..	..
Azerbaijan	–	289,139	222,320	96,444	607,903	0%	57%
Bahrain	–	97	–	–	97	0%	100%
Bangladesh	28,123	269	–	–	28,392	99%	1%
Belarus	–	661	45	10,195	10,901	0%	94%
Belgium	–	17,574	–	14,263	31,837	0%	100%
Belize	–	17	267	–	284	0%	6%
Benin	3,352	3,793	–	–	7,145	47%	53%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	–	514	15	226	755	0%	97%
Bosnia-Herzegovina	219	7,518	–	186,711	194,448	3%	97%
Botswana	2,894	307	–	–	3,201	90%	10%
Brazil	–	4,369	–	–	4,369	0%	100%
Bulgaria	746	–	–	5,462	6,208	100%	0%
Burkina Faso	–	1,161	–	–	1,161	0%	100%
Burundi	16,824	9,307	231	195,389	221,751	64%	35%
Cambodia	144	81	–	–	225	64%	36%
Cameroon	4,427	13,051	65,790	–	83,268	5%	16%
Canada	–	54,182	–	173,671	227,853	0%	100%
Central African Rep.	3,556	5,336	197,000	9	205,901	2%	3%
Chad	311,422	5,342	218,133	4,415	539,312	58%	1%
Chile	–	1,613	–	890	2,503	0%	100%
China	–	96	–	300,895	300,991	0%	100%
- Hong Kong SAR, China	–	1,215	–	–	1,215	0%	100%
Colombia	–	277	–	3,000,017	3,000,294	0%	100%
Comoros	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Congo, Rep. of	3,316	7,582	17,186	55	28,139	12%	27%
Costa Rica	–	18,599	–	–	18,599	0%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	–	3,585	21,553	709,067	734,205	0%	14%
Croatia	555	14	–	33,374	33,943	98%	2%
Cuba	–	534	1	–	535	0%	100%
Cyprus	–	9,479	–	–	9,479	0%	100%
Czech Rep.	978	280	–	2,300	3,558	78%	22%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	–	26,705	168,019	1,474,599	1,669,323	0%	14%
Denmark	–	–	–	27,615	27,615	..	..
Djibouti	8,924	732	–	–	9,656	92%	8%
Ecuador	–	–	–	135,317	135,317	..	..
Egypt	–	112,605	–	–	112,605	0%	100%
El Salvador	–	–	32	–	32	0%	0%
Equatorial Guinea	–	–	–	1	1	..	..
Eritrea	4,915	77	–	92	5,084	98%	2%
Estonia	8	6	4	110,326	110,344	44%	33%
Ethiopia	52,684	22,823	9,743	167	85,417	62%	27%
Fiji	–	6	–	–	6	0%	100%
Finland	–	1,397	–	9,359	10,756	0%	100%
France	–	139,212	–	64,496	203,708	0%	100%

Table 16. Population of concern to UNHCR by type of location, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum	Location type					Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown	Total	Camps/centers	Urban
Gabon	–	12,037	1,270	–	13,307	0%	90%
Gambia	–	8,438	6,398	–	14,836	0%	57%
Georgia	–	334,670	54,015	46,544	435,229	0%	86%
Germany	–	616,030	–	31,822	647,852	0%	100%
Ghana	17,413	1,283	–	–	18,696	93%	7%
Greece	–	–	–	40,483	40,483	..	..
Guatemala	–	131	–	4	135	0%	100%
Guinea	12,171	9,948	–	6	22,125	55%	45%
Guinea-Bissau	–	8,211	–	–	8,211	0%	100%
Haiti	–	3	–	–	3	0%	100%
Honduras	–	24	–	–	24	0%	100%
Hungary	8,762	1,750	–	–	10,512	83%	17%
Iceland	–	158	–	55	213	0%	100%
India	73,286	15,042	–	100,000	188,328	83%	17%
Indonesia	–	725	–	1	726	0%	100%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	28,551	26	953,239	96	981,911	3%	0%
Iraq	14,817	22,976	2,967,866	134,686	3,140,345	0%	1%
Ireland	–	–	–	14,342	14,342	..	..
Israel	–	14,870	–	–	14,870	0%	100%
Italy	–	–	–	47,783	47,783	..	..
Japan	–	5,749	–	131	5,880	0%	100%
Jordan	–	501,098	–	1	501,099	0%	100%
Kazakhstan	–	786	11,294	–	12,080	0%	7%
Kenya	292,850	36,515	750,233	100,490	1,180,088	27%	3%
Kuwait	–	132,885	–	1	132,886	0%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	–	3,146	11,424	6,513	21,083	0%	22%
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Latvia	41	18	7	365,419	365,485	62%	27%
Lebanon	–	50,943	–	–	50,943	0%	100%
Lesotho	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Liberia	4,816	9,077	5,904	1,269	21,066	24%	46%
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	–	11,547	–	–	11,547	0%	100%
Liechtenstein	–	–	–	103	103	..	..
Lithuania	170	175	6	6,400	6,751	48%	50%
Luxembourg	–	–	–	3,300	3,300	..	..
Madagascar	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Malawi	9,425	1,291	–	–	10,716	88%	12%
Malaysia	–	45,998	81,314	20,000	147,312	0%	36%
Mali	54	11,440	–	–	11,494	0%	100%
Malta	–	–	–	5,562	5,562	..	..
Mauritania	–	1,102	–	33,037	34,139	0%	100%
Mauritius	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Mexico	–	1,073	–	–	1,073	0%	100%
Micronesia (Federated States of)	–	1	–	–	1	0%	100%
Mongolia	–	11	–	358	369	0%	100%
Montenegro	1,583	24,659	–	–	26,242	6%	94%
Morocco	–	1,235	–	–	1,235	0%	100%
Mozambique	4,874	2,745	–	–	7,619	64%	36%
Myanmar	–	–	790,861	–	790,861	0%	0%
Namibia	8,122	–	18	2	8,142	100%	0%
Nepal	102,041	277	–	823,555	925,873	100%	0%
Netherlands	–	–	–	91,934	91,934	..	..
New Zealand	–	–	–	2,868	2,868	..	..

Table 16. Population of concern to UNHCR by type of location, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum	Location type				Total	Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown		Camps/centers	Urban
Nicaragua	–	147	–	–	147	0%	100%
Niger	–	218	126	–	344	0%	63%
Nigeria	5,014	4,538	1,790	2	11,344	44%	40%
Norway	–	–	–	50,217	50,217	..	..
Occupied Palestinian Territory	–	–	–	4	4	..	..
Oman	–	54	–	–	54	0%	100%
Pakistan ²	920,744	1,018,951	–	5	1,939,700	47%	53%
Panama	–	16,623	892	–	17,515	0%	95%
Papua New Guinea	2,500	2,513	5,000	–	10,013	25%	25%
Paraguay	–	79	–	–	79	0%	100%
Peru	–	1,662	–	1	1,663	0%	100%
Philippines	–	280	–	–	280	0%	100%
Poland	4,867	1,773	–	11,376	18,016	73%	27%
Portugal	–	–	–	676	676	..	..
Qatar	–	50	–	1,200	1,250	0%	100%
Rep. of Korea	–	1,461	–	236	1,697	0%	100%
Rep. of Moldova	–	1,988	–	–	1,988	0%	100%
Romania	323	–	–	1,829	2,152	100%	0%
Russian Federation	–	145,901	–	2,049	147,950	0%	100%
Rwanda	53,180	2,413	8,429	3,182	67,204	83%	4%
Saint Lucia	–	1	–	–	1	0%	100%
Sao Tome and Principe	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Saudi Arabia	–	310,764	–	–	310,764	0%	100%
Senegal	–	3,595	32,292	2	35,889	0%	10%
Serbia	17,890	191,826	114,329	17,038	341,083	6%	59%
Sierra Leone	3,848	4,307	–	321	8,476	47%	53%
Singapore	–	10	–	–	10	0%	100%
Slovakia	163	29	–	1,343	1,535	85%	15%
Slovenia	–	342	–	4,100	4,442	0%	100%
Somalia	–	1,281,659	–	8,105	1,289,764	0%	100%
South Africa	–	270,671	–	–	270,671	0%	100%
Spain	–	–	–	4,687	4,687	..	..
Sri Lanka	–	662	–	527,339	528,001	0%	100%
Sudan	760,069	36,719	248,461	454,434	1,499,683	73%	4%
Suriname	–	1	–	–	1	0%	100%
Swaziland	218	1,002	–	–	1,220	18%	82%
Sweden	–	6,239	–	101,137	107,376	0%	100%
Switzerland	–	63,295	–	75	63,370	0%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,152	1,106,789	–	300,008	1,407,949	0%	100%
Tajikistan	–	2,094	–	–	2,094	0%	100%
Thailand	114,340	11,170	–	3,500,000	3,625,510	91%	9%
TfYR Macedonia	20	1,752	–	1,051	2,823	1%	99%
Timor-Leste	–	17	15,860	–	15,877	0%	0%
Togo	–	1,582	12,898	147	14,627	0%	11%
Trinidad and Tobago	–	132	–	–	132	0%	100%
Tunisia	–	145	–	–	145	0%	100%
Turkey	–	18,515	–	2,746	21,261	0%	100%
Turkmenistan	–	79	–	8,501	8,580	0%	100%
Uganda	989,998	18,377	619,000	104	1,627,479	61%	1%
Ukraine	–	3,371	–	61,487	64,858	0%	100%
United Arab Emirates	–	274	–	–	274	0%	100%
United Kingdom	–	–	–	306,702	306,702	..	..
United Rep. of Tanzania	322,163	–	–	–	322,163	100%	0%

Table 16. Population of concern to UNHCR by type of location, end-2008

Country/territory of asylum	Location type					Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown	Total	Camps/centers	Urban
United States of America	–	–	–	348,776	348,776	..	..
Uruguay	–	184	–	–	184	0%	100%
Uzbekistan	–	821	–	5	826	0%	100%
Vanuatu	–	4	–	–	4	0%	100%
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	–	1,148	210,788	1,161	213,097	0%	1%
Viet Nam	2,357	7,200	315	–	9,872	24%	73%
Yemen	11,394	46,368	183,238	–	241,000	5%	19%
Zambia	53,434	4,751	25,357	–	83,542	64%	6%
Zimbabwe	2,779	1,216	–	3	3,998	70%	30%
Total	4,596,781	7,461,097	8,153,377	14,250,980	34,462,234	23%	37%

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.

Table 17. Refugees including people in a refugee-like situation by type of location, end-2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Location type					Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown	Total	Camps/centers	Urban
Afghanistan	–	37	–	–	37	0%	100%
Albania	4	53	8	–	65	6%	82%
Algeria ^a	90,000	4,093	–	–	94,093	96%	4%
Angola	–	12,710	–	–	12,710	0%	100%
Argentina	–	2,845	–	–	2,845	0%	100%
Armenia	–	2,553	1,400	–	3,953	0%	65%
Australia	–	–	–	20,919	20,919	..	..
Austria	–	–	–	37,557	37,557	..	..
Azerbaijan	–	2,061	–	–	2,061	0%	100%
Bahrain	–	48	–	–	48	0%	100%
Bangladesh	28,123	266	–	–	28,389	99%	1%
Belarus	–	569	40	–	609	0%	93%
Belgium	–	17,026	–	–	17,026	0%	100%
Belize	–	13	264	–	277	0%	5%
Benin	3,352	3,581	–	–	6,933	48%	52%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	–	423	15	226	664	0%	97%
Bosnia-Herzegovina	6	7,251	–	–	7,257	0%	100%
Botswana	2,671	287	–	61	3,019	90%	10%
Brazil	–	3,852	–	–	3,852	0%	100%
Bulgaria	–	–	–	5,129	5,129	..	..
Burkina Faso	–	557	–	–	557	0%	100%
Burundi	16,824	4,038	231	–	21,093	80%	19%
Cambodia	98	66	–	–	164	60%	40%
Cameroon	4,427	10,820	65,790	–	81,037	5%	13%
Canada	–	–	–	173,651	173,651	..	..
Central African Rep.	3,556	3,873	–	–	7,429	48%	52%
Chad	311,422	5,288	13,800	–	330,510	94%	2%
Chile	–	1,613	–	–	1,613	0%	100%
China	–	72	–	300,895	300,967	0%	100%
- Hong Kong SAR, China	–	103	–	–	103	0%	100%
Colombia	–	170	–	–	170	0%	100%
Comoros	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Congo, Rep. of	3,316	4,277	17,186	–	24,779	13%	17%
Costa Rica	–	18,136	–	–	18,136	0%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	–	3,264	21,547	–	24,811	0%	13%
Croatia	504	3	–	1,090	1,597	99%	1%
Cuba	–	524	1	–	525	0%	100%
Cyprus	–	1,465	–	–	1,465	0%	100%
Czech Rep.	25	–	–	2,085	2,110	100%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	–	26,073	129,089	–	155,162	0%	17%
Denmark	–	–	–	23,401	23,401	..	..
Djibouti	8,924	304	–	–	9,228	97%	3%
Ecuador	–	–	–	101,398	101,398	..	..
Egypt	–	97,861	–	–	97,861	0%	100%
El Salvador	–	–	32	–	32	0%	0%
Equatorial Guinea	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Eritrea	4,787	75	–	–	4,862	98%	2%
Estonia	3	4	4	11	22	27%	36%
Ethiopia	51,764	22,705	9,114	–	83,583	62%	27%
Fiji	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Finland	–	–	–	6,617	6,617	..	..
France	–	139,212	–	31,994	171,206	0%	100%
Gabon	–	8,022	979	–	9,001	0%	89%
Gambia	–	8,438	6,398	–	14,836	0%	57%
Georgia	–	15	981	–	996	0%	2%
Germany	–	582,735	–	–	582,735	0%	100%
Ghana	17,352	854	–	–	18,206	95%	5%
Greece	–	–	–	2,164	2,164	..	..
Guatemala	–	130	–	–	130	0%	100%
Guinea	12,171	9,317	–	–	21,488	57%	43%

Table 17. Refugees including people in a refugee-like situation by type of location, end-2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Location type				Total	Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown		Camps/centers	Urban
Guinea-Bissau	–	7,884	–	–	7,884	0%	100%
Haiti	–	3	–	–	3	0%	100%
Honduras	–	24	–	–	24	0%	100%
Hungary	–	–	–	7,750	7,750	..	..
Iceland	–	49	–	–	49	0%	100%
India	73,286	11,257	–	100,000	184,543	87%	13%
Indonesia	–	369	–	–	369	0%	100%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	28,551	12	951,546	1	980,109	3%	0%
Iraq	14,425	21,448	3,617	13	39,503	37%	54%
Ireland	–	–	–	9,730	9,730	..	..
Israel	–	9,137	–	–	9,137	0%	100%
Italy	–	–	–	47,061	47,061	..	..
Japan	–	2,019	–	–	2,019	0%	100%
Jordan	–	500,413	–	–	500,413	0%	100%
Kazakhstan	–	660	3,692	–	4,352	0%	15%
Kenya	286,356	34,249	–	–	320,605	89%	11%
Kuwait	–	38,238	–	–	38,238	0%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	–	375	–	–	375	0%	100%
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Latvia	5	18	7	2	32	17%	60%
Lebanon	–	50,419	–	–	50,419	0%	100%
Lesotho	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Liberia	4,816	169	5,239	–	10,224	47%	2%
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	–	6,713	–	–	6,713	0%	100%
Liechtenstein	–	–	–	89	89	..	..
Lithuania	55	167	6	523	751	24%	73%
Luxembourg	–	–	–	3,109	3,109	..	..
Madagascar	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Malawi	3,821	354	–	–	4,175	92%	8%
Malaysia	–	36,671	–	–	36,671	0%	100%
Mali	54	9,524	–	–	9,578	1%	99%
Malta	–	–	–	4,332	4,332	..	..
Mauritania	–	1,041	–	26,000	27,041	0%	100%
Mauritius	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Mexico	–	1,055	–	–	1,055	0%	100%
Micronesia (Federated States of)	–	1	–	–	1	0%	100%
Mongolia	–	11	–	–	11	0%	100%
Montenegro	1,582	23,159	–	–	24,741	6%	94%
Morocco	–	766	–	–	766	0%	100%
Mozambique	1,802	1,361	–	–	3,163	57%	43%
Myanmar	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Namibia	6,799	–	–	–	6,799	100%	0%
Nepal	101,982	245	–	22,605	124,832	100%	0%
Netherlands	–	–	–	77,600	77,600	..	..
New Zealand	–	–	–	2,716	2,716	..	..
Nicaragua	–	147	–	–	147	0%	100%
Niger	–	194	126	–	320	0%	61%
Nigeria	4,805	3,529	1,790	–	10,124	47%	35%
Norway	–	–	–	36,101	36,101	..	..
Occupied Palestinian Territory	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Oman	–	7	–	–	7	0%	100%
Pakistan ²	764,935	1,016,000	–	–	1,780,935	43%	57%
Panama	–	16,021	892	–	16,913	0%	95%
Papua New Guinea	2,500	2,506	5,000	–	10,006	25%	25%
Paraguay	–	75	–	–	75	0%	100%
Peru	–	1,075	–	–	1,075	0%	100%
Philippines	–	104	–	–	104	0%	100%
Poland	–	–	–	12,774	12,774	..	..
Portugal	–	–	–	403	403	..	..
Qatar	–	13	–	–	13	0%	100%

Table 17. Refugees including people in a refugee-like situation by type of location, end-2008

Country/ territory of asylum	Location type					Percentage (calculation excludes "Unknown")	
	Camps/centers	Urban	Rural/dispersed	Unknown	Total	Camps/centers	Urban
Rep. of Korea	–	172	–	–	172	0%	100%
Rep. of Moldova	–	148	–	–	148	0%	100%
Romania	90	–	–	1,506	1,596	100%	0%
Russian Federation	–	3,479	–	–	3,479	0%	100%
Rwanda	53,180	1,882	–	–	55,062	97%	3%
Saint Lucia	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Sao Tome and Principe	–	–	–	–	–	..	..
Saudi Arabia	–	240,572	–	–	240,572	0%	100%
Senegal	–	901	32,292	–	33,193	0%	3%
Serbia	1,948	47,764	47,027	–	96,739	2%	49%
Sierra Leone	3,848	3,978	–	–	7,826	49%	51%
Singapore	–	10	–	–	10	0%	100%
Slovakia	30	12	–	275	317	71%	29%
Slovenia	–	–	–	268	268	..	..
Somalia	–	1,842	–	–	1,842	0%	100%
South Africa	–	43,546	–	–	43,546	0%	100%
Spain	–	–	–	4,661	4,661	..	..
Sri Lanka	–	269	–	–	269	0%	100%
Sudan	70,002	31,866	39,475	40,262	181,605	50%	23%
Suriname	–	1	–	–	1	0%	100%
Swaziland	74	701	–	–	775	10%	90%
Sweden	–	–	–	77,038	77,038	..	..
Switzerland	–	46,132	–	–	46,132	0%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,152	1,104,546	–	–	1,105,698	0%	100%
Tajikistan	–	1,799	–	–	1,799	0%	100%
Thailand	111,104	1,828	–	–	112,932	98%	2%
TfYR Macedonia	–	1,672	–	–	1,672	0%	100%
Timor-Leste	–	1	–	–	1	0%	100%
Togo	–	1,264	8,113	–	9,377	0%	13%
Trinidad and Tobago	–	33	–	–	33	0%	100%
Tunisia	–	94	–	–	94	0%	100%
Turkey	–	11,103	–	–	11,103	0%	100%
Turkmenistan	–	79	–	–	79	0%	100%
Uganda	136,576	9,556	16,000	–	162,132	84%	6%
Ukraine	–	2,201	–	5,000	7,201	0%	100%
United Arab Emirates	–	209	–	–	209	0%	100%
United Kingdom	–	–	–	292,097	292,097	..	..
United Rep. of Tanzania	321,909	–	–	–	321,909	100%	0%
United States of America	–	–	–	279,548	279,548	..	..
Uruguay	–	145	–	–	145	0%	100%
Uzbekistan	–	821	–	–	821	0%	100%
Vanuatu	–	3	–	–	3	0%	100%
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	–	–	200,000	1,161	201,161	0%	0%
Viet Nam	2,357	–	–	–	2,357	100%	0%
Yemen	11,394	45,537	83,238	–	140,169	8%	32%
Zambia	53,434	4,751	25,300	–	83,485	64%	6%
Zimbabwe	2,370	1,098	–	–	3,468	68%	32%
Total	2,624,571	4,415,179	1,690,239	1,759,823	10,489,811	30%	51%

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 Afghan refugee figures for Pakistan include individually recognized Afghan refugees (2,000), registered Afghans in refugee villages who are assisted by UNHCR (764,900), and registered Afghans outside refugee villages who are living in a "refugee-like" situation (1,015,200). Individuals in all categories have been issued a Proof of Registration Card by the Government of Pakistan. Following the completion of the registration exercise in 2007, those living outside refugee villages are now in the "refugee-like" category. They do not receive direct UNHCR material assistance but they benefit from advocacy and reintegration support upon return.

Table 18. Major mass inflows, 2008*N.B. This table includes mass (prima facie) arrivals per origin and country of asylum of 50 refugees and more.*

Origin (FROM)	Country of asylum (TO)	New refugee arrivals
Cameroon	Nigeria	1,790
Central African Republic	Cameroon	17,090
Central African Republic	Chad	7,730
Chad	Sudan	11,530
Chad	Cameroon	8,620
Chad	Nigeria	60
China	India	22,800
Cote d'Ivoire	Israel	230
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Uganda	46,860
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Sudan	4,950
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Burundi	3,170
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Rwanda	630
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zambia	100
Eritrea	Sudan	120
Ethiopia	Sudan	670
Iraq*	Jordan	9,800
Iraq*	Islamic Rep. of Iran	520
Iraq*	Syrian Arab Rep.	74,960
Iraq*	Lebanon	1,690
Iraq*	Egypt	1,520
Jordan	Iraq	70
Kenya	Uganda	2,600
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Syrian Arab Rep.	340
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	320
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Iraq	70
Russian Federation	Azerbaijan	120
Somalia	Kenya	65,000
Somalia	Yemen	30,470
Somalia	Djibouti	2,170
Somalia	Eritrea	290
Sri Lanka	India	2,800
Sudan	Chad	10,140
Sudan	Central African Rep.	300
Sudan	Kenya	110

* Refers to Iraqi refugees who were registered by UNHCR. The total number of Iraqi refugees who arrived during 2008 is unknown.

Table 19. Major voluntary repatriation/returnee movements, 2008

N.B. This table includes voluntary repatriation/returnee movements per origin and country of asylum of 100 refugees or more. Figures are based on country of asylum and country of origin reports. All figures are rounded to the closest 10.

Origin (Returning to)	Country of asylum (Returning from)	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Afghanistan	Pakistan	274,200	274,200
Afghanistan	Islamic Rep. of Iran	3,660	3,660
Afghanistan	United Kingdom	350	350
Angola	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	12,770	0
Angola	Zambia	280	280
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sweden	300	0
Burundi	United Rep. of Tanzania	94,890	94,670
Burundi	Uganda	250	0
Burundi	South Africa	100	100
Chad	Cameroon	4,400	10
Croatia	Serbia	670	130
Croatia	Bosnia and Herzegovina	480	430
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	United Rep. of Tanzania	15,680	15,680
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Uganda	14,330	0
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Congo	13,560	13,560
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zambia	9,700	9,700
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Mozambique	530	530
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	South Africa	160	160
Iraq	Various	25,580	4,080
Kenya	Uganda	720	0
Liberia	Ghana	8,850	8,830
Liberia	Sierra Leone	1,140	1,140
Liberia	Guinea	420	420
Liberia	Nigeria	340	340
Mauritania	Senegal	7,040	7,040
Rwanda	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	8,070	8,070
Rwanda	Uganda	3,170	10
Rwanda	United Rep. of Tanzania	250	250
Rwanda	Burundi	140	140
Serbia	Austria	250	10
Serbia	Switzerland	120	10
Serbia	Germany	100	30
Sierra Leone	Gambia	220	220
Somalia	Uganda	1,320	0
Somalia	Yemen	140	40
Sri Lanka	India	1,730	1,730
Sudan	Uganda	46,860	42,640
Sudan	Chad	22,000	2,000
Sudan	Ethiopia	10,370	10,370
Sudan	Kenya	9,880	8,500
Sudan	Egypt	950	950
Togo	Ghana	4,260	4,250
Togo	Benin	540	540
Uganda	Zambia	100	100
Viet Nam	Cambodia	320	320

Table 20. Resettlement departures of refugees from first asylum countries, 2008*N.B. This table includes resettlement departures per origin and country of first asylum of 50 refugees and more.*

Origin	Country of asylum (departure)	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Afghanistan	Islamic Rep. of Iran	469	469
Afghanistan	Russian Federation	328	328
Afghanistan	India	313	312
Afghanistan	Uzbekistan	238	238
Afghanistan	Pakistan	58	58
Bhutan	Nepal	8,139	8,139
Burundi	United Rep. of Tanzania	3,219	3,219
Burundi	Kenya	56	56
Central African Republic	Cameroon	66	66
Colombia	Ecuador	390	390
Colombia	Costa Rica	68	68
Congo, Republic of	Gabon	185	185
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zambia	451	451
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Uganda	313	313
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Rwanda	228	228
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Kenya	173	173
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Congo	130	130
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Burundi	116	116
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Cameroon	63	55
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Benin	59	59
Eritrea	Sudan	421	421
Eritrea	Ethiopia	282	272
Eritrea	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	77	77
Eritrea	Kenya	66	66
Ethiopia	Kenya	824	824
Ethiopia	Sudan	93	93
Ethiopia	Somalia	84	84
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Turkey	1,190	1,190
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	Iraq	95	95
Iraq	Syrian Arab Rep.	6,926	6,926
Iraq	Jordan	6,640	6,640
Iraq	Turkey	2,415	2,415
Iraq	Lebanon	1,329	1,329
Iraq	Egypt	149	101
Liberia	Sierra Leone	140	140
Mauritania	Senegal	121	121
Myanmar	Thailand	16,563	16,563
Myanmar	Malaysia	5,808	5,808
Myanmar	India	627	608
Myanmar	Bangladesh	156	156
Nigeria	Benin	69	69
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Syrian Arab Rep.	188	188
Occupied Palestinian Territory	Iraq	140	140
Occupied Palestinian Territory	India	123	119
Pakistan	China	75	75
Russian Federation	Azerbaijan	63	63
Rwanda	Kenya	58	58
Rwanda	Uganda	57	57
Somalia	Kenya	2,308	2,308
Somalia	Yemen	354	354
Somalia	Turkey	144	144
Somalia	Ethiopia	112	46
Somalia	Eritrea	103	103
Somalia	Syrian Arab Rep.	97	97
Somalia	Malta	94	94
Somalia	Egypt	52	44
Sudan	Kenya	379	379
Sudan	Ethiopia	128	115
Sudan	Uganda	100	100
Sudan	Ghana	63	63

Table 20. Resettlement departures of refugees from first asylum countries, 2008*N.B. This table includes resettlement departures per origin and country of first asylum of 50 refugees and more.*

Origin	Country of asylum (departure)	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Sudan	Chad	55	16
Togo	Benin	279	279
Togo	Ghana	157	157
Uganda	Kenya	55	55
Uzbekistan	Kyrgyzstan	143	143
Uzbekistan	Kazakhstan	85	85
Viet Nam	Cambodia	53	53

Table 21. Resettlement arrivals of refugees, 2008*Includes both arrivals with and without UNHCR assistance.**Source: Governments.*

Country of arrival	Total
Argentina	42
Australia	11,006
Brazil	19
Canada	10,804
Chile	161
Denmark	552
Finland	749
France	37
Iceland	31
Ireland	101
Netherlands	693
New Zealand	741
Norway	741
Sweden	2,209
United Kingdom	722
United States of America*	60,192
Grand Total	88,800

* United States: refers to US fiscal year.

Table 22. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by region, 2007-2008

End-2007								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons	Others of concern	Total
Africa	2,498,300	272,300	302,600	5,888,800	1,669,000	100,100	500	10,731,600
Asia	6,300,800	69,300	421,600	4,285,800	392,600	2,193,100	62,400	13,725,600
Europe	1,569,400	234,200	6,400	565,600	8,500	644,100	5,800	3,034,000
Latin America and the Caribbean	530,600	41,200	–	3,000,000	–	–	–	3,571,800
Northern America	457,000	121,400	–	–	–	–	–	578,400
Oceania	34,900	1,700	–	–	–	–	–	36,600
Total	11,391,000	740,100	730,600	13,740,200	2,070,100	2,937,300	68,700	31,678,000

End-2008								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons	Others of concern	Total
Africa	2,332,900	326,600	294,500	6,343,000	1,032,800	100,100	–	10,429,900
Asia	5,706,400	67,300	306,300	4,654,800	325,900	5,808,800	63,400	16,932,900
Europe	1,613,400	256,200	3,000	444,400	2,700	663,300	103,500	3,086,500
Latin America and the Caribbean	350,300	50,000	–	3,000,000	–	–	–	3,400,300
Northern America	453,200	123,400	–	–	–	–	–	576,600
Oceania	33,600	2,300	–	–	–	–	–	35,900
Grand Total	10,489,800	825,800	603,800	14,442,200	1,361,400	6,572,200	166,900	34,462,100

Change (absolute)								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons	Others of concern	Total
Africa	-165,400	54,300	-8,100	454,200	-636,200	–	-500	-301,700
Asia	-594,400	-2,000	-115,300	369,000	-66,700	3,615,700	1,000	3,207,300
Europe	44,000	22,000	-3,400	-121,200	-5,800	19,200	97,700	52,500
Latin America and the Caribbean	-180,300	8,800	–	–	–	–	–	-171,500
Northern America	-3,800	2,000	–	–	–	–	–	-1,800
Oceania	-1,300	600	–	–	–	–	–	-700
Total	-901,200	85,700	-126,800	702,000	-708,700	3,634,900	98,200	2,784,100

Change (%)								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons	Others of concern	Total
Africa	-6.6%	19.9%	-2.7%	7.7%	-38.1%	0.0%	-100.0%	-2.8%
Asia	-9.4%	-2.9%	-27.3%	8.6%	-17.0%	164.9%	1.6%	23.4%
Europe	2.8%	9.4%	-53.1%	-21.4%	-68.2%	3.0%	1684.5%	1.7%
Latin America and the Caribbean	-34.0%	21.4%	..	0.0%	..	..	..	-4.8%
Northern America	-0.8%	1.6%	..	..	..	..	..	-0.3%
Oceania	-3.7%	35.3%	..	..	..	..	..	-1.9%
Total	-7.9%	11.6%	-17.4%	5.1%	-34.2%	123.7%	142.9%	8.8%

Table 23. Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR, 1999-2008

See Table 1 for definition of population categories.

Due to change in classification and estimation methodology in a number of countries, figures for 2007 and 2008 are not fully comparable with pre-2007 figures.

Absolute values								
End of year	Refugees ¹	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/assisted ²	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons ³	Others of concern ³	Total
1999	11,687,200	1,027,400	1,599,100	3,968,600	1,048,400	..	1,491,100	20,821,800
2000	12,129,600	1,087,500	767,500	5,998,500	369,100	..	1,653,900	22,006,100
2001	12,116,800	1,072,700	462,400	5,096,500	241,000	..	1,039,500	20,028,900
2002	10,594,100	1,093,500	2,426,000	4,646,600	1,179,000	..	953,300	20,892,500
2003	9,592,800	997,600	1,094,900	4,181,700	237,800	..	905,300	17,010,100
2004	9,574,800	885,200	1,434,400	5,426,500	146,500	1,455,900	597,000	19,520,300
2005	8,662,000	802,100	1,105,600	6,616,800	519,400	2,383,700	960,400	21,050,000
2006	9,877,700	743,900	733,700	12,794,300	1,864,200	5,806,000	1,045,500	32,865,300
2007	11,391,000	740,100	730,600	13,740,200	2,070,100	2,937,300	68,700	31,678,000
2008	10,489,800	825,800	603,800	14,442,200	1,361,400	6,572,200	166,900	34,462,100

Distribution by category								
End of year	Refugees ¹	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/assisted ²	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons ³	Others of concern ³	Total
1999	56.1%	4.9%	7.7%	19.1%	5.0%	..	7.2%	100.0%
2000	55.1%	4.9%	3.5%	27.3%	1.7%	..	7.5%	100.0%
2001	60.5%	5.4%	2.3%	25.4%	1.2%	..	5.2%	100.0%
2002	50.7%	5.2%	11.6%	22.2%	5.6%	..	4.6%	100.0%
2003	56.4%	5.9%	6.4%	24.6%	1.4%	..	5.3%	100.0%
2004	49.1%	4.5%	7.3%	27.8%	0.8%	7.5%	3.1%	100.0%
2005	41.1%	3.8%	5.3%	31.4%	2.5%	11.3%	4.6%	100.0%
2006	30.1%	2.3%	2.2%	38.9%	5.7%	17.7%	3.2%	100.0%
2007	36.0%	2.3%	2.3%	43.4%	6.5%	9.3%	0.2%	100.0%
2008	30.4%	2.4%	1.8%	41.9%	4.0%	19.1%	0.5%	100.0%

Annual change								
Period	Refugees ¹	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/assisted ²	Returned IDPs	Stateless persons ³	Others of concern ³	Total
1997-1998	-4.4%	-4.9%	9.7%	10.7%	106.6%	..	-1.8%	0.4%
1999-2000	3.8%	5.8%	-52.0%	51.1%	-64.8%	..	10.9%	5.7%
2000-2001	-0.1%	-1.4%	-39.8%	-15.0%	-34.7%	..	-37.1%	-9.0%
2001-2002	-12.6%	1.9%	424.7%	-8.8%	389.2%	..	-8.3%	4.3%
2002-2003	-9.5%	-8.8%	-54.9%	-10.0%	-79.8%	..	-5.0%	-18.6%
2003-2004	-0.2%	-11.3%	31.0%	29.8%	-38.4%	..	-34.1%	14.8%
2004-2005	-9.5%	-9.4%	-22.9%	21.9%	254.5%	63.7%	60.9%	7.8%
2005-2006	14.0%	-7.3%	-33.6%	93.4%	258.9%	143.6%	8.9%	56.1%
2006-2007	15.3%	-0.5%	-0.4%	7.4%	11.0%	-49.4%	-93.4%	-3.6%
2007-2008	-7.9%	11.6%	-17.4%	5.1%	-34.2%	123.7%	142.9%	8.8%

Notes

- 1 Since 2007, people in refugee-like situations are included in the refugee estimates. 2007 and 2008 figures are therefore not fully comparable with previous years.
- 2 Since 2007, people in IDP-like situations are included in the IDP estimates. 2007 and 2008 IDP figures are therefore not fully comparable with previous years.
- 3 Stateless persons were included in the category "Others of concern" until 2003.

Table 24. Sources and methods of data collection, 2008

Country or territory of asylum	Refugee data		Type of procedure ³	Country or territory of asylum	Refugee data		Type of procedure ³
	Source ¹	Basis ²			Source ¹	Basis ²	
Afghanistan	U	R	U	Guinea-Bissau	G	R	G
Albania	U	R	G	Haiti	U	R	U
Algeria	G/U/V	R/E	U	Honduras	G/N	R	G
Angola	G/U	E/V	G	Hungary	G	E	G
Antigua and Barbuda	U	R	..	Iceland	G	E	G
Argentina	G	R	G	India	G/U	R/E	U
Armenia	G/U	R/S	G	Indonesia	U	R	U
Australia	G	E	G	Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	G/U	R	U
Austria	G	E	G	Iraq	U	R	U
Azerbaijan	G/U	R	G/U	Ireland	G	E	G
Bahrain	U	R	U	Israel	U	R	G/U
Bangladesh	U	R	U	Italy	G	E	G
Belarus	G/V	R	G/U	Japan	G/U	R	G
Belgium	G	R/E	G	Jordan	G/U	R/E	U
Belize	G/N	E	G	Kazakhstan	G/U/N	R/E/S	U
Benin	U	C	G	Kenya	U	R/E	U
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	N	R	G	Kuwait	G/U	R/E	U
Bosnia and Herzegovina	G/U	R	G	Kyrgyzstan	G/U/V	R	G/U
Botswana	U	R	G	Latvia	G	E	G
Brazil	U/N	R/E	G	Lebanon	U	R/E	U
Bulgaria	G	E	G	Liberia	U	R	G
Burkina Faso	G	R	G	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	U	R	U
Burundi	G/U	R	G/U	Liechtenstein	G	E	G
Cambodia	U	R	U	Lithuania	G	R	G
Cameroon	U	R	U	Luxembourg	G	E	G
Canada	G	E	G	Malawi	U	V	G
Central African Rep.	G	R	G	Malaysia	U	R	U
Chad	G/U	R/E	G/U	Mali	G	R	G
Chile	N	R	G	Malta	G	E	G
China	G/U	R	U	Mauritania	U/N/V	R/E	G/U
- Hong Kong SAR, China	U	R	U	Mexico	G/U	R/S	G
Colombia	G	R	G	Micronesia (Fed. States of)	U	V	..
Comoros	U	..	..	Mongolia	U	R	U
Congo	U	R	G/U	Montenegro	G/U/N	R/V	G
Costa Rica	G/U	R/E	G	Morocco	U	R	U
Côte d'Ivoire	U	R	G	Mozambique	G	R	G
Croatia	G/U	R	G	Myanmar	-	-	-
Cuba	U	R	U	Namibia	U	R	G
Cyprus	G/U	R	G/U	Nepal	U/N	R/E	G/U
Czech Rep.	G	R	G	Netherlands	G	E	G
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	U	R	U	New Zealand	G	E	G
Denmark	G	E	G	Nicaragua	G/N	R	G
Djibouti	U	R	U	Niger	G	R	G
Ecuador	G	R/S	G	Nigeria	U	R	G
Egypt	U	R/E	U	Norway	G	E	G
El Salvador	N	C	G	Occupied Palestinian Territory	-	-	-
Equatorial Guinea	..	..	..	Oman	U	R	U
Eritrea	U	R	U	Pakistan	U	R/V	U
Estonia	G	R	G	Panama	G/V	R/E	G
Ethiopia	U	R	G/U	Papua New Guinea	G/U/V	R/E/C	G/U
Fiji	U	..	G/U	Paraguay	N	R	G
Finland	G	E	G	Peru	G	R	G
France	G	R	G	Philippines	G	R	G
Gabon	V	R	G	Poland	G	E	G
Gambia	G	R	G	Qatar	G/U	R/E	U
Georgia	G	R	G	Rep. of Korea	G	R	G
Germany	G	R	G	Rep. of Moldova	G	R	G
Ghana	U	R	G	Romania	G/N	E	G
Greece	G	E	G	Russian Federation	G/U	R	G
Guatemala	N	R	G	Rwanda	U	R	G/U
Guinea	U	R	G	Saint Lucia	U	R	U

Table 24. Sources and methods of data collection, 2008

Country or territory of asylum	Refugee data		Type of procedure ³	Country or territory of asylum	Refugee data		Type of procedure ³
	Source ¹	Basis ²			Source ¹	Basis ²	
Saudi Arabia	U/V	R/E	U	Timor-Leste	U	R	G
Senegal	G	R	G	Togo	G	R/C	G
Serbia	G/U	R/S/V	G/U	Trinidad and Tobago	U	R	U
Sierra Leone	U	R	U	Tunisia	U	R	U
Singapore	U	R	U	Turkey	U	R	U
Slovakia	G	E	G	Turkmenistan	U	R	U
Slovenia	G	R	G	Uganda	U	R/E	G
Somalia	U	R/V	U	Ukraine	G/N	R/E	G/U
South Africa	G	E	G	United Arab Emirates	U	R	U
Spain	G	E	G	United Kingdom	G	E	G
Sri Lanka	U	R	U	United Republic of Tanzania	U	R	G
Sudan	U/V	R/V	G/U	United States	G	E	G
Suriname	G	R	..	Uruguay	N	R	G
Swaziland	G	R	G/U	Uzbekistan	U	R	–
Sweden	G	E	G	Vanuatu	U	R	U
Switzerland	G	R	G	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	G	R/E	G
Syrian Arab Rep.	G/U	R/E	U	Viet Nam	G	S	–
Tajikistan	G/U	R	G/U	Yemen	G/U	R	U
TfYR Macedonia	U	R	G	Zambia	G/U	R/S	G
Thailand	G/U	R	G/U	Zimbabwe	U	R	G

Notes

- 1 Source: G = Government, U = UNHCR, N = NGO, V = Various/other/unknown.
- 2 Basis: R = Registration/census, E = Estimate, S = Survey, C=Census, V = Various/other/unknown.
- 3 Type of refugee status determination procedure: G = Government, U = UNHCR.

Table 25. Indicators of host country capacity and contributions, 2008

A zero indicates that the value is zero or rounded to zero. Two dots (..) indicate that the value is not available.

Country or territory of asylum (residence)	Ratio			Rank		
	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²
Afghanistan	0.0	0.0	0.1	120	153	148
Albania	0.0	0.0	2.3	133	128	115
Algeria	14.1	2.7	40.6	31	43	69
Angola	2.2	0.7	10.1	59	80	94
Argentina	0.2	0.1	1.0	94	107	127
Armenia	0.7	1.3	133.5	76	62	45
Australia	0.6	1.0	2.7	79	69	113
Austria	1.0	4.5	448.7	69	35	23
Azerbaijan	0.2	0.2	23.9	90	91	79
Bahamas	–	–	–	153	157	151
Bahrain	0.0	0.1	77.0	144	112	56
Bangladesh	20.5	0.2	207.5	22	97	36
Belarus	0.0	0.1	2.9	119	111	111
Belgium	0.5	1.6	557.2	83	55	20
Belize	0.0	0.9	12.4	123	71	89
Benin	4.8	0.8	59.8	51	76	64
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.2	0.1	0.6	102	109	131
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.9	1.9	141.8	71	51	43
Botswana	0.2	1.5	5.2	92	56	104
Brazil	0.4	0.0	0.5	87	129	137
Bulgaria	0.4	0.7	46.3	84	81	66
Burkina Faso	0.5	0.0	2.0	80	120	117
Burundi	56.6	2.5	779.3	16	46	16
Cambodia	0.1	0.0	0.9	109	138	128
Cameroon	37.9	4.2	173.0	19	39	37
Canada	4.5	5.2	17.7	52	29	82
Cape Verde	–	–	–	153	157	151
Central African Rep.	10.2	1.7	11.9	41	53	91
Chad	229.8	29.5	259.3	5	4	31
Chile	0.1	0.1	2.1	106	105	116
China	51.2	0.2	32.1	18	93	74
- Hong Kong SAR, China	0.0	0.0	..	141	133	..
Colombia	0.0	0.0	0.1	126	146	145
Comoros	–	–	–	153	157	151
Congo, Rep. of	6.4	6.7	72.2	45	22	61
Costa Rica	1.7	4.0	352.6	62	40	27
Côte d'Ivoire	15.4	1.2	76.8	28	66	57
Croatia	0.1	0.4	28.3	110	84	76
Cuba	..	0.0	4.7	..	114	105
Cyprus	0.1	1.7	158.0	116	52	41
Czech Rep.	0.1	0.2	26.8	111	94	77
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	496.3	2.4	66.4	2	48	62
Denmark	0.6	4.3	529.3	78	37	22
Djibouti	4.2	10.7	424.1	55	8	25
Dominican Rep.	–	–	–	153	157	151
Ecuador	12.9	7.4	394.0	33	18	26
Egypt	18.3	1.2	99.4	25	65	52
El Salvador	0.0	0.0	1.5	138	144	123
Equatorial Guinea	–	–	..	153	157	..
Eritrea	6.6	1.0	39.5	44	70	70
Estonia	0.0	0.0	0.5	146	130	135
Ethiopia	97.5	1.0	73.9	10	68	59
Fiji	–	–	..	153	157	..
Finland	0.2	1.2	19.8	96	64	81
France	5.0	2.7	312.8	49	42	30
Gabon	0.6	6.1	33.9	77	25	73
Gambia	11.2	8.7	1,368.9	38	13	10
Georgia	0.2	0.2	14.3	95	90	85

Table 25. Indicators of host country capacity and contributions, 2008

A zero indicates that the value is zero or rounded to zero. Two dots (..) indicate that the value is not available.

Country or territory of asylum (residence)	Ratio			Rank		
	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²
Germany	16.5	7.1	1,636.9	26	20	9
Ghana	12.7	0.8	75.9	34	78	58
Greece	0.1	0.2	16.4	113	96	84
Guatemala	0.0	0.0	1.2	125	140	124
Guinea	21.0	2.1	87.4	21	50	54
Guinea-Bissau	15.0	4.9	231.2	29	32	32
Haiti	0.0	0.0	0.1	140	156	146
Honduras	0.0	0.0	0.2	136	148	140
Hungary	0.4	0.8	83.5	85	77	55
Iceland	0.0	0.2	0.5	145	100	136
India	67.2	0.2	58.4	13	99	65
Indonesia	0.1	0.0	0.2	108	152	142
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	88.7	13.2	603.9	11	5	18
Iraq	11.5	1.3	89.2	37	61	53
Ireland	0.2	2.2	139.9	91	49	44
Israel	0.3	1.3	438.5	88	63	24
Italy	1.6	0.8	156.3	63	75	42
Jamaica	–	–	–	153	157	151
Japan	0.1	0.0	5.4	115	131	103
Jordan	101.6	79.2	5,553.5	9	1	3
Kazakhstan	0.4	0.3	1.6	86	86	122
Kenya	211.2	8.1	548.3	6	16	21
Kuwait	0.8	12.8	2,209.4	73	6	6
Kyrgyzstan	0.2	0.1	1.9	100	108	119
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	–	–	–	153	157	151
Latvia	0.0	0.0	0.5	142	134	134
Lebanon	4.3	11.9	4,881.8	54	7	4
Lesotho	–	–	–	153	157	151
Liberia	27.5	2.6	106.2	20	45	51
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0.5	1.0	4.1	82	67	108
Liechtenstein	..	2.5	589.4	..	47	19
Lithuania	0.0	0.2	11.6	121	92	92
Luxembourg	0.0	6.4	1,190.3	122	24	12
Madagascar	–	–	–	153	157	151
Malawi	5.6	0.3	35.2	47	88	72
Malaysia	2.6	1.3	110.7	57	60	48
Mali	8.3	0.7	7.6	42	79	99
Malta	0.2	10.6	13,840.3	98	9	1
Mauritania	14.3	8.2	25.9	30	15	78
Mauritius	–	–	–	153	157	151
Mexico	0.1	0.0	0.5	112	139	133
Micronesia (Federated States of)	..	0.0	..	..	143	..
Mongolia	0.0	0.0	..	139	145	..
Montenegro	2.2	39.6	..	58	3	..
Morocco	0.2	0.0	1.9	99	126	120
Mozambique	3.9	0.1	4.0	56	102	110
Myanmar	–	–	–	153	157	151
Namibia	1.1	3.1	8.2	66	41	98
Nepal	115.9	4.3	847.7	8	38	15
Netherlands	1.9	4.7	2,210.6	61	34	5
New Zealand	0.1	0.6	10.1	107	83	95
Nicaragua	0.1	0.0	1.1	117	123	126
Niger	0.5	0.0	0.3	81	127	139
Nigeria	5.0	0.1	11.1	50	110	93
Norway	0.7	7.5	113.1	75	17	47
Occupied Palestinian Territory	..	–	..	..	157	..
Oman	0.0	0.0	0.0	149	149	149
Pakistan	732.6	9.8	2,031.0	1	10	8
Panama	1.5	4.9	224.4	64	31	33

Table 25. Indicators of host country capacity and contributions, 2008

A zero indicates that the value is zero or rounded to zero. Two dots (..) indicate that the value is not available.

Country or territory of asylum (residence)	Ratio			Rank		
	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²
Papua New Guinea	5.2	1.5	21.5	48	57	80
Paraguay	0.0	0.0	0.2	128	137	143
Peru	0.1	0.0	0.8	104	119	129
Philippines	0.0	0.0	0.3	124	154	138
Poland	0.7	0.3	41.1	74	85	68
Portugal	0.0	0.0	4.4	127	118	107
Qatar	0.0	0.0	1.2	151	141	125
Rep. of Korea	0.0	0.0	1.7	135	147	121
Rep. of Moldova	0.0	0.0	4.4	118	117	106
Romania	0.1	0.1	6.7	105	106	101
Russian Federation	0.2	0.0	0.2	93	124	141
Rwanda	55.1	5.5	2,174.8	17	28	7
Saint Lucia	–	–	..	153	157	..
Sao Tome and Principe	–	–	–	153	157	151
Saudi Arabia	10.4	9.4	123.4	40	12	46
Senegal	19.1	2.6	168.1	24	44	39
Serbia	12.0	9.8	946.4	35	11	14
Sierra Leone	10.5	1.4	107.8	39	59	50
Singapore	0.0	0.0	16.7	150	150	83
Slovakia	0.0	0.1	6.5	129	113	102
Slovenia	0.0	0.1	13.2	134	103	87
Somalia	..	0.2	2.9	..	95	112
South Africa	4.4	0.9	35.6	53	73	71
Spain	0.1	0.1	9.2	103	104	96
Sri Lanka	0.1	0.0	4.0	114	135	109
Sudan	87.4	4.3	72.3	12	36	60
Suriname	0.0	0.0	0.0	152	151	150
Swaziland	0.2	0.7	44.7	101	82	67
Sweden	2.1	8.3	172.5	60	14	38
Switzerland	1.1	6.1	1,121.0	65	26	13
Syrian Arab Rep.	256.6	50.5	5,932.5	4	2	2
Tajikistan	1.0	0.3	12.7	68	89	88
Thailand	14.0	1.7	218.5	32	54	35
TfYR Macedonia	0.2	0.8	66.0	97	74	63
Timor-Leste	0.0	0.0	0.1	148	155	147
Togo	11.6	1.4	163.7	36	58	40
Trinidad and Tobago	0.0	0.0	..	143	125	..
Tunisia	0.0	0.0	0.6	131	142	132
Turkey	0.9	0.1	14.2	70	101	86
Turkmenistan	0.0	0.0	0.2	130	132	144
Uganda	143.7	5.0	669.0	7	30	17
Ukraine	1.0	0.2	12.0	67	98	90
United Arab Emirates	0.0	0.0	2.7	137	115	114
United Kingdom	8.1	4.7	1,197.6	43	33	11
United Rep. of Tanzania	262.1	7.4	340.4	3	19	28
United States of America	6.2	0.9	30.0	46	72	75
Uruguay	0.0	0.0	0.8	132	116	130
Uzbekistan	0.3	0.0	1.9	89	121	118
Vanuatu	0.0	0.0	..	147	136	..
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	16.0	7.0	219.8	27	21	34
Viet Nam	0.9	0.0	7.2	72	122	100
Yemen	59.6	5.9	332.9	15	27	29
Zambia	62.0	6.5	110.7	14	23	49
Zimbabwe	19.6	0.3	8.9	23	87	97

Sources

Gross Domestic Product (PPP): International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2009 (accessed 30 April 2009)
National population: United Nations, Population Division, "World Population Prospects: The 2008 Revision", New York, 2009
National surface area: Global Insight Digital Mapping 1998, Europa Technologies Ltd.

Table 26. UN major areas

(Source: United Nations Population Division, United Nations Statistics Division, New York.)

Africa	Asia	Latin America and the Caribbean	Europe
Algeria	Afghanistan	Antigua and Barbuda	Albania
Angola	Armenia	Argentina	Andorra
Benin	Azerbaijan	Bahamas	Austria
Botswana	Bahrain	Barbados	Belarus
Burkina Faso	Bangladesh	Belize	Belgium
Burundi	Bhutan	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Cameroon	Brunei Darussalam	Brazil	Bulgaria
Cape Verde	Cambodia	Cayman Islands	Croatia
Central African Rep.	China	Chile	Czech Rep.
Chad	- Hong Kong SAR, China	Colombia	Denmark
Comoros	- Macao SAR, China	Costa Rica	Estonia
Congo, Rep. of	Cyprus	Cuba	Faeroe Islands
Côte d'Ivoire	Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	Dominica	Finland
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Georgia	Dominican Rep.	France
Djibouti	India	Ecuador	Germany
Egypt	Indonesia	El Salvador	Greece
Equatorial Guinea	Iraq	French Guiana	Hungary
Eritrea	Islamic Rep. of Iran	Grenada	Iceland
Ethiopia	Israel	Guatemala	Ireland
Gabon	Japan	Guyana	Italy
Gambia	Jordan	Haiti	Latvia
Ghana	Kazakhstan	Honduras	Liechtenstein
Guinea	Kuwait	Jamaica	Lithuania
Guinea-Bissau	Kyrgyzstan	Mexico	Luxembourg
Kenya	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	Nicaragua	Malta
Lesotho	Lebanon	Panama	Monaco
Liberia	Malaysia	Paraguay	Montenegro
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Maldives	Peru	Netherlands
Madagascar	Mongolia	Puerto Rico	Norway
Malawi	Myanmar	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Poland
Mali	Nepal	Saint Lucia	Portugal
Mauritania	Occupied Palestinian Territory	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Rep. of Moldova
Mauritius	Oman	Suriname	Romania
Morocco	Pakistan	Trinidad and Tobago	Russian Federation
Mozambique	Philippines	Turks and Caicos Islands	San Marino
Namibia	Qatar	Uruguay	Serbia
Niger	Rep. of Korea	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	Slovakia
Nigeria	Saudi Arabia		Slovenia
Rwanda	Singapore	Oceania	Spain
Sao Tome and Principe	Sri Lanka	Australia	Sweden
Senegal	Syrian Arab Rep.	Fiji	Switzerland
Seychelles	Tajikistan	Kiribati	TFYR Macedonia
Sierra Leone	Thailand	Micronesia (Federated States of)	Ukraine
Somalia	Timor-Leste	Nauru	United Kingdom
South Africa	Turkey	New Zealand	
Sudan	Turkmenistan	Palau	
Swaziland	United Arab Emirates	Papua New Guinea	
Togo	Uzbekistan	Samoa	
Tunisia	Viet Nam	Solomon Islands	
Uganda	Yemen	Tonga	
United Rep. of Tanzania		Tuvalu	
Western Sahara	North America	Vanuatu	
Zambia	Bermuda		
Zimbabwe	Canada		
	United States		

Table 27. UNHCR Regional Bureaux/Operations

(Source: UNHCR)

Africa	Middle East and North Africa (MENA)	Asia and Pacific (RBAP)	Europe (RBE)
Central Africa and the Great Lakes (CA–GL)	Algeria	Afghanistan	Albania
Burundi	Bahrain	Australia	Andorra
Cameroon	Egypt	Bangladesh	Armenia
Central African Rep.	Iraq	Bhutan	Austria
Chad	Israel	Brunei Darussalam	Azerbaijan
Congo, Rep. of	Jordan	Cambodia	Belarus
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Kuwait	China	Belgium
Equatorial Guinea	Lebanon	- Hong Kong SAR, China	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Gabon	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	- Macao SAR, China	Bulgaria
Rwanda	Mauritania	Cook Islands	Croatia
Sao Tome and Principe	Morocco	Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	Cyprus
United Rep. of Tanzania	Occupied Palestinian Territory	Fiji	Czech Rep.
	Oman	French Polynesia	Denmark
	Qatar	India	Estonia
East and Horn of Africa (EHA)	Saudi Arabia	Indonesia	Faeroe Islands
Djibouti	Syrian Arab Rep.	Islamic Rep. of Iran	Finland
Eritrea	Tunisia	Japan	France
Ethiopia	United Arab Emirates	Kazakhstan	Georgia
Kenya	Western Sahara	Kiribati	Germany
Somalia	Yemen	Kyrgyzstan	Greece
Sudan		Lao People's Dem. Rep.	Holy See (the)
Uganda	The Americas (RBAC)	Malaysia	Hungary
	Antigua and Barbuda	Maldives	Iceland
Southern Africa (SAO)	Argentina	Marshall Islands	Ireland
Angola	Bahamas	Micronesia (Federated States of)	Italy
Botswana	Barbados	Mongolia	Latvia
Comoros	Belize	Myanmar	Liechtenstein
Lesotho	Bermuda	Nauru	Lithuania
Madagascar	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Nepal	Luxembourg
Malawi	Brazil	New Caledonia	Malta
Mauritius	Canada	New Zealand	Monaco
Mozambique	Cayman Islands	Niue	Montenegro
Namibia	Chile	Pakistan	Netherlands
Seychelles	Colombia	Palau	Norway
South Africa	Costa Rica	Papua New Guinea	Poland
Swaziland	Cuba	Philippines	Portugal
Zambia	Dominica	Rep. of Korea	Rep. of Moldova
Zimbabwe	Dominican Rep.	Samoa	Romania
	Ecuador	Singapore	Russian Federation
West Africa (WA)	El Salvador	Solomon Islands	San Marino
Benin	French Guiana	Sri Lanka	Serbia
Burkina Faso	Grenada	Tajikistan	Slovakia
Cape Verde	Guatemala	Thailand	Slovenia
Côte d'Ivoire	Guyana	Timor–Leste	Spain
Gambia	Haiti	Tonga	Sweden
Ghana	Honduras	Turkmenistan	Switzerland
Guinea	Jamaica	Tuvalu	TfYR Macedonia
Guinea–Bissau	Mexico	Uzbekistan	Turkey
Liberia	Nicaragua	Vanuatu	Ukraine
Mali	Panama	Viet Nam	United Kingdom
Niger	Paraguay		
Nigeria	Peru		
Senegal	Puerto Rico		
Sierra Leone	Saint Kitts and Nevis		
Togo	Saint Lucia		
	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		
	Suriname		
	Trinidad and Tobago		
	Turks and Caicos Islands		
	United States of America		
	Uruguay		
	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)		

Table 28. UNHCR country/territory codes

Code	Country/territory name	Code	Country/territory name	Code	Country/territory name
AFG	Afghanistan	GRE	Greece	NZL	New Zealand
ALB	Albania	GRN	Grenada	OMN	Oman
ALG	Algeria	GUA	Guatemala	PAK	Pakistan
AND	Andorra	GUI	Guinea	PAN	Panama
ANG	Angola	GUY	Guyana	PAR	Paraguay
ANT	Antigua and Barbuda	HAI	Haiti	PER	Peru
ARE	Egypt	HKG	Hong Kong SAR, China	PHI	Philippines
ARG	Argentina	HON	Honduras	PLW	Palau
ARM	Armenia	HRV	Croatia	PNG	Papua New Guinea
AUL	Australia	HUN	Hungary	POL	Poland
AUS	Austria	ICE	Iceland	POR	Portugal
AZE	Azerbaijan	ICO	Côte d'Ivoire	PUE	Puerto Rico
BAH	Bahrain	IND	India	QAT	Qatar
BAR	Barbados	INS	Indonesia	ROM	Romania
BDI	Burundi	IRE	Ireland	RSA	South Africa
BEL	Belgium	IRN	Islamic Rep. of Iran	RUS	Russian Federation
BEN	Benin	IRQ	Iraq	RWA	Rwanda
BGD	Bangladesh	ISR	Israel	SAL	El Salvador
BHS	Bahamas	ITA	Italy	SAU	Saudi Arabia
BHU	Bhutan	JAM	Jamaica	SEN	Senegal
BKF	Burkina Faso	JOR	Jordan	SEY	Seychelles
BLR	Belarus	JPN	Japan	SIN	Singapore
BOL	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	KAZ	Kazakhstan	SLE	Sierra Leone
BOT	Botswana	KEN	Kenya	SMA	San Marino
BRA	Brazil	KGZ	Kyrgyzstan	SOL	Solomon Islands
BRU	Brunei Darussalam	KIR	Kiribati	SOM	Somalia
BSN	Bosnia and Herzegovina	KOR	Rep. of Korea	SPA	Spain
BUL	Bulgaria	KRN	Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	SRB	Serbia
BZE	Belize	KUW	Kuwait	SRV	Viet Nam
CAM	Cambodia	LAO	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	STK	Saint Kitts and Nevis
CAN	Canada	LBR	Liberia	STP	Sao Tome and Principe
CAR	Central African Republic	LBY	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	SUD	Sudan
CHD	Chad	LCA	Saint Lucia	SUR	Suriname
CHI	China	LEB	Lebanon	SVK	Slovakia
CHL	Chile	LES	Lesotho	SVN	Slovenia
CMR	Cameroon	LIE	Liechtenstein	SWA	Swaziland
COB	Congo, Rep. of	LKA	Sri Lanka	SWE	Sweden
COD	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	LTU	Lithuania	SWI	Switzerland
COI	Comoros	LUX	Luxembourg	SYR	Syrian Arab Republic
COL	Colombia	LVA	Latvia	TAN	United Rep. of Tanzania
COS	Costa Rica	MAC	Macau SAR, China	THA	Thailand
CUB	Cuba	MAD	Madagascar	TJK	Tajikistan
CVI	Cape Verde	MAU	Mauritania	TKM	Turkmenistan
CYP	Cyprus	MCD	TfYR of Macedonia	TMP	Timor-Leste
CZE	Czech Republic	MCO	Monaco	TOG	Togo
DEN	Denmark	MDA	Rep. of Moldova	TON	Tonga
DJB	Djibouti	MDV	Maldives (the)	TRT	Trinidad and Tobago
DMA	Dominica	MEX	Mexico	TUN	Tunisia
DOM	Dominican Republic	MLI	Mali	TUR	Turkey
ECU	Ecuador	MLS	Malaysia	TUV	Tuvalu
EGU	Equatorial Guinea	MLW	Malawi	UAE	United Arab Emirates
ERT	Eritrea	MNG	Mongolia	UGA	Uganda
EST	Estonia	MNE	Montenegro	UKR	Ukraine
ETH	Ethiopia	MOR	Morocco	URU	Uruguay
FIJ	Fiji	MOZ	Mozambique	USA	United States
FIN	Finland	MTA	Malta	UZB	Uzbekistan
FPO	French Polynesia	MTS	Mauritius	VAN	Vanuatu
FRA	France	MYA	Myanmar	VCT	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
GAB	Gabon	NAM	Namibia	VEN	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)
GAM	Gambia	NEP	Nepal	WES	Samoa
GAZ	Occupied Palestinian Territory	NET	Netherlands	WSH	Western Sahara
GBR	United Kingdom	NGR	Niger	YEM	Yemen
GEO	Georgia	NIC	Nicaragua	ZAM	Zambia
GFR	Germany	NIG	Nigeria	ZIM	Zimbabwe
GHA	Ghana	NOR	Norway	STA	Stateless
GNB	Guinea-Bissau	NRU	Nauru	VAR	Various