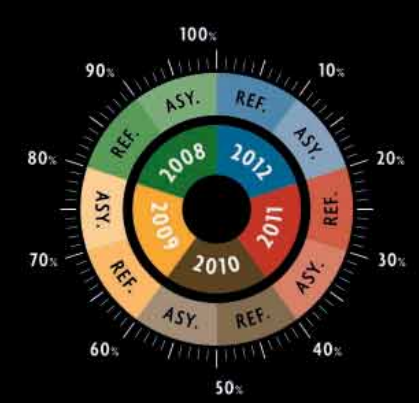
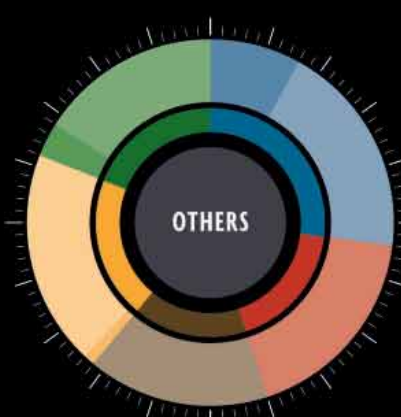
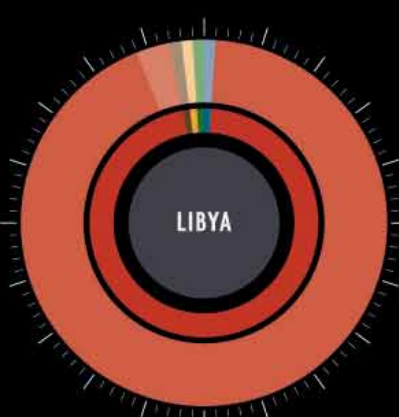
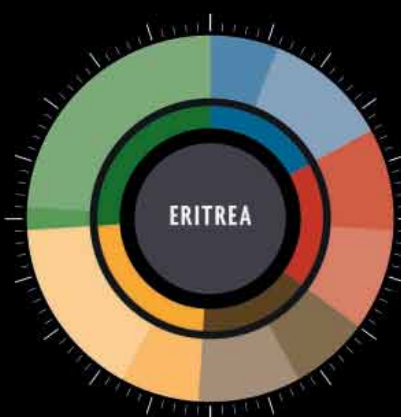
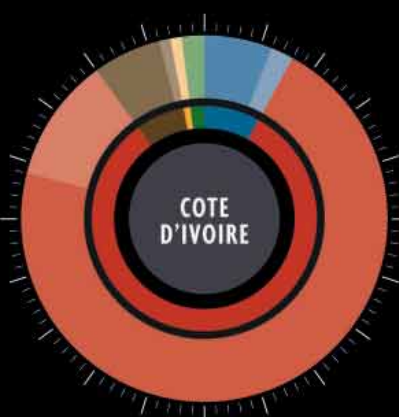
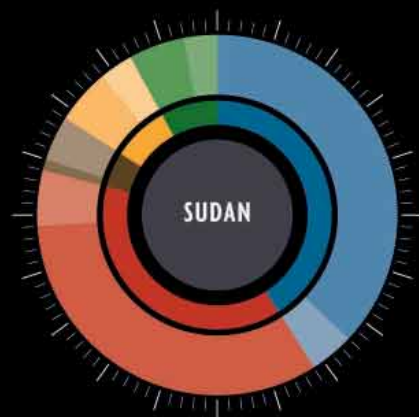
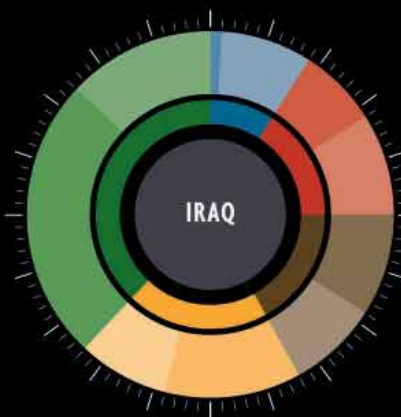
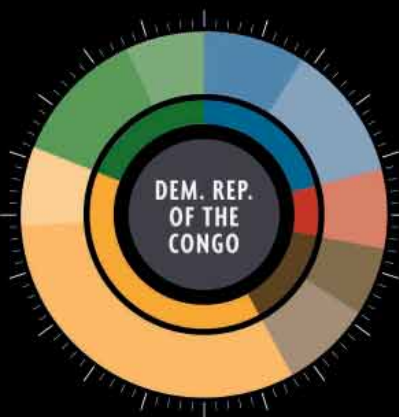
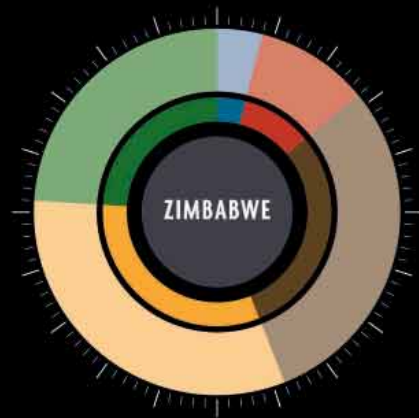
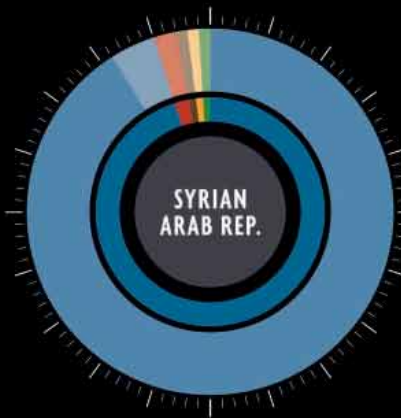
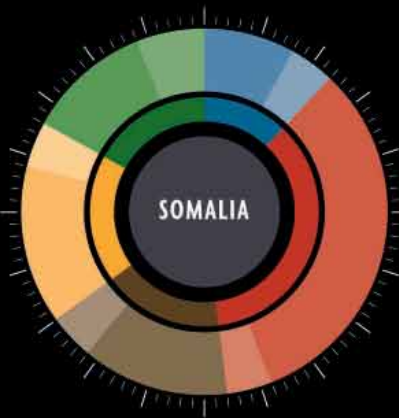


TOP POPULATION* OUTFLOWS BY ORIGINS REFUGEES vs. ASYLUM-SEEKERS



Note: * Refugees refers to mass outflows while asylum-seekers to asylum applications submitted on an individual basis.



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MAIN FINDINGS

This section provides an overview of the major statistical developments in 2012 and a summary of key findings. More detailed analyses, including the definitions used and limitations of the data, can be found in Chapters I to VI.

GLOBAL TRENDS

45.2 MILLION

By end-2012, **45.2 million people** were forcibly displaced worldwide as a result of persecution, conflict, generalized violence, and/or human rights violations. Some 15.4 million people were refugees, 10.5 million under UNHCR's mandate and 4.9 million Palestinian refugees registered by UNRWA.

The global figure included 28.8 million internally displaced persons and some 928,200 asylum-seekers. This was the highest overall level since 1994, when an estimated 47 million people were forcibly displaced worldwide.

7.6 MILLION

An estimated **7.6 million people** were newly displaced due to conflict or persecution, including 1.1 million new refugees – the highest number of new arrivals in a single year since 1999. Another 6.5 million people were newly displaced within the borders of their countries, the second highest figure of the past 10 years.

23,000

During the year, conflict and persecution forced an average of **23,000 persons per day** to leave their homes and seek protection elsewhere, either within the borders of their countries or in other countries.

TOTAL POPULATION OF CONCERN

7

The 2012 Statistical Yearbook identifies seven population categories:

1. refugees
2. asylum-seekers
3. internally displaced persons (IDPs) protected/assisted by UNHCR
4. stateless persons
5. returned refugees
6. returned IDPs
7. others of concern

These categories are collectively referred to as the 'total population of concern' or as 'persons of concern'.¹

35.8 MILLION

By the end of 2012, the total population of concern to UNHCR was estimated at **35.8 million people**.

10.5 million refugees²

928,200 asylum-seekers

526,000 refugees who had repatriated during 2012

17.7 million IDPs protected or assisted by UNHCR

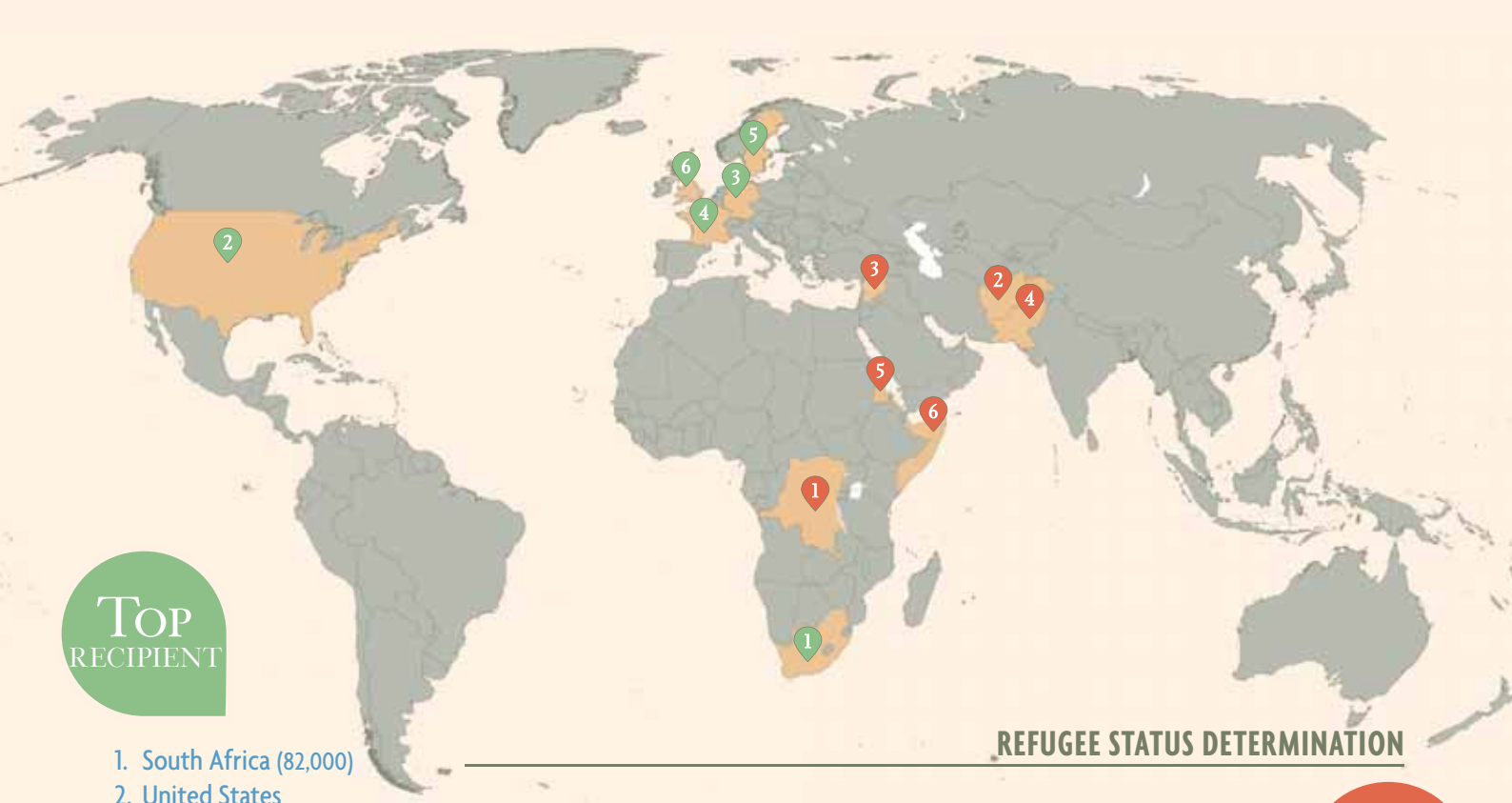
1.5 million IDPs who had returned to their place of origin in 2012

3.3 million stateless persons

1.3 million others of concern

¹ For definitions of the various population categories, see Chapter I.

² The 4.9 million Palestinian refugees registered with the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) are not included in UNHCR's statistics.



TOP
RECIPIENT

1. South Africa (82,000)
2. United States of America (70,400)
3. Germany (64,500)
4. France (55,100)
5. Sweden (43,900)
6. United Kingdom (28,000)

REFUGEE STATUS DETERMINATION

$\frac{1}{10}$

South Africa remained the major destination for asylum-seekers, with **82,000 new asylum** claims registered in 2012, accounting for a tenth of individual applications globally.

1. Democratic Republic of the Congo (54,100)
2. Afghanistan (50,000)
3. Syrian Arab Republic (32,300)
4. Pakistan (30,700)
5. Eritrea (30,200)
6. Somalia (29,700)

TOP
ORIGIN

920,000

752,700 initial applications submitted at 'first instance' procedures

167,000 claims were submitted on appeal, including to courts³

During 2012, some **920,000 individual applications** for asylum or refugee status were submitted to governments and UNHCR offices in **176 countries** or territories. This constituted a 6 per cent increase compared to the previous year (864,600 claims) and was in line with increases observed in industrialized countries in 2012 (+8%).⁴ UNHCR offices registered some 115,800 individual applications, equivalent to 13 per cent of applications registered globally.

261,900

Some **261,900 asylum-seekers** were either recognized as refugees (210,900) or granted a complementary form of protection (51,000) during 2012. This number includes an estimated 20,500 individuals who initially received negative decisions on their asylum claims but which were subsequently overturned at the appeal or review stage.

54,100

The Democratic Republic of the Congo was the single largest country of origin for asylum-seekers in 2012, with **54,100 new applications submitted** by its nationals during the year.

928,200

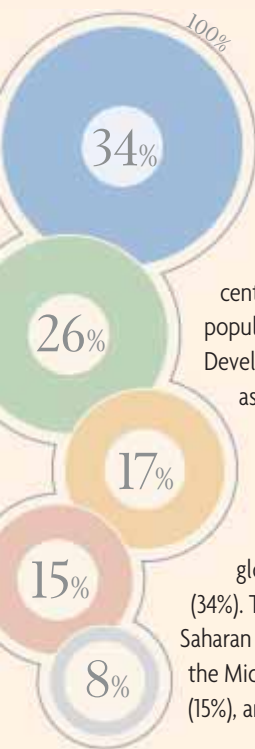
By the end of the year, some **928,200 individuals** were reported to be awaiting a decision on their asylum claims, the highest number since 2009.

30%

Refugee status based on the 1951 Convention was **granted in 30 per cent of decisions** in 2012. With the addition of complementary forms of protection, 37 per cent of all substantive asylum decisions taken in 2012 were positive. These rates are virtually identical to those of 2010 and 2011.

³ Statistical information on outcomes of asylum appeals and court proceedings is under-reported in UNHCR statistics, as this type of data is often either not collected by States or not published separately.

⁴ For a detailed analysis of asylum trends in industrialized countries, see *Asylum Levels and Trends in Industrialized Countries, 2012*, UNHCR Geneva, March 2013, available at: <http://www.unhcr.org/5149b81e9.html>.



By the end of 2012, developing countries hosted **8.5 million refugees**, or 81 per cent of the global refugee population. The 49 Least Developed Countries provided asylum to 2.5 million refugees, or 24 per cent of the total. The Asia and Pacific region hosted about one third of the global refugee population (34%). This was followed by sub-Saharan Africa (26%), Europe (17%), the Middle East and North Africa (15%), and the Americas (8%).⁵

TOP HOST

1. Pakistan (1.6 million)
2. Islamic Republic of Iran (868,200)
3. Germany (589,700)
4. Kenya (564,900)
5. Syrian Arab Republic (476,500, a government estimate)

1.6 MILLION

Pakistan, with **1.6 million refugees**, hosted the highest number of refugees at the end of 2012. Other major countries of asylum included the Islamic Republic of Iran (868,200), Germany (589,700), Kenya (564,900), and the Syrian Arab Republic (476,500, a government estimate).

10.5 MILLION

The number of refugees at end-2012 was **10.5 million**, including 619,000 people considered by UNHCR to be in a refugee-like situation. The previous year, the figure was 10.4 million.

1. Afghanistan (2.6 million)
2. Somalia (1.1 million)
3. Iraq (746,200)⁶
4. Syrian Arab Republic (729,000)
5. Sudan (569,000)⁷
6. Democratic Republic of the Congo (509,300)

TOP ORIGIN

2.6 MILLION

By the end of 2012, according to UNHCR's global estimates, there were some **2.6 million** Afghan refugees, accounting for 25 per cent of the global refugee population under UNHCR's responsibility.

DURABLE SOLUTIONS

526,000

Over the course of 2012, **526,000 refugees returned** to their country of origin, half of them to Afghanistan, Iraq, or Côte d'Ivoire. This figure was similar to that of 2011 (532,000). Further, while this number was an improvement on the particularly low figures of 2009 and 2010, it was still lower than those of all other years in the past decade.

23 COUNTRIES

During the year, UNHCR submitted over **74,800 refugees** to States for resettlement, and more than **71,000 departed with UNHCR's assistance**. According to government statistics, 23 countries admitted 89,000 refugees for resettlement during 2012 (with or without UNHCR's assistance). The United States of America received the highest number (66,300).

SEX AND AGE

48%

Refugee women and girls accounted for **48 per cent** of the refugee population in 2012, a proportion that has remained constant over the past decade.

35.8 MILLION

Of the **35.8 million people of concern** to UNHCR in 2012, data on sex and age are available for 22.2 million (62%) and 14.9 million (41%), respectively. The available disaggregated information by sex revealed that on average 49 per cent of persons of concern were female.

Disaggregated information on age showed that **children** under the age of 18 represented an average of **49 per cent** of the total population of concern to UNHCR, of whom 13 per cent were under the age of five. Less than half (46%) of the population were between the ages of 18 and 59 years, whereas 4 per cent were 60 years or older.

46%

Among refugees and individuals in refugee-like situations, children constituted **46 per cent** of the refugee population in 2012. This was in line with 2011 but higher than a few years ago.

⁵ The geographical regions used are those of UNHCR. See Annex, Table 26 for country breakdown.

⁶ This includes government estimates for Iraqi refugees in Jordan (63,000) and the Syrian Arab Republic (471,400).

⁷ May include citizens of South Sudan (in absence of separate statistics for both countries).



TOP 5

- 1 to 4. Kenya
'Dadaab camps' (+500,000)
5. United Republic of Tanzania
Nyaragusu camp (68,100)

10.5 MILLION

For **10.5 million refugees**, the type of accommodation was known for 8.4 million (80%). More than half of this number was living in individual accommodation (54%), while a third was reportedly living in refugee camps.

Among the **five largest refugee camps in the world**, the top four are located in Kenya and are known collectively as the 'Dadaab camps', together hosting about half a million refugees. Nyaragusu camp in the United Republic of Tanzania – the fifth largest camp in 2012 – hosted 68,100 refugees, mainly from the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

53%

In 2012, UNHCR offices reported on the type of location for more than 1,300 individual locations, covering **20.5 million persons** of concern.⁸ The available data revealed that more IDPs, returned IDPs, and returned refugees resided in rural areas than in urban areas. On the other hand, refugees and asylum-seekers were more often found living in urban areas (53% for refugees).

INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS

17.1 MILLION

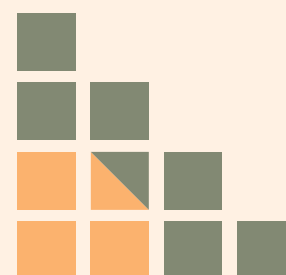
The number of internally displaced persons, **including 401,000** in IDP-like situations, benefiting from UNHCR's protection and assistance activities stood at almost **17.7 million** at the end of 2012. This was the highest figure on record, and 2.2 million more than at the start of the year (15.5 million).

26 COUNTRIES

UNHCR's statistics included IDP populations in 26 countries. Its offices reported at least five million IDPs who were newly displaced in 2012, while close to **1.6 million IDPs were able to return home** during the same period.

10 MILLION

Statelessness is estimated to have affected at least **10 million** people in 2012. However, data captured by governments and communicated to UNHCR were limited to **3.3 million** stateless individuals in 72 countries.



STATELESS PERSONS

HOST COUNTRY CONTRIBUTIONS

1st **Pakistan** had the largest number of refugees in relation to its economic capacity, hosting **550 refugees per 1 USD Gross Domestic Product** by Purchasing Power Parity – commonly referred to as GDP (PPP)⁹ – per capita.

Ethiopia had the second largest number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita (**317 refugees**), followed by Kenya (305 refugees) and Chad (212 refugees). The largest refugee-hosting developed country was Germany, in 30th place, with 15 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita.

⁸ Although UNHCR offices reported information on the location for a total of 29.6 million persons of concern, this information was either unclear or a mixture of types in the case of 9.1 million persons (mostly IDPs).

⁹ Purchasing Power Parity. Source for Gross Domestic Product (PPP): International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2013 (accessed 6 October 2013). Source for national populations: United Nations, Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision*, New York, 2013.



Hundreds of Syrian refugees cross into Iraq at the Peshkhabour border crossing in Dohuk Governorate.



UNHCR / G. GUBAIEVA



Introduction

FOR MORE THAN SIX DECADES, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) has been collecting data on refugees and other persons it deems to be of concern to the organization. Both the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees¹⁰ and the Statute of the Office¹¹ refer to the

obligation of States to report statistical data to the High Commissioner. Clearly, the importance of statistical data in protecting refugees and finding durable solutions was recognized from the early days.

Numbers have long been considered an essential tool at both the field and global levels. It was not until the early

¹⁰ "... the Contracting States undertake to provide [the Office of the High Commissioner] in the appropriate form with information and statistical data requested ..." (Chapter VI, article 35: Co-operation of the national authorities with the United Nations).

¹¹ "The High Commissioner shall provide for the protection for refugees falling under the competence of his Office by ... obtaining from Governments information concerning the number and conditions of refugees in their territories ..." (Chapter II, paragraph 8: Functions of the High Commissioner).



1990s, however, that UNHCR started compiling, analysing, and disseminating data in a more systematic and comprehensive way. Since then, the scope and role of statistics on forced displacement have evolved steadily. Today, these data serve as vital sources of information for those interested in protecting displaced populations, monitoring global trends, and assessing UNHCR activities. Statistics have become invaluable in designing programmes on the basis of gender and age profiles or analysing trends in asylum and refugee admission. To continuously improve its statistics, UNHCR provides methodological advice and support to those compiling or analysing statistics, and participates in international fora to streamline asylum, refugee, and international migration statistics.

Dramatically improved and expanded information technology tools and communication services have had a significant impact on the way UNHCR

disseminates its statistics. The organization's Statistical Online Population Database [popstats.unhcr.org] was launched in 2006, and has since undergone several rounds of improvements, notably in 2012. In addition, the outbreak of multiple simultaneous refugee emergencies in recent years has required an adjustment to the way statistics are disseminated. Today, the operational web portals, such as the one for the Syrian refugee crisis,¹² provide daily statistics on refugee flows. 'Open data' has become a major slogan and is today supported by a significant number of international organizations collecting and disseminating statistical information, including UNHCR.

In addition to expanding its commitments to 'open data', UNHCR is also committed to providing a more open approach to data analysis. New to this Yearbook, UNHCR has opened up space to outside perspectives on the

information reflected by the data. The Yearbook contains an article by a journalist and an entire section by a statistical expert, taking a deeper look into the demographic data available to UNHCR. In future, the Yearbook will expand the space for contribution and analysis by non-UNHCR sources, diversifying the perspectives reflected here.

At a time when the number of forcibly displaced persons is reaching new highs, the dissemination of statistics offers an even more important tool. It is with this view that the 2012 Statistical Yearbook assesses recent levels and trends in populations of concern to UNHCR, reports on progress towards durable solutions, and provides demographic data on beneficiaries of UNHCR's protection and assistance programmes. As such, it aims to contribute to informed decision-making.

¹² See <http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees/syria.php>.

THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL ASYLUM APPLICATIONS REGISTERED WITH GOVERNMENTS OR UNHCR IN 2012 ALMOST REACHED THE ONE MILLION MARK, REFLECTING A CONTINUED INCREASING DEMAND FOR INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

THE 2012 STATISTICAL YEARBOOK comprises a **Global Analysis** and a series of tables in the Annex. The Global Analysis includes six chapters, providing detailed insight into global trends, levels, and patterns in populations under UNHCR's mandate. The main focus of **Chapter I** is to describe UNHCR's data sources and the various methodologies applied to collect and analyse data. It also provides insights into the processing of data and how statistical standards are being adhered to. This chapter also includes the 'external' view on refugee data noted above, as seen through the eyes of a journalist.

With some 45.2 million people worldwide being considered forcibly displaced due to persecution, conflict, generalized violence, and human rights violations at the end of 2012, **Chapter II** presents a global overview of the size, main origins, and destinations of the populations of concern to UNHCR.

Conflicts such as those in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mali, the Syrian Arab Republic, and the border area between South Sudan and Sudan have forced more than 1.1 million refugees into neighbouring countries in 2012. **Chapter III** reflects on the main population movements during the course of the year, with particular emphasis on durable solutions and new refugee out-

flows. This chapter also discusses the comprehensive solutions strategies for a number of refugee situations introduced in 2012, as well as the impact this has had on UNHCR's statistics.

The number of individual asylum applications registered with governments or UNHCR in 2012 almost reached the one million mark, reflecting a continued increasing demand for international protection throughout the year. **Chapter IV** provides an overview of asylum applications and components of the process of refugee status determination. This chapter also includes a historical overview of refugee status determination carried out by UNHCR under its mandate.



An IDP woman outside her tent in the remote river village of Inbargyi in Myanmar's Rakhine State. Locals say the village was attacked by a large group of people, forcing several thousand people to flee the violence and leaving those who remained behind in desperate need of food.

The analysis of demographic characteristics, such as sex and age, as well as information on the types of locations of populations, is discussed in **Chapter V**. This discussion also includes a historical demographic analysis of refugee data and how this population compares to the demography of its hosting countries.

Finally, with the number of refugee emergencies on the rise in recent years, **Chapter VI** provides insights, including statistical trends, into how UNHCR and its staff have managed to respond to such situations and challenges.

The tables appearing in the **Annex** provide additional detailed data for 2012. Statistical data on historical trends that allow for easy global comparison by region and by country for all major themes can be found on UNHCR's statistical website [www.unhcr.org/statistics] or can be downloaded from UNHCR's Statistical Online Population Database at popstats.unhcr.org.

Statistics reflected in this Yearbook are, for the most part, those reported by UNHCR country offices, drawn either from their own data or those of the government. The use of estimates is clearly indicated. Some data contained in this publication may differ from those published earlier, due to retroactive adjustments or the inclusion of previously unavailable data. It is expected that the data contained in the 2012 Yearbook will likewise be subject to minor future adjustments. ■



IDPs who fled their homes in Pakistan's Federally Administered Tribal Areas register with UNHCR at the Jalojai camp near Peshawar.



Sources, Methods and Data Quality

RELIABLE AND ACCURATE DATA are central to any effective policy-related decision-making on forced displacement, which often requires immediate humanitarian response to provide assistance and protection for affected populations. In such situations, poor policy decisions, based on inaccurate or unreliable data, can have catastrophic humanitarian consequences.

Given these needs but also to stand the test of time, UNHCR seeks to ensure that data collection on displaced

populations and other persons of concern meets global scientific standards. As such, the sources and methods of data collection on the populations of concern to UNHCR need to be standardized and understood by all concerned parties. It is equally important to ensure that users of this data clearly understand the proper ways to analyse and disseminate related information, in order to ensure effective and meaningful subsequent decisions.

As a global leader on refugee statistics, UNHCR has a mandate to regu-

larly collect and disseminate statistics on refugees and other persons of concern. For this reason, the organization ensures that data on all persons of concern are both timely and accurate. This chapter describes the various sources and methods of data collection used at all levels of UNHCR, ranging from the beneficiaries through the field and country offices to the agency's headquarters. It also includes an 'external' view on refugee data as seen through the eyes of a journalist.

Definitions and scope

UNHCR identifies seven population categories, collectively referred to as 'persons of concern': refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), refugees who have returned home (returnees), IDPs who have returned home, persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate, and others who do not fall under these categories but to whom the agency extends protection. In 2007, two sub-categories were also

introduced: individuals in refugee-like situations (included under refugees) and those in IDP-like situations (included under IDPs).

Refugees include individuals recognized under the 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and its 1967 Protocol; individuals recognized under the 1969 Organization of African Unity (OAU) Convention Governing the Specific Aspects of Refugee Problems

in Africa; those recognized in accordance with the UNHCR Statute; individuals granted complementary forms of protection;¹³ and those enjoying 'temporary protection'.¹⁴ The refugee category also includes individuals in refugee-like situations.¹⁵

Asylum-seekers (with 'pending cases') are individuals who have sought international protection and whose claims for refugee status have not yet been determined. Those covered in this report refer to claimants whose individual applications were pending at the end of 2012, irrespective of when they may have been lodged.

Internally displaced persons are individuals or groups of individuals who have been forced to leave their homes

¹³ Complementary protection refers to protection provided under national, regional, or international law to persons who do not qualify for protection under refugee law instruments but are in need of international protection because they are at risk of serious harm.

¹⁴ Temporary protection refers to arrangements developed to offer protection of a temporary nature, until the situation in the country of origin improves and allows for a safe and dignified return or for individual refugee or complementary protection status determination to be carried out.

¹⁵ This term is descriptive in nature. It includes groups of people who are outside their country or territory of origin and who face protection risks similar to refugees but for whom refugee status has, for practical or other reasons, not been ascertained.

or places of habitual residence – in particular as a result of or in order to avoid the effects of armed conflict, situations of generalized violence, violations of human rights, or natural or man-made disasters – but who have not crossed an international border.¹⁶

UNHCR is involved in situations of internal displacement in a number of countries. The populations reported in its statistics are limited to conflict-generated IDPs or persons in an IDP-like

under conditions of safety and dignity. For the purposes of this report, only refugees who returned between January and December 2012 are included, though in practice operations may assist returnees for longer periods.

Returned IDPs refer to those IDPs who were beneficiaries of UNHCR's protection and assistance activities, and who returned to their areas of origin or habitual residence between January and December 2012. Again, in practice operations may assist IDP returnees for longer periods.

Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate are defined under international law as those not considered as nationals by any State under the operation of its law. In other words, they do not possess the nationality of any State. UNHCR statistics refer to persons who fall under the agency's statelessness mandate because they are stateless according to this international definition, but data from some countries may also include persons with undetermined nationality.

UNHCR has been given a global mandate by the United Nations General Assembly to contribute to the prevention and reduction of statelessness and the protection of stateless persons. The agency also performs a specific function, under Article II of the 1961 Convention on the Reduction of Statelessness, by receiving claims from persons who may benefit from the statelessness safeguards contained in that Convention, and by assisting them and the States concerned to resolve these claims.

Other groups or persons of concern refer to individuals who do not necessarily fall directly into any of the groups above but to whom UNHCR has extended its protection and/or assistance services, based on humanitarian or other special grounds.

UNHCR HAS BEEN GIVEN
A GLOBAL MANDATE BY THE UNITED NATIONS
GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO CONTRIBUTE
TO THE PREVENTION
AND REDUCTION OF STATELESSNESS
AND THE PROTECTION OF STATELESS PERSONS.

situation,¹⁷ to whom the agency extends protection or assistance. Therefore, UNHCR's IDP statistics do not necessarily reflect the entire IDP population in a given country but rather only those who are protected and/or assisted by the agency. Moreover, under the cluster approach,¹⁸ UNHCR provides support to both IDPs and other affected persons, though the latter are not included in the statistics. Hence, UNHCR's statistics provide a comprehensive picture neither of global internal displacement nor of total numbers assisted by the agency in such situations.¹⁹

Returned refugees (returnees) are former refugees who have returned to their country of origin, either spontaneously or in an organized fashion, but are yet to be fully integrated. Such returns would normally only take place

¹⁶ See: *United Nations Commission on Human Rights, Report of the Representative of the Secretary-General, Mr. Francis M. Deng, submitted pursuant to Commission resolution 1997/39. Addendum: Guiding Principles on Internal Displacement*, 11 February 1998.

¹⁷ This term is descriptive in nature. It includes groups of people who are inside their country of nationality or habitual residence and who face protection risks similar to IDPs but who, for practical or other reasons, could not be reported as such.

¹⁸ In December 2005, the Inter-Agency Standing Committee endorsed the 'cluster' approach for handling situations of internal displacement. Under this arrangement, UNHCR assumes leadership responsibility and accountability for three of the nine clusters: protection, emergency shelter, and camp coordination and camp management.

¹⁹ Global IDP estimates are provided by the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) of the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), available at www.internal-displacement.org.

Refugee Data

DATA SOURCES

The principal actors of refugee-related data collection continue to be governments, UNHCR, and NGOs. Similarly, States remain the primary agents around the world to register and care for refugees. In view of limited resources and capacity to collect refugee data by some States, UNHCR and its partners provide requisite resources and technical assistance for data collection.

For the past five years, UNHCR and governments have remained the major sources of refugee data, often collected either by governments alone, by

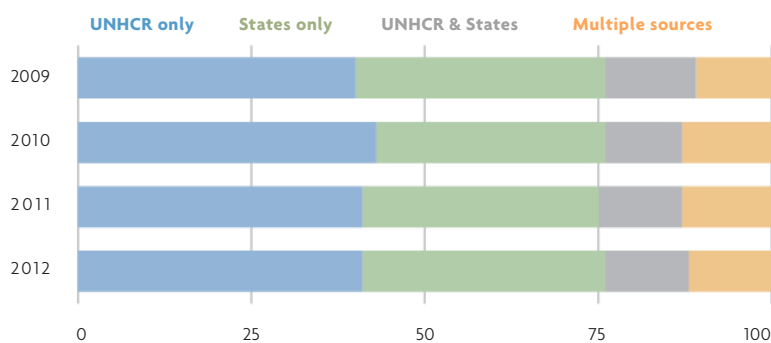
UNHCR alone, or jointly by governments and UNHCR. Such joint collaborations are the principal data collection methods in many developing countries, while in most industrialized countries these data are typically gathered by governments alone, with limited UNHCR involvement. **Figure 1.1** shows the trends in refugee data providers from 2009 through 2012.

UNHCR continues to lead in the collection of refugee-related data, even though the number of countries where UNHCR exclusively provides such in-

formation has consecutively declined, from 76 in 2010 and 74 in 2011 to 70 in 2012. Proportionally, there was no significant change in the trends of refugee data providers between 2011 and 2012, though the proportion of countries where refugee data is exclusively provided by governments has gradually increased, from 33 per cent in 2010 to 35 per cent in 2012.

UNHCR's contribution as the sole provider of refugee data in particular countries has remained unchanged since 2011, at 41 per cent. During that same period, government contributions slightly increased, from 34 to 35 per cent. Joint data collection between States and UNHCR accounted for 12 per cent, while NGOs and others accounted for the remaining proportion. Refugee data are typically reported by one single source in many countries, though in some countries refugee statistics may be obtained from multiple sources. Unlike the other populations of concern, for which data coverage may be more limited, more than 185 countries and territories provided data on refugees in 2012.

Fig. 1.1 Trends in sources of refugee data | 2009 - 2012
(in percentage)



DATA COLLECTION PROCESSES AND METHODS

Data collection remains a complex process involving many actors – governments, NGOs, implementing and operating partners, and the United Nations country teams, among others. This process is often a collaborative effort, in many cases requiring agreement by all parties involved. In the refugee context, data collection is typically coordinated by UNHCR and the government concerned. **Figure 1.2** depicts the scheme of key actors involved in data collection.

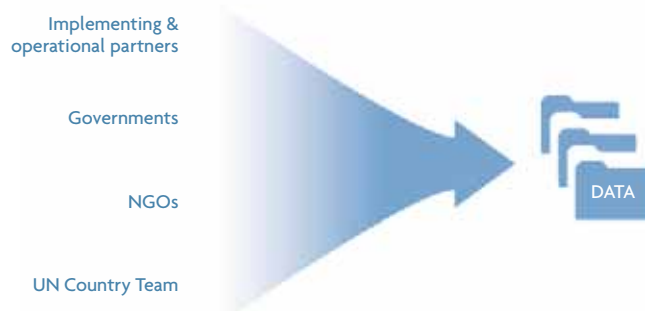
Over the past decade, the methods for collecting refugee-related data have remained virtually unchanged, with the main techniques continuing to be censuses, registrations, and surveys or estimations. Some countries rely on a

single method while others use combinations to provide refugee statistics. It is important to emphasize that the use of one particular method or another does not necessarily affect the quality of the data. However, registration has remained the main method used

by UNHCR, likely because the agency attaches a great deal of importance to refugee registration.

Some 10 years ago, the agency rolled out its own registration software, known as proGres,²⁰ aimed at assisting with effective registration and the accu-

Fig. 1.2 Key actors involved in data collection



20 Profiling Global Registration System.

rate recording of refugee data in many of its operations around the world. Effective and accurate registration provides a firm foundation for the delivery of protection, assistance, and monitoring, and the software has since become a vital resource tool for providing refugee statistics. UNHCR's refugee statistics rely heavily on registration data extracted from the proGres database, which offers both legal and administrative status on the provision of entitlements to beneficiaries.

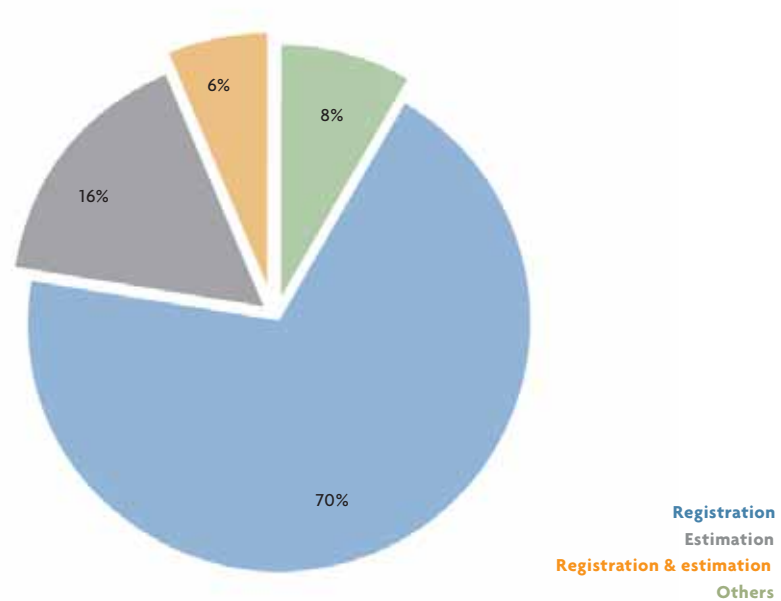
According to information summarized in **Figure 1.3**, the number of countries using registration as their main method of refugee data collection in 2012 remained unchanged, at 120. The vast majority of refugees residing in camps have been registered, and this has contributed to the high proportion of registration. In addition, estimation as a method accounted for 16 per cent, registration and estimation combined accounted for 6 per cent, and the remaining proportion came from various sources.

Each method of data collection is evaluated in order to determine its relevance and robustness for refugee statistics. Registration is mostly used in locations where UNHCR has an

operational role, while estimation is used in many industrialized countries, particularly those that do not maintain a dedicated refugee register and thus are not in a position to provide related statistical information. In this analysis,

UNHCR uses estimation based on official data for the number of asylum-seekers recognized over a 10-year period. In 2012, the number of countries that used estimation remained unchanged from 2011, at 28.

Fig. 1.3 Basis of refugee data | 2012



DATA QUALITY CONTROL

Because data are worth far less if they are not accurate, relevant, reliable, and timely, UNHCR continues to undertake regular quality control of all annual statistical data it receives from offices around the world. In order to ensure completeness, consistency, and reliability of reported statistics, all data for the 2012 Yearbook have undergone standard data-cleaning techniques.

The processes of data quality control start in the field. Thereafter, data received at headquarters undergoes additional validating procedures. Further, in 2012 the limitations of each data collection method were evaluated to determine the quality that they produced. This process also examined the capacity constraints of certain countries and the resulting reliability, credibility, and relevance of the data from those countries.

To ensure that the sources of data are authentic, UNHCR continues to undertake triangulation exercises with principal actors (such as government authorities). This validation process is aimed at ensuring that data across the various countries are comparable, reliable, and credible. In order to ensure transparency, the agency's data-control mechanism aims to be systematic and comprehensive, with the ultimate goal of providing robust statistics for meaningful analysis and dissemination.

Other mechanisms used by UNHCR for data control include biometric registration, information management strategies, training, and various mission supports. The introduction of biometric registration has improved data quality, preventing both redundancies and waste while also allowing for the

processing of refugee data within the shortest possible timeframe.

UNHCR has also put in place effective new information management strategies to streamline both the collection and dissemination of data. Prominent among these are strengthening the predictability of information and deploying expert information management personnel to various field locations at very short notice. As a result, UNHCR offices are being provided with the necessary support to effectively manage the data they are both using and producing. The use of advanced information systems has reinforced the quality of information management across the countries where the agency operates, and this support mechanism has immensely contributed to improved data quality in the

operations where the new strategy has been implemented.

UNHCR provides training to all principal data collection agents. As part of the process of improving data quality, in 2012 the agency trained more than 60 personnel through its Operational Data Management Learning Programme. The aim of this initiative was to promote effective data management at the field level, and participants acquired skills in applying the appropriate methods and tools of data collection. Besides this regular learning programme, the agency trains other staff members involved in data collection on the proper means of doing so. UNHCR has also provided various field support missions tasked with improving data quality, with Afghanistan, Pakistan, Jordan, and Myanmar, among others, benefitting from these initiatives in 2012.

STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP WITH NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICES

In an effort to further improve data collection in the humanitarian context, in

2012 UNHCR initiated a strategic collaboration with Statistics Norway, the national statistical office of Norway. The purpose of this collaboration is for qualified staff from Statistics Norway to be seconded to UNHCR for short-term assignments to support operations in collecting, analysing, and disseminating statistical information. This collaboration is supported by the Norwegian Refugee Council and is expected to yield its first positive results in 2013. UNHCR envisages similar collaborations being extended to other national statistical offices around the world in coming years.

DATA USAGE AND ROUNDING NOTICE

Special attention should be paid when analysing data referring to a country that has dissolved or otherwise formally ceased to exist. In the Statistical Yearbook, historical data pertaining to the former USSR, for instance, are reported under the Russian Federation, while information on the former Czechoslovakia is reported under the

Czech Republic. Data for the former Yugoslavia as well as Serbia and Montenegro has been reported under Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999]). Data pertaining to Sudan before the declaration of independence of South Sudan includes the latter; since independence, data for South Sudan has been reported separately. In most tables in the Annex, meanwhile, the word 'Democratic' has been abbreviated to 'Dem.', while the word 'Republic' is often truncated to 'Rep.'

It is also important to note that figures in the Yearbook are often rounded. Numbers below 1,000 are generally rounded to the nearest 10; between 1,000 and 10,000, to the nearest 100; between 10,000 and 100,000, to the nearest 1,000; between 100,000 and 1 million, to the nearest 10,000; and figures above 1 million are rounded to the nearest 100,000.

Finally, unless otherwise specified, the 2012 Statistical Yearbook does not refer to events occurring after 31 December 2012.

Better data for better aid²¹

– Contributed by Norman Green, producer –

In 2012, the international community faced the planet's worst refugee crisis in many years. Every day, on average, 3,000 people became refugees. Tracking the data over the last 10 years, UNHCR and its partners have charted these rising waves of misery. Even as one wave has crashed and receded, another has built, often nearby.

Today, more than 45 million people worldwide are displaced by violence or its threat, nearly half of them children. They flee conflict, persecution, and catastrophe. To find and help them requires data. Indeed, to bring them food and water, educate their children, integrate them into their host societies, or help them to voluntarily and safely return home – each of these actions requires data.

According to UNHCR estimates, in 2012, 6.4 million refugees lived in a total

of 30 protracted crises, in 25 host countries. In the largest and most protracted refugee crisis, the total population of Afghan refugees living in Pakistan swelled to 2.6 million. That's almost twice the population of Manhattan, in New York City. So many people have lived away from their homes for so long that the global community is said to be facing a permanent refugee crisis. The data trends indicate that the ranks of refugees will continue to climb in the coming decade.

Once the basic needs of refugees are secured, it is data that drive the three durable solutions: to help refugees integrate into their countries of asylum and to live in their new homes, to help them return home voluntarily if do-

ing so would not place them in danger, or to find them new places to live. The international community helps to keep millions of refugees alive and provides them with durable solutions to their crises by collecting and analysing data. The better the data, the better the aid.

Centuries ago, one of science's more historic insights was inspired by a map of one type of data. When cholera epidemics terrorized Europe and America during the 19th century, one doctor charted his city's cases by drawing dots on a map. Finding the cases clustered in a London square around a water pump, the doctor asked town officials to remove the handle from the pump. Thereafter, the cases stopped, and

²¹ The views and opinions expressed are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.

health officials realized that cholera spread through their drinking water.

This was the birth of the medical science of epidemiology. But it was also how the people of London learned to defeat cholera. Under the city's streets, the water supply flowed through pipes linking the city's neighbourhoods. So, all neighbourhoods – rich and poor – worked together to devise new, safe systems of pipes, providing fresh water to all.

There are two lessons here. The first is the importance of good data. The second is that communities are interconnected and need to share both the data and the responsibility to relieve crises. It's one of science's great leaps forward: Good data save lives.

YEAR OF THE URBAN REFUGEE

New conflicts and emergencies created challenging new trends in 2012. For instance, millions of refugees lived in cities over the course of the year, more than ever before. In this sense, 2012 was the year of the urban refugee.

Refugees from two of the most serious crisis regions struggled to cope with the expense and complexity of city life. Refugees from Afghanistan, for instance, lived in cities such as Islamabad and Peshawar in Pakistan. Likewise, about one in 10 refugees from the conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic did not live in the well-known Za'atari refugee camp but rather in Jordanian cities such as Amman and Zarqa, often residing in unheated or unfurnished apartments or garages.

In these cities, refugees faced overcrowding, high rents, and exorbitant costs for necessities like food and heat, as well as growing problems integrating into their host cultures. These families and individuals also pose special challenges. Because they are spread throughout urban centres, they are often harder to find, making data collection more difficult.

A young member of a recently arrived Somali family is fingerprinted by UNHCR during the registration at a transit centre in Dollo Ado, Ethiopia. Due to a combination of insecurity and drought, the number of new arrivals continued to rise during the year.



During 2012, UNHCR deepened its data collection abilities with the use of new technologies, including satellite imaging, interactive mapping, text messaging, and forms of biometric registration like digital fingerprinting. Biometric registration increased the agency's efficiency by improving the accuracy of its data and reducing redundancies like multiple counting. It also helped to prevent the misidentification of refugees. The agency and its partners also used older technologies in innovative ways. For instance, text messaging was used to locate refugees, while electronic vouchers and cash cards helped in the provision of financial assistance, counselling, medical services, and education.

Improved data collection methods have also allowed UNHCR and its partners to improve the quality of aid offered. Using enhanced techniques such as participatory assessment, these methods include directly involving refugees in the design of data collection processes and working closely

with beneficiaries to understand their changing needs.

As UNHCR's data have grown more comprehensive, increasingly nuanced refugee profiles are emerging. For example, the data from 2012 show that nearly three children died every day from malnutrition and preventable illnesses like diarrhoea in the refugee camps of South Sudan, where families from the Blue Nile region of Sudan sought refuge.

Elsewhere, a participatory assessment for Syrian refugees in Jordan focused on the protection of urban refugees. These individuals were found to need aid as basic as money for food and clothes as well as more complex help like medical care, legal aid, counselling for post-traumatic stress, job training, child protection and education, protection from gender-based and sexual violence, and help integrating comfortably into their host society.

UNHCR's data collection trend is towards sustaining a constant dialogue with refugees to articulate their needs and challenges. Partnering with ben-

eficiaries in this way deepens the quality of data, increasing the effectiveness of aid and helping to break refugees' isolation. In cities like Kuala Lumpur, Cartagena, Sana'a, and Damascus, urban refugees benefited from increased UNHCR engagement with the communities in which they lived.

Refugees have often fled dangerous conditions in their home countries only to find themselves again in peril in their host states, and this is critical information for humanitarian agencies to have. Refugees from the conflict in Sudan in 2012 contended with the spread of malnutrition and preventable diseases, as well as human trafficking. Somali refugees (whose numbers swelled to over 1.13 million) fleeing military conflict and severe famine in their home country faced military attacks in the Kenyan camps where they sought asylum. This underscores the challenge of collecting data and delivering aid in the midst of military conflict, as well as the effects of cross-border conflict on civilian populations fleeing shifting lines of fire.

DATA SOVEREIGNTY AND RESPONSIBILITY

The frequent lack of coordination between countries of origin and host countries raises questions about sovereignty over data, as well. Because States have the primary responsibility to register and care for refugees, conflicts of interest can arise when either countries of origin or host countries are at war with or are actively targeting displaced communities.

Better data help to enhance legal protections for refugees in host countries and provide momentum to legislative initiatives to defend refugees from *refoulement*, placing them back home in the way of harm. But the increasingly complex situations refugees faced in their host countries in 2012 – living in conflict conditions, in remote locations, or both – posed great challenges to gathering data and delivering aid.

In Mali, some 380,000 persons fled armed conflict in 2012, with more than 150,000 Malians seeking refuge in the neighbouring states of Burkina Faso, Mauritania, and Niger. This region already suffers from drought and food insecurity, and armed conflict made the

north of Mali virtually inaccessible to humanitarian actors. Overall, almost half a million Malians were forcibly displaced in 2012, and UNHCR was able to help only about a third of them.

The major refugee countries of origin change from year to year, as do the host countries. But what does not change is the fact that the countries providing asylum to the greatest number of refugees are among the least able to support them economically. The data reveal that in 2012, once again, the countries hosting the most refugees were among the least developed. And again, generally speaking, those with the highest standards of living and the greatest abilities to help hosted the fewest. Such decisions are not deliberate, of course, but rather a simple dynamic of proximity. A few States host disproportionate communities of refugees due to their nearness to conflict and catastrophe.

Meanwhile, exponentially growing computer processing capacity grants science the power to collect and manage ever-larger datasets. These in turn

provide the international community with greater views of the global displacement of people from their homes, and deeper understanding of the details of their needs. With greater data, however, comes greater responsibility.

This global perspective – of human beings forcibly displaced from their homes, of people living without the protection of their States – makes it clear that responsibility cannot solely reside in host countries. Refugee families are not just dots on a map. Human dignity insists that States share responsibility for displaced people and vouchsafe their future.

This global view of the world's, perhaps permanent, refugee crisis also lights the way to enduring solutions. Shared data and shared responsibility mitigate suffering. Increased coordination among countries of origin and host countries lessen misery. The nations of the world are linked by the flow of families seeking refuge, and it behoves every nation to acknowledge every refugee family and to protect them. ■



Malian refugees arrive in Mauritania, exhausted and anxious. They had to travel for several days, without taking a break and to sleep or even rest.

UNHCR / B. MALUM



Population Levels and Trends

IN 2012, THE POPULATIONS of concern to UNHCR witnessed dramatic changes. During the course of the year, changes in the sizes, trends, and flows of these populations were noticed in some countries more than others. This chapter focuses on the magnitude and general flows of refugees, asylum-seekers, returnees, stateless persons, and internally displaced persons (IDPs). Unless otherwise indicated, the total numbers of IDPs covered in this chapter are those generated exclusively by conflict and who benefited from UNHCR's assistance and/or protection activities.

Crises in the Syrian Arab Republic, Mali, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and the Central African Republic significantly contributed to the higher numbers of refugee and IDP populations during 2012. The crisis in the Syrian Arab Republic in particular shifted the balance of origins of refugees for the entire past decade.

Protracted refugee situations

UNHCR defines a protracted refugee situation as one in which 25,000 or more refugees of the same nationality have been in exile for five years or longer in a given asylum country. Based on this definition, it is estimated that some 6.4 million refugees were in a protracted situation by the end of 2012. These refugees were living in 25 host countries, accounting for an overall total of 30 protracted situations. ●

Refugees

REGIONS OF ASYLUM

At the end of 2012, the global number of refugees under UNHCR's mandate was estimated at 10.5 million. Outflows of more than 1.1 million refugees, mainly from the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mali, Somalia, Sudan, and the Syrian Arab Republic, stretched global emergency response systems for the third year in a row. The 2012 increase, of a size not seen since the early 1990s, was partly offset by the voluntary return of some half a million refugees, primarily to Afghanistan, Côte d'Ivoire, and Iraq. Further reductions in global refugee figures resulted from the application of the cessation clause to Angolan and Liberian refugees across sub-Saharan Africa,²² and from the revision of government estimates for Iraqi refugees in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic. Despite the significant number of new arrivals, the global refugee population thus grew by less than 100,000 people compared to 2011.

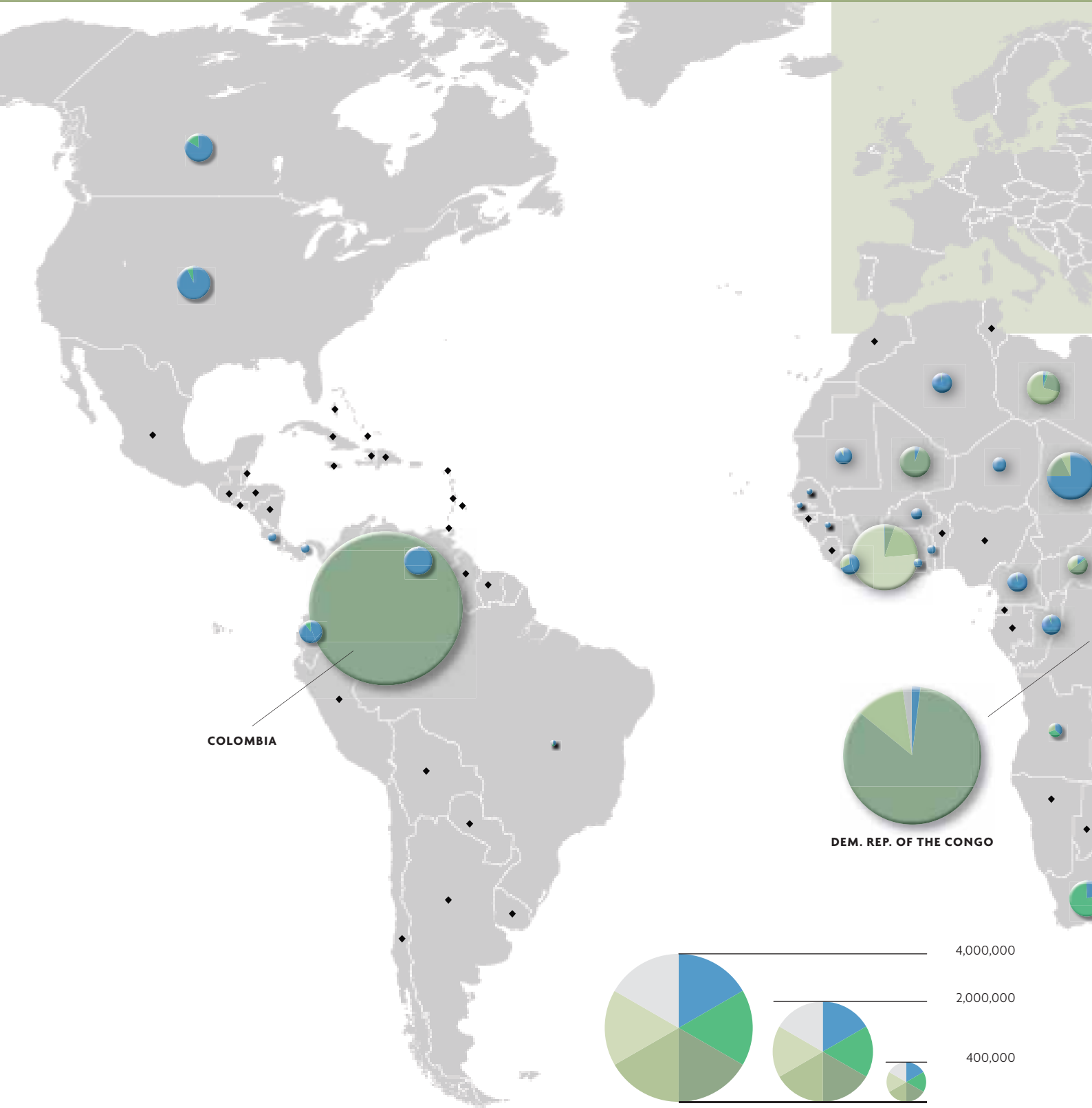
Table 2.1 shows that 3.5 million refugees, or one third (34%) of the total, were residing in countries covered by UNHCR's Asia and Pacific region. Of these, 2.5 million were Afghans (70%). In addition, sub-Saharan Africa was host to almost 2.8 million refugees, or one quarter of the total, primarily from Somalia (799,300), Sudan (527,800), and

the Democratic Republic of the Congo (476,500). The Middle East and North Africa region hosted some 1.6 million, or 15 per cent of the world's refugees, mainly from Iraq (554,500) and the Syrian Arab Republic (442,300), while Europe hosted another 1.8 million (17%). In Europe, refugees from the Syrian Arab Republic (284,400) and Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999]) (155,400) were the largest groups. With 806,500 refugees, the Americas region hosted the smallest share of refugees (8%) globally. Here, Colombians (391,100) constituted the largest number.²³

Two major developments impacted refugee figures in the Middle East and North Africa region. First, conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic forced some 647,000 people to seek refuge in Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Turkey, and other countries in the region. Second, government estimates of Iraqi refugees in the Syrian Arab Republic and Jordan were revised downward to 534,400 at the end of 2012. This revision reflects that a number of Iraqis have returned

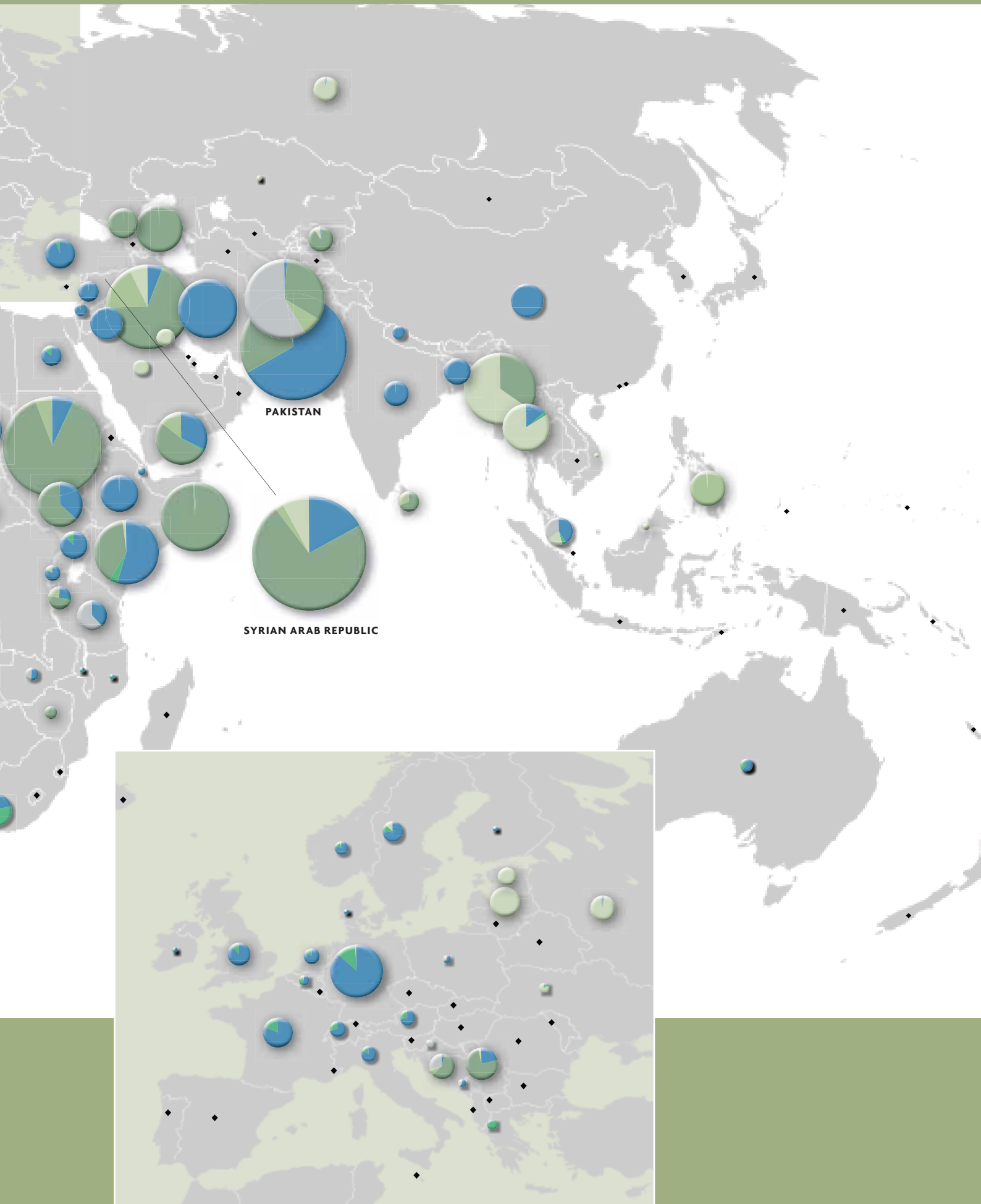
²² Some of these groups are now included in the population category 'Others of concern' while UNHCR assists them to integrate locally.

²³ This figure includes 282,300 Colombians in Ecuador, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, and Panama considered to be in refugee-like situations.



- Refugees^(a)
- Asylum-seekers (pending cases)
- IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR^(b)
- Returned refugees, returned IDPs
- Stateless persons
- Others of concern

- ◆ Total population below 10,000
- ^a Including people in refugee-like situation
- ^b Including people in IDP-like situation



PAKISTAN

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

TABLE 2.1 Refugee populations by UNHCR regions | 2012

UNHCR regions	Start-2012			End-2012			Change (total)	
	Refugees	People in refugee-like situations	Total refugees	Refugees	People in refugee-like situations	Total refugees	Absolute	%
- Central Africa and Great Lakes	635,100	-	635,100	479,300	-	479,300	-155,800	-24.5%
- East and Horn of Africa	1,606,900	26,000	1,632,900	1,866,700	26,000	1,892,700	259,800	15.9%
- Southern Africa	144,600	-	144,600	134,700	-	134,700	-9,900	-6.8%
- West Africa	280,600	-	280,600	267,800	-	267,800	-12,800	-4.6%
Total Africa*	2,667,200	26,000	2,693,200	2,748,500	26,000	2,774,500	81,300	3.0%
Americas	516,800	290,800	807,600	515,300	291,200	806,500	-1,100	-0.1%
Asia and Pacific	3,391,000	216,300	3,607,300	3,299,300	226,200	3,525,500	-81,800	-2.3%
Europe	1,553,300	900	1,554,200	1,797,100	500	1,797,600	243,400	15.7%
Middle East and North Africa	1,669,300	70,900	1,740,200	1,519,000	74,800	1,593,800	-146,400	-8.4%
Total	9,797,600	604,900	10,402,500	9,879,200	618,700	10,497,900	95,400	0.9%

Note

* Excluding North Africa.

to Iraq or moved onward to other countries since their arrival. In addition, some 54,000 Malian refugees fled to Mauritania in early 2012, while more than 22,000 Somali refugees arrived in Yemen.

In sub-Saharan Africa, the number of refugees increased for the third consecutive year. By the end of 2012, there were close to 2.8 million refugees in sub-Saharan Africa, 81,000 more than at the beginning of the year and more than half a million more than two years earlier. Nevertheless, the numbers remained below those in 2000, when more than 3.4 million people were refugees in sub-Saharan Africa.

Major refugee outflows in sub-Saharan Africa were reported from the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mali, Somalia, and Sudan. The outbreak of violence in the Democratic Republic of the Congo led to new internal displacement of more than one million people, as well as to outflows of tens of

thousands of Congolese into Uganda (40,200), Rwanda (17,000), and Burundi (8,200).²⁴ As observed in earlier years, ongoing violence and drought in southern and central Somalia continued to force large numbers to flee; in 2012, 75,000 Somalis sought refuge abroad, mainly in Ethiopia (35,800), Yemen (22,300), and Kenya (13,800). Overall, some 763,000 Somalis, or an estimated 8 per cent of the population, have left the country during the past six years.

The outbreak of war in Mali resulted in a large-scale refugee movement in 2012, when an estimated 143,000 people fled to Mauritania (54,000), Niger (50,200), and Burkina Faso (38,400). Conflict in Sudan led to an outflow of 112,500 refugees to South Sudan (100,000) and Ethiopia (12,500), while more than 35,000 refugees from South Sudan arrived in Ethiopia. Elsewhere in the region, a total of 272,800 refugees across sub-Saharan Africa were able to return home in safety and dignity, including to Côte d'Ivoire (72,800), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (71,900), Burundi (35,700),²⁵ Liberia (29,400), and Angola (19,700).

In the Americas, the refugee population remained virtually unchanged, at roughly 806,500. The United States of America accounted for one third of refugees in this region, according to

UNHCR estimates (262,000).²⁶ Some 1,500 Colombians were granted refugee status in Ecuador, bringing the total number of Colombian refugees (54,600) and persons in a refugee-like situation (68,300) to almost 123,000 at the end of 2012. In the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, the estimated number of Colombian refugees and persons in a refugee-like situation remained unchanged, at 203,600.

In the Asia and Pacific region, the total number of refugees, including individuals in a refugee-like situation, was estimated at 3.5 million at the end of 2012, a decrease of 2 per cent during the year. This was largely due to the voluntary repatriation of almost 100,000 Afghan refugees from Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran, as well as UNHCR-facilitated departures for resettlement of more than 34,000 refugees out of Malaysia, Nepal, and Thailand.

In Europe, the refugee population increased by 243,400 people to 1.8 million at the end of 2012 (+16%), largely as a result of the arrival of 308,000 Syrian refugees in Turkey. Some 68,600 of these individuals returned spontaneously to their country over the course of the year. An additional 18,400 Syrian asylum-seekers were granted international protection on an individual basis across Europe. The increase in Syrian

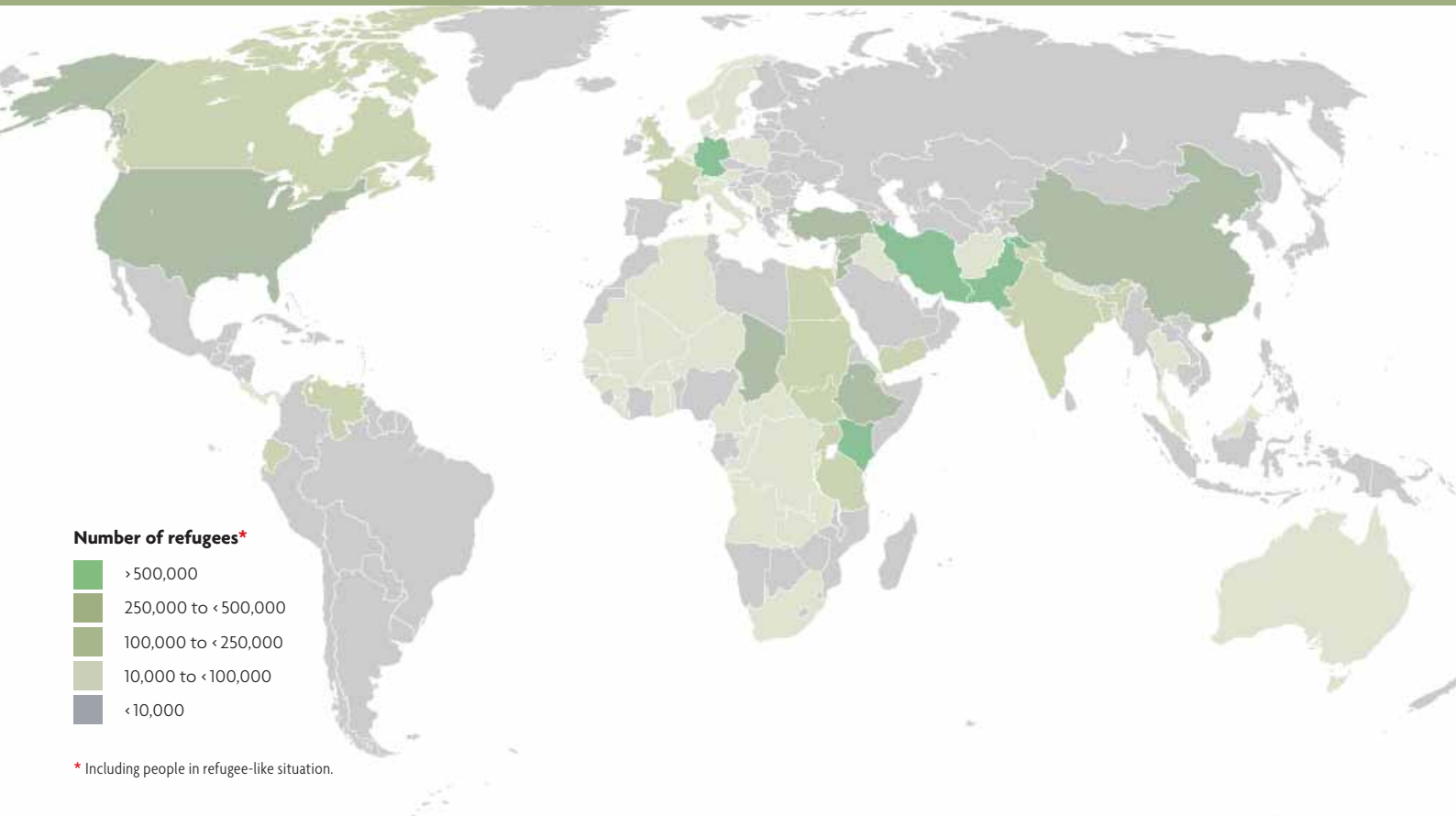
²⁴ Congolese arriving in Uganda were granted refugee status on a *prima facie* basis, whereas those arriving in Burundi and Rwanda went through individual refugee status determination.

²⁵ Some 33,800 returnees included former refugees living in Mtabila camp, United Republic of Tanzania. The cessation of refugee status of this group took place on 1 August 2012, and the orderly return operation to Burundi took place on 31 October 2012.

²⁶ In the absence of official refugee statistics, UNHCR is required to estimate refugee populations in 25 industrialized countries.

Resettled refugees in UNHCR's refugee statistics

Over the past 10 years, more than 836,000 refugees have arrived in industrialized countries through resettlement programmes. They are not included in UNHCR's refugee statistics because they have found a durable solution. However, they do remain of concern to UNHCR. ●



refugees across Europe was partly offset by a revision of UNHCR’s refugee estimate for the United Kingdom, from 193,600 to 149,800.²⁷

COUNTRIES OF ASYLUM

With two exceptions, the 10 major refugee-hosting countries in 2012 were the same as in 2011. The United States of America dropped out of the list of the top 10, and Turkey moved in into 10th place [see **Figure 2.1**]. Together, these 10 countries hosted 5.8 million refugees, or 55 per cent of the total worldwide.

Pakistan continued to host the largest number of refugees in the world (1.64 million), nearly all from Afghanistan. This country’s overall figure decreased by 64,000 people compared to the start of the year, mainly due to the voluntary repatriation of Afghan refugees. The Islamic Republic of Iran hosted 868,200 refugees by year-end, almost all of which were Afghans. An overall drop of 18,200 refugees was observed, mainly due to repatriating Afghans.

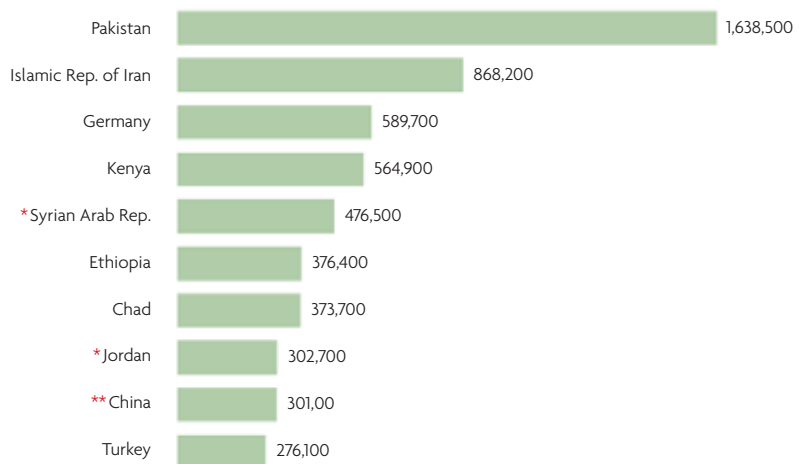
Germany reported 589,700 refugees at the end of 2012, an increase of 3 per

cent (+18,000 people), making it the third largest refugee-hosting country in the world.²⁸ Kenya ranked fourth with 564,900 refugees, virtually unchanged from the start of the year (566,500). In light of the deteriorating humanitarian situation and escalating violence in the Syrian Arab Republic, the government estimate for Iraqi refugees in the country was revised from 750,000 to 471,400, assuming that a number of Ira-

qis had left the country. UNHCR continued to provide assistance to 62,700 registered Iraqi refugees in the Syrian Arab Republic by end-2012. Including other groups, the total number of refugees in the Syrian Arab Republic was 476,500 at year-end, making it the fifth largest refugee-hosting country.

Ethiopia continued to receive new arrivals in 2012, with 94,000 people seeking refuge, mostly from Somalia

Fig. 2.1 Major refugee-hosting countries | end-2012



²⁷ Idem.

²⁸ The refugee estimate for Germany is currently under review, which may lead to an adjustment in future reports.

* Government estimate.

** The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of China.

2 Population Levels and Trends

(35,800) and South Sudan (35,200) but also Sudan (12,500) and Eritrea (10,700). Since 2008, when Ethiopia was host to 83,600 refugees, figures in that country have more than quadrupled. By the end of 2012, the refugee population had grown to 376,400 and Ethiopia was hosting the sixth largest refugee population in the world. The refugee population in Chad remained relatively stable at 373,700, compared to 366,500 at the end of 2011.

In Jordan, the government estimate of Iraqi refugees was revised down,

from 450,000 to 63,000. This reduction was partly offset by the arrival of more than 131,000 Syrian refugees. The total number of refugees in Jordan stood at 302,700 by year-end, making it the eighth largest refugee-hosting country in the world. In China, meanwhile, reported numbers of refugees have remained largely unchanged since the early 1980s, and the country featured as the ninth largest refugee-hosting country in 2012.

In Turkey, however, there were significant new arrivals in 2012. More than

307,700 Syrian refugees arrived over the course of the year and were granted temporary protection by the Government of Turkey. With the return of 68,600 people to the Syrian Arab Republic, the number was 248,500 at the end of 2012. Combined with other refugee populations, the total number of refugees in Turkey was 267,100, moving it from the 59th to the 10th most important refugee-hosting country in the space of just a single year. In no other country has the change been so dramatic.

Countries' contributions to international refugee protection can take many forms. These include providing asylum, offering refugees a durable solution, and providing funds for protection and assistance activities – including in other, usually less prosperous, countries. Developing countries can often host large groups of refugees, placing an extra burden on their communities. To assist these countries, the international community provides resources through UNHCR, other international agencies, non-governmental organizations, or bilaterally.

The ratio of the size of a country's hosted refugee population to its average income level – according to Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (Purchasing Power Parity, or PPP)²⁹ per capita³⁰ – provides a proxy measure of the burden of hosting refugees that also permits a better comparison between countries. When the number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita is high, the relative contribution and effort made by countries, in relation to their national economy, can also be considered

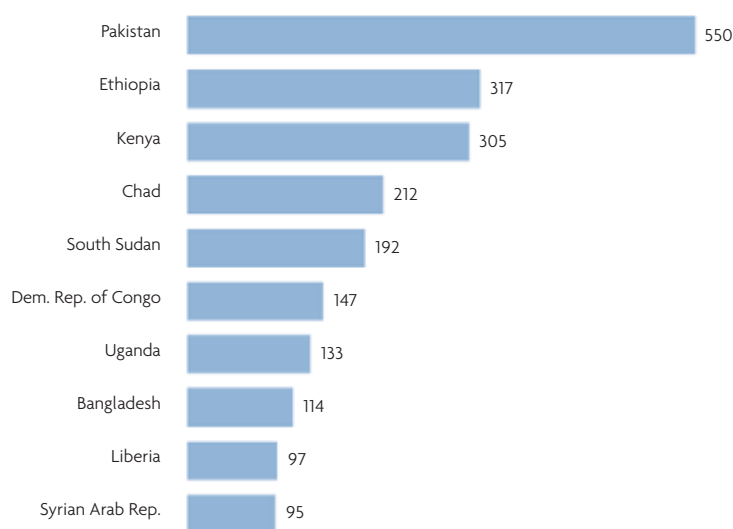
CONTRIBUTIONS OF HOST COUNTRIES

to be high. This indicator shows that in 2012, the 25 countries with the largest number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita were all developing countries, and included 17 Least Developed Countries. More than 5.1 million refugees, representing about half of the

world's refugees, resided in countries whose GDP (PPP) per capita was below USD 5,000.

In 2012, Pakistan had the highest number of refugees in relation to its national economy [see **Figure 2.2**], hosting 550 refugees per 1 USD GDP

Fig. 2.2 Number of refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita | 2012



²⁹ Source for Gross Domestic Product (Purchasing Power Parity): International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2013 (accessed 6 October 2013).

³⁰ Source for national populations: United Nations, Population Division, World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, New York, 2013.

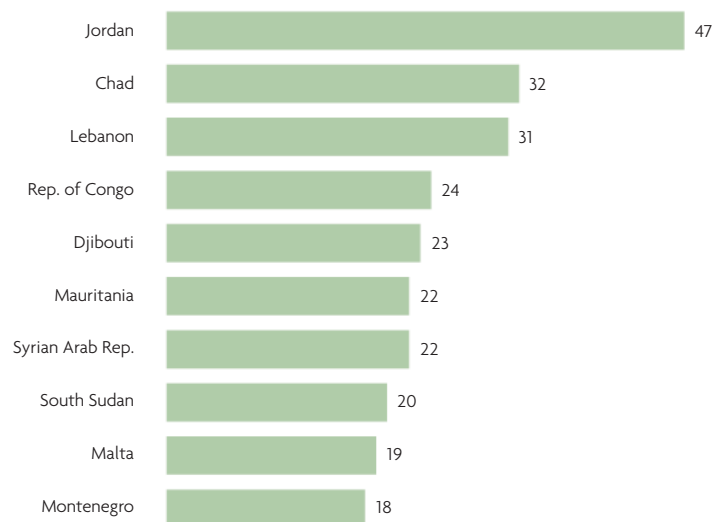


UNHCR staff answer questions for refugees at a help desk in the city of Zarqa, Jordan. With the majority of the refugee population in Jordan living in urban areas, help desks like this one provide critical advice to refugees on issues such as protection, health and registration.

(PPP) per capita. Ethiopia was second, with 317 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita, followed by Kenya (305), Chad (212), South Sudan (192), and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (147). The first developed country in this regard was Germany, in 30th place, with 15 refugees per 1 USD GDP (PPP) per capita.

These rankings change when the number of refugees is compared to the national population of the host country. Here, Jordan tops the list with 47 refugees per 1,000 inhabitants, followed by Chad (32), Lebanon (31), Congo (24), and Djibouti (23) [see **Figure 2.3**]. Chad, South Sudan, and the Syrian Arab Republic are the only countries among the top 10 for both indicators.

Fig. 2.3 Number of refugees per 1,000 inhabitants | 2012



2 Population Levels and Trends

ORIGINS

At the end of 2012, Afghanistan, Somalia, Iraq, the Syrian Arab Republic, and Sudan were the top five source countries of refugees. With the exception of the Syrian Arab Republic, this was comparable to the end of 2011, when Afghanistan, Iraq, Somalia, Sudan, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo were the top-ranking source countries. For 2012, the top five source countries accounted for more than half (55%) of all refugees under UNHCR's responsibility worldwide [see **Figure 2.4**].

With close to 2.6 million refugees in 82 countries, Afghanistan remained the leading country of origin of refugees in 2012. Indeed, the country has remained at the top of this list for 32 consecutive years, with numbers varying from 500,000 refugees at the onset of the crisis in 1979 to more than 6.3 million at its peak in 1990. On average, one out of every four refugees in the world is from Afghanistan, with 95 per cent of these located in Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran. Outside the immediate region, Germany hosted the largest number of Afghans, an estimated 31,700 people.

Somalis were the second largest refugee group under UNHCR's responsibility, with more than 1.1 million people at the end of 2012, some 60,000 more than at the start of the year. Between 2007 and 2011, more than half a million Somalis arrived in Ethiopia and Kenya as a result of conflict and violence combined with drought and famine. One positive sign during 2012 was that the refugee outflow slowed down, with 35,800 arriving in Ethiopia and 13,800 in Kenya. In addition, 3,200 Somalis fled to Djibouti while some 22,300 embarked on a perilous journey across the Gulf of Aden or the Red Sea to Yemen.

Despite significant revisions of figures, Iraqis were the third largest refugee group in 2012, with an estimated 746,200 persons, mainly in the Syrian Arab Republic (471,400) and Jordan (63,000). This is almost half of the figure reported in 2011 (1.4 million), as governments reduced their estimates in both countries on the assumption that many people had returned to Iraq or moved elsewhere. Other important host countries of Iraqi refugees were

Germany (49,800) and the Islamic Republic of Iran (44,100).

Conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic forced 647,000 people to flee, mainly to neighbouring countries. This was the largest annual exodus by a single refugee group since 1999, when more than 867,000 people fled Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]), primarily to Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. The total number of Syrian refugees at end-2012 was 729,000, making this the fourth largest refugee group in the world – a large jump from 36th place a year earlier.

Sudan was the fifth largest country of origin, with 569,000 refugees under UNHCR's mandate at the end of 2012, up from 387,100³¹ two years earlier. Fighting in the southern areas of Sudan drove 100,000 persons to seek refuge in South Sudan and another 12,500 in Ethiopia during the year. Since the outbreak of conflict in 2011, an estimated 218,000 Sudanese have fled the country.

³¹ This figure includes citizens of South Sudan, in the absence of separate statistics available for both countries until 2011.

Fig. 2.4 Top 10 source countries of refugees | 2008 - 2012
(ranking based on 2012 data)

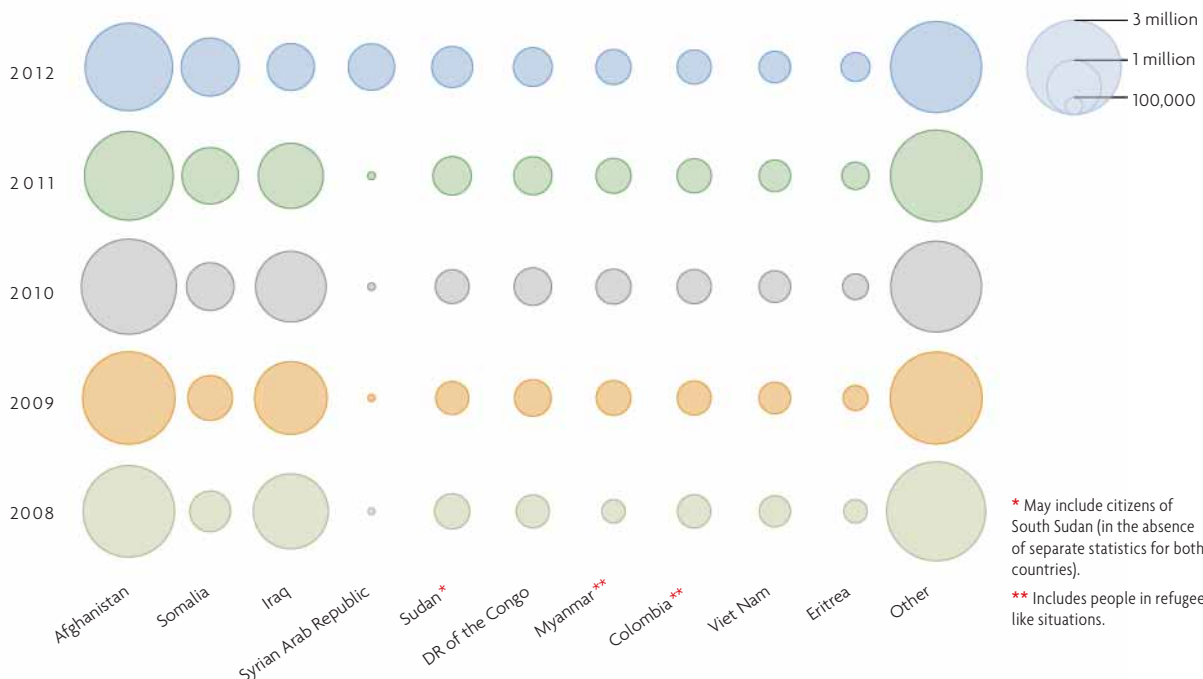
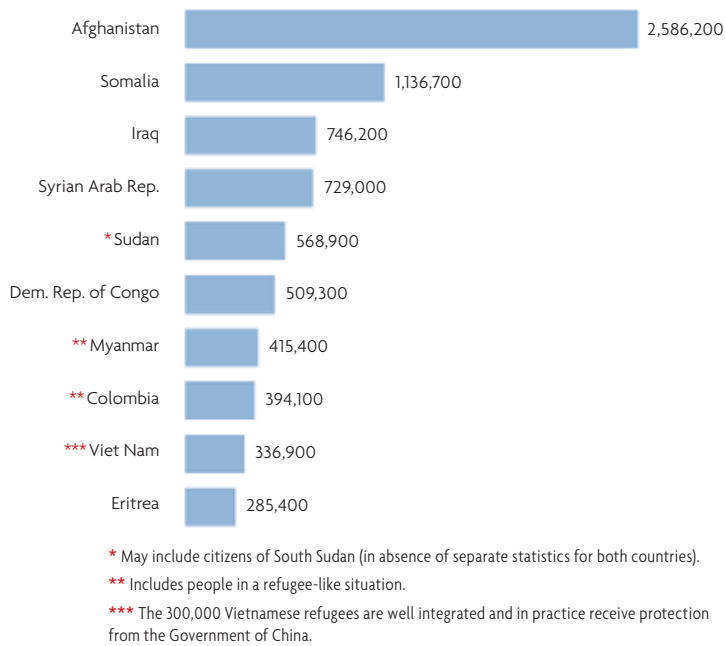


Fig. 2.5 Major source countries of refugees | end-2012


Other main source countries of refugees were the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Myanmar, and Colombia. The number of Congolese refugees increased for the fifth consecutive year, reaching an all-time high by year-end (509,300). Some 40,000 Congolese were granted *prima facie* refugee status in Uganda, while an additional 25,300 Congolese were recognized on an individual basis, mainly in Rwanda (15,100) and Burundi (6,400). The numbers of refugees from Myanmar (415,400) and Colombia (394,100) remained relatively stable compared to 2011. The figure for Myanmar included an estimated 200,000 unregistered people in Bangladesh, while the figure for Colombians included refugees as well as individuals in refugee-like situations in Ecuador, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, and Panama.

Proportion of nationals as refugees of selected countries

This section briefly examines the proportion of nationals who are refugees, in order to determine their magnitude relative to their country of origin. This indicator implies that the higher this proportion, the greater the number of citizens who have fled their native country. Refugee movements in the last five years have had a significant impact on increases and declines in this indicator. One of the most striking outcomes of such a comparison is the dramatic jump in the percentage of Syrians who became refugees compared to the size of the resident population in the Syrian Arab Republic. The figure increased from 0.07 per cent in 2008 to 3.38 per cent in 2012. This was to be expected, however, in view of the deteriorating situation in that country over the past two years.

In 2008, Afghan refugees constituted 10.48 per cent when compared to Afghanistan's resident population. This proportion has since declined to 9.10 per cent in 2012, partly as a result of Afghan refugees returning to their country of origin. In the case of Somalia, on the other hand, the proportion of nationals who are refugees has almost doubled,

from 6.14 per cent in 2008 to 11.79 per cent in 2012, largely because of major Somali refugee arrivals in Kenya and Ethiopia in recent years. Other countries that continued to witness either steady or sudden increases in the proportion of their nationals being refugees

include Sudan, Eritrea, Mali, and the Central African Republic. In contrast, the proportion of refugees from Bhutan compared to its national population showed a dramatic decline over the years, mostly due to large-scale resettlement out of refugee camps in Nepal.

TABLE 2.2 Proportion of refugees to nationals of selected countries | 2008 - 2012 (in %)

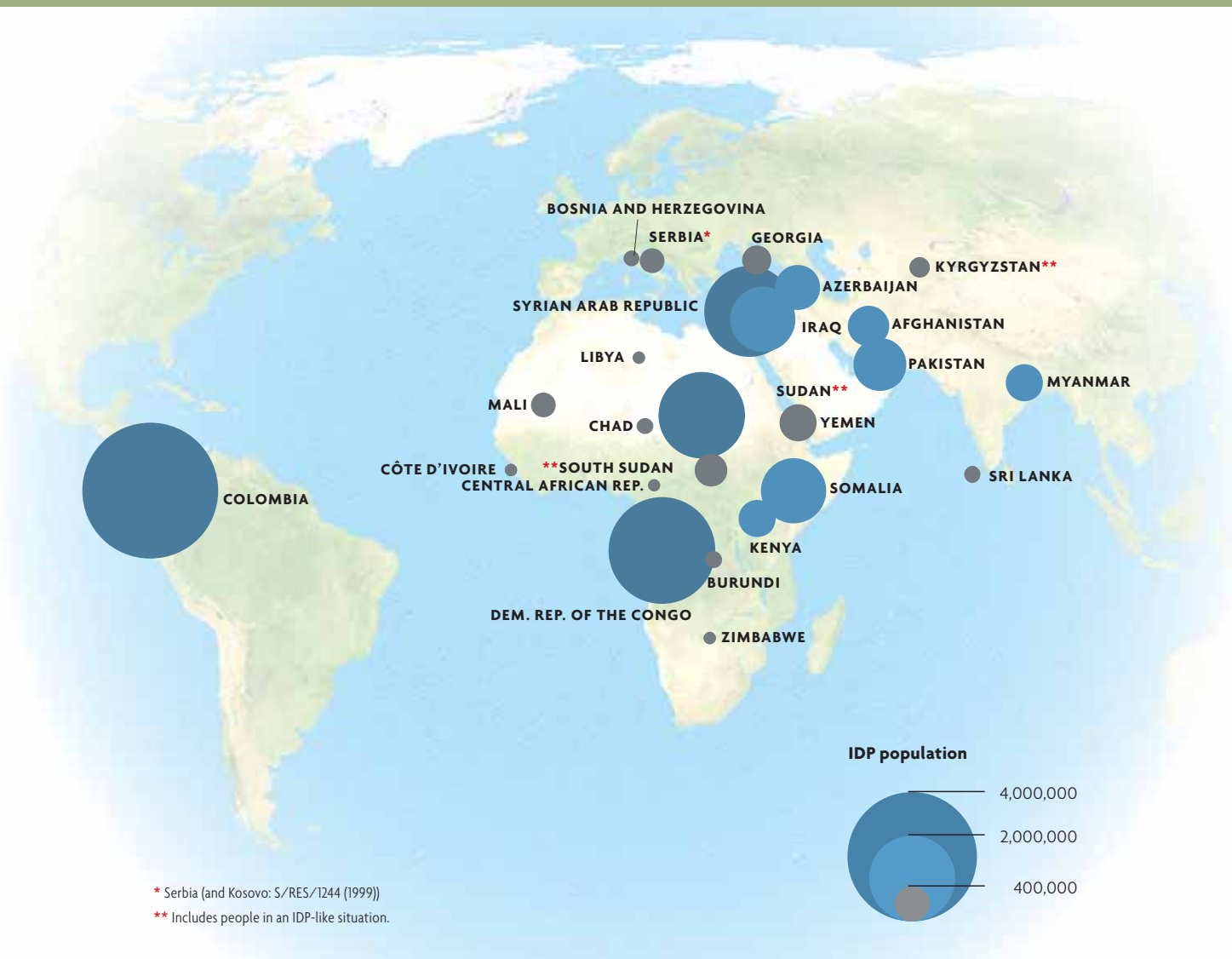
List of origins based on country exceeding 1% at least once during the period.

Origin	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Afghanistan	10.48%	10.42%	10.76%	9.38%	9.10%
Somalia	6.14%	7.23%	7.99%	11.18%	11.79%
Iraq	6.47%	5.92%	5.44%	4.61%	2.41%
Syrian Arab Rep.	0.07%	0.09%	0.09%	0.09%	3.38%
Sudan*	1.23%	1.06%	1.09%	1.40%	1.60%
Eritrea	3.46%	3.76%	3.88%	4.39%	4.97%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999])	1.90%	2.02%	1.90%	1.68%	1.64%
Bhutan	15.16%	12.64%	10.47%	8.09%	5.80%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.93%	1.82%	1.64%	1.52%	1.35%
Central African Rep.	2.99%	3.74%	3.79%	3.74%	3.78%
Croatia	2.22%	1.76%	1.52%	1.44%	1.44%
Mali	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	1.07%
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.69%	0.78%	0.87%	1.03%	1.20%
Burundi	3.27%	1.06%	0.91%	1.10%	0.80%

Note

Source for national population: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

* Includes South Sudan before declaration of independence of the Republic of South Sudan.



ASYLUM-SEEKERS

Those asylum-seekers that are included in the total population of concern to UNHCR are individuals who are awaiting a final decision on their applications for asylum or refugee status. The figures in this section refer to claimants whose applications were pending as of the end of 2012, irrespective of when they were lodged, and may include undecided or pending cases from previous years.³²

Worldwide, at least 928,200 individuals were still awaiting a decision on their asylum claims at the end of 2012, the highest number since 2009. This figure included those at all stages of the asylum process. Despite improved reporting in recent years, the global number of undecided cases presented here is incomplete, as some countries, particularly in the industrialized world, do not report these figures.

INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS

The Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre estimated the global number of persons displaced by armed conflict, generalized violence, and human rights violations at the end of 2012 at some 28.8 million, the highest figure in more than two decades.³³ The number of IDPs, including individuals in IDP-like situations,³⁴ who benefited from UNHCR's protection and assistance activities stood at almost 17.7 million at the end of 2012. This was also the highest figure on record, and 2.2 million more than at the start of the year (15.5 million).

Where UNHCR was engaged with IDP populations, offices reported at least

five million newly displaced people in 2012, particularly in the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Syrian Arab Republic. Among those countries where UNHCR was operational, close to 1.6 million IDPs returned home during the reporting period, many with UNHCR's assistance.³⁵ UNHCR figures for end-2012 included IDP populations in a total of 26 countries.

With some four million internally displaced people registered by the government since 1997, Colombia continued to face a large displacement situation. Likewise, escalating conflict and violence in the Syrian Arab Republic

³² For details on the number of new asylum claims submitted, as well as on decisions taken, see Chapter IV.

³³ For detailed statistics on global internal displacement, see the IDMC website at www.internal-displacement.org.

³⁴ As in Kyrgyzstan (168,600), South Sudan (155,200), and Sudan (77,300).

³⁵ According to the IDMC, 2.1 million IDPs were reported to have returned to their place of residence in 2012 globally, the lowest figure since 2003.

Most refugees live in developing countries

The percentage of refugees residing in developing countries has increased over the past decade. Ten years ago, developing countries hosted on average 70 per cent of the world's refugees, while this figure now stands at 81 per cent.

By the end of 2012, developing countries hosted 8.5 million refugees. The 49 Least Developed Countries provided asylum to 2.5 million refugees, 24 per cent of the global total.

displaced an estimated two million within that country, and affected an estimated four million more by the end of the year. Despite experiencing access and security constraints, UNHCR was able to assist an estimated 700,000 individuals in 2012.

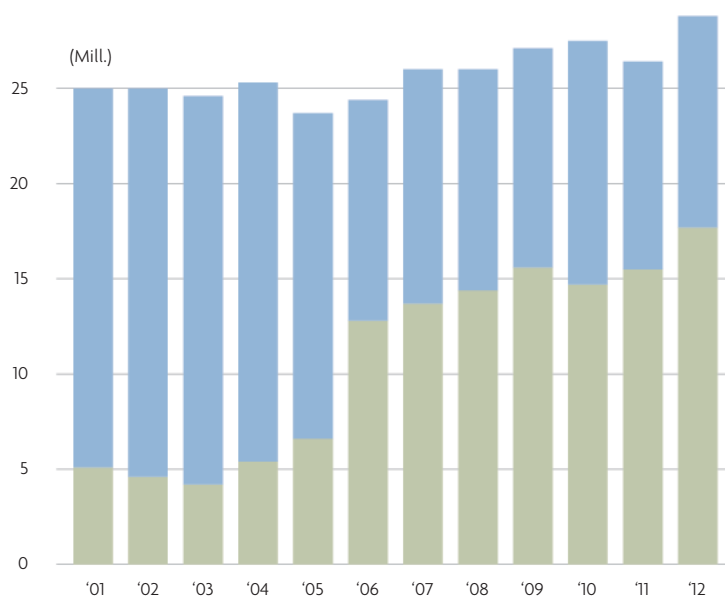
Elsewhere, renewed fighting in the Democratic Republic of the Congo displaced more than a million people during the year, bringing the total number of IDPs in the country to almost 2.7 million by the end of 2012. At the same time, 305,000 IDPs were able to return home, some soon after their displacement. War in Mali in 2012 displaced more than 227,000 people within the country. Inter-communal tensions in Rakhine state of Myanmar resulted in 115,000 people fleeing their homes, and the total number of IDPs in Myanmar was estimated at 430,000 by year-end. Renewed conflict and security concerns displaced 203,000 people in Afghanistan in 2012, and by the end of the year the number of IDPs in that country was estimated at almost half a million. Finally, significant numbers of new internal displacement caused by conflict or violence were also reported by Pakistan (362,000), South Sudan (190,500), the Philippines (178,000), Libya (143,000), and Sudan (104,000).

Although millions of people were newly displaced during the year, others were able to return to their places of habitual residence. In collaboration with the Yemeni authorities, UNHCR assisted tens of thousands of people in

making their ways back home. This was the first significant number of returns since May 2011, when fighting between government troops and militants erupted in southern Yemen. Overall, although some 107,000 IDPs in Yemen returned over the course of the year, the number of IDPs protected or assisted by UNHCR in Yemen remained high, at around 385,300.

Some 219,000 Iraqis returned to their homes in 2012, reducing the number of IDPs protected or assisted by UNHCR in the country to 1.1 million. Similarly, the number of people still displaced in Côte d'Ivoire dropped to 45,000 by year-end, as 96,000 people returned to their places of habitual residence. Although more than 100,000 people in Sudan headed home, the number of IDPs protected or assisted by UNHCR in that country remained high, at approximately 1.8 million³⁶ by the end of the year. In Somalia, the IDP figure was an estimated 1.1 million, including large numbers in Mogadishu and the Afgooye Corridor. Overall, the highest numbers of IDP returns were reported in the Philippines (336,000), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (305,000), Iraq (219,000), and Libya (177,500).

Fig. 2.6 Conflict-induced internal displacement | 2001 - 2012 (end-year)



Portion of IDPs protected / assisted by UNHCR

³⁶ According to IDMC estimates, the number of IDPs in Sudan is estimated to be at least 2.2 million.

STATELESS PERSONS

Identifying stateless persons remains key to addressing the difficulties they face, and to enabling UNHCR to fulfil its mandate to prevent and reduce statelessness and protect stateless individuals. Measuring statelessness is complicated by the nature of the phenomenon, given that stateless people often live in precarious situations on the margins of society. They frequently lack identity documentation and are subject to discrimination, and only a minority of countries have procedures

in place for their identification, registration, and documentation.

UNHCR's Executive Committee has called on the agency to undertake research "to promote an increased understanding of the nature and scope of the problem of statelessness". It has also encouraged States in possession of statistics on stateless persons or individuals with undetermined nationality to share them with UNHCR.³⁷ In 2012, UNHCR issued updated guidance to its field offices on the reporting of statistics for

populations that fall under the agency's statelessness mandate. This guidance reflects efforts undertaken to clarify the definition of a stateless person under Article I of the 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons.³⁸ For 2012, UNHCR's statistics on persons under its statelessness mandate mainly comprise stateless persons – those who are not considered as nationals by any State under the operation of its law. Data from some countries also include persons of undetermined nationality.

³⁷ UNHCR, Conclusion on Identification, Prevention and Reduction of Statelessness and Protection of Stateless Persons, 6 October 2006, No. 106 (LVII) – 2006; available at: <http://www.refworld.org/docid/453497302.html>.

³⁸ UNHCR, Guidelines on Statelessness No. 1: The definition of "Stateless Person" in Article 1(I) of the 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons, 20 February 2012, HCR/GS/12/01 available at: <http://www.refworld.org/docid/4f4371b82.html>.

Improving statistics on stateless populations: Libya as a case study

In 2012, UNHCR engaged a research firm to assess the prevalence of statelessness among specific ethnic groups in southern Libya, identify causal factors, and formulate recommendations to enhance protection and access to identity documents. The research focused on four specific tribal populations (the Tebu, Tuareg, Mahamid, and Hassawna), identified through a literature review and field visits as having particular difficulty in obtaining nationality documentation and accessing public services. The legal and protection situation of these target groups were compared to a control group of Libyan nationals who report no difficulties in obtaining confirmation of nationality or enjoying associated rights.

The research methodology included both primary and

secondary research studies. Secondary research consisted of a desk study of the relevant historical episodes, decrees, legislative amendments, and policy changes that have affected the nationality status of the groups concerned. This research also examined the purpose and legal significance of specific forms of official identity documents issued in Libya, which provide evidence of nationality status. Primary research involved the administration of a randomized household survey over a period of three months covering 700 individuals in seven selected districts (Sabha, Ash Shati, Ghat, Murzuq, Wadi Al Hayat, Nalut, and Al Kufrah).

On the basis of the household survey, along with an analysis of Libyan nationality law, a detailed report on the legal and protection situation of

the populations under study was prepared. The project report noted that 77 per cent of survey respondents are Libyan nationals, but revealed that certain ethnic and regional populations within this subgroup face difficulties in securing a range of identity documents that confirm nationality status and are required to access various public services. The remaining 23 per cent were found to be of undetermined nationality. While there was conclusive evidence that individuals in this sub-group are not Libyan nationals (including having been formally rejected by the competent authorities for confirmation of Libyan citizenship), respondents within the group reported having significant links to other States, connections that could form the basis of possessing other nationalities. The report noted

the importance, therefore, of further inquiry into the laws and practices of neighbouring States to clarify whether these survey respondents and others in a similar category possess other nationalities – absent which, they would be stateless.

The household survey also confirmed that populations lacking nationality documentation face a wide range of protection issues. These include limited access to primary education (with 70 per cent of undocumented Tebu children in one district unable to attend public school), informal and precarious arrangements concerning land tenure and tenancy (with only half of the total survey population possessing deeds or leases to enforce their property rights), and limited access to political rights (with more than 80 per cent of two

tribal groups, the Mahamid and Hassawna, finding it impossible to vote in the 2012 elections due to their lack of nationality documents).

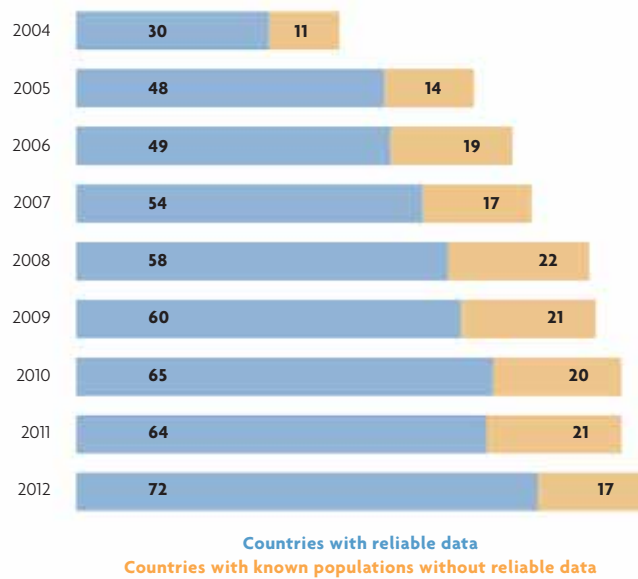
The project report also offered short- and long-term recommendations. Short-term interventions could include capacity-building for local administrative authorities, public awareness campaigns for undocumented and isolated tribal populations, and the provision of assistance to groups with limited access to public services. Long-term recommendations include advocating for law reforms to ensure greater harmony with international standards, improving the efficiency and comprehensiveness of nationality courts, and strengthening the civil registry to include all residents of the country. ●

Statistics on stateless persons can be gathered using several methods, through analyses of civil registration data, population censuses, or targeted surveys.³⁹ The United Nations recommendations on population censuses underscore the importance of including questions related to citizenship, including statelessness.⁴⁰ Census data for 10 countries are included in this year's statistics, compared to two just three years ago. With the *2010 World Population and Housing Census Programme*⁴¹ drawing to a close and as census results are gradually being released by national statistical offices, UNHCR expects further improvements in this data.

This report only includes data on countries for which reliable official statistics or estimates of stateless populations were available. Despite the increased number of countries reporting and the enhanced reliability of their figures, UNHCR was unable to provide comprehensive statistics on the number of stateless persons in all countries around the world. Annex **Table 7** includes some countries (marked with an asterisk) for which UNHCR has information about the existence of significant stateless populations but for which no reliable figures were available.

The data on statelessness in 2012 have shown a continuation of the trend observed in previous years of expanding coverage and knowledge of state-

Fig. 2.7 Numbers of countries reporting statistics on stateless persons | 2004 - 2012



less persons. By the end of 2012, statistics on persons falling under UNHCR's statelessness mandate were available for 72 countries, eight more than in 2011 [see **Figure 2.7**]. This compares to just 30 countries in 2004, when UNHCR started collecting statistics on stateless populations in a more systematic way. These efforts were not only bolstered by the release of national census data, but also by an increasing awareness of statelessness in a number of countries around the world. For 2012, UNHCR's

offices reported a figure of 3.34 million stateless persons, roughly comparable to that reported in 2011 (3.47 million).

Significant progress has continued to be made in obtaining statistics on the reduction of the number of stateless persons through acquisition or confirmation of nationality. Approximately 94,600 stateless persons in 24 countries acquired nationality during 2012, more than half of which resulted from steps taken to resolve the statelessness situation in Côte d'Ivoire.

OTHER GROUPS OR OTHERS OF CONCERN

UNHCR has also continued to extend its protection and assistance activities to those individuals it considers to be 'of concern' but who do not fall into any of the previously discussed population categories. These activities were based on humanitarian or other special grounds and included, among other, two groups: one, former refugees assisted to integrate locally, and two, asylum-seekers rejected by States but whom UNHCR deemed in

need of humanitarian assistance. There were 1.3 million people in this category by year-end. Two-thirds of those were Afghans, former refugees who had returned to Afghanistan prior to 2012 but who had been unable to reintegrate due to the difficult economic situation, the lack of comprehensive reintegration measures, and poor security. Many of these individuals thus continued to benefit from UNHCR's assistance. ■

³⁹ UNHCR (2012), *The State of the World's Refugees: In Search of Solidarity*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 108-09.

⁴⁰ United Nations (2008), *Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses, Revision 2*, New York, accessible at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/seriesM/seriesm_67Rev2e.pdf.

⁴¹ See: http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/sources/census/2010_PHC/default.htm.



Business has begun to pick up again in the local market in Zinjibar, Yemen, as IDP families return and begin rebuilding their lives.



Durable Solutions and New Displacement

UNHCR'S PRIMARY responsibility is to provide international protection to refugees and to ensure that their rights and well-being are protected. It is also the agency's mandate to collaborate with host governments to find acceptable durable solutions in order to ensure that refugees can continue to rebuild their lives in an environment of dignity and safety. Three durable solutions have traditionally been used: voluntary repatriation, local integration, and resettlement to a third country. The three durable solutions are complementary in nature

and, when applied together, can form a viable and comprehensive strategy for resolving a refugee situation.

This chapter provides a global analysis of durable solutions progress. First, the global trends and patterns of voluntary repatriation are analysed, including highlighting those countries that pursued major repatriation exercises. Resettlement is discussed in the second section, focusing on key statistical developments and challenges. The third section discusses the solution of local integration, analysing host countries that opened their doors for local integration. From a statistical point of view,

the number of refugees using repatriation as a solution is much higher than the other two durable solutions.

Each year, thousands of refugees flee their home country and are recognized either on an individual or prima facie basis. This chapter highlights the major countries affected by mass outflows of people in 2012, a year that witnessed important steps in achieving long-lasting solutions for a number of protracted refugee situations, notably by applying the cessation clause. The impact of cessation on specific refugee groups is discussed towards the end of this chapter.

Durable Solutions

VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION

Voluntary repatriation is the return of refugees to their country of origin, based upon a free and informed decision, in and to conditions of safety and dignity, and with the full restoration of national protection as the end product. Voluntary repatriation may take the form of an ongoing programme or a single operation, and may range from the return of a few individuals to the movement of thousands of persons together with their belongings. The return may be organized or spontaneously initiated by the refugees themselves, and by preference is to the refugee's place of residence in the country of origin.

In practice, UNHCR, in cooperation with governments, NGOs, and other partners, promotes and facilitates voluntary repatriation through various means. These include the negotiation of repatriation agreements, registration for return, organizing and assisting with transport, negotiation for the full recognition of skills obtained in exile, and safe and dignified reception in the country of origin, among other activities.

Throughout the repatriation process, particular attention is given to the specific needs of returning refugees – including women, children, older people, and other persons with special

concerns – in order to ensure that they receive adequate protection, assistance, and care. In 2012, a total of 17 countries received returning refugees from 30 asylum countries or territories. In total, 525,900 refugees returned voluntarily, of whom UNHCR directly assisted 320,100. Comparatively, the total number of voluntary repatriations dropped slightly from the 2011 figure of 532,000. Over the past 10 years, more than 7.2 million refugees have returned home, 4.9 million of them with the assistance of UNHCR.

In 2012, Afghanistan topped the list of countries of return with a total of

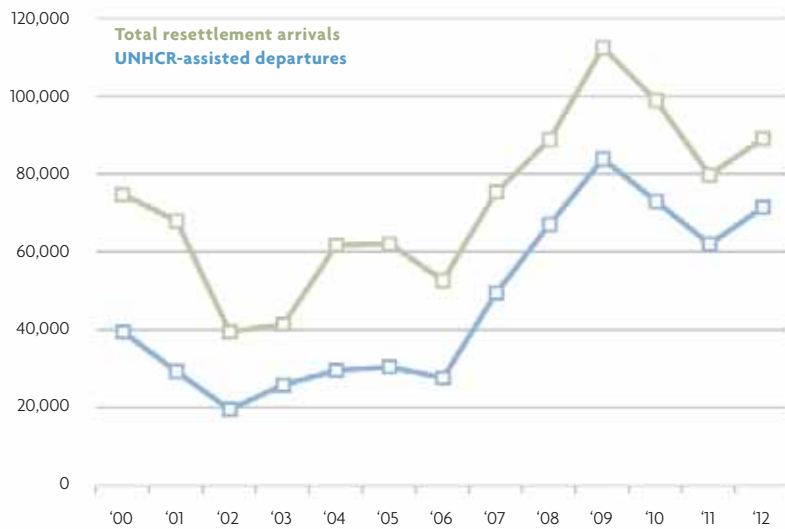
3 Durable Solutions and New Displacement

98,600 refugee returns, representing 19 per cent of the total for that year. This predominance has held true for the past decade, as Afghanistan has seen more refugees return in the last 10 years than any other country, with UNHCR supporting the voluntary repatriation of millions of Afghan refugees during that period. This huge exercise has involved the coordination and facilitation of government authorities and many implementing partners in both Afghanistan and the various countries of asylum. The overwhelming majority of Afghan returnees are from Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran, and are often returning home after having been in exile for many years.

The other countries that saw refugees return in 2012 included Iraq (82,300), Côte d'Ivoire (72,900), and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (71,900). In 2012, refugees returning to Angola, Burundi, Liberia, Rwanda, and Sudan were assisted by UNHCR. For both Angolan and Liberian refugees during 2012, the cessation of refugee status contributed to the total number of voluntary repatriations.

The countries that reported the largest number of refugee departures included Pakistan, with a total of 83,400, Liberia (72,000), Turkey (68,800), and the Syrian Arab Republic (56,900). The

Fig. 3.2 Resettlement of refugees | 2000 - 2012



overwhelming majority (96%) of refugee departures from Pakistan were assisted by UNHCR, as were all refugee departures from the Democratic Republic of the Congo and Chad. In contrast, the 68,800 Syrian refugees who returned to their country from Turkey did so spontaneously. **Figure 3.1** shows the trend of voluntary returns of refugees from 2000 through 2012.

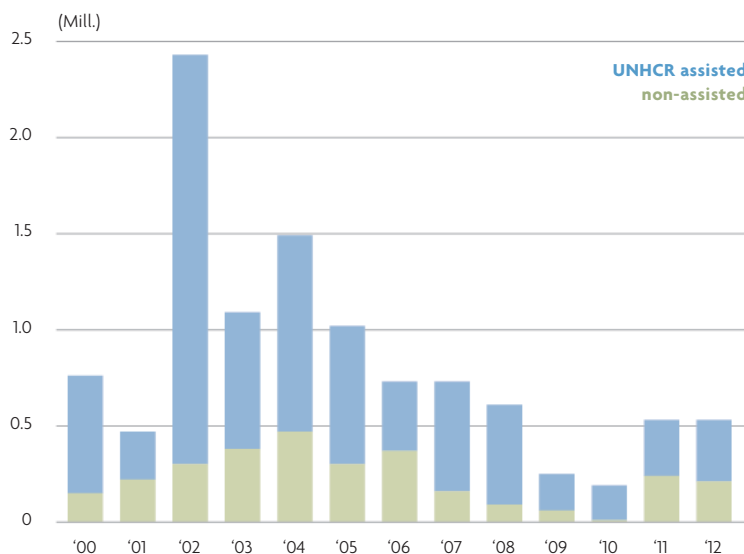
Additionally, UNHCR often assists internally displaced persons to voluntarily return to their communities and villages of origin when conditions are right, and has assisted a significant

number of IDPs to return in the past five years. Between 2011 and 2012, the total number of UNHCR-protected/assisted IDPs who returned to their communities of origin sharply declined, from 3.2 million to 1.5 million. Among those countries where UNHCR was engaged with the internally displaced, the largest number of IDP returns took place in the Philippines (336,000), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (304,600), Iraq (218,800), Libya (177,000), and Yemen (106,900). A particular challenge for IDP populations is determining when return has resulted in a durable solution.⁴² In this regard, UNHCR has been working closely with governments and protection partners to establish agreed and measurable criteria for assessing the sustainability of returns.

RESETTLEMENT

Resettlement under UNHCR auspices is an invaluable protection tool to meet the specific needs of refugees as well as a durable solution, and a key component of comprehensive solutions strategies. Ongoing resettlement of tens of thousands of refugees to States that voluntarily offer them a durable solution brings new hopes and new lives to many in the midst of refugee crises. Not only does resettlement play a vital role in protecting refugees at risk, including in response to emergency refugee situations, but it also plays an important role in alleviating the burdens placed on host governments, as well as in strate-

Fig. 3.1 Refugee returns | 2000 - 2012



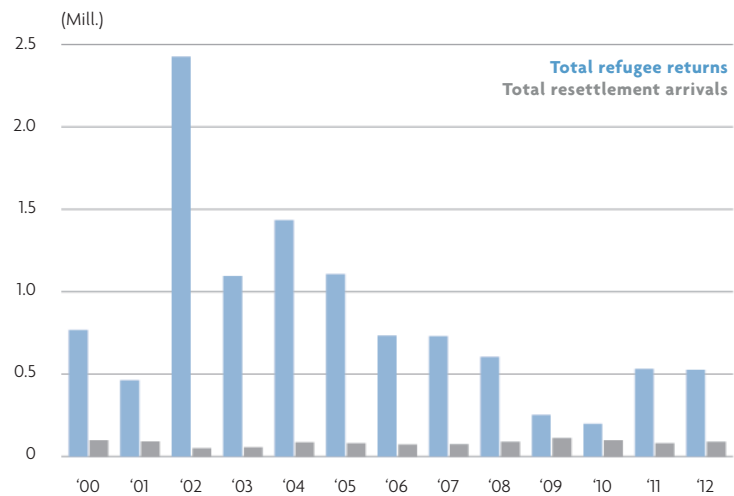
42 Inter-Agency Standing Committee, Framework on Durable Solutions for Internally Displaced Persons, <http://www.unhcr.org/50f94cd49.html>.

gically supporting the search for other durable solutions for those refugees not able to benefit from resettlement.

In 2012, UNHCR offices in 80 countries presented over 74,800 refugees to States for resettlement consideration. The main beneficiaries were refugees from Myanmar (22,100), Iraq (10,800), Bhutan (9,900), Somalia (7,200), and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (6,500). These refugee groups have been the top five since 2008, although the order has shifted. Women and girls at risk represented more than 11 per cent of submissions, surpassing for a second consecutive year the 10 per cent target set to implement Executive Committee Conclusion No. 105 (2006). Over four-fifths of submissions were made under three submission categories: Legal and/or Physical Protection Needs (42%), Lack of Foreseeable Alternative Durable Solutions (25%), and Survivors of Violence and/or Torture (16%).

UNHCR offices in 85 countries of asylum were involved in facilitating resettlement departures of some 71,400 individuals, 15 per cent more than in 2011. Increased departures can be attributed to a number of factors. Successful efforts were made by States to expedite security clearances and to interview refugees in inaccessible areas through videoconferencing. As a result, more than 13,500 Iraqi refugees departed for

Fig. 3.3 Return and resettlement of refugees | 2000 - 2012



resettlement, including 3,300 from the Syrian Arab Republic. Overall, departures of refugees from Iraq increased by 56 per cent over 2011. The departure rate of Somali refugees slowly recovered from the low levels in 2011, with 6,600 resettlement departures in 2012. Nevertheless, there remains an overwhelming number of pending Somali cases in the resettlement-processing pipeline, as there has been for a prolonged period of time.

According to government statistics from 23 countries, a total of 89,000 refugees benefited from resettlement in 2012, with or without UNHCR's assistance. The countries that admitted

the largest number of refugees in 2012 included the United States of America (66,300),⁴³ Canada (9,600), Australia (5,900), Sweden (1,900), Norway (1,200), and the United Kingdom (1,000). The United States of America and Canada together admitted 85 per cent of the total number of resettled refugees.

Comparing the total number of refugee returns to the total number of resettled refugees since 2000 shows a sharp contrast. The former has consistently and overwhelmingly exceeded the latter. **Figure 3.3** compares the two durable solutions.

⁴³ During US fiscal year 2012, some 58,200 refugees were resettled to the United States of America.

LOCAL INTEGRATION

Local integration is a complex and gradual process by which refugees legally, economically, and socially and culturally integrate as fully included members of the host society. As a legal process, refugees are granted a range of entitlements and rights that are broadly commensurate with those enjoyed by citizens. Over time, the process should lead to permanent residence rights and, in some cases, the acquisition of citizenship in the country of asylum.

As an economic process, refugees attain a growing degree of self-reliance, becoming able to pursue sustainable livelihoods and thus contributing to the economic life of the host country. As a social and cultural process, refugees are able both to live among or alongside the

host population without discrimination or exploitation and to contribute actively to the social life of their country of asylum. Local integration requires efforts by all parties concerned, including preparedness on the part of refugees to adapt to the host society without having to forego their own cultural identity. This process also requires a corresponding readiness on the part of host communities and public institutions to welcome refugees and to meet the needs of a diverse population.

Local integration requires commitments from both refugees and host governments. Refugees, for instance, must commit to complying with a host country's laws. Host governments, on the other hand, have a responsibility

to accept the diverse cultures and values of the refugees who are being integrated. In addition, host governments must ensure that refugees who locally integrate are not discriminated against or exploited by the local population. For each of these reasons, the processes of ensuring local integration typically require participation by UNHCR, government authorities, and refugees.

Measuring the degree of local integration in quantitative terms remains a challenge, as statistics on refugees who have locally integrated remain partial and uneven across the world. Collecting data on the number of refugees who have naturalized remains one of the most viable options, despite severe limitations in data coverage. This is



A 99-year-old refugee from Bhutan in Beldangi refugee camp in eastern Nepal has made the difficult decision to accept resettlement over repatriation. Along with her eight family members, she will begin a new life in the United States of America, the largest destination country for refugees from Bhutan opting for third country resettlement.

mainly because most countries do not distinguish between refugees and non-refugees who naturalized. Therefore, statistics on refugees who have naturalized and ultimately integrated into the host country are often not made available for UNHCR records.

Over the past decade, however, reliable information available to UNHCR indicates that at least 800,000 refugees have been granted citizenship by their asylum countries. The United States of America alone accounted for two-thirds of this figure.⁴⁴ For 2012, UNHCR was informed of refugees becoming citizens in 27 countries, including Belgium (1,200), Ireland (1,100), Viet Nam (990), Montenegro (230), and Armenia (215).

⁴⁴ The United States of America has ceased issuing statistics on the number of naturalized refugees. The latest available information dates back to 2009, when 55,300 refugees were naturalized between January and September of that year.

New displacement

This section focuses only on refugees who have been recognized either on a group or prima facie basis. For the past several decades there has not been a single year without significant new displacement of refugees, particularly due to civil conflicts and violence. In the majority of cases, most newly displaced refugees flee to neighbours of their countries of origin.

In 2012, more than 1.1 million people were newly displaced across international borders, with the overwhelming majority originating from the Syrian Arab Republic. This is the largest recorded new refugee displacement in a single year since 2002. Comparatively, there were 300,000 more new displaced refugees in 2012 than in 2011, when an estimated 800,000 people became displaced. Besides the Syrian Arab Republic,

other major source countries of new refugee displacement in 2012 included the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mali, Somalia, and Sudan. More than 647,000 Syrians fled to mostly neighbouring countries, including Turkey (307,700), Jordan (131,200), and Lebanon (131,900). From Mali, more than 142,000 fled to Mauritania (54,000), Niger (50,200), and Burkina Faso (38,400).

Of the total number of new refugee displacements during 2012, the largest numbers of new refugee arrivals were reported by Turkey (307,700), Jordan (133,500), Lebanon (132,800), South Sudan (101,400), Iraq (63,300), Mauritania (54,000), Niger (50,200), and Uganda (40,200). It is remarkable to note that there was no large-scale outflow of refugees from the same country in the past two consecutive years.

Comprehensive solutions strategies for refugees

The 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees recognizes that refugee status ends under certain clearly defined conditions. This means that once an individual is determined to be a refugee, this status is maintained unless either he or she falls within the terms of the cessation clause or this status is cancelled or revoked. Under Article 1C of the 1951 Convention, refugee status may cease either through the actions of the refugee (contained in sub-paragraphs 1 to 4), such as by re-establishment in his or her country of origin, or through fundamental changes in the objective circumstances in the country of origin upon which refugee status was based (sub-paragraphs 5 and 6). The latter are commonly referred to as the 'ceased circumstances' or 'general cessation' clauses. Even in these circumstances, however, the specific situation of individual cases may continue to warrant international protection.

Cessation of refugee status on a group basis, on the other hand, may be invoked via a formal declaration (or decision) on cessation by either States (for Convention refugees) or UNHCR (for mandate refugees). As a general rule, if it is not possible to notify the individual concerned, cessation of refugee status in individual cases would not be appropriate. A graph listing some recent cessation situations is shown in **Figure 3.4**.

At the end of 2011, UNHCR recommended that States cease the refugee status of Angolans who had fled as a result of the war for independence and the civil war between 1961 and 2001. The agency made a similar recommendation regarding Liberians who had escaped the civil wars between 1989 and 2003. Both recommendations were to be implemented as of 30 June 2012. UNHCR also recommended that States cease the refugee status, as of 30 June 2013, of Rwandans who had fled their country before 1999.

With the end of refugee status, individuals cease being reported as refugees in global statistics. By the end of 2012,

for instance, this was the case for some 97,000 Angolan refugees and more than 15,000 Liberian refugees. While their local integration in host countries continues to be monitored, they may continue to be reported as 'Others of concern' in the agency's statistics.

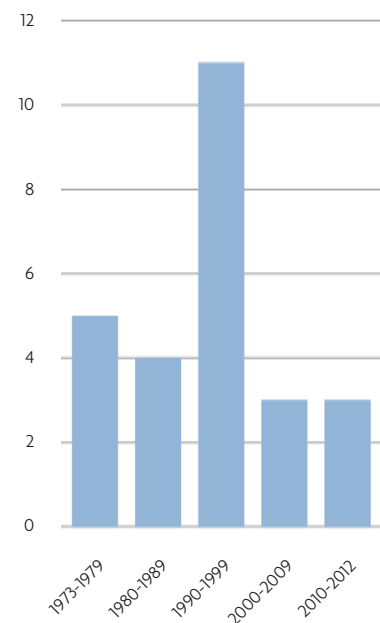
In 2011, UNHCR and the Government of Angola launched a return programme for Angolan refugees in neighbouring countries. Under this, nearly 23,000 Angolans returned to their country, including more than 17,000 who repatriated to Angola's Uige and Zaire provinces from the west and southeast of the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Logistical challenges, funding gaps, and poor weather prevented the movement of an additional 23,000 Angolan refugees in 2012, though UNHCR assistance for returns continues in 2013. Some 70,000 Angolans opted for local integration, primarily in the Democratic Republic of the Congo and Zambia. At an inter-governmental ministerial meeting on the issue,⁴⁵ the Government of Zambia pledged to support the local integration of up to 10,000 Angolan refugees with strong ties to their host communities.

Liberia has also seen strong continuing returns. Between 2004 and 2012, more than 155,000 Liberian refugees returned to their country of origin, with 29,400 doing so in 2012. Throughout 2012, support also continued for the local integration of an estimated 10,800 other Liberian refugees in their countries of residence. Local integration has been greatly facilitated by the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) Protocol relating to Free Movement of Persons, Residence and Establishment, which allowed former Liberian refugees to reside and work in any ECOWAS member State.

Meanwhile, progress on the implementation of the comprehensive solutions strategy for Rwandan refugees continues. More than 9,000 refugees have returned home, primarily from the Democratic Republic of the Congo,

and several countries of asylum have expressed their willingness to regularize the status of Rwandan refugees. The 2012 launch of a three-year programme for the return and reintegration of over 70,000 Rwandan refugees by the Government of Rwanda and the United Nations is also expected to have a significant impact. With the cessation clause for Rwandan refugees coming into force, UNHCR continues to work with concerned governments to facilitate the return of those who wish to do so, while also securing local integration opportunities.

Fig. 3.4 Cessation situations | 1973 - 2012



A regional strategy to enhance the search for comprehensive solutions for refugees from the Democratic Republic of the Congo was also developed in 2012. While repatriation and local integration opportunities were being pursued in some asylum countries, some 7,000 Congolese refugees were submitted for resettlement in 2012 as part of a multi-year resettlement plan, targeting over 50,000 submissions between 2012 and 2015/16. ■

45 See: <http://www.unhcr.org/commemorations/Pledges2011-preview-Compilation-analysis.pdf>.



A refugee from Iraq at the emergency transit centre in Timisoara, Romania.

Through an agreement established with UNHCR in 2009, Romania provides a temporary haven for refugees in urgent need of evacuation from their first asylum countries due to life-threatening conditions. They can stay for up to six months before being resettled in third countries.



4 Asylum and Refugee Status Determination

THIS CHAPTER LOOKS at the various components forming the refugee status determination (RSD) process.

First, levels and trends in the number of asylum applications submitted worldwide are analysed. Despite the fact that some 150 countries have acceded to the 1951 Convention and/or its 1967 Protocol, asylum policies and practices are far from harmonized, and national asylum statistics are thus sometimes difficult to compare.

The second part of this chapter addresses the different types of decisions taken during 2012. This includes

asylum-seekers who have been granted refugee status or a complementary form of protection, those who have been rejected, or those whose asylum application has been closed for administrative reasons. In addition, this section examines the two types of recognition rates calculated by UNHCR and also provides an overview of asylum claims that are still pending – i.e. that had not yet been adjudicated by the end of the year. This chapter does not include information on mass influxes of refugees, however, nor on those granted refugee status on a group or *prima facie* basis.

Who is an asylum-seeker?

An asylum-seeker is an individual seeking international protection and whose claim for refugee status has not yet been determined. ●

It should be stressed that even though the concepts of asylum and refugee status are sometimes used interchangeably in the 2012 Yearbook, territorial asylum can only be accorded by States. UNHCR may grant refugee status under its mandate, but it cannot provide asylum.

Global Trends

APPLICATIONS

Close to 920,000 individual applications for asylum or refugee status were submitted to governments or UNHCR's offices in 176 countries or territories during 2012, the second highest level of the past 10 years. While this constituted a 6 per cent rise globally compared to 2011 (864,600 claims), the increase in industrialized countries was even higher, an estimated 8 per cent.⁴⁶ Of the total 919,700 asylum claims, an estimated 752,700 were

TABLE 4.1 New and appeal applications registered | 2010 - 2012

	2010	2011	2012
State*	747,300	734,100	781,100
UNHCR	96,800	98,800	115,800
Jointly**	6,200	31,700	22,800
Total	850,300	864,600	919,700
% UNHCR only	11%	11%	13%

Note

* Includes revised estimates.

** Refers to refugee status determination conducted jointly by UNHCR and governments.

⁴⁶ For a detailed analysis of asylum trends in industrialized countries, see *Asylum Levels and Trends in Industrialized Countries, 2012*, UNHCR Geneva, March 2013, available at: <http://www.unhcr.org/5149b81e9.html>.

4 Asylum and Refugee Status Determination

initial applications⁴⁷ lodged in 'first instance' procedures, while the remaining 167,000 claims were submitted at second instance, including with courts or other appellate bodies.⁴⁸

Of the total 919,700 claims in 2012, UNHCR's offices registered some 115,800 individual asylum applications, significantly more than the year before (98,800). The agency's share in the global number of applications registered also increased, from 11 to 13 per cent.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR REFUGEE STATUS DETERMINATION

In countries where national asylum procedures are not in place or where States are unable or unwilling to assess asylum claims in a fair or efficient manner, UNHCR may conduct RSD under its mandate.

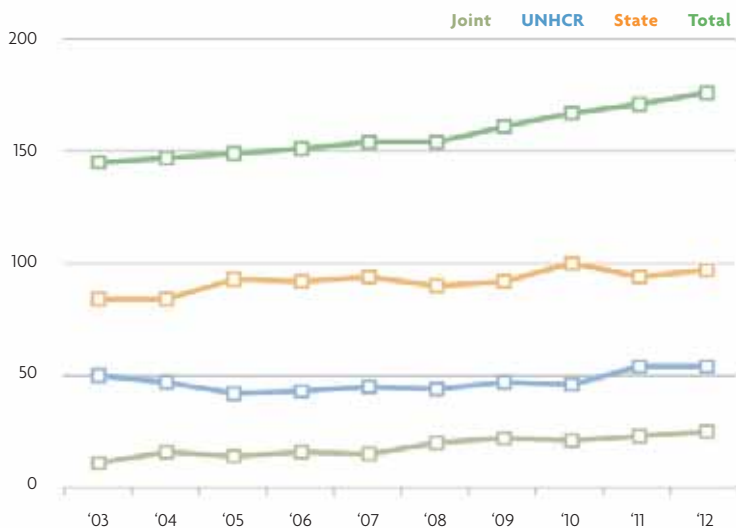
Between 2003 and 2012, the number of countries or territories that shared asylum statistics with UNHCR increased from 145 to 176. One of the main reasons for the significantly higher

country coverage during the latter part of this period is the inclusion of a number of Caribbean and Pacific islands that had previously not been reporting such information. In addition, State successions in Europe and Africa during this period led to the creation of new RSD procedures.

In 2003, the government was responsible for implementing the RSD procedure in 84 out of 145 countries or territories that shared asylum statistics with UNHCR (58%). A decade later, in 2012 the proportion stood at 97 versus 176 (55%) [see **Figure 4.1**]. Over this period, the number of countries in which UNHCR was responsible for the RSD procedure increased from 50 to 54 countries. Also during this period, UNHCR's involvement in RSD procedures implemented jointly with governments increased from 11 to 25 countries/territories.

UNHCR also conducted mandate RSD in parallel to government and/or joint RSD procedures in several other countries/territories. This was particularly the case in contexts where government or joint RSD procedures did not ensure access to procedures for all asylum-seekers or where mandate RSD provided the basis for a durable solution (notably resettlement). In addition, UNHCR continued to be involved in certain aspects of many government RSD procedures through the provision of advice or training, or participation in national eligibility commissions.

Fig. 4.1 Responsibility for RSD (by country/territory) | 2000 - 2012



⁴⁷ The data for some countries includes a significant number of repeat claims, i.e. the applicant has submitted at least one previous application in the same or another country.

⁴⁸ Statistical information on outcomes of asylum appeals and court proceedings is under-reported in UNHCR's statistics, particularly in industrialized countries, because this type of data is often either not collected by States or not published separately.

NEW INDIVIDUAL ASYLUM APPLICATIONS REGISTERED

By country of asylum

With 82,000 new asylum claims registered in 2012, South Africa topped the list for the fifth successive year, accounting for almost a tenth of all individual applications worldwide.⁴⁹ Although the country's 2012 figure for claims was 23 per cent lower than in 2011 (107,000), it was more than half again as large as that of 2006, when a mere 53,400 individuals had sought international protection in South Africa.

Asylum levels, meanwhile, have gradually dropped from the 2009 peak of 222,300 claims [see **Figure 4.2**]. Over the last 10 years, South Africa regis-

tered almost one million new asylum applications, making it by far the top destination for asylum-seekers during this period. Zimbabweans accounted for more than half of claims submitted in South Africa during this period, some 532,000 asylum applications. As in past years, Zimbabweans again lodged the

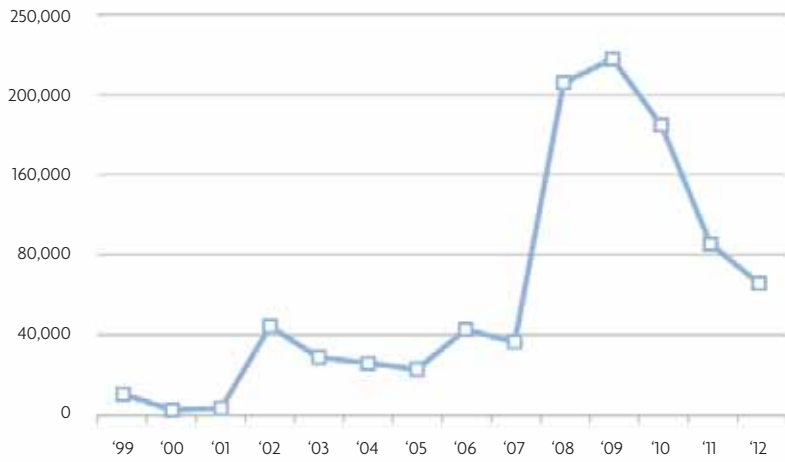
majority of new asylum claims in South Africa for 2012 (20,500).

The United States of America received an estimated 70,400 new asylum claims registered during the year.⁵⁰ This number represented an increase of 9 per cent over 2011 (64,400, a revised estimate). Asylum-seekers from

⁴⁹ The figure reported in the 2012 Global Trends report (<http://www.unhcr.org/51bacb0f9.html>) was 61,500, based on provisional data reported to UNHCR by the Government of South Africa. The latter subsequently revised its initial figure to 82,000 applications.

⁵⁰ Estimated number of individuals based on the number of new cases (43,050) and multiplied by 1.1 to reflect the average number of individuals per case (Source: US Department of Homeland Security); and number of new 'defensive' asylum requests lodged with the Executive Office of Immigration Review (23,050, reported by individuals). Until recently, UNHCR applied a factor of 1.4 for data provided by the US Department of Homeland Security, though this figure was revised due to newly available information. As a result, the figure quoted in this report differs from the one quoted in the document *Asylum Levels and Trends in Industrialized Countries, 2012*, UNHCR Geneva, March 2013 (<http://www.unhcr.org/5149b81e9.html>).

Fig. 4.2 New asylum claims lodged in South Africa | 1999 - 2012



Egypt (+101%), Honduras (+36%), Mexico (+33%), and Guatemala (+13%) primarily accounted for this increase. Almost half of all asylum claims in the United States of America were lodged by asylum-seekers from China (24%), Mexico (17%), or El Salvador (7%). Violence generated by transnational organized crime, gang-related violence, and drug cartels in some parts of Central America may have contributed to the increased number of individuals from this region seeking international protection.

For the first time since 2002, Germany is again listed among the three largest recipients worldwide of asylum-seekers and as the main recipient in Europe, with 64,500 new asylum claims registered in 2012. This was a 41 per cent increase over 2011 (45,700 claims), and the fifth consecutive year in which figures have gone up. Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999]) was the top country of origin for asylum-seekers in Germany (10,400 claims), followed by Afghanistan (7,500 claims), the Syrian Arab Republic (6,200), and Iraq (5,400 claims). A sizable number of applicants from the Balkans were believed to be of Roma origin,⁵¹ and a fifth of all applications were lodged by people coming from Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]). In addition, the number of Syrians fleeing conflict and violence in their country and seeking asylum in Germany more than doubled, from 2,600 applications in 2011 to 6,200 a year later.

France was the fourth largest recipient of asylum-seekers in 2012,

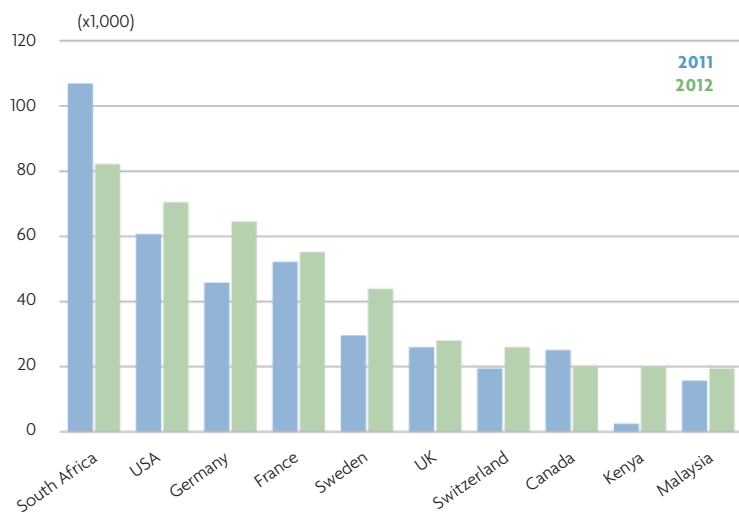
with 55,100 new asylum requests registered during the year. This was a 6 per cent increase compared to 2011 (52,100 claims) and the highest since 2004 (58,600 claims). This rise was due particularly to higher numbers of asylum-seekers from the Russian Federation (+32%), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (+38%), and Albania (+45%). Overall, the Russian Federation was the top country of origin of asylum-seekers in France, with close to 5,400 applications, followed by the Democratic Republic of the Congo (5,300 claims) and Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999]) (4,000 claims).

Sweden ranked fifth in 2012, with 43,900 applications received during the year, a 48 per cent increase compared to 2011 (29,600 claims). This was the second highest level since 1992, when more than 84,000 people, many of them fleeing the former Yugoslavia, requested asylum in Sweden. The 2012 increase was mainly due to increased numbers of asylum-seekers from the Syrian Arab Republic, with 7,800 claims received in 2012 compared to 650 claims in 2011. The number of Somali and Afghan asylum-seekers also increased (+42% and +15%, respectively). Afghanistan, Somalia, and the Syrian Arab Republic were the top three source countries of asylum applications in Sweden, accounting for 41 per cent of all claims registered.

Other important destination countries for asylum-seekers were the United Kingdom (27,500), Switzerland (25,900), Canada (20,200),⁵² and Kenya (20,000).

In 2012, UNHCR's offices registered 110,700 new individual applications for refugee status and 5,100 on appeal or for review. The office in Kenya received the largest number of new requests (20,000), followed by Malaysia (19,400), Turkey (16,700), Indonesia (7,200), and Egypt (6,700). With the exception of Egypt and Yemen, countries listed in

Fig. 4.3 Main destination countries for new asylum-seekers | 2011 - 2012



⁵¹ According to the German Federal Office for Migration and Refugees, 92 per cent of all asylum applicants in Germany originating from Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999]) were of Roma origin.

⁵² Source: Canadian Immigration and Refugee Board (IRB).

Unaccompanied or separated children (UASC) seeking asylum

Available data indicate that 21,300 individual asylum applications were lodged by UASC in 72 countries in 2012. This is the highest level on record since UNHCR started systematically collecting such data in 2006. The 2012 figure constituted about 4 per cent of the total number of asylum claims lodged in those countries, and was consistent with the percentage observed in the past five years (4% each). In absolute terms, however, the number of UASC seeking asylum increased compared to both 2011 (17,700 claims in 69 countries) and 2010 (15,600 claims in 69 countries).

Europe received 14,300, or two-thirds, of the 21,300 UASC claims. Sweden and Germany again registered the greatest number of UASC asylum claims in Europe, with 3,600 and 2,100, respectively. Austria and the United Kingdom were other important recipients of UASC applications, with 1,600 and 1,100, respectively. Outside Europe, Canada reported having registered 280 UASC claims, the first time it has ever provided such data. Kenya and Indonesia were other important destination countries for UASC, with 3,200 and 1,100 asylum claims, respectively.

The available information indicates that more than 5,400 unaccompanied or separated children were recognized in 2012 as refugees or granted a complementary form of protection. Despite a significantly higher number of UASC applications, this figure was comparatively lower than in 2011 (5,200 positive grants), 2010 (5,400), and 2009 (7,700). Europe accounted for 67 per cent of all positive decisions rendered in 2012. The available information on the country of origin of UASC confirmed the trend already observed in previous years, whereby mainly Afghan and Somali children applied for asylum (7,000 and 1,300 claims, respectively). Eritrean UASC also submitted some 420 asylum claims, while a significant number of UASC originating from South Sudan sought asylum in Kenya (2,100 claims). ●



Table 4.2 saw an increase in individual asylum applications. The top five UNHCR offices receiving asylum applications in 2012 registered 63 per cent of all new claims for the year. Four-fifths of UNHCR's RSD work (in terms of new applications registered) was concentrated in 10 countries.

By origin

For the first time since 2008, Zimbabwe was not the top source country of asylum-seekers. Rather, the highest number of new asylum claims filed by individuals either with UNHCR or with States originated from the Democratic Republic of the Congo (54,100), Afghanistan (50,000), the Syrian Arab Republic (32,300), Pakistan (30,700), Eritrea (30,200), and Somalia (29,700). These figures should be considered as indicative, however, because the country of origin for some asylum-seekers is unknown or undisclosed by some States.

As in previous years, asylum-seekers tend to cluster by nationality in particular countries. For instance, almost half of all new Congolese asylum claims were lodged either in Rwanda (17,100) or Burundi (8,200). Similarly, about half of all new Eritrean asylum claims were registered in Sudan. Although

Decisions

Available data indicate that States and UNHCR rendered close to 700,000 substantive decisions on individual asylum applications during 2012. These figures do not include cases that were closed for administrative reasons with no decisions issued to applicants.

Of this number, UNHCR staff adjudicated 54,400 substantive decisions – 8 per cent of the total and a portion similar to 2011 (9%). In 12 countries, 18,200 substantive decisions were taken in joint RSD procedures. Data relating to individual decisions are incomplete, however, as a few States did not release all their official statistics. The 2012 de-

⁵³ This figure is likely to be substantially higher, as a significant number of decisions rendered by States at the appeal or review stage of the asylum procedure have not been released.

TABLE 4.2
New asylum claims lodged in top 10 UNHCR offices* | 2012

Country	Total
Kenya	20,000
Malaysia	19,400
Turkey	16,700
Indonesia	7,200
Egypt**	6,700
Libya	4,500
Pakistan	3,900
Cameroon	3,500
Somalia	3,400
Yemen	3,400

Note

- * Excluding appeal/review claims.
- ** Includes appeal claims.

asylum-seekers from the Syrian Arab Republic sought protection in 90 countries, 6 out of 10 requested refugee status on an individual basis either in Sweden (7,800 claims), Germany (6,200 claims), or Libya (3,800 claims). In the case of Afghan asylum-seekers, five countries registered half of all new claims: Germany (7,500), Sweden (4,800), Turkey (4,400), Indonesia (4,100), and Austria (4,000). Overall, the top five countries of origin accounted for a quarter of all new asylum claims submitted in 2012.

cision-related data quoted in the Yearbook are therefore not fully comparable with previous years.

Some 261,900 asylum-seekers were recognized as refugees (210,900) or given a complementary form of protection (51,000) in the course of 2012. This number included an estimated 20,500⁵³ individuals whose initial negative decisions were overturned at the appeal or review stage. On a global level, the United States of America recognized the largest number of asylum-seekers (25,300 during the US fiscal year), followed by Germany (17,100), Rwanda (15,100), Sudan (14,000), Sweden (13,700), Malaysia (13,100), and Turkey (10,900).

In addition to the 261,900 persons who received a positive decision on their asylum application during 2012,

some 438,000 claims were rejected on substantive grounds, 77,200 more than the year before. This increase can be partly attributed to the higher number of asylum applications received in industrialized countries, as well as the high number of rejections (40,000) reported by the various appellate bodies in South Africa in 2012. The latter information was not available for 2011.

Figures on rejected asylum-seekers also include negative decisions at the first instance, which thereafter may be appealed. For this reason, asylum-seekers who appeal a negative decision at first instance may be reported twice, depending on methods used by governments for reporting asylum decisions. If an asylum-seeker withdraws or abandons his or her asylum application, or if an asylum-seeker dies before issuance of a substantive decision, the asylum application is, in most national statistics, recorded as having been closed for administrative reasons and therefore reported as 'Otherwise closed' in UNHCR statistics.

This is also applicable to so-called 'Dublin II' cases in Europe, whereby the responsibility for the adjudication of an asylum claim is transferred to the country responsible in accordance with the Regulation criteria. In 2012, at least 205,400 such cases were reported to UNHCR, with the highest numbers being recorded by the United States of America (47,000), Switzerland (17,400), and Greece (14,800).

REFUGEE RECOGNITION RATES (RRR)

Recognition rates indicate the proportion of accepted refugee claims during a particular period. Highly differentiated recognition rates with regard to the same nationality could point to different standards of treatment between

TABLE 4.3 Substantive decisions taken | 2010 - 2012

	2010	2011	2012*
State	512,800	518,000	627,200
UNHCR	61,100	52,600	54,400
Jointly**	5,200	6,500	18,200
Total	579,100	577,100	699,800
% UNHCR only	11%	9%	8%

Note

* Provisional figure

** Refers to refugee status determination conducted jointly by UNHCR and governments.

asylum countries. In countries aiming to harmonize their asylum policies, recognition rates may be expected to converge over time.

Still, the meaning of recognition rates in comparing country practices should not be over-emphasized. Asylum-seekers of the same nationality may have a different regional or ethnic origin, or they may have fled for different reasons or at different times. For these or other reasons, divergent recognition rates for the same nationality during the same period may well be explained when the detailed profile of the individual claimant is taken into account.

In the absence of an internationally agreed methodology for calculating recognition rates, UNHCR uses two rates to compute the proportion of refugee claims accepted during the year. The refugee recognition rate (RRR) divides the number of asylum-seekers granted Convention refugee status by the total number of substantive decisions (Convention status, complementary protection, and rejected cases). The total recognition rate (TRR) divides the number of asylum-seekers granted Convention refugee status or a complementary form of protection by the total number of substantive decisions (Convention status, complementary protection, and rejected cases). Non-substantive decisions are, to the extent possible, excluded

from both calculations. For the purpose of global comparability, UNHCR uses only these two recognition rates and does not report rates calculated by national authorities.

At the global level (UNHCR and State asylum procedures combined), the RRR was estimated to be 30 per cent of all substantive decisions taken during 2012. The TRR, on the other hand, was 37 per cent. These rates have remained relatively stable over the past three years, though they are indicative only, as some States have yet to report relevant data [see **Table 4.4**].

At the same time, the TRR has fluctuated over the years. A decade ago, it was less than 30 per cent. This figure gradually increased to 46.5 per cent in 2009, only to drop again slightly below 40 per cent in the years that followed. There is a significant difference in the TRR in asylum procedures administered by UNHCR compared to that of States. Over the past decade, the TRR in UNHCR procedures never fell below 65 per cent, while the TRR for States never exceeded 40 per cent.

The consistently higher TRR in UNHCR procedures can also be explained by the nature of the contexts in which UNHCR implements RSD procedures. These often involve precarious protection environments, bordering areas characterized by conflict or serious human rights violations resulting in significant outflows of persons of concern, many of whom are very vulnerable. It can also be explained by a less restrictive interpretation or application of the refugee definition.

In 2012, among the main receiving industrialized countries (where States are responsible for conducting RSD), Norway and Switzerland had the high-

TABLE 4.4 Total recognition rates | 2003 - 2012 (in %)

Responsible for RSD	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
States	24.8	25.2	30.3	33.6	37.7	33.6	39.3	33.2	32.7	32.4
UNHCR	65.7	73.1	83.3	77.0	76.7	77.7	84.9	80.4	77.8	77.6
Global*	27.3	28.7	36.1	38.5	44.5	40.3	46.5	38.5	37.5	37.4

Note

* Includes RSD conducted jointly by UNHCR and governments.

4 Asylum and Refugee Status Determination

est TRR at the first instance (56% and 55%, respectively). Among the countries listed in **Table 4.2** where UNHCR is conducting RSD, TRRs in 2012 were above 60 per cent. Cameroon was the only exception, with a TRR of 22 per cent.

In UNHCR and State asylum procedures combined, the TRR for persons from the Syrian Arab Republic, Eritrea, and Myanmar were highest in 2012, with over 90 per cent of cases being recognized at the first instance. Recognition rates were also high for asylum-seekers from Somalia (83%), Sudan (76%), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (72%), Iraq (71%), the Islamic Republic of Iran (63%), Afghani-

stan (59%), and China (57%). In contrast, among the top 20 countries of origin of asylum-seekers in 2012, the TRR was low for persons from Zimbabwe (2%), Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 [1999]) (3%), Nigeria (10%), Colombia (13%), and Pakistan (17%).

The annual change in the number of undecided cases is an important indicator of the efficiency of an asylum procedure. A rise in the backlog of pending applications often correlates with an increase in the waiting period for applicants, as more applications are being submitted than decided. In contrast, a decline in the backlog may result from a sometimes sharp decrease in new

claims, rather than from increased decision-making. Depending on the country context, a prolonged waiting period can have a significant impact on the protection and/or assistance of asylum-seekers.

By the end of 2012, at least 928,200 individuals awaited decisions on their asylum claims, including people at any stage of the asylum procedure. South Africa reported the largest number of pending asylum applications (230,400), followed by Germany (85,600), France (49,900), and Kenya (41,900). However, the true number of undecided asylum cases globally is unknown, as many countries do not report this information.

RSD under UNHCR's mandate: past, present, and future

The past decade saw significant changes in the nature of displacement. Towards the end of the decade, the world witnessed a scale of simultaneous refugee crises not seen in many years. As a result, following an initial decrease in individual asylum applications registered globally at the beginning of the decade, applications reached a new peak at the end of the decade.

Africa and the Middle East became the central sites of refugee crises, replacing Europe and Asia as the main refugee-producing regions. As a result of these changes, many countries in

Africa and the Middle East, but also Asia and Oceania, emerged as new destination countries for individual asylum-seekers. This resulted in a diversification of destination countries and a relative decrease in applications registered in 'traditional countries' in the industrialized world.

The larger volume and increasingly diverse composition of movements of persons seeking asylum has contributed to a tightening of immigration and asylum policies and practices in both the industrialized and non-industrialized world. While countries in Africa

and the Middle East continued to show extraordinary hospitality, welcoming significant numbers of refugees to their territories, such policies and practices resulted in an overall shrinking of protection space.

On the one hand, this shrinking contributed to impediments in access to territory or asylum. On the other hand, this process also prompted many third-country nationals who had been able to secure informal protection in countries of asylum – such as Somalis in Kenya or Ethiopians in Yemen – to seek either formal protection in countries of asylum or onward movement. Such developments further increased pressures on RSD procedures, thereby resulting in a further tightening of immigration and asylum policies and practices.

Due to these developments, over the past decade UNHCR has been required to conduct RSD in a greater number of countries, and to register an increasing number of individuals seeking international protection. Between 2003 and 2012, UNHCR registered some 900,000 individual asylum applications, making the organization the second largest asylum body in the world, after the Government of South Africa.

At the global level in 2003, UNHCR's share in individual applications registered amounted to 7 per cent. While fluctuating between 8 and 15 per

Fig. 4.4 New and appeal applications registered | 2003 - 2012

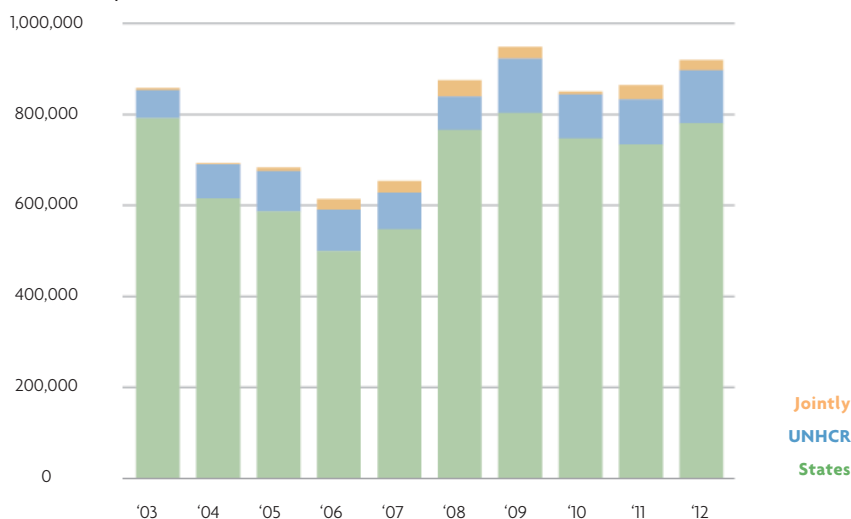


TABLE 4.5 Asylum claims registered vs. decisions rendered | 2003 - 2012

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Applications (UNHCR)*	61,900	75,500	89,300	91,500	79,800	73,400	119,100	96,800	98,800	115,800
Decisions (UNHCR)**	39,900	45,400	60,100	56,400	51,200	46,800	69,200	61,100	52,600	54,400
Ratio (UNHCR)	64%	60%	67%	62%	64%	64%	58%	63%	53%	47%
Ratio (States)	85%	94%	86%	85%	73%	61%	64%	69%	71%	80%

Note

* First instance and appeal combined.

** Excludes non-substantive decisions.

cent annually in subsequent years, it stood at 13 per cent in 2012. Between 2003 and 2007, UNHCR registered on average 80,000 asylum applications per year. This figure had increased to an average 100,000 per year between 2008 and 2012. Over the past decade, UNHCR registered the largest number of applications in Malaysia (197,600), Kenya (191,100), Turkey (95,000), Egypt (50,600), and Jordan (32,800). These five UNHCR offices accounted for almost two-thirds (63%) of all asylum applications registered with UNHCR over the past 10 years.

Between 2003 and 2012, UNHCR issued 537,000 substantive individual RSD decisions. Of these, 78 per cent resulted in the granting of refugee status. Also between 2003 and 2012, UNHCR's decision-making capacity increased from 39,000 individual substantive decisions issued to 54,100 (+36%). Over this period, the number of substantive decisions issued in joint RSD procedures increased six-fold, from 2,500 to 18,200. By contrast, the decision-making capacity of States dropped from 676,100 decisions in 2003 to 627,200 in 2012 (-7%).

Comparing States' versus UNHCR's share in adjudicating applications shows a divergent picture over time. The ratio for the former decreased from a high of 94 per cent in 2004 to a low of 61 per cent in 2008, before gradually increasing again to 80 per cent in 2012. In contrast, UNHCR's decision-making capacity exceeded the 60 per cent mark almost consistently between 2003 and 2010, though it dropped significantly in subsequent years, reaching a low in 2012 with 47 per cent [see **Table 4.5**].

The relatively low relative decision-making capacity of UNHCR is primarily due to the significant increase in the total number of individual asylum ap-

plications registered by UNHCR. Despite a strengthening of UNHCR's decision-making capacity, mainly through improved staffing and efficiency in the agency's RSD procedures, the number of individual asylum applications registered consistently exceeded the number of individual asylum decisions issued, at times at a ratio of 2:1. As a result, UNHCR's RSD backlog increased from 73,700 in 2003 to a historical high of 146,800 in 2012.

Over the past decade, UNHCR has not only been required to increase its RSD activities in many of its existing

outside their country, but also of persons of concern resident in or transiting through Libya. In the midst of the evacuation of 210,000 migrant workers, UNHCR set up new temporary individual RSD operations in the deserts bordering Egypt and Tunisia to adjudicate asylum applications of third-country nationals fleeing Libya. In the Syrian Arab Republic, existing UNHCR RSD operations, set up to adjudicate the asylum applications of Iraqi nationals, are now required to respond to the protection needs not only of Syrians displaced inside and outside

THE CHANGING NATURE OF DISPLACEMENT
OVER THE PAST DECADE HAS CREATED
PARTICULAR CHALLENGES FOR UNHCR,
[...] WHICH ARE EXPECTED
TO CONTINUE IN THE COMING YEARS.

RSD operations but also to establish new, often temporary, RSD operations. Part of this new requirement is for emergency or other special protection responses, including in situations of mass influx where governments and UNHCR were traditionally able to rely on group approaches to RSD. Events related to the 'Arab Spring' – in particular the conflicts in Libya and the Syrian Arab Republic, the unrest and instability in Egypt, and other countries in the region hosting large numbers of refugees – have placed significant pressure on UNHCR's RSD operations in the Middle East and North Africa, Europe, and beyond.

In Libya, UNHCR was required to respond to the protection needs not only of Libyans displaced inside and

their country but also of persons of concern resident in or transiting through the Syrian Arab Republic.

The changing nature of displacement over the past decade has created particular challenges for UNHCR, including in the area of RSD, which are expected to continue in the coming years. The agency will continue to enhance its capacity to deliver protection through RSD in regular and emergency or special operations. But at the same time, UNHCR recognizes that the scale of its current RSD activities, in addition to its ever-increasing broader protection responsibilities, is not sustainable. UNHCR will therefore also intensify its efforts to urge governments to assume greater responsibility for RSD. ■



A newly arrived IDP is being temporarily sheltered with her family in the classroom of an old school building in Mugunga III camp in the eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo.



Location and Demographics

THIS CHAPTER EXAMINES the demographic characteristics of the populations of concern to UNHCR, with a particular focus on refugees. The demographic trends of forcibly displaced populations are useful for general analyses in order to understand the growth patterns of these populations and to provide insight into their general distribution. The emergencies that took place in 2012 had significant impact on the demographic characteristics of the populations of concern to UNHCR.

The importance of disaggregating population statistics by demographic characteristics cannot be underestimated, as doing so can provide a clear understanding of overall trends for both policy and programme analysis and

implementation. However, collecting data disaggregated by sex and age remains a challenge in some areas, especially in industrialized countries where UNHCR has a limited operational role. Nonetheless, there has been significant progress in the provision of disaggregated population statistics for the past five years, as outlined in this chapter.

It is important to note that disaggregated data have been partial. Some countries provide data on sex but not age, for instance, while others provide data on the location of persons of concern but not on age and/or sex (or vice-versa). Likewise, some categories tend to have more disaggregated data than others. For example, data on refugees are more likely to be disaggregated than those on other population cat-

egories. As a result, the analysis of this chapter will focus more on refugee populations than on the other populations of concern to UNHCR.

This chapter is divided into four main sections. The first discusses the male-to-female distribution of the refugee population for the 2012 reporting period. The second section examines the age distribution as well as the age trend of the populations of concern. The third analyses the types of locations where refugees resided during the reporting period. And the last section provides a detailed historical demographic analysis of selected host countries and countries of origin covering the period 2003 through 2012, the second contribution by an external source to the Yearbook.

Demographic characteristics

In this chapter, UNHCR's population statistics are disaggregated by sex, age, and location. It is important to emphasize that, in addition to these characteristics, population statistics are usually disaggregated by ethnicity, language, and local administrative units in many of UNHCR's field locations around the world.

SEX

In 2012, data availability on sex alone accounted for 62 per cent of the total disaggregated population data. This is

a decline from 2011, when 69 per cent of this data was available. The new emergency situations contributed to this decline, as detailed demographic data is more difficult to obtain in the early stages of humanitarian response. **Figure 5.1** shows the availability of sex-disaggregated data of refugees from 2007 through 2012.

In absolute terms, the total number of countries providing disaggregated data increased from 155 to 165 between 2011 and 2012. In relative terms, however, the total population for which disag-

gregated data were available decreased during that period from 24.4 million to 22.2 million, out of the total persons of concern of 35.4 million and 35.8 million, respectively. Of the 22.2 million persons of concern for whom only sex-related data were available in 2012, 10.9 million were females and the remaining 11.3 million were male.

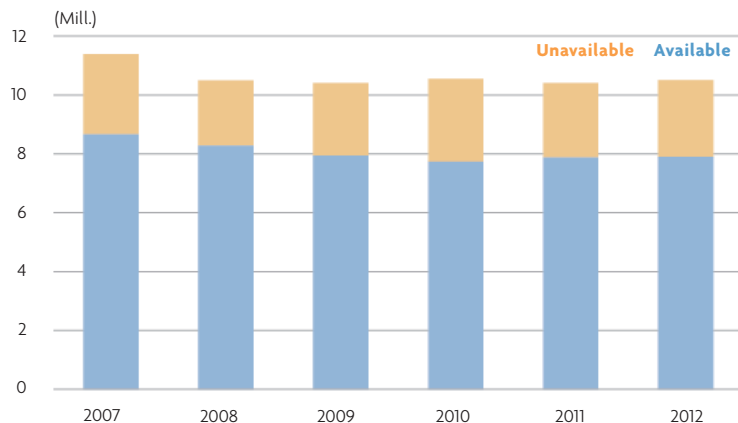
With respect to the refugee population, over the past 10 years the total number of male refugees has consistently been slightly higher than the total number of female refugees. Inter-

estingly, the percentage share of the female refugee population has remained virtually stagnant, fluctuating only between 47 per cent and 48 per cent from 2003 to 2012. In 2012, disaggregated data on sex were available for 7.9 million out of the total population of 10.5 million, representing more than 75 per cent of the data coverage. This is because, unlike the other population categories, registration of refugees is systematic and well organized in many UNHCR operations around the world.

Of the 7.9 million refugees for whom disaggregated data by sex are available, 4.1 million (52%) were male and 3.8 million (48%) were female. However, it is worth noting that with the exception of the Southern Africa region, the three other UNHCR regions in sub-Saharan Africa recorded slightly higher female than male refugee populations. For instance, the female refugee population in Central Africa and the Great Lakes stood at 52 per cent of the total in these areas in 2012, while the male refugee population was 48 per cent. The situation was similar in West Africa. In the East and Horn of Africa, the female and male refugee populations constituted 51 per cent and 49 per cent, respectively.

During 2012, the overwhelming majority of asylum-seekers were male. Of the total number of asylum-seekers⁵⁴ for whom disaggregated data were available (522,300), 62 per cent were male while the remaining 38 per cent were female. Within each of the UNHCR-classified regions, the number of male asylum-seekers was consistently higher than the number of female asylum-seekers. While this analysis is limited in terms of data coverage, it is interesting to note that females are more likely than males to fall into the category of persons under UNHCR's statelessness

Fig. 5.1 Availability of sex-disaggregated data of refugees | 2007 - 2012



mandate. The available data indicate that females are more likely than males to return to their country of origin. Since 2005, for instance, the number of returning refugee women has consistently surpassed their male counterparts, with the exceptions of 2007 and 2011. Similarly, the evidence (though limited) suggests that IDPs are more likely to be women, or at least have been over the past two years.

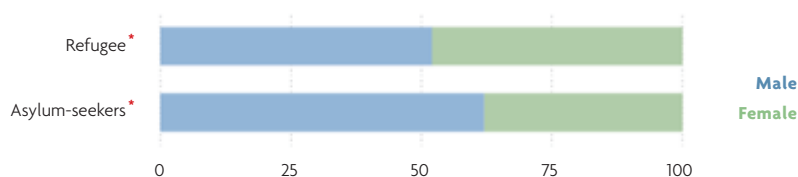
AGE

The age distribution of the population of concern to UNHCR during 2012 shows an interesting pattern. Of the 35.8 million total population of concern recorded at the end of 2012, data disaggregated by age was available for 14.9 million, representing 41 per cent. Of this, the vast majority of statistical coverage was made up of data on refugees (65%) and IDPs (27%), with these two population categories thus dominating data coverage (92% combined). Data coverage on age for many of the other population categories remains a challenge.

Regionally, Asia and the Pacific achieved the highest data coverage on age, offering data for 38 per cent of the total population of concern. The Middle East and North Africa was next with 23 per cent, followed by the East and Horn of Africa with 20 per cent. The regions that provided the least data on age were Southern Africa and the Americas, with 0.1 per cent and 1.2 per cent, respectively. If limited just to refugees, two regions – Asia and the Pacific and the East and Horn of Africa – provided the highest data coverage with 29 per cent and 26 per cent, respectively.

Unlike sex, for which data coverage on refugees has consistently been higher than 60 per cent for the past five years, data coverage on age has not crossed the 50 per cent mark during that period. Interestingly, the overall age distribution of the total population of concern has not experienced significant changes. For the past two years, for instance, the percentage of refugee children globally has remained at 46 per cent, while the adult population (age 18-59 years) and those 60 years and over have remained at 49 per cent and 5 per cent, respectively. Indeed, this last category, refugees 60 years of age and over, has remained at 5 per cent for the past 10 years, except in 2006 when it stood at 4 per cent. The age distribution between children and adults, too, has not witnessed any significant change.

Fig. 5.2 Sex distribution of refugees and asylum-seekers | end-2012 (in %)



* Data Coverage: refugees 75%; asylum-seekers 58%.

⁵⁴ Refers to individuals pending in the asylum procedure at the end of the year.

Stark differences arise when the world population aged 60 years and over is compared to the same age cohort of refugees. Globally this age group accounted for an estimated 10.8 per cent in 2009, according to the United Nations World Population Ageing Report.⁵⁵ Yet that would appear to be more than twice as high as the similar rate for refugees. In fact, with age-disaggregated data more available for refugees in developing countries, this figure should most likely be compared to the less-developed regions, where those aged 60 and over make up around 8.5 per cent of the population. Either way, however, the refugee population appears to be relatively young.

In terms of forced displacement, the total age dependency ratio⁵⁶ for the populations of concern was 117 per 100 individuals in the working-age population. For the refugee population, the corresponding value was 104 per 100. On the other hand, the aged dependency ratio for the refugee populations was relatively low (9 per 100 working-age population) compared to the total age and children-age dependency ratios, the latter of which was 95 per 100 working-age population.

Statistically speaking, children are more of a 'burden' for the labour force (meaning the productive population) than are the aged population. Between 2006 and 2009, the children-age dependency ratio in refugee populations

steadily declined, from 94 to 77 per 100 working-age population. Since 2009 this trend reversed, however, increasing steadily to reach 95 per 100 working age-population in 2012. That would appear to be consistent with broader changes among the proportion of refugee children. This category dwindled from 47 per cent of the total population in 2006 to a low of 41 per cent in 2009, though this number has since increased to 46 per cent. Thus, these statistics would appear to suggest a direct

correlation between the proportion of refugee children and the children-age dependency ratio, the world average⁵⁷ for which is 42 per 100 working-age population. Clearly, the burden on the refugee productive population is significantly higher than the global average.

Table 5.1 shows total age dependency ratio, children-age dependency ratio, and the aged dependency ratio for refugees, together with demographic characteristics of refugees from 2006 through 2012.

TABLE 5.1 Demographic characteristics of refugees
| 2006 - 2012 (% of total population)

End-Year	Dependency ratios per 100 working-age population of refugees			Demographic characteristics of refugees (% of total population)			
	Children-age dependency ratio	Aged dependency ratio	Total dependency ratio	Women	<18 years	18-59	>60 years
2006	94	8	102	47%	47%	49%	4%
2007	92	9	101	47%	46%	49%	5%
2008	88	9	97	48%	44%	51%	5%
2009	77	10	87	47%	41%	54%	5%
2010	86	9	95	47%	44%	51%	5%
2011	92	10	102	48%	46%	49%	5%
2012	95	9	104	48%	46%	49%	5%

Note

These percentages are based on available data and exclude countries where no demographic information is available. This is particularly the case for industrialized countries.

⁵⁵ Source: UN World Population Ageing, 2009. See: <http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/population/publications/pdf/ageing/WorldPopulationAgeingReport2009.pdf>, Table A.III.2.

⁵⁶ Age dependency ratio here is strictly defined as all ages less than 18 plus all ages 60 and over divided by all ages between 18 and 59 inclusive multiplied by 100. This is an indicator to measure the pressure on the productive population. As the ratio increases, the burden on the productive population increases.

⁵⁷ Source: UN World Population Ageing, 2009. See: <http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/population/publications/pdf/ageing/WorldPopulationAgeingReport2009.pdf>, Table A.III.4

Location characteristics

During 2012, the places where populations of concern to UNHCR reported residing were broken into three categories – urban areas, rural areas, or mixed/unknown locations. Within each of these, UNHCR offices reported distinct types of accommodations. Up until 2012, UNHCR traditionally had four distinct accommodation classifications. However, in order to ensure clear understanding of the various locations where UNHCR's persons of concern live and to align to international standards, these locations have now been redefined and reclassified into five types of

accommodation: planned or managed camps, self-settled camps, collective centres, individual (private) accommodations, and reception/transit camps.⁵⁸

Similar to the demographic data for UNHCR's persons of concern, information on location data remains a challenge. In 2012, accommodation data was available for 80 per cent of the total refugee population, implying that this information was unknown for the remaining 20 per cent. From what was known, the overwhelming majority (54%) of refugees lived in individual accommodations (private) and 35 per cent

lived in planned/managed camps; these two categories topped the list of refugee accommodations at the end of 2012. It is not surprising that more than a third of the refugee populations lived in planned/managed camp, as more refugees are hosted in developing countries where refugee camps have traditionally been the key type of accommodation. The largest refugee camp, the Dadaab complex in Kenya, hosts over half a million refugees.

⁵⁸ For a definition of each category, see: <http://goo.gl/4oKn8>.

While refugees in private individual accommodations are predominantly found in urban areas, refugee camps (both planned/managed and self-settled) are mainly located in rural areas. Most refugee camps, meanwhile, are located in Africa or Asia. By the end of 2012, sub-Saharan Africa and Asia accounted for 63 per cent and 29 per cent of refugee camps in the world, respectively. There was no remarkable difference between male and female refugees in terms of the type of accommodation preference during 2012. For children, however, the accommodation situation varies substantially. Refugee

TABLE 5.2 Accommodation of refugees | end-2012

Type of accommodation	No. of refugees	Distribution	% women	% children	% Urban*
Planned/managed camp	2,955,500	35.3%	50%	56%	0.4%
Self-settled camp	542,300	6.5%	52%	58%	0.5%
Collective centre	323,500	3.9%	48%	56%	18.0%
Individual accommodation (private)	4,551,900	54.3%	46%	39%	93.4%
Reception/transit camp	2,100	0.0%	53%	60%	8.3%
Sub-total	8,375,300	100%	48%	46%	53.4%
Unknown	2,122,700				
Grand Total	10,498,000				

Note

* Percentages are based on data available for 8.1 million refugees. Calculation excludes accommodation types which are unknown.

children make up more than 50 per cent of the residents for each type of accommodations except for individual

accommodation, for which they constitute 39 per cent – a drop from 43 per cent in 2011.

Demographic developments of selected host countries and countries of origin | 2003-2012⁵⁹

– Contributed by Alphonse MacDonald –

UNHCR has a long tradition of providing annual statistical information on its activities, mostly reporting on developments that have taken place over the previous year of operations and, occasionally, on trends for specific continents, regions, or countries. The agency has a rich historical database of statistical information on the populations of its concern, a trove of data that can be further explored to assess similarities and differences between a host country's population and the refugee population within its national territory. Alternately, this database can also be used to assess trends in similarities or differences between the refugee population and the rest of the population in the country of origin.

Interest in undertaking such analysis can pose two methodological prob-

lems, one with the quality of data of the selected host countries and the countries of origin, and another with the standard for comparison. The selection of countries and their data quality will be dealt with later in this chapter. But first, to assess the validity and exactness of these demographics requires a reliable historical standard. This is available through information provided by the periodic publication of World Population Prospects, by the Demographic Division of the United Nations. Its most recent issue⁶⁰ is the 2012 revision, which provides the required information for all countries and territories. Another useful publication is Volume II of the Demographic Division's 2010 revision,⁶¹ which contains demographic profiles for all countries with a population of at least 100,000 persons.

Following a succinct presentation of the methodological issues involved in historical demographic analysis of the refugee population on the basis of the available UNHCR data, this section will present the initial results of a number of selected host countries and countries of origin. There is a fundamental difference between the mechanisms of population growth between a country's normal resident population and the refugee population it hosts. Any country's normal population growth is due mainly to the natural increase of the population, with migration typically only a minor if not insignificant element. By contrast, the growth of a refugee population is caused mainly by the arrivals and departures of refugees, with the natural population only a very minor factor.

DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR COUNTRY-FOCUSED HISTORICAL DEMOGRAPHIC TREND ANALYSIS

In order to carry out a historical demographic analysis, a basic requirement is data of both good and comparable quality covering the period under consid-

eration – in this case, the 10-year period 2003 through 2012. The golden standard of demographic analysis is single years of age- and sex-disaggregated

data, which can be combined in any desired age groups. While the standard approach for demographic analysis is the use of five-year age groups, data on

⁵⁹ The views and opinions expressed are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.

⁶⁰ United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). *World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, Volume I: Comprehensive Tables ST/ESA/SER.A/336*. (UN WPP 2012). United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). *World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, Key Findings and Advance Tables. Working Paper No. ESA/P/WP.227*.

⁶¹ United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population, Division (2011). *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision, Volume II: Demographic Profiles. ST/ESA/SER.A/317*. (UNWPP 2010).



the refugee population available from UNHCR do not follow this convention. Instead, they use age groups that are more responsive to the agency's administrative and operational needs.

Since 2003, the available data use four age groups: 0-4 years, 5-17 years, 18-59, and 60 years and over. Since 2006, the age group 5-17 years has been divided into two sub-groups, 5-11 and 12-17

This little boy learns about his rights during a protection workshop run for young children by Plan International, on behalf of UNHCR, at the remote town of Elias Pina, in the Dominican Republic near the border with Haiti.

years. Hence, it is possible to construct a series with four age groups for the period 2003 to 2012, while from 2006 onward it is possible to construct a series with five age groups. In addition to the four or five defined age groups, there is a category on 'age unknown' that is occasionally used.

The existence of this category (referring to persons without known age) affects the quality of the data and also restricts the size of the population that can be used for the analysis. Although the five-group system seems attractive, it is not easy to compare these groups with the standard demographic age groups. The four-group approach is thus preferred, because it introduces the least number of errors.

Over time, age- and sex-disaggregated information has become increasingly available for more and more populations. Nonetheless, these growing data have been uneven over the different continents, regions, and countries. North America, for instance, only provides data regularly from 2007. Further, the global percentage of data on sex and age for refugees has actually been slightly decreasing, from 76 per cent in 2003 to 74 per cent in 2012. The highest percentages of sex- and age-aggregated data were achieved in 2008 and 2009, with 81 and 83 per cent, respectively.

Africa seems to have the highest percentage of age and sex data, and since 2010 has registered rates of over 90 per cent. In Asia, the highest percentages were obtained in 2008 and 2009 (93%), but these have since declined to 67 per cent in 2012. Europe, meanwhile, shows an erratic distribution over time, with an

UNHCR / J. TANNER

average percentage of 55 per cent and a decreasing rate since 2009 (82%) to 76 per cent in 2012. These different levels of availability for sex- and age-disaggregated data will affect the number of countries that can be used for the analysis.⁶²

The database also contains cases for which there are no disaggregated data on age or sex, showing instead only the total number of refugees or the

of demographic variables. Others will provide data that are only partly consistent and relevant, however, as the statistical bases for the various analyses will be different and hence the results may be inconsistent.

This limitation is a matter of the statistical rigour the analyst wishes to apply. Given that there is only a certain number of age groups for which

IN 2012, THE REFUGEE POPULATION IN KENYA IS 3.5 TIMES LARGER THAN THE 2003 FIGURE; IN YEMEN, IT IS 4.8 TIMES LARGER THAN IN 2003. [...] THESE INCREASES IMPLY ANNUAL GROWTH RATES FAR IN EXCESS OF THOSE OF THE RESIDENT POPULATIONS.

number of refugees by sex. For many countries, the database shows a mix of these three types of data, with a limited number of countries that have exclusively valid disaggregated age and sex data. Countries with 100 per cent sex- and age-disaggregated data will be able to provide the complete range

data are available, the lower limit of data availability for the calculation of demographic characteristics can be established as 80 per cent. Hence, if the percentage of the disaggregated sex and age data is between 80 and 100 per cent, the data will be used for analysis on age and sex. If the percentage is below 80 per cent, though, no such analysis will be performed. For all selected countries, the pattern of population growth can be established.

⁶² The percentages in this paragraph are based on availability of refugee data in the UNHCR demographic database. It does not necessarily represent coverage compared to the global number of refugees.

DATA ANALYSIS OF HOST COUNTRIES

Out of the 181 countries and territories that reported refugee data between 2003 and 2012, 109 have data available for the complete 10-year period. The cumulative number of refugees over that period ranges from over 15 million persons (from Pakistan) to just 78 in Timor-Leste. In addition, 21 countries had over 1 million cumulative refugees during this decade, 10 countries had between half a million and 1 million, 20 countries had between 100,000 and 500,000, and 58 countries had fewer than 100,000 cumulative refugees. As there was only a very limited number of countries with 100 per cent age- and sex-disaggregated data, it was decided to use the 21 countries with over 1 million cumulative refugees for this analysis, even if those countries did not necessarily comply with the requirement of having only sex- and age-disaggregated data.

TABLE 5.3 Population of host countries with 1 million cumulative refugees according to percentages of data | 2003 - 2012

Countries of asylum	Sex and age data (%)	Sex data (%)	Grand total only (%)	Total
Kenya	100.0	0.0	0.0	3,668,400
Jordan	100.0	0.0	0.0	2,727,200
Thailand	100.0	0.0	0.0	1,230,800
Yemen	100.0	0.0	0.0	1,385,900
Syrian Arab Republic	100.0	0.0	0.0	6,020,600
Ethiopia	98.3	0.1	1.6	1,562,300
Uganda	93.0	2.3	4.6	2,089,700
Chad	88.2	4.9	6.9	3,020,400
United Rep. of Tanzania	88.1	0.0	11.9	3,338,500
Pakistan	85.8	14.1	0.1	15,042,300
Egypt	85.6	0.0	14.4	1,010,700
Nepal	81.0	15.6	3.4	1,105,000
Zambia	63.0	7.1	29.9	1,052,100
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	61.0	0.0	39.0	1,754,300
Islamic Republic of Iran	60.2	9.8	30.0	9,824,000
Sudan	56.6	36.3	7.1	1,553,100
Algeria	37.1	0.0	62.9	1,093,900
China	28.6	57.1	14.3	2,105,000
Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	9.3	90.7	0.0	1,102,800
Saudi Arabia	0.6	16.6	82.9	1,448,100
France	0.0	86.8	13.2	1,549,600
Total	76.0	12.4	11.6	63,684,700

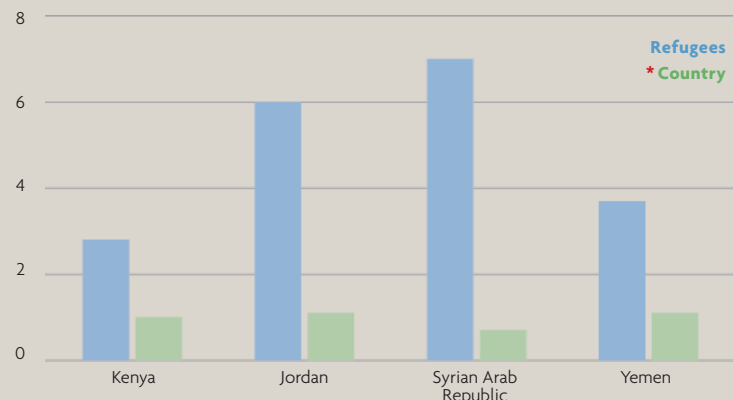
Results of host countries with complete data

There are only five countries that comply with the requirement of 100 per cent sex- and age-disaggregated data: Kenya, Jordan, the Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, and Yemen. This data will produce reliable and consistent values for various demographic estimates, such as the annual population growth rate for the total population and its sub-groups, the percentage of females in the population, and the sex- and age-specific distribution of the population over time.

Each of these countries, with the exception of Thailand, shows positive population growth from 2003 to 2012. While the number of refugees in Thailand in 2012 is only 83 per cent of its 2003 value, the four other countries show considerable increases in comparison to the base year. In 2012, the refugee population in Kenya is 3.5 times larger than the 2003 figure; in Yemen, it is 4.8 times larger than in 2003. In Jordan this figure has increased by 38.5 times its 2003 value, while the refugee population of the Syrian Arab Republic is 103.5 times larger than in 2003. These increases imply annual growth rates far in excess of those of the resident populations. According to the estimates of the United Nations Population Division,⁶³ the annual growth rate for the period 2005-10 for Thailand was 0.7 per cent, versus Kenya (2.6%), Yemen (3.1%),

Fig. 5.3

Average annual population growth rates, refugees versus resident population in selected host countries with complete data



* Growth rates have been converted to natural logarithms. As the growth rate for the refugee population of Thailand is negative it has been excluded.

Jordan (2.9%), and the Syrian Arab Republic (2.0%).

The countries also show different forms of growth patterns. Thailand's refugee population steadily increases to reach its maximum size in 2006, before starting a steady decline towards 2012. Kenya, on the other hand, shows a continuous increase, with a slight decrease in 2008, to then continuously increase till 2012. Meanwhile, Yemen shows a classic positive growth function, while Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic show similar tendencies – a rather fast increase in numbers to reach maximum values in 2008 (in Jordan) and 2007 (in the Syrian Arab Republic)

before rapidly decreasing to the levels of 2012, which are considerably larger than the 2003 populations.

The availability of age- and sex-disaggregated data allows for a comparison to be made between the percentages of females in the refugee and resident populations of the selected host countries for two specific years, 2005 and 2010. There is considerable variation in the percentage of females in the resident populations of the selected countries. While in Kenya and Thailand the female refugee population makes up slightly more than half of the total, this figure is consistently lower in Jordan, the Syrian Arab Republic, and Yemen. The results show that for these two years, the percentage of females in the refugee populations is consistently lower than in the broader populations of the host countries. The results also show that in 2010 the difference between the two populations was less than in 2005 (with the exception of Yemen, which presents a slight increase in the highest observed difference, from 12 to 13 per cent).

With regard to the differences in the age and sex distributions,⁶⁴ all coun-

TABLE 5.4 Differences in the percentage of females in the refugee and resident populations in selected host countries with complete data | 2005 - 2010

Country of asylum	2005 Percentage female			2010 Percentage female		
	Refugees	Country	Difference	Refugees	Country	Difference
Kenya	44.9	50.1	-5.2	48.9	50.1	-1.2
Jordan	36.8	48.7	-11.8	48.7	48.9	-0.2
Syrian Arab Republic	45.5	48.7	-3.2	47.1	49.0	-1.9
Thailand	49.7	50.9	-1.3	49.0	51.0	-2.0
Yemen	37.4	49.5	-12.1	36.8	49.6	-12.7

Note

Difference = refugee minus country

⁶³ United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population, Division (2011). *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision, Volume II: Demographic Profiles*. ST/ESA/SER.A/317, p. 877, 557, 957, 549 and 865, respectively.

⁶⁴ The standard demographic analysis uses five-year age groups. The UNHCR database has only four groups (0-4, 5-17, 18-59, and 60+). The first and last groups are identical to the standard demographic age groupings. To compare the other two UNHCR age groups to the standard groupings, one has to use the 5-19 age group to compare it to the 5-17 age group of UNHCR. Hence, in the text this age group will be referred to as 5-17 (19). Similarly, the UNHCR age group 18-59 years has to be compared with the 20-59 standard group, and will be referred to as 18(20)-59 years.

tries but Thailand show a lower percentage in the age groups 0-4 and 5-17 (19) for both years for the refugee population than for the resident population. While the data for Thailand show that the refugee population is consistently younger than the resident population, for the other countries the data suggest a shift in the population towards the age group 18(20)-59 years for both 2005 and 2010, although the magnitude of the differences is less in 2010.

In 2005 in Kenya, the percentage difference between the refugee population and the resident population is +9.4 in the age group 18(20)-59, meaning that there are relatively more refugee women in that age group than in the resident group. A similar result is observed for the Syrian Arab Republic (+12.9), Jordan (+14.4), and Yemen (+19.1). A similar pattern is also observed for 2010, but while the differences decrease in Kenya (+4.4), the Syrian Arab Republic (+6.6), and Jordan (+7.9), it increases for Yemen (+25.3).

Similar results are obtained for the male population, with Yemen present-

ing a consistent value of 36 per cent 'excess' male refugees compared to the resident population in the age group 18-59 years for both years.

● Results of host countries with limited data

Seven countries offer percentages of sex and age data ranging from 98.3 to 81 per cent: Ethiopia, Uganda, Chad, the United Republic of Tanzania, Pakistan, Egypt, and Nepal. Analysis on population growth, percentage of females, and sex and age distribution yields similar results as for the group of five countries with 100 per cent data availability. Still, with the diminishing percentage of sex and age data, the validity of the results also goes down. This is especially the case when, in addition to the low coverage of age and sex data, there is also a considerable amount of data with 'unknown' age. As noted, the results do appear to show similar trends as the countries with complete data coverage, but a comparison between these two groups is beyond the scope of this analysis.

● Results of host countries with less reliable age and sex data

Another seven countries offer sex- and age-disaggregated data ranging from 63 to 0 per cent: Zambia, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Sudan, China, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, and France. All countries except China, France, Sudan, and the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela show a steady decline in the refugee population. However, the patterns of this decline are variable. Zambia, for instance, shows a steady decline over time; a similar pattern can be found in the Democratic Republic of the Congo but with some variation in size (though never exceeding the population recorded in 2003). The Islamic Republic of Iran, meanwhile, shows an irregular pattern with periods of increase in 2004, 2009, and 2010.

China's annual increase in the refugee population is around 0.1 per cent, less than the resident population's rate of growth. France's refugee population, on the other hand, increases at about 1 per cent, which is higher than

Fig. 5.4 Difference in the age distribution of female refugee and resident populations for selected host countries | 2005 - 2010



the resident population's 0.6 per cent growth rate. Next up is Sudan's refugee population growth rate, at 4.3 per cent. Topping each of these was the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, where the reported refugee population in 2012 is slightly over 87 times larger than that of 2003, mostly due to the inclusion of Colombians in a refugee-like situation not previously reported.

DATA ANALYSIS OF COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN

The UNHCR database also contains information on the 208 countries and territories from which refugees originated during the period under analysis.

According to this data, the cumulative number of refugees varies from nearly 25 million (from Afghanistan) to just one each from Aruba and Liechtenstein. For the selection of countries for analysis, the same methodological considerations apply as for the host countries: data need to be of sufficient size and offering good coverage. Out of the 208 countries and territories listed in the database, 15 countries have a cumulative refugee population of over 1 million. Of these, 13 were selected for analysis: Liberia, Somalia, Iraq, the Central African Republic, Sudan, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Burundi, Eritrea, Afghanistan, Myanmar, Angola, Colombia, and Viet Nam.

Unlike the host countries, there are no countries with 100 per cent coverage for age and sex information. Instead, the percentage of population with dis-

TABLE 5.5 Refugee population of selected countries of origin according to percentages of disaggregated data | 2003 - 2012

Countries of origin	Sex and Age data	Sex data	Grand total only	Total
Liberia	97.7	0.3	2.1	1,350,400
Somalia	97.4	0.4	2.3	5,402,900
Iraq	94.2	1.0	4.8	9,834,200
Central African Republic	92.5	4.4	3.1	1,066,700
Sudan	91.7	3.2	5.2	5,279,900
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	87.6	4.4	7.9	4,463,100
Burundi	86.6	0.3	13.1	2,453,300
Eritrea	79.1	16.8	4.0	1,529,300
Afghanistan	76.5	12.5	11.0	24,719,800
Myanmar	76.5	0.4	23.1	2,631,700
Angola	67.7	4.7	27.7	1,637,000
Colombia	39.9	52.5	7.7	1,919,800
Viet Nam	30.7	55.8	13.5	2,325,200
All countries	81.2	9.7	9.1	64,613,300

aggregated age and sex data varies from 98 for Liberia to 31 for Viet Nam. Hence, with the necessary precaution about the decreasing validity of results, age and sex analysis can be carried out on seven countries with a percentage of over 80 per cent. For the remaining six countries, only growth analysis will be carried out.

● Results of countries of origin with limited data

Analysis of these trends shows that the refugee populations originating from Liberia and Burundi decrease over time, declining by 10.5 per cent for Liberia and 8.8 per cent for Burundi. This indicates a net return to their country of origin. The decline in the number of refugees from Liberia shows a stea-

dy decrease, while that of Burundi is slightly irregular. Meanwhile, Liberia's resident population shows an annual increase of 4.5 per cent, while that of Burundi grows by 3.9 per cent.

UNHCR's demographic database suggests a very small increase in the number of refugees originating from Sudan for the years under study, with an annual rate of increase of just 0.3 per cent. The refugee population originating from the Democratic Republic of the Congo likewise shows just a modest increase of 1.6 per cent annually. These rates of growth are well below those of the resident populations in both Sudan (2.5%) and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (2.8%).

By contrast, the refugee populations originating from Somalia, Iraq, and the Central African Republic show annual growth rates well in excess of those of the resident populations. Somalia, for instance, shows refugee growth rates of 30.3 per cent, compared to just 2.2 per cent for the resident population, while similar imbalances can be seen in Iraq (32.5% versus 2.9%) and the Central African Republic (40.7% versus 1.8%). The refugee populations originating from these countries in 2012 are about four to five times the number of those who were refugees in 2003.

In terms of sex differential between populations, the results are quite variable. In 2005, there are more women among the refugees from Liberia, Sudan, and the Central African Republic

TABLE 5.6 End-of-year refugee population for selected years and average annual growth rates for the refugee and resident populations for selected countries of origin | 2003 - 2012

Origin	End of year refugee pop.			Annual growth	
	2003	2007	2012	Refugees	Country*
Liberia	340,270	85,260	20,010	-10.5	4.5
Somalia	282,290	385,460	1,053,070	30.3	2.2
Iraq	175,300	2,171,620	688,290	32.5	2.9
Central African Republic	35,620	99,110	166,120	40.7	1.8
Sudan	549,600	526,380	562,650	0.3	2.5
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	455,400	369,970	522,590	1.6	2.8
Burundi	357,880	374,160	75,080	-8.8	2.9

Note

* UN WPP 2010: Liberia, p. 585, Somalia, p.829, Iraq, p. 525, Central African Republic, p.309, Sudan, p. 845, Democratic Republic of the Congo, p. 377, and Burundi, p. 289

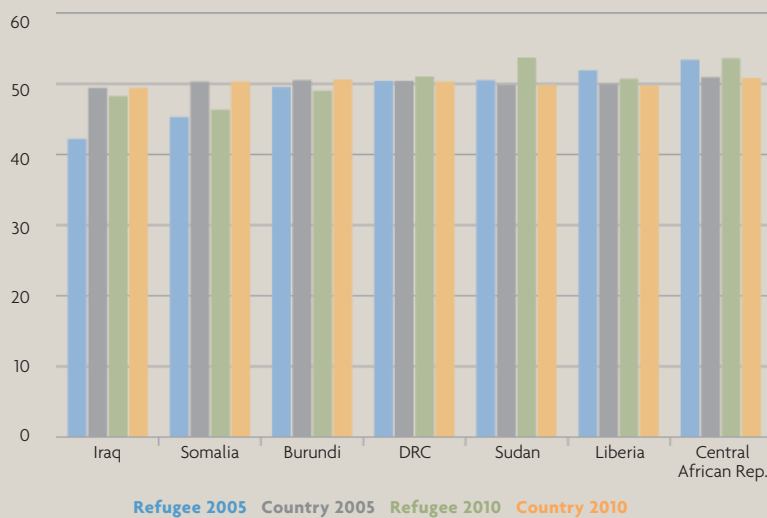
than among the resident populations. In the Democratic Republic of the Congo, on the other hand, there are no differences between these two groups. Finally, in Iraq, Somalia, and Burundi there are lower percentages of women among the refugee population. This

pattern repeats itself for 2010, though with some inconsistent changes in the percentages among the countries.

Two distinct groups of countries emerge when the age- and sex-disaggregated information is analysed for this time period. In Liberia, Somalia, and

Iraq, there tend to be fewer young persons in the refugee groups than in the resident populations, but at the same time there are also considerably more of those aged 18 to 59 years than among the resident population. This pattern is similar for females and males for both 2005 and 2010. By contrast, refugees leaving from the Central African Republic, Sudan, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Burundi include relatively higher percentages of infants than the resident populations. Yet while this was quite evident in 2005, this pattern is less pronounced in 2010.

Fig. 5.5 Difference in the percentage of females in the refugee and resident populations of selected countries of origin | 2005 - 2010



Results of the countries with less reliable age and sex data

For the six countries of origin with less reliable age and sex data (Eritrea, Afghanistan, Myanmar, Angola, Colombia, and Viet Nam), only the growth analysis was carried out. From this, Angola shows a steady decline in the number of refugees originating from that country, with an annual rate of decrease of -10.7 per cent, while the

Fig. 5.6 Difference in age distribution of the female refugee and resident populations for selected countries of origin | 2005 - 2010 (in %)

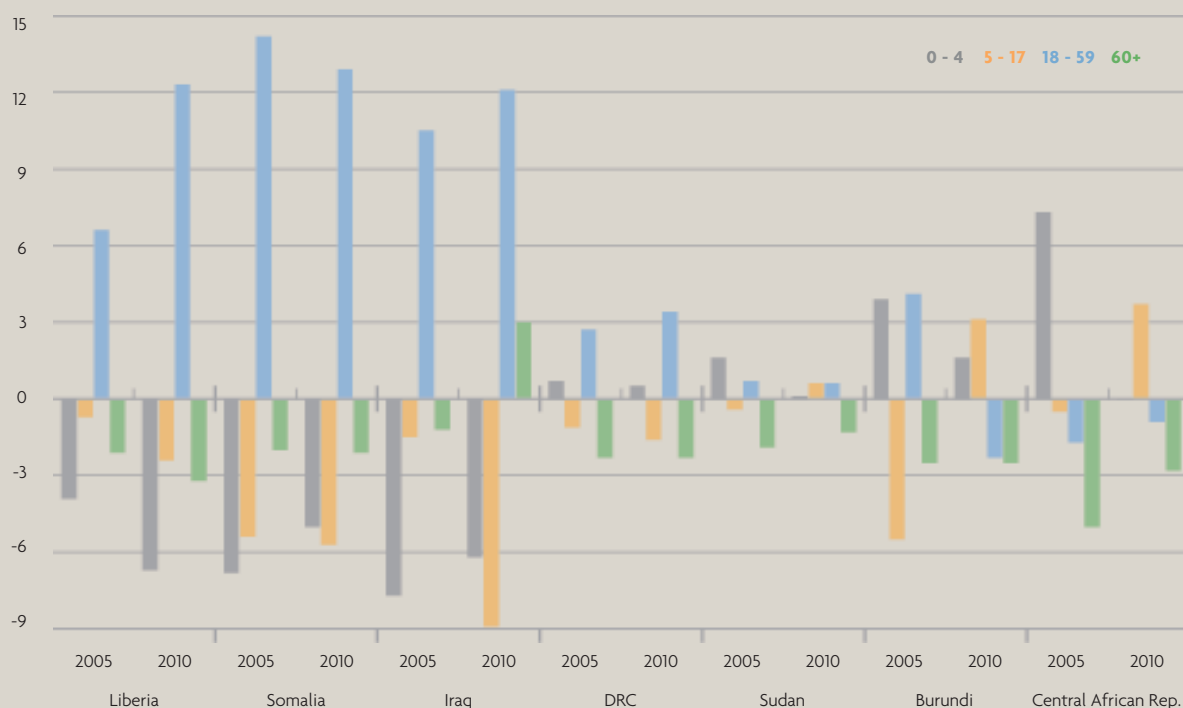
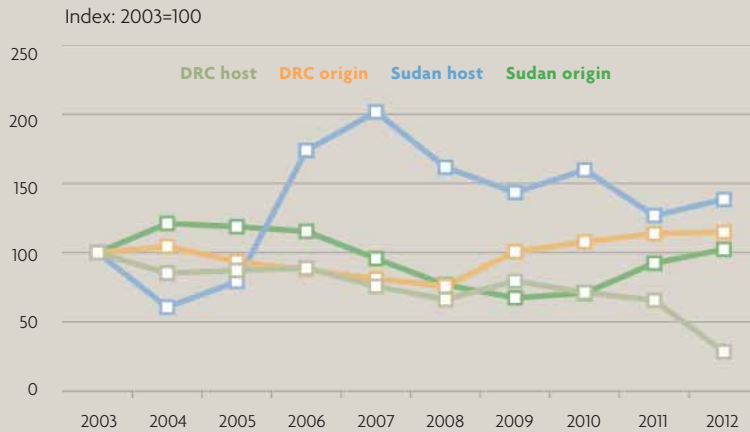


Fig. 5.7

Comparison of the population development patterns of the resident refugee population in the DRC and Sudan with those of the refugees originating from those countries | 2003 - 2012



resident population grew at an annual rate of 2.9 per cent. The other five countries show an increase in the number of refugees leaving their country of origin. In the case of Viet Nam, for instance, the annual increase in the refugee population (0.8%) is slightly less than the 1.1 per cent rate of increase among the resident population. Among the Afghan refugee population, the rate of change is 3.2 per cent, higher than the national growth rate of 2.6 per cent.

For other countries, this differential is more pronounced. For Eritreans,

the increase in the refugee growth rate (11.4%) is about four times the national population growth rate (3.2%). In Myanmar, the rate of refugees leaving the country has considerably increased since 2010, and the annual refugee growth rate of 20.8 per cent is about 30 times larger than the national population increase of 0.7 per cent. Finally, the increase in refugees leaving Colombia over the 10-year period has increased significantly. While the number of refugees leaving the country till 2006 was about 15,000 per year, this suddenly in-

creased to 111,000 in 2007. Thereafter it increased again to about 305,000 in 2008 and continued to increase steadily to about 374,000 in 2012.⁶⁵

The Democratic Republic of the Congo and Sudan have also been selected as refugee host countries. The population development in these countries shows interesting patterns when considered as host country or as country of origin. The refugee population in the Democratic Republic of the Congo steadily declines over time. Similarly, the number of refugees originating from this country initially also shows a decline, though this lasts only up to about 2008. Thereafter, the numbers start increasing, to reach a population that is about 14 per cent larger than the 2003 population.

The refugee population in the Sudan, meanwhile, initially shows a decline. But from 2004 it increases considerably till 2007, when the refugee population is twice as large as in 2003. From then, the refugee population starts an erratic decline, to eventually reach a population size about 38 per cent larger than that of 2003. At the same time, the number of refugees originating from Sudan initially increases, then declines between 2004 and 2009, and finally increases again to reach a size slightly larger than that of 2003.

REFUGEE POPULATIONS tend to remain within their continent of origin, especially in Africa and Asia, and travel primarily to neighbouring countries, most likely with populations of similar ethnic, social, and cultural characteristics. The composition of the refugee population by country of origin and the relative importance of each country can have a decisive effect on whether there are similarities between the refugee population and that of the host country. The nature of the process of seeking refuge in a foreign country inherently limits the capability of all population age and sex groups to em-

bark equally on such an undertaking. Considerations of mobility and safety play an important role, as do the border-control mechanisms and the policies of the host countries for allowing entry.

Although no clear patterns of difference have been found between refugee populations with increasing or decreasing patterns, it seems that there is an increasing concordance between the refugee population, their country of origin, and the host countries in terms of age and sex distributions. Nevertheless, there are incidences where the growth rate of the refugee population greatly exceeds that of the resident population.

It is important to note, again, that undertaking to analyse the historical development of refugee populations, national host populations, and the populations of countries of origin requires high-quality data for the period under consideration. The analysis presented in this section shows that it is possible to carry out valid comparisons between the populations concerned in spite of severe limitations in the availability of detailed disaggregated data on age and sex. Yet further analysis is required to expand understanding of the factors that determine the composition of the refugee population, and hence its degree of similarity with the population of the host nation. ■

⁶⁵ Rather than reflecting major outflows of refugees, a significant portion of this increase can be explained by the inclusion of Colombians in a refugee-like situation in Ecuador and the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela during this period.



A helicopter is being loaded with plastic sheeting to be delivered to Sudanese refugees in Yida settlement, South Sudan. The plastic sheeting, which helps shelter refugees, is one of the most critical needs in Yida during the rainy season.



6 From Emergency Response to Protection: the Statistical Perspective

UNHCR'S GLOBAL REPORT (1999) stated, "Unprecedented demands were placed on UNHCR's emergency preparedness and response capacity in 1999 ... During the year, there were 215 deployments of emergency personnel on missions ranging from several days to up to four months; 169 people were deployed, a few of them more than once."⁶⁶

Since then, the scale and geographic coverage of the emergency refugee response by UNHCR and its partners have continued to grow. The agency and its partners have responded to large-scale emergencies in Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Yemen, the Horn of Africa (Kenya, Ethiopia, and Somalia), the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Libya, Egypt, Tunisia, Sudan and South Sudan, and Myanmar, as well as to the

Ivorian, Malian, and, most recently, Syrian refugee situations.

While there are many aspects to an efficient and timely emergency response, this chapter focuses on four of its core aspects: provision of core humanitarian relief items, staff deployments, capacity-building, and a safe working environment.

⁶⁶ See: <http://www.unhcr.org/4a0d20356.html>.

People fleeing their homes due to conflict or natural disaster often do not have the time or means to take their belongings with them. Providing core relief items (CRIs) is therefore a crucial part of the first emergency response.

In order to respond to emergencies in both an effective and timely manner, UNHCR pre-positions CRIs in strategic locations around the globe. The Global Stock Management system, adopted in 2010, is now well established, with a network of regional warehouses expanded to seven hubs strategically located in Accra, Amman, Copenhagen, Douala, Dubai, Isaka, and Nairobi. These hubs are located near crisis-prone regions and ongoing operations, as well as in close proximity to airports.

As the number of emergencies has increased, the size of the global CRI stockpile has also grown significantly,

from supplies for some 327,000 persons in 2006 to 600,000 persons in 2012. Indeed, the Global Stock Management system allows UNHCR to provide CRIs to those 600,000 persons in response to simultaneous large emergencies, with the first delivery within 72 hours.

Table 6.1 tracks UNHCR CRIs that were transported from global stockpiles by air, land, or sea to the affected countries or locations. In 2012, for instance, UNHCR transported over 1.6 million blankets to address the needs of Syrian refugees, IDPs, and other affected populations in the Syrian Arab Republic – just one of the CRIs to address these individuals' critical needs. Another CRI, a family tent, typically accommodates five persons; thus, we can see that over 490,000 persons who fled their homes benefitted from such temporary shelter solutions during 2012.

CORE HUMANITARIAN RELIEF

A comparison of the total volume of CRIs shipped by air or surface (sea or land) between 2010 and 2012 demonstrates an increase of 276 per cent. This significant rise was partly due to the process of addressing urgent winteri-

TABLE 6.1
Transported CRIs | 2012

CRIs	Quantity (pcs)
Blankets	1,627,121
Buckets	317,764
Jerry cans	409,125
Kitchen sets	337,874
Lightweight tents	1,257
Mosquito nets	406,214
Plastic rolls	6,891
Plastic sheets	368,077
Sleeping mats	816,253
Tents (family)	98,045
Winterized kits	4,000
Prefabricated warehouses	38

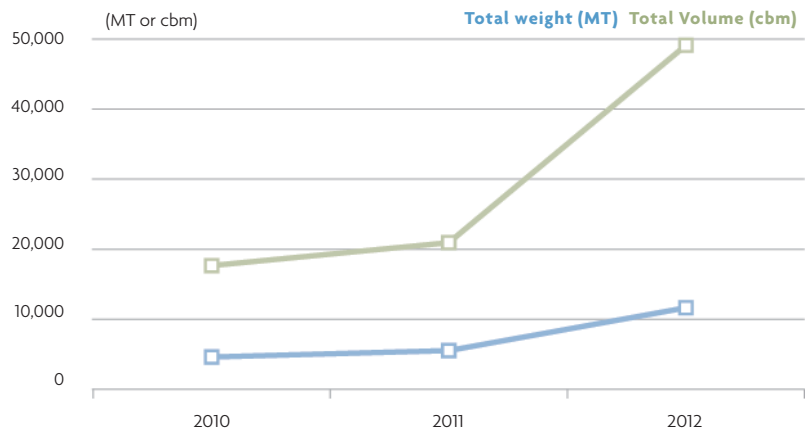
6 From Emergency Response to Protection: the Statistical Perspective

zation needs for Syrian refugees who had fled to neighbouring countries in ever-increasing numbers. Given the magnitude of the crisis, about half of the volume of the emergency shipment was destined for the Syria situation in 2012, covering countries such as Lebanon and Jordan. Another 18 per cent targeted South Sudan.

Given this increasing number as well as the urgency in providing CRIs to persons of concern, UNHCR dispatched 129 airlifts in 2012, twice as many as in 2011. These airlifts sent core relief items to around 200,000 people of concern in 2012, accounting for a quarter of all shipments from the globally managed warehouses.

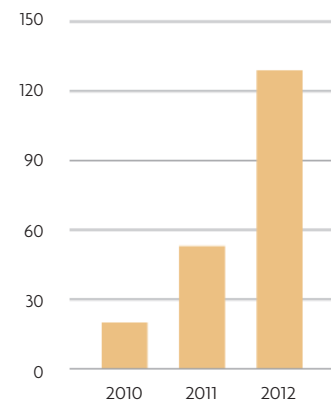
UNHCR is constantly exploring ways to improve the timely delivery of emergency goods to the field. The newly established strategic network of seven logistical hubs constitutes just one of several mechanisms by which UNHCR was able to respond more effectively to large-scale simultaneous emergencies in 2012. In addition, the agency has come to a series of 'white stock' agreements, in which suppliers hold stocks at their own rather than at UNHCR warehouses, while also enacting a three-pronged transport approach (the simultaneous use of air, sea, and road transport).

Fig. 6.1 CRIs transported for emergency response | 2010 - 2012



By using these strategies, UNHCR was able, for example, to respond quickly to needs in the Syrian Arab Republic and neighbouring countries by moving CRIs by air and land from the Amman and Dubai emergency stockpile warehouses. At the same time, 'white stocks' in Dubai replenished supplies through direct delivery to UNHCR's warehouse in that country. Simultaneously, shipments by road were implemented from the global stockpile in Accra to operations in Burkina Faso and Mali, and from the global stockpiles in Nairobi and Isaka to operations in Ethiopia, Rwanda, and South Sudan.

Fig. 6.2 Airlift shipment: Number of flights | 2010 - 2012



Staff Deployments ⁶⁷

PROVIDING EMERGENCY DEPLOYMENTS WITHIN 72 HOURS

If additional human resources are required to respond to emergencies, UNHCR immediately sends emergency deployees to support those operations. The agency's internal emergency standby capacity, including at the senior management and leadership level, allows for the deployment of qualified staff to emergency operations at short notice. This internal capacity is complemented by agreements with standby partners (SbP) and networks of technical experts. The number of emergency deployments has increased steadily,

with the number of emergency supporting missions, for instance, increasing from 245 in 2008 to 461 in 2012.

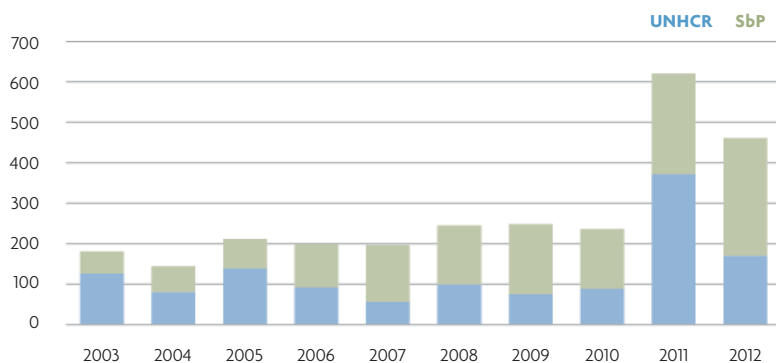
To address the often high turnover of staff in emergencies, with repeated short emergency missions for the same function to the same emergency operation, UNHCR started to implement a new staffing deployment model for emergency operations. If operations have continued staffing needs after the

second or third month of emergency missions, these are addressed through temporary assignments/appointments for at least six months. Thereafter, full positions are created and filled through 'fast track' procedures. In addition, further efforts are made to ensure that an emergency mission's duration is at least two months.

In an effort to provide accurate emergency deployment statistics, start-

⁶⁷ The figures quoted in this section refer to deployees who are administrated by UNHCR's Division of Emergency Support Service.

Fig. 6.3 Number of emergency support missions by source | 2003 - 2012



ing from 2012 only the two- to three-month emergency missions are counted for this purpose, not the six-month assignments/appointments. Given this metric, there was a significant decrease of UNHCR staff in emergency missions, from 371 missions in 2011 to just 170 in 2012. The number of deployments by standby partners to UNHCR emergency operations continues to increase, meanwhile, from 250 missions in 2011 to 291 missions in 2012. Standby partners have contributed significantly

to UNHCR's emergency operations through the deployment of experts in the past five years.

Figure 6.3 indicates a general trend of increasing emergency deployments. It also shows the importance of UNHCR's emergency standby agreements, with both governmental and non-governmental organizations. The trend for the past five years (2008-12) indicates that SbP accounted for about 73 per cent of deployment days for emergency support missions, while UNHCR ac-

What are the Standby Partners (SbP)?

In order to strengthen its response capacity during humanitarian crises,

UNHCR has concluded a number of Standby Partnerships with governmental agencies, NGOs, and private sector organizations that have specific expertise and capacity to complement UNHCR's internal surge capacity.

Through these agreements, qualified employees can be provided quickly through simplified procedures and often at no cost to UNHCR. This includes the following domains: public health, logistics, site planning, engineering, water/sanitation (WATSAN), information management, hydrology, shelter, and construction. Some Standby Partners offer equipment/service modules for health, sanitation, and medical care, accommodation and necessities, search and rescue, mine action, capacity development, and recovery work. ●

counted for 27 per cent. The number of deployment days provided by SbP increased from about 50,000 days between 2003 and 2007 to around 135,720 days between 2008 and 2012.

EMERGENCY SUPPORT MISSION BY REGION

In sub-Saharan Africa, the top recipients of emergency support missions during 2008-12 were the Central African Republic, Chad, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Somalia, Kenya, Sudan, and South Sudan. In the Asia and the Pacific region, most of the emergency missions were to Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Myanmar; while in the Americas, Colombia remained a prime destination during the same period. In terms of regional distribution of deployees, sub-Saharan Africa received most of the emergency support missions (47%), followed by the Middle East and North Africa region (31%), Asia and the Pacific (13%), Europe (7%), and the Americas (2%).

In 2011 and 2012, due to the situations in both Libya and the Syrian Arab Republic, the number of staff deployed to the Middle East and North Africa region increased dramatically. When comparing 2008 and 2012, the percent-

age increase in the number of emergency deployments amounted to 320 per cent for this region, while in Africa these figures increased by 170 per cent. Even while responding to these new

large emergencies, 'recurring' emergency situations such as Pakistan, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Iraq continued to require emergency deployments on a regular basis.

Fig. 6.4 Number of emergency support missions by region | 2008 - 2012

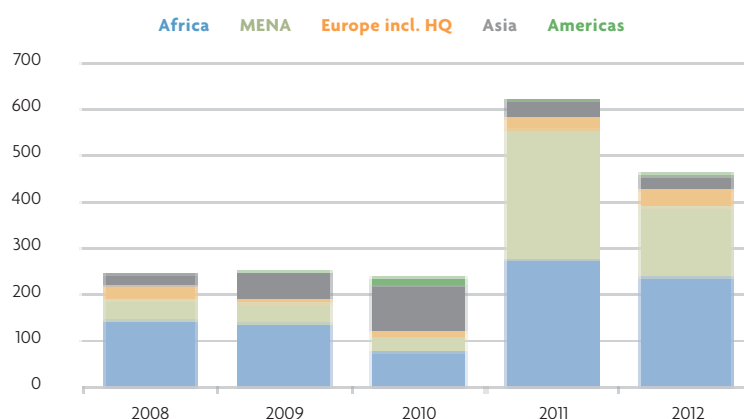


Fig. 6.5 Gender comparison: Emergency deployees | 2006 - 2012

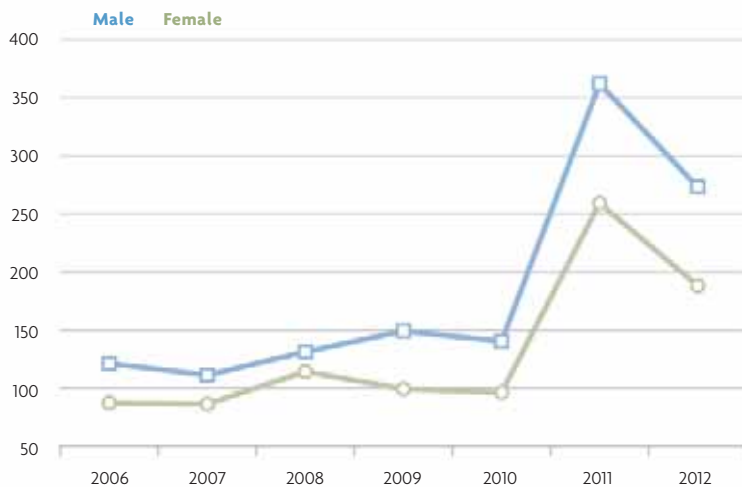
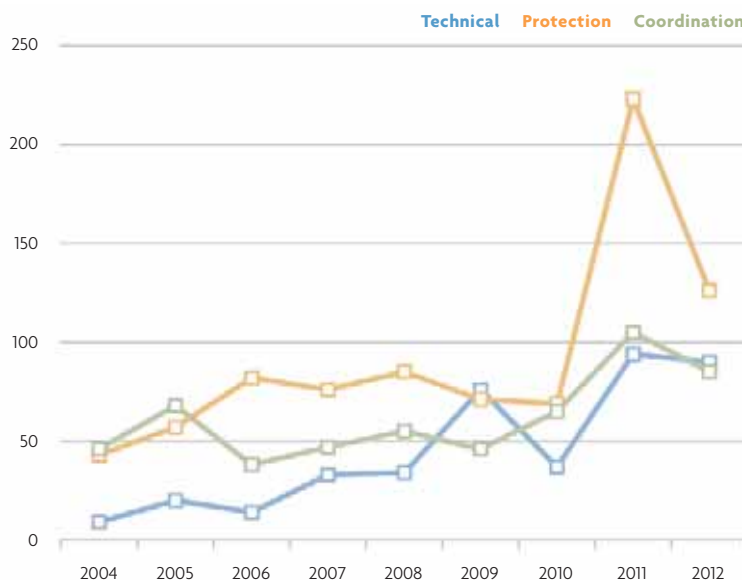


Fig. 6.6 Key profile for emergency deployment by number of staff | 2004 - 2012



EMERGENCY DEPLOYEES BY SEX AND FUNCTIONAL AREA

In general, men have a slightly higher representation than women among emergency deployees. Between 2008 and 2012, female personnel represented an average of 42 per cent of the total number of deployees.

Disaggregating emergency deployees by function shows that significant proportions of deployments are related to protection (including child protection, refugee status determination, resettlement and registration) and technical support (including water, sanitation and hygiene; health; shelter and site planning). **Figure 6.6** shows trends in three main areas of functional deployments: protection, technical, and coordination (which includes cluster and team leaders). Since 2004, protection functions have continued to be in high demand, reflecting UNHCR's core mandate.

In 2011, there was a sharp increase in the number of refugee status determination (RSD) staff deployed. This was due to the Libya situation, where prompt RSD was essential for the protection of individuals, given the mixed migration environment prevailing at that time.⁶⁸ This may also explain a rise in the protection function requirement in 2011. Recent years have also seen a significant increase in requests for technical services, such as water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH); shelter/site planning; and health. In addition, given the importance of information management, since 2011 UNHCR has been deploying information management officers at the onset of any emergency.⁶⁹

UNHCR / A. BRANTHWAITE

Capacity-Building

Recent experience with responding to simultaneous, large-scale emergencies has reconfirmed that the immediate availability of individuals with a wide range of professional and field skills is an essential part of an efficient response. To prepare staff for emergency

deployments, UNHCR regularly organizes various workshops and trainings, one of which is the Workshop on Emergency Management (WEM).

Normally, WEM is organized three times per year, with some 40 participants in each session. In 2011, however,

it was organized four times in order to address extraordinary staffing needs for ongoing emergencies. The great majority of participants are UNHCR staff, though standby partners are also invited to send participants. In addition, one or two donors also tend to participate. In 2012, the ratio of participation of UNHCR to SbP was 77 per cent to 9 per cent.

⁶⁸ See 2011 Statistical Yearbook, UNHCR, pp. 42-43, <http://www.unhcr.org/51628b589.html>.

⁶⁹ See 2011 Statistical Yearbook, UNHCR, <http://www.unhcr.org/51628d9b9.html>.

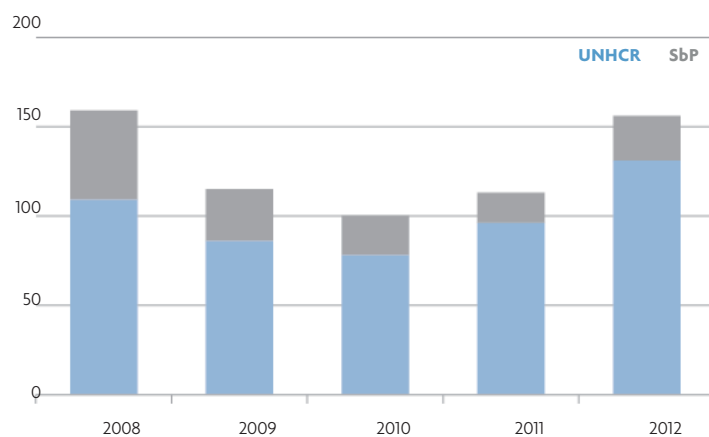


At the Kahramanmaraş refugee camp in Turkey, this Syrian refugee holds his daughter, who is being examined for breathing difficulties by Turkish medical staff. Kahramanmaraş is one of numerous camps in southern Turkey which was built by the Turkish Government to receive Syrians fleeing the conflict in their home country.

To develop the needed capacity in an area new to UNHCR, the Training on Information Management in Emergencies (TIME) provides UNHCR and partner staff with the principles and tools for data management, needs assessment, registration, and other related areas in responding to emergencies. To support field staff, in 2013 UNHCR also released the Emergency Information Management Toolkit, which provides guidance, examples, and practical tools for providing information management support in operations.⁷⁰

⁷⁰ See: <http://data.unhcr.org/imtoolkit/>.

Fig. 6.7 WEM: Number of participants | 2008 - 2012



Creating a safe working environment

UNHCR continues to regularly review its compliance with the United Nations Minimum Operating Security Standards (MOSS), particularly for offices in high-risk environments. MOSS is the primary mechanism for managing and mitigating security risks to UN personnel, property, and assets.

UNHCR strives to ensure that all new offices are MOSS-compliant within six months of their establishment. There are several factors complicating the achievement of a 100 per cent MOSS-compliant rate, including changing security environments (of which MOSS needs to be revised ac-

ordingly) and the establishment of new offices. From June to December 2012, for instance, a total of 19 offices were opened and MOSS guidelines had to be applied to each of them.

As of December 2012, out of 383 offices, 85 per cent were fully compliant and 11 per cent were compliant 'with limitations'. However, UNHCR continues to strive for 100 per cent MOSS compliance.

Fig. 6.8 Number of offices | 2011 - 2012



TABLE 6.2

MOSS-compliant | 2010 - 2012 (in %)

	MOSS Compliant
Dec-12	96%
Jun-12	89%
Dec-11	90%
Jun-11	93%
Dec-10	82%

RECENT LARGE-SCALE EMERGENCIES continue to highlight the importance of UNHCR's ability to respond, in a timely and effective manner, to the needs of refugees and other persons of concern. It is evident, however, that UNHCR alone cannot respond to the complex and growing numbers of these emergencies.

For many years, UNHCR has benefited from emergency standby agreements with various governmental and non-governmental organizations. These allow the organization to deploy staff from the rosters of standby partners to serve in emergency operations, making the agreements an important part of UNHCR's emergency-response capacity. Regular contact with these partners continues to take place, and UNHCR participates in a United Nations coordination forum with standby partners.

In addition, partners from national NGOs contribute significantly to emergency response, particularly by increasing access to populations. National NGOs have a deep understanding of national and regional dynamics, as well

cy cooperation takes place both bilaterally and within the context of the Inter-Agency Standing Committee.

Strengthened by these collaborations, UNHCR will continue to lead the response to refugee emergencies

**STRENGTHENED BY THESE COLLABORATIONS,
UNHCR WILL CONTINUE TO LEAD
THE RESPONSE TO REFUGEE EMERGENCIES.**

as established relationships with local communities. UNHCR also continues to work closely with the World Food Programme, the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, and the United Nations Children's Fund, with which collaborations have been significantly strengthened. Inter-agen-

resulting from the conflicts in Mali, Sudan and South Sudan, and the Syrian Arab Republic, among others. At the same time, the agency will continue to contribute to inter-agency efforts to meet the needs of internally displaced persons and other affected populations. ■



Annex



TABLE 1 **Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum | end-2012**

Country/ territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Asylum- seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Afghanistan	75	16,112	16,187	16,187	51	98,609	486,298	18,830	-	879,376	1,499,351
Albania	86	-	86	86	28	-	-	-	7,443	-	7,557
Algeria ¹⁰	94,133	-	94,133	90,000	1,736	7	-	-	-	-	95,876
Angola	23,413	-	23,413	5,078	20,336	19,724	-	-	-	-	63,473
Argentina	3,488	-	3,488	180	1,921	-	-	-	-	-	5,409
Armenia	2,854	-	2,854	2,331	383	1	-	-	35	5,500	8,773
Aruba	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	6
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia ¹¹	30,083	-	30,083	-	11,051	-	-	-	-	-	41,134
Austria	51,730	-	51,730	-	22,429	-	-	-	542	-	74,701
Azerbaijan	1,468	-	1,468	1,468	135	-	600,336	-	3,585	-	605,524
Bahamas	30	7	37	37	14	-	-	-	-	1	52
Bahrain	289	-	289	289	50	-	-	-	-	-	339
Bangladesh	30,697	200,000	230,697	50,697	3	-	-	-	-	-	230,700
Barbados	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Belarus	576	-	576	240	62	-	-	-	6,969	-	7,607
Belgium	22,024	-	22,024	-	15,036	-	-	-	3,898	-	40,958
Belize	28	-	28	-	76	-	-	-	-	-	104
Benin	4,966	-	4,966	4,966	131	-	-	-	-	-	5,097
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	733	-	733	162	8	-	-	-	-	-	741
Bonaire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina	6,903	-	6,903	6,903	42	278	103,449	9,551	4,500	52,717	177,440
Botswana	2,785	-	2,785	2,785	212	-	-	-	-	443	3,440
Brazil	4,689	-	4,689	2,012	1,441	-	-	-	1	5,580	11,711
British Virgin Islands	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Brunei Darussalam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,009	-	21,009
Bulgaria	2,288	-	2,288	-	1,270	-	-	-	-	-	3,558
Burkina Faso	39,306	-	39,306	39,028	686	2	-	-	-	-	39,994
Burundi	41,813	-	41,813	41,813	6,130	35,741	78,948	-	1,302	299	164,233
Cambodia	77	-	77	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	101
Cameroon	98,969	-	98,969	98,969	3,126	-	-	-	-	-	102,095
Canada	163,756	-	163,756	-	32,643	-	-	-	-	-	196,399
Cayman Islands	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Central African Rep.	14,014	-	14,014	14,014	2,604	2,315	51,679	35,433	-	-	106,045
Chad	373,695	-	373,695	349,782	181	1,726	90,000	35,000	-	-	500,602
Chile	1,695	-	1,695	282	353	-	-	-	-	-	2,048
China ¹²	301,037	-	301,037	124	265	-	-	-	-	-	301,302
- Hong Kong SAR, China	117	-	117	117	835	-	-	-	1	-	953
- Macao SAR, China	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	6
Colombia	219	-	219	54	77	10	3,943,509	-	12	-	3,943,827
Comoros	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Congo	98,455	-	98,455	98,455	3,319	54	-	-	-	980	102,808
Costa Rica	12,629	7,820	20,449	16,353	634	-	-	-	-	-	21,083
Côte d'Ivoire	3,980	-	3,980	3,980	520	72,845	45,000	96,010	700,000	332	918,687
Croatia	690	34	724	724	345	98	-	-	2,886	19,970	24,023
Cuba	371	-	371	276	3	-	-	-	-	-	374
Curaçao	14	-	14	14	26	-	-	-	-	-	40
Cyprus ¹³	3,631	-	3,631	-	2,636	-	-	-	-	-	6,267
Czech Rep.	2,805	-	2,805	-	574	2	-	-	1,502	-	4,883
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	65,109	-	65,109	21,595	1,825	71,924	2,669,069	304,596	-	71,815	3,184,338
Denmark	11,814	-	11,814	-	1,563	-	-	-	3,623	-	17,000
Djibouti	19,139	-	19,139	19,139	3,095	-	-	-	-	-	22,234
Dominica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dominican Rep.	758	-	758	260	767	-	-	-	-	-	1,525
Ecuador	55,480	68,344	123,824	55,480	14,567	-	-	-	-	-	138,391
Egypt	109,933	-	109,933	39,933	16,952	4	-	-	60	-	126,949
El Salvador	45	-	45	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
Equatorial Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Eritrea	3,600	-	3,600	3,567	14	6	-	-	-	64	3,684
Estonia	63	-	63	-	7	-	-	-	94,235	-	94,305
Ethiopia	376,393	-	376,393	376,393	844	32	-	-	-	1,490	378,759
Fiji	6	-	6	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	13
Finland	9,919	-	9,919	-	1,881	-	-	-	2,017	-	13,817

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TABLE 1 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum | end-2012 (ctnd)

Country/ territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Asylum- seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
France	217,865	-	217,865	-	49,885	-	-	-	1,210	-	268,960
Gabon	1,663	-	1,663	1,663	2,380	-	-	-	-	320	4,363
Gambia	9,853	-	9,853	9,828	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,853
Georgia	329	140	469	469	467	-	279,778	-	1,156	-	281,870
Germany	589,737	-	589,737	-	85,560	-	-	-	5,683	-	680,980
Ghana	16,016	-	16,016	16,016	2,605	1	-	-	-	-	18,622
Greece	2,100	-	2,100	-	36,183	-	-	-	154	-	38,437
Grenada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	159	-	159	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	162
Guinea	10,371	-	10,371	10,371	532	-	-	-	-	-	10,903
Guinea-Bissau	7,784	-	7,784	7,784	108	-	-	-	-	-	7,892
Guyana	7	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Haiti	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	12
Honduras	16	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	17
Hungary	4,054	-	4,054	-	386	-	-	-	111	-	4,551
Iceland	60	-	60	-	118	-	-	-	119	-	297
India	185,656	-	185,656	18,491	3,559	-	-	-	-	-	189,215
Indonesia	1,819	-	1,819	1,819	6,126	35	-	-	-	-	7,980
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	868,242	-	868,242	868,242	17	6	-	-	-	-	868,265
Iraq	98,822	-	98,822	98,822	4,914	82,270	1,131,810	218,800	120,000	-	1,656,616
Ireland	6,327	-	6,327	-	5,471	-	-	-	73	-	11,871
Israel	104	48,401	48,505	4,654	5,699	-	-	-	14	-	54,218
Italy	64,779	-	64,779	-	14,330	-	-	-	470	-	79,579
Jamaica	20	-	20	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Japan ¹⁴	2,581	-	2,581	792	4,711	-	-	-	1,100	-	8,392
Jordan ¹⁵	302,707	-	302,707	147,594	2,936	-	-	-	-	-	305,643
Kazakhstan	564	-	564	370	85	-	-	-	6,935	3,675	11,259
Kenya	564,933	-	564,933	564,933	41,944	-	412,000	-	20,000	-	1,038,877
Kuwait	674	-	674	674	829	-	-	-	93,000	-	94,503
Kyrgyzstan ¹⁶	437	4,504	4,941	724	351	-	168,600	3,400	15,473	-	192,765
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Latvia	125	-	125	-	172	-	-	-	280,759	-	281,056
Lebanon	133,538	402	133,940	133,940	1,912	-	-	-	-	-	135,852
Lesotho	34	-	34	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	37
Liberia	65,901	8	65,909	65,909	48	29,472	-	-	-	1,606	97,035
Libya	7,065	-	7,065	7,065	6,555	1,055	59,425	177,452	-	-	251,552
Liechtenstein	102	-	102	-	17	-	-	-	5	-	124
Lithuania	871	-	871	-	76	-	-	-	4,130	-	5,077
Luxembourg	2,910	-	2,910	-	1,239	-	-	-	177	-	4,326
Madagascar	9	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	11
Malawi	6,544	-	6,544	6,544	10,120	-	-	-	-	-	16,664
Malaysia	89,210	975	90,185	90,185	11,650	-	-	-	40,001	80,000	221,836
Mali	13,928	-	13,928	13,928	240	28	227,930	-	-	-	242,126
Malta	8,248	-	8,248	-	767	-	-	-	-	-	9,015
Mauritania	54,496	26,000	80,496	54,496	798	6,208	-	-	-	-	87,502
Mauritius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico	1,520	-	1,520	206	357	-	-	-	7	-	1,884
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaco	37	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37
Mongolia	4	-	4	4	9	-	-	-	220	-	233
Montenegro	11,198	-	11,198	11,198	109	-	-	-	3,383	5,406	20,096
Montserrat	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
Morocco	744	-	744	744	2,178	-	-	-	-	-	2,922
Mozambique	4,398	-	4,398	2,586	8,200	-	-	-	-	-	12,598
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	430,400	-	808,075	-	1,238,475
Namibia	1,806	-	1,806	1,806	1,089	-	-	-	-	-	2,895
Nauru	-	-	-	-	379	-	-	-	-	-	379
Nepal ¹⁷	56,264	-	56,264	41,264	23	-	-	-	-	447	56,734
Netherlands ¹⁸	71,909	-	71,909	-	10,420	-	-	-	2,005	-	84,334
New Zealand	1,517	-	1,517	-	276	-	-	-	-	-	1,793
Nicaragua	129	-	129	86	10	-	-	-	1	-	140
Niger	50,510	-	50,510	50,510	108	-	-	-	-	-	50,618
Nigeria	3,154	-	3,154	3,154	1,042	-	-	-	-	-	4,196

.../...

TABLE 1 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum | end-2012 (ctnd)

Country/ territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Asylum- seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Norway	42,822	-	42,822	-	9,354	-	-	-	2,313	-	54,489
Oman	138	-	138	138	20	-	-	-	-	-	158
Pakistan	1,638,456	-	1,638,456	1,638,456	3,284	2	757,996	56,181	-	-	2,455,919
Palau	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	3
Panama	2,429	15,000	17,429	4,434	365	-	-	-	2	-	17,796
Papua New Guinea	4,802	4,581	9,383	2,565	155	-	-	-	-	-	9,538
Paraguay	133	-	133	23	10	-	-	-	-	-	143
Peru	1,122	-	1,122	123	478	1	-	-	-	-	1,601
Philippines	141	-	141	18	32	-	1,159	336,215	6,015	68	343,630
Poland	15,911	-	15,911	-	2,390	-	-	-	10,825	-	29,126
Portugal	483	-	483	-	197	-	-	-	553	-	1,233
Qatar	80	-	80	80	57	-	-	-	1,200	-	1,337
Rep. of Korea	487	-	487	115	1,548	-	-	-	179	-	2,214
Rep. of Moldova	185	-	185	185	75	-	-	-	1,998	-	2,258
Romania	1,262	-	1,262	132	35	-	-	-	248	-	1,545
Russian Federation ¹⁹	3,178	-	3,178	3,178	844	11	-	-	178,000	9,068	191,101
Rwanda	58,212	-	58,212	58,212	1,477	11,249	-	-	-	89	71,027
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Saint Lucia	2	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	3
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saudi Arabia	550	27	577	577	99	1	-	-	70,000	-	70,677
Senegal	14,237	-	14,237	14,237	2,333	-	-	-	-	-	16,570
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	66,370	-	66,370	9,443	332	193	227,821	798	8,500	723	304,737
Sierra Leone	4,204	-	4,204	4,188	67	-	-	-	-	-	4,271
Singapore	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	3	-	3	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	7
Slovakia	662	-	662	-	194	-	-	-	1,523	69	2,448
Slovenia	176	-	176	-	100	-	-	-	4	-	280
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Somalia	2,264	45	2,309	2,309	8,465	48	1,132,963	10,188	-	51	1,154,024
South Africa	65,233	-	65,233	6,831	230,442	1	-	-	-	-	295,676
South Sudan ²⁰	202,581	-	202,581	202,581	35	2,238	345,670	-	-	-	550,524
Spain	4,510	-	4,510	-	2,790	-	-	-	36	-	7,336
Sri Lanka	110	-	110	110	263	1,480	93,482	44,610	-	-	139,945
State of Palestine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sudan ²¹	126,218	25,976	152,194	96,367	7,683	19,485	1,873,300	91,554	-	3,381	2,147,597
Suriname	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Swaziland	505	-	505	164	422	-	-	-	-	-	927
Sweden	92,872	-	92,872	-	18,014	-	-	-	9,596	-	120,482
Switzerland	50,747	-	50,747	-	21,709	-	-	-	69	-	72,525
Syrian Arab Rep. ²²	476,506	-	476,506	67,815	2,222	68,573	2,016,500	-	221,000	-	2,784,801
Tajikistan	2,248	-	2,248	2,155	2,139	-	-	-	2,300	-	6,687
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	750	327	1,077	1,077	516	-	-	-	905	-	2,498
Thailand	84,479	-	84,479	84,479	14,580	-	-	-	506,197	-	605,256
Timor-Leste	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Togo	23,540	-	23,540	13,643	405	91	-	-	-	-	24,036
Tonga	3	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Trinidad and Tobago	18	-	18	18	7	-	-	-	-	-	25
Tunisia	1,435	-	1,435	1,376	340	1	-	-	-	1	1,777
Turcs and Caicos Islands	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	22
Turkey	267,063	-	267,063	267,063	14,051	-	-	-	780	306	282,200
Turkmenistan	46	-	46	46	-	-	-	-	8,947	-	8,993
Uganda	197,877	-	197,877	197,877	28,072	20	-	-	-	-	225,969
Ukraine	2,807	-	2,807	493	5,082	-	-	-	35,000	-	42,889
United Arab Emirates	631	-	631	631	91	-	-	-	-	-	722
United Kingdom	149,799	-	149,799	-	18,916	-	-	-	205	-	168,920
United Rep. of Tanzania	101,021	-	101,021	78,794	522	44	-	-	-	162,256	263,843
United States ²³	262,023	-	262,023	-	18,966	-	-	-	-	-	280,989
Uruguay	181	-	181	83	39	-	-	-	-	-	220
Uzbekistan	176	-	176	176	-	-	-	-	-	-	176

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TABLE 1 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum | end-2012 (ctnd)

Country/ territory of asylum ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Asylum- seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Vanuatu	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	3,644	200,000	203,644	23,637	916	-	-	-	-	-	204,560
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,500	-	11,500
Yemen	237,182	-	237,182	237,182	6,483	-	385,320	106,868	-	-	735,853
Zambia	25,653	-	25,653	22,792	1,193	2	-	-	-	23,550	50,398
Zimbabwe	4,356	-	4,356	4,356	436	21	57,926	-	-	22	62,761
Various	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	26
Grand Total	9,879,254	618,703	10,497,957	6,648,877	928,226	525,941	17,670,368	1,545,486	3,335,777	1,329,607	35,833,362
UNHCR-Bureaux											
Central Africa and Great Lakes	479,256	-	479,256	413,515	21,383	121,328	2,799,696	340,029	1,302	235,759	3,998,753
East and Horn of Africa	1,866,700	26,021	1,892,721	1,812,948	90,333	23,555	3,853,933	136,742	20,000	4,986	6,022,270
Southern Africa	134,736	-	134,736	52,942	272,454	19,748	57,926	-	-	24,016	508,880
Western Africa	267,750	8	267,758	257,542	8,825	102,439	272,930	96,010	700,000	1,938	1,449,900
Asia and Pacific	3,299,340	226,172	3,525,512	2,817,148	61,435	100,132	1,937,935	459,236	1,427,952	963,566	8,475,768
Middle East and North Africa	1,519,027	74,830	1,593,857	886,010	53,871	158,119	3,593,055	503,120	505,274	1	6,407,297
Europe	1,797,099	501	1,797,600	304,990	346,190	583	1,211,384	10,349	681,225	93,759	4,141,090
Americas	515,346	291,171	806,517	103,782	73,735	11	3,943,509	-	24	5,582	4,829,378
Various/unknown	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	26
Total	9,879,254	618,703	10,497,957	6,648,877	928,226	525,941	17,670,368	1,545,486	3,335,777	1,329,607	35,833,362
UN major regions											
Africa	3,016,248	52,029	3,068,277	2,730,561	421,554	274,345	7,043,910	750,233	721,362	266,700	12,546,381
Asia	4,789,492	270,561	5,060,053	3,778,298	92,546	250,977	6,351,679	784,904	1,938,722	969,372	15,448,253
Europe	1,521,754	361	1,522,115	33,659	328,518	582	331,270	10,349	675,669	87,953	2,956,456
Latin America and the Caribbean	89,567	291,171	380,738	103,782	22,126	11	3,943,509	-	24	5,582	4,351,990
Northern America	425,779	-	425,779	-	51,609	-	-	-	-	-	477,388
Oceania	36,414	4,581	40,995	2,577	11,873	-	-	-	-	-	52,868
Various	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	26
Total	9,879,254	618,703	10,497,957	6,648,877	928,226	525,941	17,670,368	1,545,486	3,335,777	1,329,607	35,833,362

Notes

The data are generally provided by Governments, based on their own definitions and methods of data collection.

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero, not available or not applicable.

- Country or territory of asylum or residence.
- Persons recognized as refugees under the 1951 UN Convention/1967 Protocol, the 1969 OAU Convention, in accordance with the UNHCR Statute, persons granted a complementary form of protection and those granted temporary protection. In the absence of Government figures, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population in 25 industrialized countries based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.
- This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are outside their country or territory of origin and who face protection risks similar to those of refugees, but for whom refugee status has, for practical or other reasons, not been ascertained.
- Persons whose application for asylum or refugee status is pending at any stage in the asylum procedure.
- Refugees who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year. Source: country of origin and asylum.
- Persons who are displaced within their country and to whom UNHCR extends protection and/or assistance. It also includes people in IDP-like situations. This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are inside their country of nationality or habitual residence and who face protection risks similar to those of IDPs but who, for practical or other reasons, could not be reported as such.
- IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year.
- Refers to persons who are not considered as nationals by any State under the operation of its law. This category refers to persons who fall under the agency's statelessness mandate because they are stateless according to this international definition, but data from some countries may also include persons with undetermined nationality. See annex table 7 for footnotes.
- Refers to individuals who do not necessarily fall directly into any of the other groups but to whom UNHCR may extend its protection and/or assistance services. These activities might be based on humanitarian or other special grounds.
- According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- Australia's official asylum-seeker figures are based on the number of applications lodged for protection visas. They do not include the estimated 9,000 to 10,000 asylum-seekers who arrived in Australia by boat in 2012 and have not been able to lodge protection visa applications or who have been transferred to third countries for refugee status determination.
- The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of China.
- UNHCR's assistance activities for IDPs in Cyprus ended in 1999. Visit the website of the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) for further information.
- Figures are UNHCR estimates.
- Refugee figure for Iraqis in Jordan is a Government estimate. UNHCR has registered and is assisting 27,800 Iraqis at year-end.
- IDP figure in Kyrgyzstan includes 168,600 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- In 2011, UNHCR reported the figure of 800,000 as an estimate of individuals who lack citizenship certificates in Nepal. However, as individuals without citizenship certificates are not necessarily stateless, UNHCR has been in dialogue with the Government of Nepal to clarify and address the situation for future reporting.
- Asylum-seeker figure relates to 31 December 2011 (no more recent data available).
- Figure from the 2010 census, which likely includes 31,162 stateless persons registered by the Federal Migration Service of the Russian Federation at the end of 2012.
- IDP figure in South Sudan includes 155,200 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- IDP figure in Sudan includes 77,300 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- Refugee figure for Iraqis in the Syrian Arab Republic is a Government estimate. UNHCR has registered and is assisting 62,700 Iraqis at year-end.
- Asylum-seekers (pending cases) excludes individuals pending a decision on their asylum claim with the Executive Office for Immigration Review.

Source: UNHCR/Governments.

TABLE 2 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin
| end-2012

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Afghanistan	2,586,152	-	2,586,152	2,483,452	52,074	98,609	486,298	18,830	-	880,468	4,122,431
Albania	12,568	-	12,568	6	3,428	-	-	-	-	783	16,779
Algeria	5,673	4	5,677	89	2,429	7	-	-	-	-	8,113
Andorra	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Angola	19,258	-	19,258	1,448	1,164	19,724	-	-	-	96,398	136,544
Antigua and Barbuda	45	-	45	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	79
Argentina	447	-	447	13	48	-	-	-	-	-	495
Armenia	15,934	1	15,935	78	2,819	1	-	-	-	-	18,755
Aruba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia	48	-	48	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	57
Austria	12	-	12	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	18
Azerbaijan	15,537	-	15,537	1,797	2,124	-	600,336	-	-	-	617,997
Bahamas	196	-	196	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	234
Bahrain	297	-	297	2	78	-	-	-	-	-	375
Bangladesh	10,156	5	10,161	86	8,184	-	-	-	-	-	18,345
Barbados	55	-	55	-	59	-	-	-	-	-	114
Belarus	6,191	-	6,191	21	956	-	-	-	-	-	7,147
Belgium	93	-	93	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	109
Belize	39	-	39	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	47
Benin	457	-	457	12	441	-	-	-	-	-	898
Bermuda	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Bhutan	41,590	-	41,590	40,989	103	-	-	-	-	-	41,693
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	618	-	618	24	153	-	-	-	-	-	771
Bosnia and Herzegovina	51,767	55	51,822	4,779	2,667	278	103,449	9,551	-	54,792	222,559
Botswana	127	-	127	-	128	-	-	-	-	-	255
Brazil	1,076	-	1,076	4	251	-	-	-	-	-	1,327
Brunei Darussalam	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bulgaria	2,147	-	2,147	14	144	-	-	-	-	-	2,291
Burkina Faso	1,456	4	1,460	13	516	2	-	-	-	-	1,978
Burundi	73,363	-	73,363	40,078	12,966	35,741	78,948	-	-	162,555	363,573
Cambodia	13,993	31	14,024	180	213	-	-	-	-	-	14,237
Cameroon	13,382	-	13,382	977	3,398	-	-	-	-	-	16,780
Canada	119	4	123	5	10	-	-	-	-	-	133
Cape Verde	25	-	25	1	13	-	-	-	-	-	38
Cayman Islands	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Central African Rep.	162,442	2,126	164,568	153,964	1,907	2,315	51,679	35,433	-	-	255,902
Chad	15,844	23,850	39,694	17,708	3,779	1,726	90,000	35,000	-	-	170,199
Chile	1,152	-	1,152	6	66	-	-	-	-	-	1,218
China	193,453	-	193,453	321	15,358	-	-	-	-	-	208,811
- Hong Kong SAR, China	19	-	19	-	67	-	-	-	-	-	86
- Macao SAR, China	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
Colombia	111,773	282,344	394,117	93,027	18,640	10	3,943,509	-	-	-	4,356,276
Comoros	454	-	454	2	49	-	-	-	-	-	503
Congo	12,119	-	12,119	1,920	2,512	54	-	-	-	320	15,005
Cook Islands	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Costa Rica	325	-	325	4	27	-	-	-	-	-	352
Côte d'Ivoire	100,717	3	100,720	89,560	11,198	72,845	45,000	96,010	-	333	326,106
Croatia	62,606	-	62,606	14,549	1,293	98	-	-	-	20,615	84,612
Cuba	6,724	1,007	7,731	1,449	825	-	-	-	-	2	8,558
Cyprus ¹⁰	11	-	11	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	14
Czech Rep.	622	-	622	1	207	2	-	-	-	-	831
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	1,132	-	1,132	48	1,027	-	-	-	-	-	2,159
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	509,082	208	509,290	446,665	58,666	71,924	2,669,069	304,596	-	-	3,613,545
Denmark	9	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	10
Djibouti	640	-	640	81	312	-	-	-	-	-	952
Dominica	54	-	54	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	66
Dominican Rep.	289	-	289	21	358	-	-	-	-	-	647
Ecuador	844	-	844	14	508	-	-	-	-	-	1,352
Egypt	10,016	4	10,020	156	4,098	4	-	-	-	-	14,122
El Salvador	8,171	-	8,171	521	1,631	-	-	-	-	-	9,802
Equatorial Guinea	228	-	228	28	85	1	-	-	-	-	314
Eritrea	248,024	37,347	285,371	157,422	20,516	6	-	-	-	64	305,957

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TABLE 2 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin | end-2012 (ctnd)

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Estonia	456	-	456	2	28	-	-	-	-	-	484
Ethiopia	74,939	29	74,968	41,258	41,865	32	-	-	-	4,760	121,625
Fiji	1,317	-	1,317	2	268	-	-	-	-	-	1,585
Finland	7	-	7	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	13
France	100	-	100	-	49	-	-	-	-	-	149
French Guiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French Polynesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gabon	183	-	183	3	66	-	-	-	-	-	249
Gambia	3,076	-	3,076	15	1,753	-	-	-	-	-	4,829
Georgia	9,261	-	9,261	1,483	4,522	-	279,778	-	-	-	293,561
Germany	182	-	182	2	26	-	-	-	-	-	208
Ghana	24,296	2	24,298	7,583	3,482	1	-	-	-	-	27,781
Gibraltar	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Greece	51	-	51	-	125	-	-	-	-	-	176
Grenada	316	-	316	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	364
Guatemala	6,388	-	6,388	74	1,332	-	-	-	-	-	7,720
Guinea	14,061	-	14,061	181	9,523	-	-	-	-	-	23,584
Guinea-Bissau	1,180	-	1,180	11	910	-	-	-	-	-	2,090
Guyana	801	-	801	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	879
Haiti	38,568	-	38,568	418	2,628	-	-	-	-	5,580	46,776
Holy See (the)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduras	2,613	-	2,613	77	810	-	-	-	-	-	3,423
Hungary	1,087	-	1,087	2	3,734	-	-	-	-	-	4,821
Iceland	3	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	5
India	14,258	-	14,258	16	6,652	-	-	-	-	446	21,356
Indonesia	10,051	5,472	15,523	3,452	503	35	-	-	-	-	16,061
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	75,938	2	75,940	12,177	23,823	6	-	-	-	-	99,769
Iraq ¹¹	746,190	16	746,206	165,921	23,966	82,270	1,131,810	218,800	-	-	2,203,052
Ireland	9	-	9	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	26
Israel	1,340	-	1,340	16	415	-	-	-	-	-	1,755
Italy	66	-	66	-	64	-	-	-	-	-	130
Jamaica	1,407	-	1,407	8	505	-	-	-	-	-	1,912
Japan	172	-	172	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	213
Jordan	2,358	10	2,368	110	600	-	-	-	-	-	2,968
Kazakhstan	3,571	-	3,571	10	827	-	-	-	-	-	4,398
Kenya	8,950	-	8,950	4,049	1,523	-	412,000	-	-	-	422,473
Kiribati	33	-	33	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	43
Kuwait	1,197	-	1,197	56	136	-	-	-	-	-	1,333
Kyrgyzstan ¹²	3,489	-	3,489	278	1,088	-	168,600	3,400	-	-	176,577
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	7,983	1	7,984	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	7,992
Latvia	662	-	662	2	103	-	-	-	-	-	765
Lebanon	15,106	-	15,106	68	1,890	-	-	-	-	-	16,996
Lesotho	13	-	13	-	285	-	-	-	-	-	298
Liberia	23,401	27	23,428	17,674	2,010	29,472	-	-	-	-	54,910
Libya	5,249	2	5,251	38	1,866	1,055	59,425	177,452	-	-	245,049
Liechtenstein	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lithuania	491	-	491	2	87	-	-	-	-	-	578
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Madagascar	300	1	301	1	33	-	-	-	-	1	335
Malawi	277	-	277	4	4,548	-	-	-	-	-	4,825
Malaysia	531	-	531	-	174	-	-	-	-	-	705
Maldives	24	-	24	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	56
Mali	149,942	1	149,943	143,202	1,860	28	227,930	-	-	-	379,761
Malta	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Marshall Islands	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Martinique	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mauritania	33,765	-	33,765	26,236	3,042	6,208	-	-	-	-	43,015
Mauritius	62	-	62	-	118	-	-	-	-	-	180
Mexico	8,435	-	8,435	12	3,603	-	-	-	-	-	12,038
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaco	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Mongolia	2,114	-	2,114	-	832	-	-	-	-	-	2,946
Montenegro	4,054	-	4,054	3	360	-	-	-	-	3	4,417

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TABLE 2 **Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin**
| end-2012 (ctnd)

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Montserrat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morocco	2,405	2	2,407	30	1,748	-	-	-	-	-	4,155
Mozambique	160	-	160	11	870	-	-	-	-	-	1,030
Myanmar	215,340	200,031	415,371	227,197	25,633	-	430,400	-	-	-	871,404
Namibia	1,098	-	1,098	999	583	-	-	-	-	-	1,681
Nauru	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nepal	7,610	2	7,612	37	2,518	-	-	-	-	-	10,130
Netherlands	71	-	71	1	34	-	-	-	-	-	105
New Caledonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	20	-	20	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	29
Nicaragua	1,531	-	1,531	814	113	-	-	-	-	-	1,644
Niger	832	-	832	11	363	-	-	-	-	-	1,195
Nigeria	18,020	1	18,021	3,452	14,078	-	-	-	-	-	32,099
Niue	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Norway	9	-	9	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	15
Oman	65	-	65	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	70
Pakistan	33,673	16,112	49,785	17,103	23,641	2	757,996	56,181	-	-	887,605
Palau	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Palestinian ¹³	94,821	97	94,918	15,873	2,438	-	-	-	-	-	97,356
Panama	107	-	107	20	31	-	-	-	-	-	138
Papua New Guinea	174	-	174	-	86	-	-	-	-	-	260
Paraguay	101	-	101	4	24	-	-	-	-	-	125
Peru	5,212	-	5,212	476	340	1	-	-	-	-	5,553
Philippines	966	20	986	30	380	-	1,159	336,215	-	80,000	418,740
Pitcairn	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poland	1,640	-	1,640	4	323	-	-	-	-	-	1,963
Portugal	32	-	32	1	50	-	-	-	-	-	82
Puerto Rico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Qatar	124	-	124	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	130
Rep. of Korea	558	-	558	-	186	-	-	-	-	-	744
Rep. of Moldova	6,148	-	6,148	16	441	-	-	-	-	-	6,589
Romania	2,806	1	2,807	8	617	-	-	-	-	-	3,424
Russian Federation	110,586	2	110,588	1,269	15,100	11	-	-	-	10,557	136,256
Rwanda	97,373	-	97,373	43,190	10,303	11,249	-	-	-	89	119,014
Saint Kitts and Nevis	12	-	12	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	36
Saint Lucia	566	-	566	-	516	-	-	-	-	-	1,082
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1,316	-	1,316	-	489	-	-	-	-	-	1,805
Samoa	1	-	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	13
San Marino	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sao Tome and Principe	32	-	32	31	1	-	-	-	-	-	33
Saudi Arabia	817	1	818	20	149	1	-	-	-	-	968
Senegal	18,724	-	18,724	16,769	2,656	-	-	-	-	-	21,380
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	157,623	306	157,929	10,013	16,154	193	227,821	798	-	2,576	405,471
Seychelles	29	-	29	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	30
Sierra Leone	6,202	-	6,202	1,002	2,318	-	-	-	-	1,606	10,126
Singapore	68	-	68	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	98
Slovakia	239	-	239	-	631	-	-	-	-	-	870
Slovenia	34	-	34	-	12	-	-	-	-	1	47
Solomon Islands	61	-	61	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	68
Somalia	1,136,718	1	1,136,719	1,023,580	33,561	48	1,132,963	10,188	-	38	2,313,517
South Africa	420	-	420	6	236	1	-	-	-	-	657
South Sudan ¹⁴	86,909	100	87,009	86,892	18,681	2,238	345,670	-	-	-	453,598
Spain	52	-	52	4	89	-	-	-	-	-	141
Sri Lanka	132,721	10	132,731	2,676	14,029	1,480	93,482	44,610	-	-	286,332
Sudan ¹⁵	558,199	10,744	568,943	528,368	21,534	19,485	1,873,300	91,554	-	-	2,574,816
Suriname	15	-	15	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	34
Swaziland	65	-	65	2	165	-	-	-	-	-	230
Sweden	19	1	20	1	19	-	-	-	-	-	39
Switzerland	17	-	17	-	4	-	-	-	-	1	22
Syrian Arab Rep.	728,698	324	729,022	571,374	25,735	68,573	2,016,500	-	-	6,900	2,846,730
Tajikistan	674	-	674	53	440	-	-	-	-	-	1,114
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	7,589	-	7,589	5	4,519	-	-	-	-	45	12,153

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TABLE 2 **Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin**
| end-2012 (ctnd)

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
Thailand	369	12	381	17	177	-	-	-	-	-	558
Tibetan	15,000	-	15,000	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	15,002
Timor-Leste	9	-	9	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	16
Togo	15,692	1	15,693	6,076	3,032	91	-	-	-	-	18,816
Tonga	13	-	13	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	52
Trinidad and Tobago	333	-	333	-	92	-	-	-	-	-	425
Tunisia	1,934	1	1,935	37	2,275	1	-	-	-	-	4,211
Turkey	135,370	2	135,372	15,557	8,819	-	-	-	-	-	144,191
Turkmenistan	723	-	723	24	129	-	-	-	-	-	852
Turks and Caicos Islands	14	-	14	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	23
Tuvalu	1	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	6
Uganda	5,608	-	5,608	1,081	3,069	20	-	-	-	-	8,697
Ukraine	25,254	2	25,256	36	1,180	-	-	-	-	-	26,436
United Arab Emirates	584	-	584	3	24	-	-	-	-	-	608
United Kingdom	153	-	153	1	48	-	-	-	-	-	201
United Rep. of Tanzania	1,122	-	1,122	80	808	44	-	-	-	-	1,974
United States ¹⁶	4,453	3	4,456	17	432	-	-	-	-	-	4,888
Uruguay	171	-	171	1	36	-	-	-	-	-	207
U.S. Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uzbekistan	7,088	4,505	11,593	653	1,345	-	-	-	-	-	12,938
Vanuatu	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	8,208	-	8,208	264	499	-	-	-	-	-	8,707
Viet Nam ¹⁷	336,939	-	336,939	251	1,395	-	-	-	-	68	338,402
Western Sahara ¹⁸	90,452	26,000	116,452	90,268	126	-	-	-	-	-	116,578
Yemen	2,593	1	2,594	394	1,557	-	385,320	106,868	-	-	496,339
Zambia	243	-	243	3	260	2	-	-	-	-	505
Zimbabwe	22,101	-	22,101	1,138	41,728	21	57,926	-	-	22	121,798
Stateless	19,673	-	19,673	95	3,017	-	-	-	3,335,777	-	3,358,467
Various/unknown	125,921	7,865	133,786	5,549	226,255	26	-	-	-	583	360,650
Total	9,879,254	618,703	10,497,957	6,648,877	928,226	525,941	17,670,368	1,545,486	3,335,777	1,329,607	35,833,362

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TABLE 2 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by origin
| end-2012 (ctnd)

Origin ¹	REFUGEES					Returned refugees ⁵	IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR, incl. people in IDP-like situations ⁶	Returned IDPs ⁷	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ⁸	Various ⁹	Total population of concern
	Refugees ²	People in refugee-like situations ³	Total refugees and people in refugee-like situations	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Asylum-seekers (pending cases) ⁴						
UNHCR-Bureaux											
Central Africa and Great Lakes	869,326	2,334	871,660	686,936	90,712	121,328	2,799,696	340,029	-	162,964	4,386,389
East and Horn of Africa	2,135,831	72,071	2,207,902	1,860,439	144,840	23,555	3,853,933	136,742	-	4,862	6,371,834
Southern Africa	44,607	1	44,608	3,614	50,168	19,748	57,926	-	-	96,421	268,871
Western Africa	378,081	39	378,120	285,562	54,153	102,439	272,930	96,010	-	1,939	905,591
Asia and Pacific	3,718,048	226,203	3,944,251	2,789,056	181,364	100,132	1,937,935	459,236	-	960,983	7,583,901
Middle East and North Africa	1,743,684	26,462	1,770,146	870,692	72,583	158,119	3,593,055	503,120	-	6,900	6,103,923
Europe	631,588	370	631,958	49,661	70,834	583	1,211,384	10,349	-	89,373	2,014,481
Americas	212,495	283,358	495,853	97,273	34,300	11	3,943,509	-	-	5,582	4,479,255
Various/Stateless	145,594	7,865	153,459	5,644	229,272	26	-	-	3,335,777	583	3,719,117
Total	9,879,254	618,703	10,497,957	6,648,877	928,226	525,941	17,670,368	1,545,486	3,335,777	1,329,607	35,833,362
UN major regions											
Africa	3,577,339	100,458	3,677,797	2,953,405	355,457	274,345	7,043,910	750,233	-	266,186	12,367,928
Asia	5,486,669	226,655	5,713,324	3,561,810	256,204	250,977	6,351,679	784,904	-	967,883	14,324,971
Europe	455,475	367	455,842	30,742	52,547	582	331,270	10,349	-	89,373	939,963
Latin America and the Caribbean	207,923	283,351	491,274	97,251	33,854	11	3,943,509	-	-	5,582	4,474,230
Northern America	4,572	7	4,579	22	446	-	-	-	-	-	5,025
Oceania	1,682	-	1,682	3	446	-	-	-	-	-	2,128
Various/Stateless	145,594	7,865	153,459	5,644	229,272	26	-	-	3,335,777	583	3,719,117
Total	9,879,254	618,703	10,497,957	6,648,877	928,226	525,941	17,670,368	1,545,486	3,335,777	1,329,607	35,833,362

Notes

The data are generally provided by Governments, based on their own definitions and methods of data collection.

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero, not available or not applicable.

- 1 Country or territory of origin.
- 2 Persons recognized as refugees under the 1951 UN Convention/1967 Protocol, the 1969 OAU Convention, in accordance with the UNHCR Statute, persons granted a complementary form of protection and those granted temporary protection. In the absence of Government figures, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population in 25 industrialized countries based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.
- 3 This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are outside their country or territory of origin and who face protection risks similar to those of refugees, but for whom refugee status has, for practical or other reasons, not been ascertained.
- 4 Persons whose application for asylum or refugee status is pending at any stage in the asylum procedure.
- 5 Refugees who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year. Source: country of origin and asylum.
- 6 Persons who are displaced within their country and to whom UNHCR extends protection and/or assistance. It also includes people in IDP-like situations. This category is descriptive in nature and includes groups of persons who are inside their country of nationality or habitual residence and who face protection risks similar to those of IDPs but who, for practical or other reasons, could not be reported as such.
- 7 IDPs protected/assisted by UNHCR who have returned to their place of origin during the calendar year.
- 8 Refers to persons who are not considered as nationals by any State under the operation of its law. This category refers to persons who fall under the agency's statelessness mandate because they are stateless according to this international definition, but data from some countries may also include persons with undetermined nationality. See annex table 7 for footnotes.
- 9 Refers to individuals who do not necessarily fall directly into any of the other groups but to whom UNHCR may extend its protection and/or assistance services. These activities might be based on humanitarian or other special grounds.
- 10 UNHCR's assistance activities for IDPs in Cyprus ended in 1999. Visit the website of the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) for further information.
- 11 Refugee figures for Iraqis in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic are Government estimates. UNHCR has registered and is assisting 90,500 Iraqis in both countries at year-end.
- 12 IDP figure in Kyrgyzstan includes 168,600 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- 13 Refers to Palestinian refugees under the UNHCR mandate only.
- 14 An unknown number of refugees and asylum-seekers from South Sudan may be included under Sudan (in absence of separate statistics for both countries). IDP figure in South Sudan includes 155,200 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- 15 Figures for refugees and asylum-seekers may include citizens of South Sudan (in absence of separate statistics for both countries). IDP figure in Sudan includes 77,300 people who are in an IDP-like situation.
- 16 A limited number of countries record refugee and asylum statistics by country of birth rather than country of origin. This affects the number of refugees reported as originating from the United States of America.
- 17 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of China.
- 18 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

Source: UNHCR/Governments.

TABLE 3 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of asylum | 2012

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition. The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

* Voluntary repatriation shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
			Group recogni- tion	Individual recogni- tion	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Afghanistan	3,009	3,009	13,169	12	-	-	3	3	-	-	16,187	16,187
Albania	82	82	-	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	86	86
Algeria ¹	94,148	90,143	-	18	7	1	29	29	-	-	94,133	90,000
Angola	16,223	5,065	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	23,413	5,078
Argentina	3,361	191	-	135	-	-	-	-	16	-	3,488	180
Armenia	2,918	2,898	-	157	-	-	5	5	-	215	2,854	2,331
Australia	23,434	-	-	8,367	663	-	-	-	-	-	30,083	-
Austria	47,073	-	-	5,730	11	-	-	-	-	-	51,730	-
Azerbaijan	1,730	1,730	-	50	2	2	177	177	-	-	1,468	1,468
Bahamas	28	28	-	17	-	-	8	8	-	-	37	37
Bahrain	199	199	-	96	-	-	6	6	-	-	289	289
Bangladesh	229,669	29,669	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	230,697	50,697
Belarus	595	246	-	18	-	-	6	6	-	20	576	240
Belgium	22,346	-	-	5,603	95	-	-	-	6	2,066	22,024	-
Belize	83	83	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	56	28	-
Benin	7,217	7,217	-	175	140	140	37	37	-	4	4,966	4,966
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	716	154	-	19	-	-	-	-	10	-	733	162
Bosnia and Herzegovina	6,933	6,933	-	8	98	98	3	3	-	-	6,903	6,903
Botswana	3,312	3,312	-	93	95	95	186	186	443	-	2,785	2,785
Brazil	4,461	2,772	-	191	-	-	-	-	2	-	4,689	2,012
British Virgin Islands	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Bulgaria	2,111	-	-	177	-	-	-	-	3	54	2,288	-
Burkina Faso	546	546	38,379	-	41	12	-	-	-	1	39,306	39,028
Burundi	35,659	35,659	-	6,422	273	273	165	165	-	-	41,813	41,813
Cambodia	65	65	-	13	2	2	-	-	-	-	77	-
Cameroon	100,373	100,373	-	158	2,097	2,097	189	178	-	-	98,969	98,969
Canada	164,883	-	-	10,294	548	-	-	-	-	-	163,756	-
Cayman Islands	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
Central African Rep.	16,730	16,730	660	-	803	9	64	64	-	-	14,014	14,014
Chad	366,494	336,153	1,555	3,960	19,623	19,623	20	20	-	-	373,695	349,782
Chile	1,674	683	-	10	-	-	-	-	3	-	1,695	282
China ²	301,018	105	-	52	-	-	33	33	-	-	301,037	124
- Hong Kong SAR, China	152	152	-	19	1	1	53	53	-	-	117	117
- Macao SAR, China	1	1	-	4	-	-	5	5	-	-	-	-
Colombia	219	66	-	8	-	-	-	-	5	3	219	54
Congo	141,232	141,232	-	18	46,595	46,595	10	10	590	-	98,455	98,455
Costa Rica	20,057	15,961	-	122	4	4	60	60	-	-	20,449	16,353
Côte d'Ivoire	24,224	24,224	-	19	17,590	17,587	5	5	2,955	-	3,980	3,980
Croatia	823	823	-	33	73	6	-	-	-	-	724	724
Cuba	384	347	-	59	-	-	57	54	-	-	371	276
Curaçao	11	11	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14
Cyprus	3,503	-	-	128	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,631	-
Czech Rep.	2,633	-	-	198	1	-	-	-	-	-	2,805	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	152,749	101,299	768	61	26,829	26,829	76	76	-	-	65,109	21,595
Denmark	13,399	-	-	1,994	706	-	-	-	-	-	11,814	-
Djibouti	20,339	19,139	3,195	107	-	-	721	721	-	-	19,139	19,139
Dominican Rep.	603	233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	758	260
Ecuador	123,436	55,092	-	1,543	6	6	562	562	14	-	123,824	55,480
Egypt	96,066	26,066	12,899	3,243	1,727	175	1,493	1,493	-	-	109,933	39,933
El Salvador	38	32	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	27
Eritrea	4,719	4,685	-	-	1	-	258	258	-	-	3,600	3,567
Estonia	50	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-
Ethiopia	288,844	288,844	94,259	1,188	5	5	2,616	2,616	-	-	376,393	376,393
Fiji	7	7	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	6	6
Finland	9,175	-	-	1,335	86	-	-	-	-	-	9,919	-
France	210,207	-	-	9,946	6	-	-	-	68	140	217,865	-
Gabon	1,773	1,773	-	-	58	57	97	97	-	-	1,663	1,663
Gambia	9,528	9,528	683	26	332	332	-	-	-	-	9,853	9,828
Georgia	462	462	-	39	-	-	15	15	-	157	469	469
Germany	571,685	-	-	17,140	1,020	-	-	-	-	-	589,737	-

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TABLE 3 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.

The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

* Voluntary repatriation shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
			Group recogni- tion	Individual recogni- tion	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Ghana	13,588	13,588	9,142	54	4,867	4,867	70	70	2,148	-	16,016	16,016
Greece	1,573	-	-	627	90	-	-	-	-	-	2,100	-
Grenada	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	147	8	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	159	6
Guinea	16,609	16,563	51	30	5,560	5,560	-	-	2,892	-	10,371	10,371
Guinea-Bissau	7,800	7,800	-	2	5	5	6	6	33	-	7,784	7,784
Guyana	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7
Honduras	17	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-
Hungary	5,106	-	-	356	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,054	-
Iceland	58	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-
India	185,118	16,966	9	2,087	1,556	1,316	388	356	-	7	185,656	18,491
Indonesia	1,006	1,006	-	1,223	4	4	247	247	-	-	1,819	1,819
Iraq	35,189	35,189	63,262	65	3	3	115	115	-	-	98,822	98,822
Ireland	8,288	-	-	112	-	-	-	-	-	1,058	6,327	-
Islamic Rep. of Iran	886,468	886,468	-	69	21,890	16,792	1,438	1,438	-	-	868,242	868,242
Israel	41,235	4,675	9,679	31	326	158	27	27	-	-	48,505	4,657
Italy	58,060	-	-	8,544	75	-	-	-	-	-	64,779	-
Jamaica	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	14
Japan ³	2,649	826	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,581	792
Jordan ⁴	451,009	33,206	133,461	951	2,820	166	3,455	3,455	-	-	302,707	147,594
Kazakhstan	616	606	-	16	14	14	15	15	39	-	564	370
Kenya	566,487	566,487	13,761	4,319	17	10	2,659	2,659	-	-	564,933	564,933
Kuwait	335	335	-	111	95	-	104	104	-	-	674	674
Kyrgyzstan	6,095	2,095	-	19	3	3	135	135	-	137	4,941	724
Latvia	95	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	-
Lebanon	8,990	8,990	132,783	510	595	61	2,947	2,947	-	-	133,940	133,940
Lesotho	34	-	-	4	-	-	3	3	-	1	34	-
Liberia	128,293	128,293	8,598	23	71,987	7,106	2	2	-	-	65,909	65,909
Libya	10,130	2,590	431	-	615	-	-	-	-	-	7,065	7,065
Liechtenstein	108	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	102	-
Lithuania	821	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	871	-
Luxembourg	2,855	-	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	18	2,910	-
Madagascar	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Malawi	6,308	6,308	-	159	84	84	250	250	-	-	6,544	6,544
Malaysia	86,680	86,680	-	13,064	175	22	10,489	10,489	-	-	90,185	90,185
Mali	15,662	15,662	-	23	176	176	42	42	-	-	13,928	13,928
Malta	6,952	-	-	1,427	-	-	420	420	-	-	8,248	-
Mauritania	26,535	535	54,028	17	14	14	3	3	71	-	80,496	54,496
Mexico	1,395	200	-	271	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,520	206
Monaco	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-
Mongolia	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
Montenegro	12,874	12,874	-	2	128	128	-	-	-	226	11,198	11,198
Morocco	736	736	-	124	3	3	52	52	11	-	744	744
Mozambique	4,079	2,404	-	580	8	8	43	43	-	-	4,398	2,586
Namibia	6,049	6,049	-	-	2,813	2,813	91	91	1,431	-	1,806	1,806
Nepal	72,654	55,268	-	1,244	-	-	16,707	16,707	-	-	56,264	41,264
Netherlands	74,598	-	-	5,921	722	-	-	-	-	-	71,909	-
New Zealand	1,934	-	-	91	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,517	-
Nicaragua	86	40	-	22	-	-	3	-	-	11	129	86
Niger	302	302	50,204	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	50,510	50,510
Nigeria	8,806	8,806	-	217	171	171	39	39	4,598	1	3,154	3,154
Norway	40,691	-	-	5,421	346	-	-	-	-	-	42,822	-
Oman	83	83	-	55	255	-	-	-	-	-	138	138
Pakistan	1,702,700	1,702,700	-	1,677	83,436	80,011	376	376	-	-	1,638,456	1,638,456
Palau	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Panama	17,262	4,055	-	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,429	4,434
Papua New Guinea	9,377	2,559	13	9	35	-	-	-	-	3	9,383	2,565
Paraguay	124	21	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	133	23
Peru	1,144	113	-	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,122	123
Philippines	125	19	4	31	-	-	33	33	-	-	141	18
Poland	15,847	-	-	340	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,911	-
Portugal	408	-	-	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	483	-

TABLE 3 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition. The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

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Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
			Group recogni- tion	Individual recogni- tion	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Qatar	80	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	80
Rep. of Korea	401	21	-	61	-	-	-	-	-	5	487	115
Rep. of Moldova	146	146	-	67	1	-	-	-	1	1	185	185
Romania	1,005	121	-	278	75	-	-	-	-	-	1,262	132
Russian Federation	3,914	2,727	-	750	19	19	215	215	-	-	3,178	3,178
Rwanda	55,325	55,325	-	15,108	3	3	801	801	-	-	58,212	58,212
Saint Lucia	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Saudi Arabia	599	599	-	-	350	-	7	7	-	-	577	577
Senegal	20,644	20,644	-	1	6,223	6,223	21	21	165	-	14,237	14,237
Serbia (and Kosovo: S./RES./1244 (1999))	70,707	70,705	-	-	23	21	3	3	-	12	66,370	9,443
Sierra Leone	8,092	8,092	-	-	1,032	1,032	-	-	2,607	-	4,204	4,188
Singapore	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	3	-	-	3	-
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Slovakia	546	-	-	136	-	-	-	-	-	-	662	-
Slovenia	142	-	-	34	31	-	-	-	-	-	176	-
Somalia	2,099	2,099	-	125	71	71	23	23	-	-	2,309	2,309
South Africa	57,899	-	-	7,950	25	24	599	599	-	-	65,233	6,831
South Sudan	105,023	99,958	101,446	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	202,581	202,581
Spain	4,228	-	-	520	1	-	-	-	-	-	4,510	-
Sri Lanka	188	188	-	93	1	1	178	178	-	-	110	110
Sudan	139,441	103,547	52	14,044	2,553	12	471	471	-	-	152,194	96,367
Swaziland	498	154	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	505	164
Sweden	86,615	-	-	13,708	2,563	-	-	-	-	-	92,872	-
Switzerland	50,416	-	-	4,092	7	-	-	-	-	-	50,747	-
Syrian Arab Rep. ⁵	755,445	105,685	1,886	426	56,938	8,968	3,480	3,480	-	-	476,506	67,815
Tajikistan	3,451	2,178	-	426	6	6	59	59	-	-	2,248	2,155
Thailand	89,253	89,253	-	501	-	-	7,274	7,274	-	-	84,479	84,479
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	1,130	1,130	-	-	43	34	-	-	6	25	1,077	1,077
Togo	19,270	9,272	5,791	175	466	411	29	29	7	-	23,540	13,643
Tonga	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Trinidad and Tobago	31	31	-	5	-	-	15	15	-	-	18	18
Tunisia	4,091	2,978	-	349	1,055	6	1,931	1,929	-	1	1,435	1,376
Turkey	14,465	14,465	307,744	10,892	68,788	-	5,935	5,935	-	-	267,063	267,063
Turkmenistan	59	59	-	-	-	-	12	12	-	-	46	46
Uganda	139,448	139,448	40,175	8,558	25,864	3,964	1,274	1,274	-	-	197,877	197,877
Ukraine	3,176	298	-	197	15	14	59	59	26	21	2,807	493
United Arab Emirates	677	677	-	184	1,495	-	92	92	-	-	631	631
United Kingdom	193,603	-	-	10,041	844	-	-	-	-	-	149,799	-
United Rep. of Tanzania	131,243	109,016	-	10	35,265	35,266	687	687	34,052	-	101,021	78,794
United States	264,763	-	-	25,268	1,143	-	-	-	-	-	262,023	-
Uruguay	174	88	-	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	181	83
Uzbekistan	214	214	-	-	-	-	24	24	-	-	176	176
Vanuatu	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	202,468	22,459	-	1,182	-	-	6	6	-	-	203,644	23,637
Viet Nam	990	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	990	-	-
Yemen	214,740	214,740	22,314	888	731	131	309	309	-	-	237,182	237,182
Zambia	45,631	31,507	1,551	332	1,113	1,012	241	241	23,550	-	25,653	22,792
Zimbabwe	4,561	4,561	-	209	-	-	539	539	-	-	4,356	4,356
Various ⁶	-	-	-	-	761	29,467	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total	10,402,583	6,077,635	1,121,952	246,227	525,941	320,134	71,410	71,359	75,752	5,235	10,497,957	6,648,880

Notes

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.
- 2 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of China.
- 3 Figures are UNHCR estimates.
- 4 Refugee figure for Iraqis in Jordan is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 27,800 Iraqis at the end of 2012. Some 2,283 Iraqi refugees were newly registered in 2012; the total number who arrived in 2012 is unknown.
- 5 Refugee figure for Iraqis in the Syrian Arab Republic is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 62,700 Iraqis at the end of 2012. Some 1,866 Iraqi refugees were newly registered in 2012; the total number who arrived in 2012 is unknown.
- 6 Voluntary repatriation figure refers to Iraqi refugees who returned in 2012 but whose previous country of asylum is unknown.

TABLE 4 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of origin | 2012

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The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

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Origin	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura-lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recognition	Individual recognition	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Afghanistan	2,662,866	2,562,952	-	19,852	98,609	95,131	2,701	2,685	61	156	2,586,152	2,483,452
Albania	13,553	7	-	831	-	-	-	-	2	49	12,568	6
Algeria	6,093	87	1	240	7	7	2	2	1	23	5,677	89
Andorra	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Angola	128,562	100,518	20	246	19,724	19,623	22	22	26,016	38	19,258	1,448
Antigua and Barbuda	32	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-
Argentina	518	12	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	447	13
Armenia	16,492	55	-	678	1	-	7	7	3	12	15,935	78
Australia	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-
Austria	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-
Azerbaijan	16,162	1,997	-	338	-	-	5	5	1	226	15,537	1,797
Bahamas	185	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	196	-
Bahrain	215	-	1	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	297	2
Bangladesh	10,047	51	-	921	-	-	2	2	6	8	10,161	86
Barbados	45	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	-
Belarus	5,948	18	-	410	-	-	-	-	-	23	6,191	21
Belgium	90	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	93	-
Belize	32	1	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	-
Benin	457	21	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	1	457	12
Bhutan	57,989	55,006	-	1,224	-	-	16,674	16,674	-	1	41,590	40,989
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	611	13	-	39	-	-	-	-	2	-	618	24
Bosnia and Herzegovina	58,540	23,879	-	164	278	4	-	-	1	188	51,822	4,779
Botswana	85	-	-	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	127	-
Brazil	1,045	1	-	69	-	-	-	-	-	2	1,076	4
Brunei Darussalam	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Bulgaria	2,332	14	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	6	2,147	14
Burkina Faso	1,280	12	-	211	2	2	-	-	-	1	1,460	13
Burundi	101,214	66,900	106	2,401	35,741	35,741	317	317	34,052	25	73,363	40,078
Cambodia	15,208	123	-	75	-	-	1	1	2	1,014	14,024	180
Cameroon	15,163	2,140	-	851	-	-	2	2	1	45	13,382	977
Canada	109	5	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	123	5
Cape Verde	27	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	1
Cayman Islands	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Central African Rep.	162,884	148,851	2,858	1,706	2,315	2,315	129	123	1	2	164,568	153,964
Chad	42,679	40,037	52	338	1,726	1,725	30	30	-	4	39,694	17,708
Chile	1,189	6	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	1	1,152	6
China	190,450	297	-	12,059	-	-	42	42	-	58	193,453	321
- Hong Kong SAR, China	15	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-
- Macao SAR, China	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Colombia	396,383	91,701	-	4,045	10	10	626	626	26	4	394,117	93,027
Comoros	422	1	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	1	454	2
Congo	12,748	1,968	-	639	54	54	163	163	1	17	12,119	1,920
Cook Islands	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Costa Rica	331	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	325	4
Côte d'Ivoire	154,803	143,813	18,549	1,607	72,845	7,909	51	51	-	56	100,720	89,560
Croatia	62,647	57,612	-	37	98	98	-	-	-	81	62,606	14,549
Cuba	7,793	1,403	-	281	-	-	14	14	1	2	7,731	1,449
Cyprus	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	4
Czech Rep.	762	2	-	25	2	-	-	-	-	2	622	1
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	1,052	22	-	344	-	-	21	21	1	-	1,132	48
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	491,599	426,767	42,072	29,824	71,924	46,793	3,353	3,351	4	162	509,290	446,665
Denmark	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Djibouti	602	77	-	172	-	-	-	-	-	3	640	81
Dominica	52	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-
Dominican Rep.	250	12	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	289	21
Ecuador	908	31	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	844	14
Egypt	7,937	126	2	2,658	4	3	33	33	-	6	10,020	156
El Salvador	6,642	492	-	646	-	-	3	-	-	62	8,171	521

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Origin	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Naturalization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recognition	Individual recognition	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Equatorial Guinea	258	36	-	14	1	-	7	7	-	-	228	28
Eritrea	251,928	134,594	16,978	21,553	6	3	2,454	2,454	1	17	285,371	157,422
Estonia	224	1	-	233	-	-	-	-	-	-	456	2
Ethiopia	70,622	36,990	930	7,858	32	26	1,300	1,300	2	23	74,968	41,258
Fiji	1,579	-	-	109	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,317	2
Finland	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
France	99	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-
Gabon	171	3	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	183	3
Gambia	2,584	20	-	537	-	-	2	2	-	2	3,076	15
Georgia	10,113	1,025	-	516	-	-	3	3	5	25	9,261	1,483
Germany	174	2	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	2
Ghana	20,360	3,868	4,982	422	1	1	-	-	1	2	24,298	7,583
Gibraltar	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Greece	56	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	-
Grenada	323	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	316	-
Guatemala	6,051	76	-	614	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,388	74
Guinea	13,163	167	1	1,686	-	-	3	3	3	175	14,061	181
Guinea-Bissau	1,143	36	-	67	-	-	-	-	-	3	1,180	11
Guyana	771	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	801	-
Haiti	33,651	393	-	1,335	-	-	-	-	6	3	38,568	418
Honduras	1,927	81	-	436	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,613	77
Hungary	1,238	2	-	450	-	-	-	-	-	2	1,087	2
Iceland	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
India	16,230	22	-	402	-	-	-	-	1	3	14,258	16
Indonesia	16,073	3,409	13	243	35	-	1	1	-	-	15,523	3,452
Iraq ¹	1,427,469	207,866	5,071	16,280	82,270	40,464	13,740	13,740	5	263	746,206	165,921
Ireland	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Islamic Rep. of Iran	72,197	12,029	-	11,466	6	6	2,063	2,060	1	190	75,940	12,177
Israel	1,337	17	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	10	1,340	16
Italy	58	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	-
Jamaica	1,252	7	-	260	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,407	8
Japan	176	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	172	-
Jordan	2,248	90	4	134	-	-	2	2	-	4	2,368	110
Kazakhstan	3,604	6	-	164	-	-	-	-	-	6	3,571	10
Kenya	8,748	3,818	-	660	-	-	-	-	-	4	8,950	4,049
Kiribati	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-
Kuwait	1,092	62	-	85	-	-	-	-	-	14	1,197	56
Kyrgyzstan	3,166	83	-	496	-	-	5	5	-	7	3,489	278
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	8,089	38	-	6	-	-	36	36	1	3	7,984	3
Latvia	708	2	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	662	2
Lebanon	14,993	50	-	235	-	-	1	1	-	3	15,106	68
Lesotho	11	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-
Liberia	66,677	60,048	11	104	29,472	29,472	7	7	15,485	9	23,428	17,674
Libya	4,385	19	-	473	1,055	-	-	-	-	6	5,251	38
Lithuania	528	2	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	1	491	2
Madagascar	289	1	-	24	-	-	-	-	2	-	301	1
Malawi	222	2	1	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	277	4
Malaysia	537	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	1	531	-
Maldives	21	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-
Mali	4,301	20	142,651	2,641	28	-	1	1	-	5	149,943	143,202
Malta	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Marshall Islands	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Mauritania	39,924	32,459	-	398	6,208	6,208	7	7	-	18	33,765	26,236
Mauritius	41	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-
Mexico	7,472	8	-	1,146	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,435	12
Monaco	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Mongolia	1,986	-	-	137	-	-	-	-	-	1	2,114	-
Montenegro	3,698	3	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	2	4,054	3
Morocco	2,315	38	-	150	-	-	7	7	-	4	2,407	30
Mozambique	155	11	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	11

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TABLE 4 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of origin | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.

The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

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Origin	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura-lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recognition	Individual recognition	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Myanmar	414,643	206,257	-	14,224	-	-	17,373	17,359	-	58	415,371	227,197
Namibia	1,071	984	1	176	-	-	3	3	-	-	1,098	999
Nepal	6,850	39	-	736	-	-	2	2	-	6	7,612	37
Netherlands	145	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	1
New Zealand	18	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-
Nicaragua	1,472	792	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	5	1,531	814
Niger	947	162	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	3	832	11
Nigeria	17,149	3,832	1	1,840	-	-	10	10	2	86	18,021	3,452
Niue	7	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Norway	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Oman	60	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	1
Pakistan	35,952	3,927	13,174	4,430	2	2	375	375	1	33	49,785	17,103
Palestinian	94,160	12,734	436	624	-	-	238	238	-	31	94,918	15,873
Panama	100	20	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	107	20
Papua New Guinea	128	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	174	-
Paraguay	91	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	101	4
Peru	5,487	490	-	103	1	1	-	-	7	4	5,212	476
Philippines	952	23	-	51	-	-	3	3	-	3	986	30
Poland	1,815	4	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	4	1,640	4
Portugal	27	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	1
Qatar	95	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	124	-
Rep. of Korea	514	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	1	558	-
Rep. of Moldova	6,265	9	-	260	-	-	1	1	-	17	6,148	16
Romania	3,427	6	-	67	-	-	-	-	3	4	2,807	8
Russian Federation	109,835	1,507	-	4,211	11	11	15	15	6	740	110,588	1,269
Rwanda	106,813	43,999	75	902	11,249	11,249	230	226	2	247	97,373	43,190
Saint Kitts and Nevis	9	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-
Saint Lucia	433	-	-	305	-	-	-	-	-	-	566	-
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1,127	-	-	313	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,316	-
Samoa	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
San Marino	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Sao Tome and Principe	33	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	31
Saudi Arabia	744	20	1	85	1	1	1	1	-	1	818	20
Senegal	17,689	16,049	683	364	-	-	8	8	2	6	18,724	16,769
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	161,560	10,945	-	1,189	193	184	3	3	7	179	157,929	10,013
Seychelles	42	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-
Sierra Leone	7,978	878	-	216	-	-	14	14	5	10	6,202	1,002
Singapore	67	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	68	-
Slovakia	269	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	1	239	-
Slovenia	32	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-
Solomon Islands	72	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	1
Somalia	1,076,832	964,095	75,133	18,692	48	42	6,962	6,960	-	127	1,136,719	1,023,580
South Africa	430	8	-	28	1	1	-	-	-	7	420	6
South Sudan	16,247	15,536	35,238	298	2,238	2,070	38	38	-	-	87,009	86,892
Spain	43	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	4
Sri Lanka	136,588	2,934	9	3,515	1,480	1,289	130	130	3	23	132,731	2,676
Stateless	17,853	81	-	2,486	-	-	21	21	-	3	19,673	95
Sudan	484,644	444,894	115,910	7,436	19,485	19,485	1,709	1,708	6	67	568,943	528,368
Suriname	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
Swaziland	43	2	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	2
Sweden	24	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	1
Switzerland	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-
Syrian Arab Rep.	19,887	868	646,971	19,352	68,573	-	130	130	-	48	729,022	571,374
Tajikistan	612	35	-	94	-	-	2	2	-	1	674	53
Thailand	368	12	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	381	17
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	7,679	57	-	93	-	-	-	-	1	9	7,589	5
Tibetan	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	-

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TABLE 4 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by country/territory of origin | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of individual refugee recognition.

The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

* Voluntary repatriation shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Origin	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Naturalization	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
			Group recognition	Individual recognition	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted				
Timor-Leste	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Togo	17,880	7,916	-	231	91	91	35	35	-	42	15,693	6,076
Tonga	10	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-
Trinidad and Tobago	297	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	333	-
Tunisia	1,946	40	-	140	1	1	1	1	-	2	1,935	37
Turkey	139,717	15,130	-	1,438	-	-	-	-	8	53	135,372	15,557
Turkmenistan	725	11	-	31	-	-	2	2	-	2	723	24
Turks and Caicos Islands	14	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-
Tuvalu	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Uganda	5,645	830	16	520	20	19	23	23	-	15	5,608	1,081
Ukraine	25,389	26	-	280	-	-	-	-	-	11	25,256	36
United Arab Emirates	486	1	-	12	-	-	1	1	-	-	584	3
United Kingdom	162	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	1	153	1
United Rep. of Tanzania	1,155	40	-	69	44	44	-	-	-	-	1,122	80
United States ²	3,778	7	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,456	17
Uruguay	184	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	171	1
Uzbekistan	12,681	1,953	-	373	-	-	169	169	-	128	11,593	653
Vanuatu	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	7,576	246	-	699	-	-	9	9	-	-	8,208	264
Viet Nam ³	337,827	172	-	190	-	-	37	37	4	12	336,939	251
Western Sahara ⁴	116,413	90,341	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,452	90,268
Yemen	2,324	339	1	296	-	-	2	2	-	1	2,594	394
Zambia	240	1	-	14	2	2	-	-	-	-	243	3
Zimbabwe	25,067	1,003	-	538	21	21	21	21	-	26	22,101	1,138
Various	145,040	3,894	-	3,644	26	26	5	5	-	132	133,786	5,552
Grand Total	10,402,583	6,077,635	1,121,952	246,227	525,941	320,134	71,410	71,359	75,752	5,235	10,497,957	6,648,880

Notes

- 1 Refugee figure for Iraqis in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 90,500 Iraqis in both countries at the end of 2012. Some 4,150 Iraqis were newly registered in both countries in 2012; the total number who arrived during the year is unknown.
- 2 A limited number of countries record refugee and asylum statistics by country of birth rather than country of origin. This affects the number of refugees reported as originating from the United States of America.
- 3 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- 4 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

TABLE 5 **Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by origin and country of asylum | 2012**

The refugee population is included in this table if the number was 5,000 or more at the end of 2012.

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of asylum-seeker recognition.

The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

* Voluntary repatriation shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Figures between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
		Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
				Group recogni- tion	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Afghanistan	Australia	4,826	-	-	2,603	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,192	-
Afghanistan	Austria	8,636	-	-	1,785	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,158	-
Afghanistan	Germany	30,425	-	-	1,803	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,746	-
Afghanistan	India	9,161	9,161	-	762	105	52	89	73	-	7	9,633	9,633
Afghanistan	Islamic Rep. of Iran	840,451	840,451	-	69	15,035	15,035	1,427	1,427	-	-	824,087	824,087
Afghanistan	Italy	4,291	-	-	807	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,058	-
Afghanistan	Netherlands	5,697	-	-	706	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,126	-
Afghanistan	Norway	5,733	-	-	552	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,984	-
Afghanistan	Pakistan	1,701,945	1,701,945	-	1,653	83,423	79,998	336	336	-	-	1,637,740	1,637,740
Afghanistan	Sweden	6,620	-	-	2,181	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,454	-
Afghanistan	United Kingdom	14,425	-	-	530	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,845	-
Angola	South Africa	5,808	-	-	-	-	-	*	*	-	-	5,805	608
Azerbaijan	Germany	6,368	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,575	-
Bhutan	Nepal	57,381	54,995	-	1,184	-	-	16,674	16,674	-	-	40,971	40,971
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Germany	24,016	-	-	24	65	-	-	-	-	-	23,460	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	20,673	20,673	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	16,418	2,324
Burundi	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	8,915	8,915	-	15	476	476	-	-	-	-	9,368	9,368
Burundi	Uganda	6,687	6,687	-	1,843	-	-	6	6	-	-	10,728	10,728
Burundi	United Rep. of Tanzania	67,549	45,322	-	*	35,200	35,200	97	97	34,052	-	35,343	13,116
Cambodia	France	12,818	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	*	24	12,666	-
Cameroon	United States	7,282	-	-	420	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,676	-
Central African Rep.	Cameroon	90,176	90,176	-	70	347	347	112	106	-	-	92,094	92,094
Central African Rep.	Chad	67,414	54,573	1,555	1,585	1,966	1,966	14	14	-	-	65,874	58,374
Chad	Sudan	31,871	31,861	52	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,220	13,131
China	Canada	17,082	-	-	626	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,813	-
China	India	100,003	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,003	*
China	United States	58,352	-	-	9,654	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,615	-
Colombia	Canada	17,243	-	-	482	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,563	-
Colombia	Costa Rica	10,297	10,297	-	62	*	*	50	50	-	-	10,305	10,305
Colombia	Ecuador	122,587	54,243	-	1,515	6	6	562	562	14	-	122,964	54,620
Colombia	Panama	15,598	3,400	-	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,723	3,623
Colombia	United States	22,004	-	-	307	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,766	-
Colombia	Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	202,387	22,385	-	1,182	-	-	6	6	-	-	203,563	23,563
Côte d'Ivoire	Ghana	58	58	9,142	-	77	77	-	-	-	-	8,699	8,699
Côte d'Ivoire	Guinea	6,380	6,380	-	13	12	12	-	-	-	-	6,552	6,552
Côte d'Ivoire	Liberia	128,067	128,067	8,598	-	71,987	71,06	-	-	-	-	65,560	65,560
Côte d'Ivoire	Togo	5,151	5,151	809	8	460	405	-	-	-	-	5,593	5,593
Croatia	Bosnia and Herzegovina	6,769	6,769	-	-	77	77	-	-	-	-	6,733	6,733
Croatia	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	49,946	49,946	-	-	21	21	-	-	-	12	49,931	7,100
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Angola	13,648	4,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,740	4,500
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Burundi	35,213	35,213	-	6,393	260	260	161	161	-	-	41,349	41,349
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Central African Rep.	13,427	13,427	650	-	794	-	23	23	-	-	10,662	10,662
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Congo	131,648	131,648	-	17	46,385	46,385	8	8	-	-	89,424	89,424
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	France	11,931	-	-	737	-	-	-	-	*	*	12,585	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Germany	5,146	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,206	-
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Kenya	5,155	5,155	-	852	7	5	192	192	-	-	6,244	6,244
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Rwanda	54,955	54,955	-	15,108	-	-	797	797	-	-	57,857	57,857

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						Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	South Africa	12,973	-	-	522	8	8	101	101	-	-	13,386	1,402
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	South Sudan	22,186	17,121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,296	18,296
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Uganda	81,487	81,487	40,175	3,779	21,912	12	289	289	-	-	127,021	127,021
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	United Rep. of Tanzania	61,913	61,913	-	6	65	66	586	586	-	-	63,330	63,330
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Zambia	12,509	8,080	1,240	321	*	*	177	177	-	-	14,871	12,960
Egypt	United States	4,972	-	-	1,743	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,297	-
El Salvador	United States	4,706	-	-	330	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,037	-
Eritrea	Ethiopia	54,896	54,896	10,731	15	-	-	1,049	1,049	-	-	63,771	63,771
Eritrea	Israel	31,119	2,500	6,230	19	6,250	*	*	20	20	-	37,347	2,500
Eritrea	Italy	11,206	-	-	193	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,345	-
Eritrea	Norway	5,846	-	-	1,315	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,129	-
Eritrea	Sudan	100,464	68,891	-	13,496	-	-	435	435	-	-	112,283	81,136
Eritrea	Sweden	5,123	-	-	1,328	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,414	-
Eritrea	Switzerland	9,592	-	-	1,546	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,981	-
Eritrea	United Kingdom	9,856	-	-	672	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,903	-
Ethiopia	Kenya	21,857	21,857	-	2,553	-	-	806	806	-	-	22,221	22,221
Ethiopia	South Africa	3,398	-	-	2,163	-	-	23	23	-	-	5,538	580
Ethiopia	South Sudan	4,967	4,967	922	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,891	5,891
Ethiopia	United States	11,132	-	-	861	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,508	-
Ethiopia	Yemen	4,686	4,686	-	593	16	12	27	27	-	-	5,221	5,221
Ghana	Togo	13,676	3,679	4,982	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,371	7,474
Guatemala	United States	4,940	-	-	501	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,174	-
Haiti	Canada	4,963	-	-	571	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,798	-
Haiti	United States	24,013	-	-	601	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,849	-
India	Canada	5,621	-	-	118	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,287	-
India	United States	6,657	-	-	187	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,041	-
Indonesia	Papua New Guinea	9,368	2,550	13	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	9,368	2,550
Iraq	Egypt	6,007	6,007	-	277	1,565	13	306	306	-	-	5,703	5,703
Iraq	Germany	48,976	-	-	2,780	955	-	-	-	-	-	49,829	-
Iraq	Islamic Rep. of Iran	45,937	45,937	-	-	6,855	1,757	*	*	-	-	44,085	44,085
Iraq ¹	Jordan	450,000	32,197	2,283	680	2,820	166	3,225	3,225	-	-	63,037	27,814
Iraq	Lebanon	8,504	8,504	895	348	598	61	2,776	2,776	-	-	6,516	6,516
Iraq	Netherlands	18,255	-	-	1,261	720	-	-	-	-	-	18,012	-
Iraq	Norway	6,257	-	-	90	345	-	-	-	-	-	5,727	-
Iraq	Sweden	27,367	-	-	469	2,545	-	-	-	-	-	24,741	-
Iraq ¹	Syrian Arab Rep.	750,000	100,254	1,866	92	56,930	8,960	3,397	3,397	-	-	471,418	62,727
Iraq	Turkey	7,071	7,071	-	6,397	215	-	3,565	3,565	-	-	9,478	9,478
Iraq	United Kingdom	15,658	-	-	137	840	-	-	-	-	-	5,755	-
Islamic Rep. of Iran	Germany	20,462	-	-	1,658	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,629	-
Islamic Rep. of Iran	Iraq	8,229	8,229	-	15	*	*	22	22	-	-	8,259	8,259
Islamic Rep. of Iran	United Kingdom	11,644	-	-	1,759	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,433	-
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	France	7,382	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	*	7,335	-
Lebanon	Germany	11,697	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,819	-
Liberia	Ghana	11,295	11,295	-	-	4,710	4,710	*	*	2,148	-	5,156	5,156
Mali	Burkina Faso	*	*	38,379	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	38,776	38,776
Mali	Mauritania	*	*	54,028	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,029	54,029
Mali	Niger	-	-	50,204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,204	50,204
Mauritania	Mali	12,442	12,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,436	12,436
Mauritania	Senegal	19,917	19,917	-	-	6,208	6,208	7	7	-	-	13,702	13,702
Mexico	Canada	5,574	-	-	568	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,995	-
Myanmar	Bangladesh	229,644	29,644	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,674	50,674
Myanmar	India	6,621	6,621	-	1,149	-	-	163	149	-	-	7,671	7,671
Myanmar	Malaysia	81,146	81,146	-	12,414	-	-	10,308	10,308	-	-	84,671	84,671

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TABLE 5 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by origin and country of asylum | 2012

The refugee population is included in this table if the number was 5,000 or more at the end of 2012.

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of asylum-seeker recognition.

The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

* Voluntary repatriation shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Figures between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012					Population end-2012		
		Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation*		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
				Group recogni- tion	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
Myanmar	Thailand	88,148	88,148	-	-	-	-	6,845	6,845	-	-	83,317	83,317
Nepal	United States	4,574	-	-	606	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,121	-
Pakistan	Afghanistan	2,972	2,972	13,169	6	-	13,169	*	*	-	-	16,147	16,147
Pakistan	Canada	13,149	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,605	-
Pakistan	Germany	6,629	-	-	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,943	-
Palestinian ²	Egypt	70,033	33	-	5	-	-	6	6	-	-	70,028	28
Palestinian ²	Iraq	11,549	11,549	-	-	-	-	93	93	-	-	11,467	11,467
Russian Federation	Austria	18,473	-	-	1,080	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,517	-
Russian Federation	France	10,882	-	-	1,006	-	-	-	-	*	7	11,767	-
Russian Federation	Germany	39,816	-	-	171	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,204	-
Russian Federation	Poland	14,897	-	-	266	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,938	-
Russian Federation	United States	6,863	-	-	539	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,714	-
Rwanda	Congo	8,374	8,374	-	*	18	18	*	*	-	-	8,404	8,404
Rwanda	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	61,481	10,240	-	22	10,780	10,780	*	*	-	-	50,736	7,222
Rwanda	Uganda	12,998	12,998	-	146	375	375	11	11	-	-	14,684	14,684
Rwanda	Zambia	5,559	4,659	75	-	14	14	8	8	-	-	5,963	5,450
Senegal	Gambia	8,359	8,359	683	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,042	9,042
Senegal	Guinea-Bissau	7,658	7,658	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,700	7,700
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	France	10,891	-	-	629	-	-	-	-	*	*	11,506	-
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Germany	110,455	-	-	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,809	-
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Montenegro	9,367	9,367	-	-	124	124	-	-	-	*	8,504	8,504
Somalia	Djibouti	19,426	18,289	3,172	-	-	-	505	505	-	-	18,289	18,289
Somalia	Egypt	6,232	6,232	-	444	-	-	282	282	-	-	6,250	6,250
Somalia	Ethiopia	185,466	185,466	35,823	744	-	-	1,502	1,502	-	-	223,031	223,031
Somalia	Italy	8,497	-	-	806	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,284	-
Somalia	Kenya	517,666	517,666	13,761	248	*	-	1,442	1,442	-	-	512,069	512,069
Somalia	Malta	4,009	-	-	1,087	-	-	242	242	-	-	5,041	-
Somalia	Netherlands	15,715	-	-	1,059	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,286	-
Somalia	Norway	7,981	-	-	1,875	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,870	-
Somalia	South Africa	15,186	-	-	3,058	-	-	380	380	-	-	17,864	1,871
Somalia	Sweden	17,602	-	-	2,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,416	-
Somalia	Uganda	14,023	14,023	-	1,902	-	-	927	927	-	-	19,000	19,000
Somalia	United Kingdom	19,677	-	-	442	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,134	-
Somalia	Yemen	204,685	204,685	22,287	*	40	40	224	224	-	-	226,909	226,909
South Sudan	Ethiopia	-	-	35,238	*	5	5	*	*	-	-	58,715	58,715
South Sudan	Kenya	15,160	15,160	-	231	-	-	35	35	-	-	16,774	16,774
South Sudan	Uganda	-	-	-	-	1,906	1,906	-	-	-	-	11,135	11,135
Sri Lanka	Canada	15,174	-	-	371	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,705	-
Sri Lanka	France	22,719	-	-	851	-	-	-	-	*	14	23,225	-
Sri Lanka	Germany	11,724	-	-	162	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,672	-
Sri Lanka	India	68,152	-	9	-	1,451	1,264	-	-	-	-	67,165	-
Stateless	Germany	5,010	-	-	313	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,359	-
Sudan	Chad	298,311	281,311	-	2,289	17,657	17,657	6	6	-	-	306,960	291,047
Sudan	Egypt	11,177	11,177	-	1,753	150	150	701	701	-	-	12,124	12,124
Sudan	Ethiopia	45,286	45,286	12,466	39	-	-	18	18	-	-	27,175	27,175
Sudan	Israel	8,100	1,800	3,441	*	3,445	-	-	*	*	-	10,743	2,000
Sudan	South Sudan	76,845	76,845	99,989	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176,834	176,834
Sudan	Uganda	18,268	18,268	-	796	1,671	1,671	23	23	-	-	7,910	7,910
Syrian Arab Rep.	Egypt	9	9	12,899	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,836	12,836
Syrian Arab Rep.	Germany	10,155	-	-	7,467	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,165	-
Syrian Arab Rep.	Iraq	323	323	63,262	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,586	63,586
Syrian Arab Rep.	Jordan	193	193	131,178	12	-	-	*	*	-	-	238,798	118,908
Syrian Arab Rep.	Lebanon	124	124	131,888	38	155	-	62	62	-	-	126,939	126,939
Syrian Arab Rep.	Sweden	1,206	-	-	5,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,051	-
Syrian Arab Rep.	Turkey	19	19	307,744	10	68,573	-	*	*	-	-	248,466	248,466

.../...

TABLE 5 Refugees and people in a refugee-like situation, excluding asylum-seekers, and changes by origin and country of asylum | 2012

The refugee population is included in this table if the number was 5,000 or more at the end of 2012.

N.B. For 25 industrialized countries, UNHCR has estimated the refugee population based on 10 years of asylum-seeker recognition.

The columns "Major increases" and "Major decreases" exclude population changes resulting from administrative corrections, adjustments as a result of registration, new estimates as well as births and deaths. In some cases, the population at the end of 2012 does not equal the population at the start of 2012 plus increases and decreases. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the voluntary repatriation figures include estimates from countries of return. In addition, the full details of the changes in the refugee population in industrialized countries are often unknown.

* Voluntary repatriation shows a best estimate, based on country of asylum and country of origin reports.

Figures between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Population start-2012		Major increases		Major decreases during 2012						Population end-2012	
		Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Spont. arrivals		Voluntary repatriation *		Resettlement		Cessation	Natura- lization	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted
				Group recogni- tion	Indiv. recogn.	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted				
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Germany	5,982	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,175	-
Tibetan	Nepal	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	-
Turkey	France	10,885	-	-	312	-	-	-	-	7	7	10,887	-
Turkey	Germany	92,968	-	-	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,773	-
Turkey	Iraq	15,083	15,083	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,496	15,496
Ukraine	Germany	19,922	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,059	-
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	United States	6,441	-	-	593	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,995	-
Viet Nam ³	China	300,897	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,897	*
Viet Nam	France	8,654	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	*	7	8,605	-
Viet Nam	Germany	24,261	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,799	-
Western Sahara ⁴	Algeria	90,000	90,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,000	90,000
Western Sahara	Mauritania	26,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,000	-
Zimbabwe	United Kingdom	15,129	-	-	304	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,158	-

Notes

1 Refers to Government estimates.

2 Refers to Palestinians under the UNHCR mandate only.

3 The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of China.

4 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

TABLE 6 Internally displaced persons (IDPs) protected/assisted by UNHCR | 2012

This table also includes people in IDP-like situations.

This table reflects only IDPs who are protected/assisted by UNHCR. These are also not necessarily representative of the entire IDP population in a given country. Many of the world's IDP situations are not covered by UNHCR and are thus not reflected. For global IDP estimates, visit the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre at www.internal-displacement.org.

Most IDP figures are rough estimates and rounded to the nearest hundredth.

Country	Population start-2012 Total *	Population end-2012 Total
Afghanistan	447,500	486,300
Azerbaijan	599,200	600,300
Bosnia and Herzegovina	113,000	103,400
Burundi	78,800	78,900
Central African Republic	105,200	51,700
Chad	124,000	90,000
Colombia	3,888,300	3,943,500
Côte d'Ivoire	126,700	45,000
Democratic Republic of the Congo	1,709,300	2,669,100
Georgia	274,000	279,800
Iraq	1,332,400	1,131,800
Kenya	300,000	412,000
Kyrgyzstan	3,400	-
Kyrgyzstan (people in IDP-like situation)	160,500	168,600
Libya	93,600	59,400
Mali	-	227,900
Myanmar	339,200	430,400
Pakistan	452,900	758,000
Philippines	159,500	1,200
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	228,200	227,800
Somalia	1,356,800	1,133,000
South Sudan	..	190,500
South Sudan (people in IDP-like situation)	209,700	155,200
Sri Lanka	138,400	93,500
Syrian Arab Republic	-	2,016,500
Sudan	1,950,000	1,796,000
Sudan (people in IDP-like situation)	83,100	77,300
Yemen	347,300	385,300
Zimbabwe	54,300	57,900
Total	14,675,300	17,670,300

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

* Includes revised estimates.

TABLE 7 Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate | 2012

N.B. Stateless refugees are included in Table 3 and stateless asylum-seekers in Table 12.

Data is not complete and includes estimates. Countries for which UNHCR has information about stateless persons but no reliable data have been included in the table and marked with an asterisk (*).

These statistics cover stateless persons and persons of undetermined nationality.

Country of residence	Population start-2012		Population end-2012	
	Total number of persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total number of persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Albania ¹	7,443	-	7,443	-
Armenia	11	-	35	-
Austria	464	-	542	-
Azerbaijan ²	3,585	-	3,585	-
Bahamas	*	-	*	-
Belarus ³	7,391	-	6,969	-
Belgium	3,750	-	3,898	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina ⁴	4,500	-	4,500	175
Bhutan	*	-	*	-
Brazil ⁵	*	-	1	-
Brunei Darussalam	20,992	-	21,009	-
Burundi	1,059	-	1,302	1,302
Cambodia	*	-	*	-
Colombia	12	-	12	-
Côte d'Ivoire ⁶	871,000	-	700,000	60,000
Croatia ⁷	2,873	473	2,886	177
Czech Republic ⁸	1,502	-	1,502	-
Democratic Republic of the Congo	*	-	*	-
Denmark	3,183	-	3,623	-
Dominican Republic	*	-	*	-
Egypt	60	60	60	60
Eritrea	*	-	*	-
Estonia ⁹	97,749	-	94,235	-
Ethiopia	*	-	*	-
Finland	3,614	-	2,017	-
France	1,180	-	1,210	-
Georgia	1,569	-	1,156	1,156
Germany ¹⁰	8,044	-	5,683	-
Greece ¹¹	136	-	154	-
Honduras	*	-	1	-
Hong Kong SAR, China	1	1	1	1
Hungary	89	-	111	-
Iceland	106	-	119	-
India	*	-	*	-
Indonesia	*	-	*	-
Iraq ¹²	120,000	-	120,000	-
Ireland	73	-	73	-
Israel ¹³	9	-	14	14
Italy ¹⁴	470	-	470	-
Japan	1,234	-	1,100	-
Kazakhstan	7,337	537	6,935	1,234
Kenya ¹⁵	20,000	-	20,000	-
Kuwait	93,000	-	93,000	-
Kyrgyzstan	32,300	300	15,473	1,147
Latvia ¹⁶	173	-	175	-
Latvia ¹⁷	312,189	-	280,584	-
Lebanon	*	-	*	-
Liechtenstein	2	-	5	-
Lithuania	4,314	-	4,130	-
Luxembourg	177	-	177	-
Madagascar	*	-	*	-
Malaysia ¹⁸	40,001	1	40,001	1
Mexico	5	5	7	2
Mongolia	292	-	220	-
Montenegro ¹⁹	4,312	71	3,383	-
Myanmar ²⁰	808,075	200,000	808,075	250,000
Nepal ²¹	*	-	*	-
Netherlands	2,005	-	2,005	-
Nicaragua	1	1	1	-
Norway	2,773	-	2,313	-
Pakistan	*	-	*	-
Panama	3	-	2	-
Papua New Guinea	*	-	*	-
Philippines ²²	*	-	6,015	-
Poland ²³	10,825	-	10,825	-

TABLE 7 Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. Stateless refugees are included in Table 3 and stateless asylum-seekers in Table 12.

Data is not complete and includes estimates. Countries for which UNHCR has information about stateless persons but no reliable data have been included in the table and marked with an asterisk (*).

These statistics cover stateless persons and persons of undetermined nationality.

Country of residence	Population start-2012		Population end-2012	
	Total number of persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total number of persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Portugal ²⁴	553	-	553	-
Qatar	1,200	-	1,200	-
Republic of Korea	179	-	179	-
Republic of Moldova	2,073	2	1,998	3
Romania	275	-	248	-
Russian Federation ²⁵	178,000	2,090	178,000	1,750
Saudi Arabia	70,000	-	70,000	-
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999)) ²⁶	8,500	1,600	8,500	4,750
Slovakia ²⁷	1,523	-	1,523	-
Slovenia ²⁸	*	-	4	-
Spain	36	-	36	-
Sri Lanka	*	-	*	-
Sweden	8,659	-	9,596	-
Switzerland	54	-	69	-
Syrian Arab Republic ²⁹	231,000	-	221,000	-
Tajikistan ³⁰	2,300	-	2,300	-
Thailand ³¹	506,197	-	506,197	-
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia ³²	1,154	1,154	905	905
Turkey	780	-	780	-
Turkmenistan	8,983	8,307	8,947	8,265
Ukraine ³³	39,817	1,407	35,000	61
United Arab Emirates	*	-	*	-
United Kingdom ³⁴	205	-	205	-
Viet Nam	10,200	-	11,500	-
Zimbabwe	*	-	*	-
Total	3,571,571	216,003	3,335,777	331,003

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available.

1 Figure from 2011 census.

2 Figure from 2009 census. 1,640 persons are registered by the Ministry of Interior as stateless at the end of 2012.

3 Number of stateless persons registered by the Department of Citizenship and Migration of the Ministry of Interior of Belarus. (In the 2009 census, 16,116 persons declared that they do not possess any nationality).

4 The figure is based on an estimate of persons living in Bosnia and Herzegovina who have yet to have their Bosnian citizenship formally recognized through the issuance of documents proving nationality. Efforts are underway to more accurately establish the number of persons of concern under UNHCR's statelessness mandate.

5 UNHCR is working with the Federal Police to clarify the status of individuals identified as stateless in their databases.

6 The figure includes: i) 300,000 Children abandoned at birth: Government estimate of individuals of unknown parentage who were abandoned as children and who are not considered as nationals under Ivorian law. ii) 400,000 Descendants of Immigrants: Government estimate of individuals who themselves or whose parents or grandparents migrated to Côte d'Ivoire before or just after independence and who did not establish their nationality at independence or before the nationality law changed in 1972. The estimate is derived in part from the cases denied voter registration in 2010 because electoral authorities could not determine their nationality at the time.

7 Figure from the 2011 census. It includes 36 persons registered as stateless as well as 54 persons registered as of undetermined nationality by the Government of Croatia.

8 Figure from the 2011 census.

9 Almost all people recorded as being stateless have permanent residence and enjoy more rights than foreseen in the 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons.

10 The figure does not represent the entire number of persons registered as stateless in the German Central Aliens Register. The number of stateless persons holding a humanitarian residence title (not all of whom are persons of concern to UNHCR) and the number of stateless asylum-seekers have been deducted from it.

11 Includes people deprived of their citizenship under previous nationality legislation, stateless individuals with permanent residence who are recognized as "stateless foreigners" and other stateless persons resident in Greece.

12 Estimate provided by the central Government of Iraq.

13 This figure does not include potentially stateless Bedouin nor all stateless former USSR citizens. Further research and mapping are planned in 2014.

14 Figure refers to the end of 2011; no data available for 2012.

15 The figure of 20,000 is an estimate by UNHCR and civil society organizations based on currently available information on several communities in Kenya. This estimate is under review pending further research and mapping activities.

16 The Republic of Latvia enacted a Law on Stateless Persons on 17 February 2004, which replaced the Law on the Status of Stateless Persons in the Republic of Latvia of 18 February 1999, and which determines the legal status of persons who are not considered as citizens by the legislation of any State and whose status is not determined by the 25th April 1995 Law (quoted below).

17 The Republic of Latvia, by the 25th April 1995 Law on the Status of Those Former USSR Citizens who are not Citizens of Latvia or of Any Other State, granted a transitional legal status to permanently residing persons (non-citizens) entitling them to a set of rights and obligations beyond the minimum rights prescribed by the 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons.

18 Figure includes one individual from the Czech Republic and an estimated number of individuals who are stateless, including people who are unable to establish their nationality from among the Indian community (Tamils). Estimate is based on NGO and media reports, some citing official sources.

19 Figure from the 2011 census.

20 Muslim residents of northern Rakhine State.

21 In 2011, UNHCR reported the figure of 800,000 as an estimate of individuals who lack citizenship certificates in Nepal. However, as individuals without citizenship certificates are not necessarily stateless, UNHCR has been in dialogue with the Government of Nepal to clarify and address the situation for future reporting.

22 Figure from a 2012 survey undertaken by the Government and UNHCR in southern Mindanao.

23 Figure from the 2011 census.

24 Figure from the 2011 census.

25 Figure from the 2010 census, which likely includes 31,162 stateless persons registered by the Federal Migration Service of the Russian Federation at the end of 2012.

26 The great majority are former Yugoslav citizens who have yet to have their Serbian nationality formally recognized through the issuance of documents proving nationality.

27 Figure from the 2011 census. It includes 63 stateless persons who held permits to stay in Slovakia at the end of 2011. No updated data on the number of stateless persons were available.

28 The figure is based on an NGO analysis of government registry data and may not represent the full magnitude of statelessness in Slovenia.

29 The figure is based on NGO estimates from which the estimated number of stateless Syrian Kurds who acquired nationality as a result of the implementation of Decree 49 of 2011 has been deducted.

30 Figure refers to the end of 2011; no data available for 2012.

31 Figure from the 2000 census.

32 The great majority are former Yugoslav citizens who have yet to have their nationality of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia formally recognized through the issuance of documents proving nationality.

33 This figure is an extrapolation of the 2001 census figures of persons who self-declared as not having a nationality. It includes 5,875 persons who were registered with the Ukrainian Ministry of the Interior in 2011. Updated figures for 2012 were not available, including on confirmation and acquisition of nationality by stateless persons.

34 Figure refers to the end of 2005. Following the adoption of a Statelessness Determination procedure in April 2013, updated data on the number of stateless persons in the United Kingdom is expected in late 2013.

TABLE 8 Others of concern to UNHCR | 2012

N.B. This table does not include stateless persons or people in a refugee-like or IDP-like situations.

Country of asylum	Description / origin	Population start-2012		Population end-2012		Change (%)	
		Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Afghanistan	Afghan returnees of concern to UNHCR	951,167	951,167	879,376	879,376	-8%	-8%
Armenia	Syrians of concern to UNHCR	-	-	5,500	219	..	..
Bahamas	Cuban of concern to UNHCR	-	-	1	1	..	..
Barbados	Cuban of concern to UNHCR	-	-	1	-	..	..
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Former Bosnian refugees of concern to UNHCR	2,309	-	2,036	-	-12%	..
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Former internally displaced persons of concern to UNHCR	50,324	-	50,681	-	1%	..
Botswana	Former refugees from Angola of concern to UNHCR	-	-	443	443	..	..
Brazil	Haitians of concern to UNHCR	3,872	346	5,580	459	44%	33%
Burundi	Dependants of refugees	250	250	299	299	20%	20%
Congo	Dependants of refugees	334	334	390	390	17%	17%
Congo	Former refugees from Angola of concern to UNHCR	-	-	590	590	..	..
Côte d'Ivoire	Dependants of refugees	938	938	332	332	-65%	-65%
Croatia	Returning refugees who are beneficiaries of reconstruction programmes	16,516	16,516	15,970	15,970	-3%	-3%
Croatia	Returning refugees who are not fully integrated	4,500	4,500	4,000	4,000	-11%	-11%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Former refugees from Angola of concern to UNHCR	-	-	71,815	-	..	..
Eritrea	Dependants of refugees	-	-	64	62	..	..
Ethiopia	Dependants of refugees	-	-	1,490	1,490	..	..
Gabon	Former refugees from the Dem. Rep. of the Congo of concern to UNHCR	8,651	-	320	320	-96%	..
Kazakhstan	Chechens in need of international protection	3,682	-	3,675	7	0%	..
Lebanon	Syrian nationals of concern to UNHCR	4,840	4,840	-	-	-100%	-100%
Liberia	Refugees from Sierra Leone who are assisted with local integration	1,850	1,850	1,606	1,606	-13%	-13%
Madagascar	Person of concern to UNHCR	1	-	1	-	0%	..
Malaysia	Filipino Muslims	80,000	-	80,000	-	0%	..
Montenegro	Various nationalities	3,938	3,938	5,406	5,406	37%	37%
Nepal	Tibet (recent arrivals)	128	128	1	1	-99%	-99%
Nepal	Dependants of refugees	413	-	446	-	8%	..
Philippines	Rejected Vietnamese of concern to UNHCR	68	-	68	-	0%	..
Russian Federation	Persons of concern to UNHCR (with and without FMS status)	8,398	8,398	7,668	7,668	-9%	-9%
Russian Federation	Syrians of concern to UNHCR	-	-	1,400	-	..	..
Rwanda	Dependants of refugees	-	-	89	-	..	..
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Forced returnees of concern to UNHCR	519	519	680	680	31%	31%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Persons of concern to UNHCR	-	-	43	43	..	..
Slovakia	Refugees in ETC Humenne	46	-	69	-	50%	..
Somalia	Dependants of refugees	11	11	51	51	364%	364%
Sudan	Ethiopians of concern to UNHCR	-	-	3,257	-	..	..
Sudan	Dependants of refugees	124	124	124	124	0%	0%
Tunisia	Persons of concern to UNHCR	-	-	1	1	..	..
Turkey	Chechens in need of international protection	306	-	306	-	0%	..
United Republic of Tanzania	Naturalized ex-refugees from Burundi of concern to UNHCR	162,256	162,256	162,256	162,256	0%	0%
Zambia	Former refugees from Angola of concern to UNHCR	-	-	23,550	-	..	..
Zimbabwe	Dependants of refugees	40	40	22	22	-45%	-45%
Total		1,305,481	1,156,155	1,329,607	1,081,816	2%	-6%

Note

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

TABLE 9 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum | 2012

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal). These data allow for monitoring of the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure for negative decisions. For information on recognition rates, see Table 10.

Country/ territory of asylum	Pending start-2012		Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-2012		Protection indic. ¹	
	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of whom: UNHCR- assisted	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Conven- tion status	Comple. protect. status							
Afghanistan	53	53	19	12	-	9	-	21	51	51	0%	-3.8
Albania	24	24	16	4	-	-	8	12	28	28	67%	16.7
Algeria	816	816	1,545	18	-	230	377	625	1,736	1,733	60%	112.7
Angola	3,167	1,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,336	-	..	542.1
Argentina	1,222	204	1,467	135	-	406	227	768	1,921	204	30%	57.2
Armenia	25	17	595	157	-	28	52	237	383	383	22%	1432.0
Aruba	3	3	5	-	-	-	2	2	6	6	100%	100.0
Australia ²	5,242	-	20,127	8,367	-	9,443	757	18,567	11,051	-	4%	110.8
Austria	21,034	-	17,413	3,680	2,050	10,745	1,878	18,353	22,429	-	10%	6.6
Azerbaijan*	48	48	285	36	14	123	25	198	135	135	13%	181.3
Bahamas	14	14	50	17	-	32	1	50	14	1	2%	0.0
Bahrain	160	160	37	89	7	-	51	147	50	50	35%	-68.8
Bangladesh	2	2	7	4	-	2	-	6	3	3	0%	50.0
Belarus	50	49	134	16	2	75	29	122	62	57	24%	24.0
Belgium*	19,009	-	38,570	4,034	1,569	27,716	2,157	35,781	15,036	-	6%	-20.9
Belize	69	-	58	1	-	41	9	51	76	-	18%	10.1
Benin	358	-	202	175	-	43	211	429	131	131	49%	-63.4
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	18	16	36	14	5	20	7	46	8	8	15%	-55.6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	45	45	53	-	8	37	11	56	42	42	20%	-6.7
Botswana	246	246	104	81	12	6	39	138	212	212	28%	-13.8
Brazil	1,021	935	1,124	191	1	492	20	704	1,441	1,201	3%	41.1
Bulgaria	1,384	-	1,387	18	159	445	253	875	1,270	-	29%	-8.2
Burkina Faso	665	665	22	-	-	-	1	1	686	686	100%	3.2
Burundi	10,060	10,060	8,300	6,422	-	65	5,743	12,230	6,130	6,130	47%	-39.1
Cambodia	48	48	4	13	-	5	10	28	24	-	36%	-50.0
Cameroon	3,298	3,298	3,531	158	-	575	2,970	3,703	3,126	3,126	80%	-5.2
Canada	41,852	-	20,223	10,294	-	14,448	4,697	29,439	32,643	-	16%	-22.0
Cayman Islands	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	0%	-100.0
Central African Rep.	2,448	1,155	156	-	-	-	-	-	2,604	1,155	..	6.4
Chad	165	165	3,979	3,960	-	-	3	3,963	181	181	0%	9.7
Chile	364	304	168	10	-	169	-	179	353	278	0%	-3.0
China	30	-	309	48	4	4	18	74	265	-	24%	783.3
- Hong Kong SAR, China	597	597	1,231	19	-	567	407	993	835	835	41%	39.9
- Macao SAR, China	10	10	1	4	-	-	1	5	6	6	20%	-40.0
Colombia	120	120	111	8	-	76	70	154	77	76	45%	-35.8
Congo	3,011	3,011	458	18	-	54	78	150	3,319	3,319	52%	10.2
Costa Rica	455	455	1,170	122	-	334	535	991	634	634	54%	39.3
Côte d'Ivoire	667	667	70	19	-	188	10	217	520	520	5%	-22.0
Croatia	234	234	1,241	21	12	206	891	1,130	345	345	79%	47.4
Cuba	2	-	63	59	-	2	1	62	3	3	2%	50.0
Curaçao	2	2	29	3	-	2	-	5	26	-	0%	1200.0
Cyprus	3,059	-	2,892	85	43	2,561	626	3,315	2,636	-	19%	-13.8
Czech Rep.	566	-	753	49	149	308	308	814	574	-	38%	1.4
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	1,136	1,136	897	61	-	43	104	208	1,825	1,825	50%	60.7
Denmark	666	-	7,529	1,266	728	2,935	-	4,928	1,563	-	0%	134.7
Djibouti	1,907	79	1,296	107	-	-	1	108	3,095	3,095	1%	62.3
Dominican Rep.	1,785	251	12	33	-	28	969	1,030	767	323	94%	-57.0
Ecuador	21,558	21,558	12,090	1,543	-	15,409	-	16,952	14,567	14,567	0%	-32.4
Egypt	18,605	18,605	6,667	3,243	-	329	4,748	8,320	16,952	16,952	57%	-8.9
El Salvador	5	-	4	7	-	2	-	9	-	-	0%	-100.0
Eritrea	7	4	9	-	-	-	2	2	14	14	100%	100.0
Estonia	9	-	77	8	5	44	12	69	7	-	17%	-22.2
Ethiopia	1,349	1,349	1,222	1,188	-	14	525	1,727	844	844	30%	-37.4
Fiji	1	1	7	1	-	-	-	1	7	7	0%	600.0
Finland	2,283	-	2,922	553	782	1,132	1,047	3,514	1,881	-	30%	-17.6
France	49,240	-	97,643	7,384	2,562	70,022	-	79,968	49,885	-	0%	1.3
Gabon	2,368	2,368	33	-	-	-	21	21	2,380	2,380	100%	0.5
Gambia	25	25	1	26	-	-	-	26	-	-	0%	-100.0
Georgia	40	40	602	27	12	75	61	175	467	467	35%	1067.5
Germany	62,686	-	77,651	8,764	8,376	30,700	13,986	61,826	85,560	-	23%	36.5
Ghana	12,632	12,632	117	9,196	-	54	894	10,144	2,605	2,605	9%	-79.4
Greece	44,302	-	17,338	217	410	12,214	14,824	27,665	36,183	-	54%	-18.3
Guatemala	11	-	18	12	-	-	14	26	3	-	54%	-72.7

.../...

TABLE 9 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal). These data allow for monitoring of the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure for negative decisions. For information on recognition rates, see Table 10.

Country/ territory of asylum	Pending start-2012		Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-2012		Protection indic. ¹	
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				Conven- tion status	Complem. protect. status							
Guinea	605	605	146	41	40	137	1	219	532	532	0%	-12.1
Guinea-Bissau*	94	94	18	1	1	-	2	4	108	108	50%	14.9
Guyana	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	100%	-100.0
Haiti*	6	6	8	-	-	-	2	2	12	12	100%	100.0
Honduras	-	-	9	1	-	-	8	9	-	-	89%	..
Hungary	360	-	2,157	68	288	385	1,464	2,205	386	-	66%	7.2
Iceland	81	-	159	1	-	13	77	91	118	-	85%	45.7
India	3,518	3,518	3,389	2,087	-	818	443	3,348	3,559	3,559	13%	1.2
Indonesia	3,235	3,235	7,223	1,223	-	77	3,032	4,332	6,126	6,126	70%	89.4
Iraq	4,196	4,196	1,003	65	-	1	219	285	4,914	4,914	77%	17.1
Ireland	5,458	-	2,256	112	28	1,683	420	2,243	5,471	-	19%	0.2
Islamic Rep. of Iran	445	445	-	69	-	220	139	428	17	17	32%	-96.2
Israel	6,460	765	1,999	30	-	57	643	2,626	5,699	87	24%	-11.8
Italy	13,525	-	17,352	1,917	6,627	13,898	-	22,442	14,330	-	0%	6.0
Jamaica	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	100%	..
Japan ³	3,698	359	4,329	21	112	2,880	303	3,316	4,711	691	9%	27.4
Jordan	4,975	4,975	2,485	951	-	892	2,681	4,524	2,936	2,936	59%	-41.0
Kazakhstan	74	74	70	16	-	26	17	59	85	74	29%	14.9
Kenya	35,274	35,274	21,242	4,279	40	2,553	7,700	14,572	41,944	41,944	53%	18.9
Kuwait	1,106	1,106	272	111	-	12	426	549	829	829	78%	-25.0
Kyrgyzstan	408	408	183	19	-	39	182	240	351	351	76%	-14.0
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	0%	..
Latvia	231	-	189	10	20	91	126	247	172	-	51%	-25.5
Lebanon	1,736	1,736	2,113	493	16	645	783	1,937	1,912	1,912	40%	10.1
Lesotho	3	-	4	4	-	-	-	4	3	-	0%	0.0
Liberia	574	574	39	23	-	540	2	565	48	48	0%	-91.6
Libya	2,894	2,894	4,457	431	-	-	368	799	6,555	-	46%	126.5
Liechtenstein	31	-	74	18	-	50	20	88	17	-	23%	-45.2
Lithuania	77	-	526	13	37	321	156	527	76	-	30%	-1.3
Luxembourg	1,694	-	2,146	49	6	1,972	879	2,906	1,239	-	30%	-26.9
Madagascar	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	..	0.0
Malawi	10,545	10,545	3,377	159	-	564	3,079	3,802	10,120	10,120	81%	-4.0
Malaysia	10,937	10,937	20,183	13,064	-	1,355	5,051	19,470	11,650	11,647	26%	6.5
Mali*	2,497	2,497	41	23	-	-	2,275	2,298	240	240	99%	-90.4
Malta	1,462	-	2,211	1,264	163	216	79	1,722	767	-	5%	-47.5
Mauritania	282	282	602	10	7	55	14	86	798	798	16%	183.0
Mexico	172	77	811	242	29	173	182	626	357	150	29%	107.6
Mongolia	5	-	8	3	-	-	1	4	9	-	25%	80.0
Montenegro	38	38	1,531	1	1	986	472	1,460	109	42	32%	186.8
Montserrat	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	..	0.0
Morocco	615	615	2,457	105	19	453	317	894	2,178	2,178	35%	254.1
Mozambique	9,592	7,174	2,927	580	-	-	3,739	4,319	8,200	4,812	87%	-14.5
Namibia	928	928	208	-	-	-	47	47	1,089	1,089	100%	17.3
Nauru	-	-	414	-	-	-	35	35	379	-	100%	..
Nepal	928	14	872	60	1,184	160	373	1,777	23	23	21%	-97.5
Netherlands	10,420	-	13,102	700	5,221	8,580	-	14,501	10,420	-	..	0.0
New Zealand	239	-	508	157	-	306	15	478	276	-	3%	15.5
Nicaragua	6	6	69	22	-	-	43	65	10	10	66%	66.7
Niger	103	103	7	-	-	-	2	2	108	106	100%	4.9
Nigeria	1,529	1,529	216	217	-	127	359	703	1,042	1,042	51%	-31.9
Norway	11,166	-	18,309	3,945	1,476	11,046	2,746	19,182	9,354	-	14%	-16.2
Oman	43	43	32	54	1	-	-	55	20	20	0%	-53.5
Pakistan	1,624	1,624	3,934	1,677	-	378	219	2,274	3,284	3,284	10%	102.2
Palau	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	100%	..
Panama	794	736	756	145	-	18	1,022	1,185	365	311	86%	-54.0
Papua New Guinea	1	-	163	9	-	-	-	9	155	-	0%	15400.0
Paraguay	11	11	10	5	-	6	-	11	10	4	0%	-9.1
Peru	494	305	377	154	-	137	102	393	478	212	26%	-3.2
Philippines	58	58	40	31	-	4	31	66	32	32	47%	-44.8
Poland	2,886	-	12,266	125	215	2,857	8,947	12,144	2,390	-	74%	-17.2
Portugal	213	-	299	7	98	4	206	315	197	-	65%	-7.5
Qatar	49	49	23	-	-	4	11	15	57	57	73%	16.3
Rep. of Korea*	1,182	171	1,361	79	31	468	413	987	1,548	275	42%	31.0
Rep. of Moldova	49	49	192	19	48	57	42	166	75	75	25%	53.1

TABLE 9 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

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				Conven- tion status	Comple. protect. status							
Romania	51	51	2,511	161	117	2,102	166	2,546	35	34	7%	-31.4
Russian Federation	962	909	2,321	750	-	1,689	-	2,439	844	844	0%	-12.3
Rwanda	296	296	17,086	15,108	-	797	-	15,905	1,477	1,477	0%	399.0
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	..	..
Saint Lucia	3	3	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	1	0%	-66.7
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	100%	-100.0
Saudi Arabia	80	80	19	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	..	23.8
Senegal	2,263	2,263	171	1	-	96	4	101	2,333	2,333	4%	3.1
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	399	399	2,768	-	-	87	2,748	2,835	332	332	97%	-16.8
Sierra Leone	64	-	11	-	-	-	8	8	67	-	100%	4.7
Singapore	-	-	4	3	-	1	-	4	-	-	0%	..
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	-	-	10	-	-	6	-	6	4	4	0%	..
Slovakia	185	-	732	32	104	201	420	757	194	-	55%	4.9
Slovenia	103	-	305	20	14	167	107	308	100	-	35%	-2.9
Solomon Islands	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	..	..
Somalia	6,016	6,016	3,438	125	-	76	788	989	8,465	8,465	80%	40.7
South Africa ⁴	222,645	-	117,188	7,950	-	96,890	88	104,928	230,442	24,124	0%	3.5
South Sudan	88	-	34	2	-	2	83	87	35	35	95%	-60.2
Spain	2,665	-	2,579	225	295	2,080	36	2,636	2,790	-	1%	4.7
Sri Lanka	204	-	200	93	-	18	30	141	263	-	21%	28.9
Sudan	6,912	102	15,125	14,044	-	129	181	14,354	7,683	1,873	1%	11.2
Suriname	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	..	0.0
Swaziland	332	146	100	10	-	-	-	10	422	245	0%	27.1
Sweden	18,138	-	43,876	4,620	9,088	28,114	7,323	49,145	18,014	-	15%	-0.7
Switzerland	17,258	-	32,359	2,507	1,585	3,402	17,447	32,570	21,709	-	54%	25.8
Syrian Arab Rep.	1,832	1,832	2,024	413	13	729	479	1,634	2,222	2,222	29%	21.3
Tajikistan	1,912	1,092	830	474	-	121	8	603	2,139	1,210	1%	11.9
Thailand	13,356	13,356	3,109	501	-	1,005	379	1,885	14,580	14,580	20%	9.2
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	389	389	638	-	-	-	511	511	516	516	100%	32.6
Timor-Leste	2	2	3	-	-	3	1	4	1	1	25%	-50.0
Togo	378	378	6,074	175	5,791	81	-	6,047	405	405	0%	7.1
Tonga	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	0%	-100.0
Trinidad and Tobago	19	19	5	5	-	5	7	17	7	7	41%	-63.2
Tunisia	486	126	511	341	-	203	113	657	340	36	17%	-30.0
Turkey	10,964	10,964	17,557	10,892	-	626	2,952	14,470	14,051	14,051	20%	28.2
Turks and Caicos Islands	-	-	24	-	-	2	-	2	22	22	0%	..
Uganda	23,453	23,453	14,441	8,558	-	1,261	3	9,822	28,072	28,072	0%	19.7
Ukraine	3,622	3,417	3,285	120	126	817	758	1,821	5,082	3,932	42%	40.3
United Arab Emirates	45	45	246	171	13	7	9	200	91	91	5%	102.2
United Kingdom*	16,907	-	37,066	8,747	1,294	18,820	3,845	32,706	18,916	-	12%	11.9
United Rep. of Tanzania	711	363	202	10	-	-	381	391	522	358	97%	-26.6
United States ⁵	11,857	-	66,101	25,268	-	10,331	46,965	82,564	18,966	-	57%	60.0
Uruguay	51	24	37	3	-	6	40	49	39	35	82%	-23.5
Vanuatu	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	0%	-100.0
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	17,356	17,322	2,004	1,182	-	9,856	7,406	18,444	916	886	40%	-94.7
Yemen	5,878	5,878	3,394	888	-	156	1,745	2,789	6,483	6,483	63%	10.3
Zambia	1,021	1,021	692	332	-	15	173	520	1,193	1,193	33%	16.8
Zimbabwe	436	436	1,088	209	-	342	537	1,088	436	436	49%	0.0
Grand Total	891,258	271,523	915,412	210,851	51,058	437,969	205,351	915,023	928,226	279,701		

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

* Data refers to number of cases or mix of persons and cases.

¹ Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):

Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.

Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December 2012 minus Cases pending as at 1 January 2012 divided by Cases pending as at 1 January 2012 * 100%.

² Australia's official figures are based on the number of applications lodged for protection visas. They do not include the estimated 9,000 to 10,000 asylum-seekers who arrived in Australia by boat in 2012 and have not been able to lodge protection visa applications or who have been transferred to third countries for refugee status determination.

³ Figures are UNHCR estimates.

⁴ Decision data in South Africa are provisional and subject to change.

⁵ Pending cases excludes individuals pending a decision on their asylum claim with the Executive Office for Immigration Review.

TABLE 10 | Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum and level in the procedure | 2012

Country/ territory of asylum	Cases/ Persons***		Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ¹			
	App.	Dec.	T*	L**	Total		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
							Convention status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Afghanistan	P	P	U	FA	53	19	12	-	9	-	21	51	57.1	57.1	0.0	-3.8
Albania	P	P	G	FA	24	16	4	-	-	8	12	28	100.0	100.0	66.7	16.7
Algeria	P	P	U	FI	792	1,423	18	-	177	364	559	1,656	9.2	9.2	65.1	109.1
Algeria	P	P	U	AR	13	67	-	-	52	8	60	20	0.0	0.0	13.3	53.8
Algeria	P	P	U	RA	11	55	-	-	1	5	6	60	0.0	0.0	83.3	445.5
Angola	P	P	G	FA	3,167	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,336	..	..	..	542.1
Argentina	P	P	G	FI	1,222	1,467	135	-	406	227	768	1,921	25.0	25.0	29.6	57.2
Armenia	P	P	G	FI	8	580	155	-	19	46	220	368	89.1	89.1	20.9	4500.0
Armenia	P	P	G	JR	17	13	-	-	9	6	15	15	0.0	0.0	40.0	-11.8
Armenia	P	P	U	FI	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Aruba	P	P	G	FI	3	5	-	-	-	2	2	6	..	..	100.0	100.0
Australia ²	C	C	G	AR	1,874	4,341	3,122	-	3,293	223	6,638	3,300	48.7	48.7	3.4	76.1
Australia ²	P	P	G	FI	3,368	15,786	5,245	-	6,150	534	11,929	7,751	46.0	46.0	4.5	130.1
Austria	P	P	G	FA	20,580	17,413	3,680	2,050	10,745	1,878	18,353	21,806	22.3	34.8	10.2	6.0
Austria	P	P	G	JR	454	-	-	-	-	-	-	623	..	..	..	37.2
Azerbaijan	C	C	G	JR	2	4	-	-	5	1	6	-	0.0	0.0	16.7	-100.0
Azerbaijan	P	P	G	FI	13	107	3	-	89	1	93	27	3.3	3.3	1.1	107.7
Azerbaijan	P	P	U	FI	33	174	33	14	29	23	99	108	43.4	61.8	23.2	227.3
Bahamas	P	P	J	FI	14	50	17	-	32	1	50	14	34.7	34.7	2.0	0.0
Bahrain	P	P	U	FI	160	37	89	7	-	51	147	50	92.7	100.0	34.7	-68.8
Bangladesh	P	P	U	FI	2	6	4	-	2	-	6	2	66.7	66.7	0.0	0.0
Bangladesh	P	P	U	AR	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	..	..	..	..
Belarus	P	P	G	FI	32	106	16	1	47	15	79	59	25.0	26.6	19.0	84.4
Belarus	P	P	G	JR	4	28	-	1	28	-	29	3	0.0	3.4	0.0	-25.0
Belarus	P	P	U	FI	14	-	-	-	-	14	14	-	..	..	100.0	-100.0
Belgium	C	C	G	JR	1,913	10,934	-	-	9,425	609	10,339	1,113	0.0	0.0	5.9	-41.8
Belgium	P	P	G	FI	17,096	18,525	4,034	1,569	18,291	1,548	25,442	13,923	16.9	23.4	6.1	-18.6
Belgium	P	P	G	RA	-	9,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Belize	P	P	G	FI	69	58	1	-	41	9	51	76	2.4	2.4	17.6	10.1
Benin	P	P	G	FI	353	188	162	-	42	206	410	131	79.4	79.4	50.2	-62.9
Benin	P	P	G	AR	5	14	13	-	1	5	19	-	92.9	92.9	26.3	-100.0
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	P	P	G	FI	18	36	14	5	20	7	46	8	35.9	48.7	15.2	-55.6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	P	P	G	FA	45	53	-	8	37	11	56	42	0.0	17.8	19.6	-6.7
Botswana	P	P	J	FI	246	104	81	12	6	39	138	212	81.8	93.9	28.3	-13.8
Brazil	P	P	G	FI	1,021	1,124	191	1	492	20	704	1,441	27.9	28.1	2.8	41.1
Bulgaria	P	P	G	FA	1,384	1,229	18	159	445	253	875	1,270	2.9	28.5	28.9	-8.2
Bulgaria	P	P	G	RA	-	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Burkina Faso	P	P	G	FI	665	22	-	-	-	1	1	686	..	..	100.0	3.2
Burundi	P	P	G	FA	10,060	8,300	6,422	-	65	5,743	12,230	6,130	99.0	99.0	47.0	-39.1
Cambodia	P	P	G	FI	43	4	13	-	-	10	23	24	100.0	100.0	43.5	-44.2
Cambodia	P	P	G	AR	5	-	-	-	5	-	5	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Cameroon	P	P	U	FA	3,207	3,527	157	-	551	2,928	3,636	3,098	22.2	22.2	80.5	-3.4
Cameroon	P	P	U	RA	91	4	1	-	24	42	67	28	4.0	4.0	62.7	-69.2
Canada	P	P	G	FI	41,852	20,223	10,294	-	14,448	4,697	29,439	32,643	41.6	41.6	16.0	-22.0
Cayman Islands	P	P	G	FI	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0
Central African Rep.	P	P	G	FI	2,448	156	-	-	-	-	-	2,604	..	..	..	6.4
Chad	P	P	G	FA	165	3,979	3,960	-	-	3	3,963	181	100.0	100.0	0.1	9.7
Chile	P	P	G	FI	364	168	10	-	169	-	179	353	5.6	5.6	0.0	-3.0
China	P	P	U	FA	30	309	48	4	4	18	74	265	85.7	92.9	24.3	783.3
- Hong Kong SAR, China	P	P	U	FI	412	960	16	-	348	359	723	649	4.4	4.4	49.7	57.5
- Hong Kong SAR, China	P	P	U	AR	149	240	2	-	214	25	241	148	0.9	0.9	10.4	-0.7
- Hong Kong SAR, China	P	P	U	RA	36	31	1	-	5	23	29	38	16.7	16.7	79.3	5.6
- Macao SAR, China	P	P	J	FA	10	1	4	-	-	1	5	6	100.0	100.0	20.0	-40.0
Colombia	P	P	G	FI	116	99	7	-	61	70	138	77	10.3	10.3	50.7	-33.6
Colombia	P	P	G	AR	-	12	1	-	11	-	12	-	8.3	8.3	0.0	..
Colombia	P	P	G	JR	4	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Congo	P	P	G	FA	3,011	458	18	-	54	78	150	3,319	25.0	25.0	52.0	10.2
Costa Rica	P	P	G	FI	455	1,170	122	-	334	535	991	634	26.8	26.8	54.0	39.3
Côte d'Ivoire	P	P	J	FI	667	70	19	-	188	10	217	520	9.2	9.2	4.6	-22.0
Croatia	P	P	G	FI	226	1,193	21	12	164	883	1,080	339	10.7	16.8	81.8	50.0
Croatia	P	P	G	JR	-	48	-	-	39	3	42	6	0.0	0.0	7.1	..
Croatia	P	P	G	AR	8	-	-	-	3	5	8	-	0.0	0.0	62.5	-100.0
Cuba	P	P	U	FA	2	63	59	-	2	1	62	3	96.7	96.7	1.6	50.0

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TABLE 10 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum and level in the procedure | 2012 (ctnd)

Country/ territory of asylum	Cases/ Persons ***		Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ¹				
	App.	Dec.	T *	L **			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates		O/w closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
								Convention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
	Ref. status	Total	O/w closed rate	Change pending cases (%)													
Curaçao	P	P	U	FI	2	29	3	-	2	-	5	26	60.0	60.0	0.0	1200.0	
Cyprus	P	P	G	FI	1,193	1,630	80	25	1,231	255	1,591	1,232	6.0	7.9	16.0	3.3	
Cyprus	P	P	G	AR	1,832	1,166	5	18	1,330	297	1,650	1,348	0.4	1.7	18.0	-26.4	
Cyprus	P	P	U	FA	34	96	-	-	-	74	74	56	..	..	100.0	64.7
Czech Rep.	P	P	G	FI	566	753	49	149	308	308	814	574	9.7	39.1	37.8	1.4	
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	P	P	U	FI	1,136	897	61	-	43	104	208	1,825	58.7	58.7	50.0	60.7	
Denmark	P	P	G	FI	666	6,186	1,037	545	1,858	-	3,439	692	30.1	46.0	0.0	3.9	
Denmark	P	P	G	AR	-	1,343	229	183	1,077	-	1,489	871	15.4	27.7	0.0	..	
Djibouti	P	P	J	FI	1,907	1,296	107	-	-	1	108	3,095	100.0	100.0	0.9	62.3	
Dominican Rep.	P	P	G	FI	1,785	12	33	-	28	-	969	1,030	767	54.1	54.1	94.1	-57.0
Ecuador	P	P	G	FA	21,558	12,090	1,543	-	15,409	-	16,952	14,567	9.1	9.1	0.0	-32.4	
Egypt	P	P	U	FI	18,605	6,667	3,243	-	329	4,748	8,320	16,952	90.8	90.8	57.1	-8.9	
El Salvador	P	P	G	FI	5	4	7	-	2	-	9	-	77.8	77.8	0.0	-100.0	
Eritrea	P	P	U	FA	7	9	-	-	-	2	2	14	..	..	100.0	100.0
Estonia	P	P	G	FI	9	77	8	5	44	12	69	7	14.0	22.8	17.4	-22.2	
Ethiopia	P	P	J	FI	1,349	1,222	1,188	-	14	525	1,727	844	98.8	98.8	30.4	-37.4	
Fiji	P	P	J	FI	1	7	1	-	-	-	1	7	100.0	100.0	0.0	600.0	
Finland	P	P	G	FI	2,283	2,922	553	782	1,132	1,047	3,514	1,881	22.4	54.1	29.8	-17.6	
France	P	P	G	FI	22,627	55,068	3,133	1,185	41,617	-	45,935	24,260	6.8	9.4	0.0	7.2	
France	P	P	G	AR	26,613	36,362	4,251	1,377	28,405	-	34,033	25,625	12.5	16.5	0.0	-3.7	
France	P	P	G	RA	-	6,213	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Gabon	P	P	G	FA	2,368	33	-	-	-	21	21	2,380	..	..	100.0	0.5
Gambia	P	P	G	FI	25	1	26	-	-	-	26	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0	
Georgia	P	P	G	FA	40	602	27	12	75	61	175	467	23.7	34.2	34.9	1067.5	
Germany	P	P	G	NA	29,502	64,539	8,072	5,706	29,431	5,454	48,663	45,462	18.7	31.9	11.2	54.1	
Germany	P	P	G	RA	4,271	13,112	692	2,670	1,269	8,532	13,163	4,349	14.9	72.6	64.8	1.8	
Germany	P	P	G	JR	28,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,749	..	..	..	23.6
Ghana	P	P	G	FI	12,632	117	9,196	-	54	894	10,144	2,605	99.4	99.4	8.8	-79.4	
Greece	P	P	G	FI	7,488	9,577	32	64	11,097	4,689	15,882	1,183	0.3	0.9	29.5	-84.2	
Greece	P	P	G	AR	36,814	7,761	185	346	1,117	10,135	11,783	35,000	11.2	32.2	86.0	-4.9	
Guatemala	P	P	G	FI	11	18	12	-	-	14	26	3	100.0	100.0	53.8	-72.7	
Guinea	P	P	G	FA	605	146	41	40	137	1	219	532	18.8	37.2	0.5	-12.1	
Guinea-Bissau	C	C	G	FI	94	18	1	1	-	2	4	108	50.0	100.0	50.0	14.9	
Guyana	P	P	U	FI	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	..	..	100.0	-100.0
Haiti	C	C	U	FI	6	8	-	-	-	2	2	12	..	..	100.0	100.0
Honduras	P	P	G	FI	-	9	1	-	-	8	9	-	100.0	100.0	88.9	..	
Hungary	P	P	G	FI	360	2,157	68	288	385	1,464	2,205	386	9.2	48.0	66.4	7.2	
Iceland	P	P	G	FI	48	113	1	-	4	40	45	69	20.0	20.0	88.9	43.8	
Iceland	P	P	G	AR	33	46	-	-	9	37	46	49	0.0	0.0	80.4	48.5	
India	P	P	U	FI	3,380	2,936	1,978	-	401	433	2,812	3,504	83.1	83.1	15.4	3.7	
India	P	P	U	AR	138	453	109	-	417	10	536	55	20.7	20.7	1.9	-60.1	
Indonesia	P	P	U	FA	3,235	7,223	1,223	-	77	3,032	4,332	6,126	94.1	94.1	70.0	89.4	
Iraq	P	P	U	FI	4,196	1,003	65	-	1	219	285	4,914	98.5	98.5	76.8	17.1	
Ireland	P	P	G	FI	248	1,104	67	-	700	366	1,133	219	8.7	8.7	32.3	-11.7	
Ireland	P	P	G	AR	643	641	45	-	606	54	705	579	6.9	6.9	7.7	-10.0	
Ireland	P	P	G	SP	3,728	511	-	28	377	-	405	3,834	0.0	6.9	0.0	2.8	
Ireland	P	P	G	JR	839	-	-	-	-	-	-	839	..	..	..	0.0
Islamic Rep. of Iran	P	P	U	FI	445	-	69	-	220	139	428	17	23.9	23.9	32.5	-96.2	
Israel	P	P	G	FI	6,412	1,096	-	-	-	-	1,896	5,612	..	..	0.0	-12.5
Israel	P	P	U	FI	48	903	30	-	57	643	730	87	34.5	34.5	88.1	81.3	
Italy	P	P	G	FI	13,525	17,352	1,917	6,627	13,898	-	22,442	14,330	8.5	38.1	0.0	6.0	
Jamaica	P	P	G	FI	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	..	..	100.0	..
Japan ³	P	P	G	FI	863	2,545	5	60	2,083	110	2,258	1,150	0.2	3.0	4.9	33.3	
Japan ³	P	P	G	AR	2,600	1,738	13	52	790	193	1,048	3,290	1.5	7.6	18.4	26.5	
Japan ³	P	P	G	JR	235	46	3	-	7	-	10	271	30.0	30.0	0.0	15.3	
Jordan	P	P	U	FA	4,975	2,485	951	-	892	2,681	4,524	2,936	51.6	51.6	59.3	-41.0	
Kazakhstan	P	P	G	FI	51	50	16	-	25	11	52	49	39.0	39.0	21.2	-3.9	
Kazakhstan	P	P	U	FI	23	20	-	-	1	6	7	36	0.0	0.0	85.7	56.5	
Kenya	P	P	U	FI	34,232	19,973	4,198	40	2,314	7,674	14,226	39,979	64.1	64.7	53.9	16.8	
Kenya	P	P	U	AR	1,042	1,269	81	-	239	26	346	1,965	25.3	25.3	7.5	88.6	
Kuwait	P	P	U	FA	1,106	272	111	-	12	426	549	829	90.2	90.2	77.6	-25.0	
Kyrgyzstan	P	P	G	FI	209	126	-	-	23	143	166	169	0.0	0.0	86.1	-19.1	
Kyrgyzstan	P	P	U	FA	199	57	19	-	16	39	74	182	54.3	54.3	52.7	-8.5	
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	P	P	U	FI	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	

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TABLE 10 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum and level in the procedure | 2012 (ctnd)

Country/ territory of asylum	Cases/ Persons ^{***}		Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ¹			
	App.	Dec.	T*	L**			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
					Convention status	Complem. protect. status		Ref. status	Total							
Latvia	P	P	G	FI	231	189	10	20	91	126	247	172	8.3	24.8	51.0	-25.5
Lebanon	P	P	U	FI	1,480	1,783	458	16	445	688	1,607	1,656	49.8	51.6	42.8	11.9
Lebanon	P	P	U	AR	228	237	35	-	200	24	259	206	14.9	14.9	9.3	-9.6
Lebanon	P	P	U	RA	28	93	-	-	-	71	71	50	..	..	100.0	78.6
Lesotho	P	P	G	FI	3	4	4	-	-	-	4	3	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Liberia	P	P	J	FA	574	39	23	-	540	2	565	48	4.1	4.1	0.4	-91.6
Libya	P	P	U	FI	2,894	4,457	431	-	-	368	799	6,555	100.0	100.0	46.1	126.5
Liechtenstein	P	P	G	FI	31	74	18	-	50	20	88	17	26.5	26.5	22.7	-45.2
Lithuania	P	P	G	FI	77	526	13	37	321	156	527	76	3.5	13.5	29.6	-1.3
Luxembourg	P	P	G	FI	1,663	2,003	41	5	1,896	770	2,712	1,218	2.1	2.4	28.4	-26.8
Luxembourg	P	P	G	JR	31	90	1	-	76	22	99	21	1.3	1.3	22.2	-32.3
Luxembourg	P	P	G	RA	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Luxembourg	P	P	G	AR	-	-	7	1	-	87	95	-	87.5	100.0	91.6	..
Madagascar	P	P	U	FI	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	..	..	..	0.0
Malawi	P	P	G	FI	7,919	2,699	159	-	564	2,696	3,419	7,199	22.0	22.0	78.9	-9.1
Malawi	P	P	G	AR	2,626	678	-	-	-	383	383	2,921	..	..	100.0	11.2
Malaysia	P	P	U	FI	9,992	19,410	12,790	-	933	5,046	18,769	10,633	93.2	93.2	26.9	6.4
Malaysia	P	P	U	AR	945	773	274	-	422	5	701	1,017	39.4	39.4	0.7	7.6
Mali	P	C	G	FI	2,497	41	23	-	-	2,275	2,298	240	100.0	100.0	99.0	-90.4
Malta	P	P	G	FI	169	2,056	1,264	163	147	64	1,638	681	80.3	90.7	3.9	303.0
Malta	P	P	G	AR	1,293	155	-	-	69	15	84	86	0.0	0.0	17.9	-93.3
Mauritania	P	P	U	FA	282	602	10	7	55	14	86	798	13.9	23.6	16.3	183.0
Mexico	P	P	G	FI	172	811	242	29	173	182	626	357	54.5	61.0	29.1	107.6
Mongolia	P	P	U	FI	5	8	3	-	-	1	4	9	100.0	100.0	25.0	80.0
Montenegro	P	P	G	FA	38	1,531	1	1	986	472	1,460	109	0.1	0.2	32.3	186.8
Montserrat	P	P	U	FI	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	..	..	..	0.0
Morocco	P	P	U	FI	464	2,297	104	19	240	269	632	2,129	28.7	33.9	42.6	358.8
Morocco	P	P	U	AR	151	160	1	-	213	48	262	49	0.5	0.5	18.3	-67.5
Mozambique	P	P	G	FI	8,869	2,927	580	-	-	3,655	4,235	7,561	100.0	100.0	86.3	-14.7
Mozambique	P	P	G	JR	723	-	-	-	-	84	84	639	..	..	100.0	-11.6
Namibia	P	P	G	FI	928	208	-	-	-	47	47	1,089	..	..	100.0	17.3
Nauru	P	P	G	FI	-	414	-	-	-	35	35	379	..	..	100.0	..
Nepal	P	P	G	FI	914	790	-	1,184	149	371	1,704	-	0.0	88.8	21.8	-100.0
Nepal	P	P	U	FI	12	73	58	-	10	1	69	16	85.3	85.3	1.4	33.3
Nepal	P	P	U	AR	2	9	2	-	1	1	4	7	66.7	66.7	25.0	250.0
Netherlands	P	P	G	FI	10,420	9,664	630	4,877	7,933	-	13,440	10,420	4.7	41.0	..	0.0
Netherlands	P	P	G	JR	-	-	70	344	647	-	1,061	-	6.6	39.0	..	..
Netherlands	P	P	G	RA	-	3,438	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
New Zealand	P	P	G	FI	118	324	91	-	235	-	326	116	27.9	27.9	..	-1.7
New Zealand	P	P	G	AR	121	184	66	-	71	15	152	160	48.2	48.2	..	32.2
Nicaragua	P	P	G	FI	6	69	22	-	-	43	65	10	100.0	100.0	66.2	66.7
Niger	P	P	G	FI	76	7	-	-	-	2	2	81	..	..	100.0	6.6
Niger	P	P	G	AR	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	..	..	..	0.0
Nigeria	P	P	G	FA	1,529	216	217	-	127	359	703	1,042	63.1	63.1	51.1	-31.9
Norway	P	P	G	FI	4,164	9,785	3,666	1,184	3,820	2,336	11,006	2,934	42.3	55.9	21.2	-29.5
Norway	P	P	G	AR	7,002	8,524	279	292	7,226	410	8,176	6,420	3.6	7.3	5.0	-8.3
Oman	P	P	U	FI	43	32	54	1	-	-	55	20	98.2	100.0	0.0	-53.5
Pakistan	P	P	U	FA	1,624	3,934	1,677	-	378	219	2,274	3,284	81.6	81.6	9.6	102.2
Palau	P	P	U	FI	-	3	-	-	-	1	1	2	..	..	100.0	..
Panama	P	P	G	FI	794	756	145	-	18	1,022	1,185	365	89.0	89.0	86.2	-54.0
Papua New Guinea	P	P	U	FI	-	163	8	-	-	-	8	155	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Papua New Guinea	P	P	U	AR	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0
Paraguay	P	P	G	FI	11	10	5	-	6	-	11	10	45.5	45.5	0.0	-9.1
Peru	P	P	G	FI	494	377	154	-	137	102	393	478	52.9	52.9	26.0	-3.2
Philippines	P	P	G	FI	58	40	31	-	4	31	66	32	88.6	88.6	47.0	-44.8
Poland	P	P	G	FI	2,886	9,167	106	164	1,958	8,753	10,981	2,390	4.8	12.1	79.7	-17.2
Poland	P	P	G	RA	-	1,594	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Poland	P	P	G	AR	-	1,505	19	51	899	194	1,163	-	2.0	7.2	16.7	..
Portugal	P	P	G	FI	213	299	7	98	4	206	315	197	6.4	96.3	65.4	-7.5
Qatar	P	P	U	FI	49	23	-	-	4	11	15	57	0.0	0.0	73.3	16.3
Rep. of Korea	C	C	G	JR	147	218	19	-	93	38	150	215	17.0	17.0	25.3	46.3
Rep. of Korea	P	P	G	FA	1,035	1,143	60	31	375	375	837	1,333	12.9	19.5	44.8	28.8
Rep. of Moldova	P	P	G	FI	34	177	17	47	42	42	148	63	16.0	60.4	28.4	85.3
Rep. of Moldova	P	P	G	JR	15	15	2	1	15	-	18	12	11.1	16.7	0.0	-20.0

.../...

TABLE 10 **Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum and level in the procedure | 2012 (ctnd)**

Country/ territory of asylum	Cases/ Persons ***		Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ¹			
	App.	Dec.	T*	L**			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Total	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
					Convention status	Complem. protect. status		Ref. status	Total							
	App.	Dec.	T*	L**	Total	Applied during 2012	Convention status	Complem. protect. status	Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	Ref. status	Total	O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
Romania	P	P	G	FA	51	2,511	161	117	2,102	166	2,546	35	6.8	11.7	6.5	-31.4
Russian Federation	P	P	G	FI	706	1,243	94	-	1,237	-	1,331	618	7.1	7.1	0.0	-12.5
Russian Federation	P	P	G	TA	256	1,078	656	-	452	-	1,108	226	59.2	59.2	0.0	-11.7
Rwanda	P	P	J	FI	296	17,086	15,108	-	797	-	15,905	1,477	95.0	95.0	0.0	399.0
Saint Kitts and Nevis	P	P	U	FI	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	..	..	..	..
Saint Lucia	P	P	U	FI	3	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-66.7
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	P	P	U	FI	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	..	..	100.0	-100.0
Saudi Arabia	P	P	U	FI	80	19	-	-	-	-	-	99	..	..	..	23.8
Senegal	P	P	G	FI	2,263	171	1	-	96	4	101	2,333	1.0	1.0	4.0	3.1
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	P	P	G	FI	9	45	-	-	29	14	43	11	0.0	0.0	32.6	22.2
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	P	P	J	FI	390	2,723	-	-	58	2,734	2,792	321	0.0	0.0	97.9	-17.7
Sierra Leone	P	P	G	FI	64	11	-	-	-	8	8	67	..	..	100.0	4.7
Singapore	P	P	U	FA	-	4	3	-	1	-	4	-	75.0	75.0	0.0	..
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	P	P	U	FI	-	10	-	-	6	-	6	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Slovakia	P	P	G	FI	121	732	32	104	201	420	757	101	9.5	40.4	55.5	-16.5
Slovakia	P	P	G	AR	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	93	..	..	..	45.3
Slovenia	P	P	G	FI	103	305	20	14	167	107	308	100	10.0	16.9	34.7	-2.9
Solomon Islands	P	P	J	FI	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	..	..	..	..
Somalia	P	P	U	FI	6,016	3,438	125	-	76	788	989	8,465	62.2	62.2	79.7	40.7
South Africa ⁴	P	P	G	FI	66,303	82,067	6,226	-	57,002	7	63,235	85,024	9.8	9.8	0.0	28.2
South Africa	P	P	G	JR	68,740	30,149	1,676	-	38,628	-	40,304	58,585	4.2	4.2	0.0	-14.8
South Africa	P	P	G	AR	87,602	4,972	48	-	1,260	81	1,389	86,833	3.7	3.7	5.8	-0.9
South Sudan	P	P	U	FI	88	34	2	-	2	83	87	35	50.0	50.0	95.4	-60.2
Spain	P	P	G	FI	2,665	2,579	225	295	2,080	36	2,636	2,790	8.7	20.0	1.4	4.7
Sri Lanka	P	P	U	FA	204	200	93	-	18	30	141	263	83.8	83.8	21.3	28.9
Sudan	P	P	G	FI	6,719	14,240	13,943	-	127	171	14,241	6,718	99.1	99.1	1.2	0.0
Sudan	P	P	U	FI	193	885	101	-	2	10	113	965	98.1	98.1	8.8	400.0
Suriname	P	P	U	FI	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	..	..	..	0.0
Swaziland	P	P	G	FI	332	100	10	-	-	-	10	422	100.0	100.0	0.0	27.1
Sweden	P	P	G	FI	10,647	43,876	3,959	8,471	12,861	5,368	30,659	18,014	15.7	49.1	17.5	69.2
Sweden	P	P	G	AR	7,491	-	661	617	15,253	1,955	18,486	-	4.0	7.7	10.6	-100.0
Switzerland ⁵	P	P	G	FI	13,694	25,948	2,507	1,585	3,402	17,447	24,941	18,979	33.5	54.6	70.0	38.6
Switzerland	P	P	G	AR	3,564	6,411	-	-	-	-	7,629	2,730	..	..	..	-23.4
Syrian Arab Rep.	P	P	U	FI	1,619	1,793	364	13	600	471	1,448	1,964	37.3	38.6	32.5	21.3
Syrian Arab Rep.	P	P	U	AR	201	134	34	-	122	5	161	174	21.8	21.8	3.1	-13.4
Syrian Arab Rep.	P	P	U	RA	12	97	15	-	7	3	25	84	68.2	68.2	12.0	600.0
Tajikistan	P	P	G	FA	1,820	684	457	-	118	-	575	1,929	79.5	79.5	0.0	6.0
Tajikistan	P	P	U	FI	92	146	17	-	3	8	28	210	85.0	85.0	28.6	128.3
Thailand	P	P	G	FA	12,394	1,133	-	-	-	67	67	13,460	..	..	100.0	8.6
Thailand	P	P	U	FI	639	1,388	408	-	491	236	1,135	892	45.4	45.4	20.8	39.6
Thailand	P	P	U	AR	292	438	71	-	416	28	515	215	14.6	14.6	5.4	-26.4
Thailand	P	P	U	RA	31	150	22	-	98	48	168	13	18.3	18.3	28.6	-58.1
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	P	P	G	FA	389	638	-	-	-	511	511	516	..	..	100.0	32.6
Timor-Leste	P	P	G	FI	2	3	-	-	3	1	4	1	0.0	0.0	25.0	-50.0
Togo	P	P	G	FI	378	6,074	175	5,791	81	-	6,047	405	2.9	98.7	0.0	7.1
Tonga	P	P	U	FI	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	50.0	50.0	0.0	-100.0
Trinidad and Tobago	P	P	U	FI	19	5	5	-	5	7	17	7	50.0	50.0	41.2	-63.2
Tunisia	P	P	U	FI	300	455	298	-	38	90	426	329	88.7	88.7	21.1	9.7
Tunisia	P	P	U	AR	186	56	43	-	165	23	231	11	20.7	20.7	10.0	-94.1
Turkey	P	P	U	FI	10,369	16,725	10,695	-	502	2,239	13,436	13,658	95.5	95.5	16.7	31.7
Turkey	P	P	U	AR	561	716	176	-	121	677	974	303	59.3	59.3	69.5	-46.0
Turkey	P	P	U	RA	34	116	21	-	3	36	60	90	87.5	87.5	60.0	164.7
Turks and Caicos Islands	P	P	U	FI	-	24	-	-	2	-	2	22	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Uganda	P	P	G	FA	23,453	14,441	8,558	-	1,261	3	9,822	28,072	87.2	87.2	0.0	19.7
Ukraine	P	P	G	FI	1,269	1,860	63	89	641	407	1,200	1,929	7.9	19.2	33.9	52.0
Ukraine	P	P	G	AR	2,179	1,379	12	37	156	253	458	3,100	5.9	23.9	55.2	42.3
Ukraine	P	P	U	FA	174	46	45	-	20	98	163	53	69.2	69.2	60.1	-69.5
United Arab Emirates	P	P	U	FA	45	246	171	13	7	9	200	91	89.5	96.3	4.5	102.2
United Kingdom	C	C	G	AR	8,050	8,172	2,192	-	5,447	590	8,229	6,100	28.7	28.7	7.2	-24.2
United Kingdom	P	P	G	FI	8,857	27,978	6,542	1,255	13,277	3,087	24,161	12,816	31.0	37.0	12.8	44.7
United Kingdom	P	P	G	RA	-	916	13	39	96	168	316	-	8.8	35.1	53.2	..

TABLE 10 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by country/territory of asylum and level in the procedure | 2012 (ctnd)

Country/ territory of asylum	Cases/ Persons***		Procedure		Pending start-12		Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ¹			
	App.	Dec.	T*	L**	Total	Applied during 2012	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
							Convention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
United Rep. of Tanzania	P	P	J	FI	711	202	10	-	-	381	391	522	100.0	100.0	97.4	-26.6
United States	C	C	G	IN	11,857	43,054	14,350	-	1,120	22,742	38,212	18,966	92.8	92.8	59.5	60.0
United States ⁶	P	P	G	EO	-	23,047	10,918	-	9,211	24,223	44,352	-	54.2	54.2	54.6	..
Uruguay	P	P	G	FI	51	37	3	-	6	40	49	39	33.3	33.3	81.6	-23.5
Vanuatu	P	P	U	FI	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	P	P	G	FI	17,356	2,004	1,182	-	9,856	7,406	18,444	916	10.7	10.7	40.2	-94.7
Yemen	P	P	U	FA	5,878	3,394	888	-	156	1,745	2,789	6,483	85.1	85.1	62.6	10.3
Zambia	P	P	G	FI	1,021	692	332	-	15	173	520	1,193	95.7	95.7	33.3	16.8
Zimbabwe	P	P	G	FI	436	1,088	209	-	342	537	1,088	436	37.9	37.9	49.4	0.0
Total					891,258	915,412	210,851	51,058	437,969	205,351	915,023	928,226				

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

1 Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):

Refugee status recognition rate: Recognized divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.

Total recognition rate: Recognized plus Other positive divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.

Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.

Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December minus Cases pending as at 1 January divided by Cases pending as at 1 January * 100%.

2 Australia's official figures are based on the number of applications lodged for protection visas. They do not include the estimated 9,000 to 10,000 asylum-seekers who arrived in Australia by boat in 2012 and have not been able to lodge protection visa applications or who have been transferred to third countries for refugee status determination.

3 Figures are UNHCR estimates.

4 Decision data in South Africa are provisional and subject to change.

5 Switzerland (FI): complementary protection refers to the year when it enters into force even though it might have been granted earlier.

6 Pending cases excludes individuals pending a decision on their asylum claim with the Executive Office for Immigration Review.

* T=Type: G=Government; U=UNHCR; J=Government and UNHCR jointly.

** L=Level: NA=New Applications; FI=First instance decisions; AR=Administrative Review decisions; RA=Repeat/reopened applications; IN=US Citizenship and Immigration Services; EO=US Executive Office of Immigration Review; JR=Judicial Review; SP=Subsidiary protection; BL=backlog procedure; FA=First instance and appeal; TP=Temporary protection; TA=Temporary asylum.

*** Data refers to number of cases (C) or persons (P); App. = Applications; Dec. = Decisions taken during the year.

TABLE 11 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin | 2012

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal).

These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2012		Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-2012		Protection indicators ¹			
	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Convention status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Afghanistan	39,076	10,572	55,879	12,871	6,989	17,178	8,478	45,835	52,074	15,968	34.8	53.6	18.5	33.3
Albania	2,203	2	9,067	575	256	4,905	1,047	6,791	3,428	1	10.0	14.5	15.4	55.6
Algeria	2,146	85	8,275	182	58	5,571	2,017	7,948	2,429	116	3.1	4.1	25.4	13.2
Andorra	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Angola	825	178	2,311	162	85	1,411	138	1,840	1,164	144	9.8	14.9	7.5	41.1
Antigua and Barbuda	33	-	41	12	-	26	8	46	34	-	31.6	31.6	17.4	3.0
Argentina	55	6	116	5	3	50	87	145	48	5	8.6	13.8	60.0	-12.7
Armenia	2,687	36	8,478	397	282	6,705	927	8,378	2,819	33	5.4	9.2	11.1	4.9
Aruba	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	..	..	100.0	..
Australia	8	-	19	-	-	15	6	21	9	1	0.0	0.0	28.6	12.5
Austria	2	-	7	-	-	2	1	3	6	-	0.0	0.0	33.3	200.0
Azerbaijan	2,203	39	2,859	277	65	1,909	280	2,543	2,124	25	12.3	15.2	11.0	-3.6
Bahamas	37	-	40	15	-	19	13	47	38	-	44.1	44.1	27.7	2.7
Bahrain	76	2	128	69	-	41	21	131	78	7	62.7	62.7	16.0	2.6
Bangladesh	5,434	327	17,660	769	155	16,547	1,331	18,820	8,184	747	4.4	5.3	7.1	50.6
Barbados	75	-	52	23	-	36	8	67	59	1	39.0	39.0	11.9	-21.3
Belarus	1,000	14	2,116	360	50	1,058	715	2,209	956	22	24.5	27.9	32.4	-4.4
Belgium	5	1	20	5	-	13	9	27	16	1	27.8	27.8	33.3	220.0
Belize	18	-	40	10	-	14	22	46	8	-	41.7	41.7	47.8	-55.6
Benin	285	31	491	15	7	274	74	375	441	44	5.1	7.4	19.7	54.7
Bermuda	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	-	..	..	100.0	-20.0
Bhutan	1,019	9	961	38	1,186	250	392	1,866	103	12	2.6	83.0	21.0	-89.9
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	162	41	229	37	2	107	93	239	153	34	25.3	26.7	38.9	-5.6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1,989	6	6,914	47	117	5,363	1,514	7,295	2,667	-	0.9	3.0	20.8	34.1
Botswana	175	1	146	90	2	75	20	187	128	2	53.9	55.1	10.7	-26.9
Brazil	201	6	648	68	1	212	421	702	251	5	24.2	24.6	60.0	24.9
British Virgin Islands	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Brunei Darussalam	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	0.0	0.0	50.0	-100.0
Bulgaria	180	1	364	53	1	212	199	477	144	2	19.9	20.3	41.7	-20.0
Burkina Faso	355	36	855	159	52	599	219	1,036	516	37	19.6	26.0	21.1	45.4
Burundi	9,890	7,457	8,472	2,380	21	2,075	1,248	5,726	12,966	9,694	53.2	53.6	21.8	31.1
Cambodia	186	75	289	73	-	160	47	280	213	36	31.3	31.3	16.8	14.5
Cameroon	2,717	666	4,990	791	65	2,849	720	4,466	3,398	1,207	21.3	23.1	16.1	25.1
Canada	8	2	54	11	1	31	26	70	10	-	25.6	27.9	37.1	25.0
Cape Verde	8	2	23	-	-	11	5	16	13	2	0.0	0.0	31.3	62.5
Cayman Islands	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	-100.0
Central African Rep.	1,813	1,779	3,500	1,706	-	392	1,302	3,400	1,907	1,863	81.3	81.3	38.3	5.2
Chad	3,123	2,428	1,493	226	113	768	692	1,814	3,779	2,349	20.4	30.6	38.1	21.0
Chile	128	9	93	9	-	97	43	149	66	2	8.5	8.5	28.9	-48.4
China	11,279	249	30,642	11,723	338	11,850	11,429	35,364	15,358	263	49.0	50.4	32.3	36.2
- Hong Kong SAR, China	79	-	57	1	-	38	30	69	67	1	2.6	2.6	43.5	-15.2
- Macao SAR, China	1	-	2	-	-	4	3	7	1	-	0.0	0.0	42.9	0.0
Colombia	42,823	39,576	17,492	4,013	33	26,338	9,458	39,921	18,640	16,304	13.2	13.3	23.7	-56.5
Comoros	32	13	1,226	40	6	1,273	15	1,334	49	11	3.0	3.5	1.1	53.1
Congo	2,162	627	3,639	537	103	2,325	304	3,274	2,512	817	18.1	21.6	9.3	16.2
Costa Rica	39	1	41	3	-	27	28	58	27	2	10.0	10.0	48.3	-30.8
Côte d'Ivoire	18,875	14,979	6,931	10,060	1,497	3,496	4,056	19,134	11,198	2,948	66.8	76.8	21.2	-40.7
Croatia	744	1	1,121	29	8	363	152	566	1,293	2	7.3	9.3	26.9	73.8
Cuba	917	430	1,586	237	44	863	602	1,749	825	278	20.7	24.6	34.4	-10.0
Cyprus	4	-	6	-	-	3	3	10	3	-	0.0	0.0	30.0	-25.0
Czech Rep.	664	-	111	28	-	414	116	567	207	-	6.3	6.3	20.5	-68.8
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	550	35	1,077	321	23	154	83	581	1,027	30	64.5	69.1	14.3	86.7
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	53,982	41,761	59,835	29,555	265	14,266	11,453	55,697	58,666	40,613	67.0	67.6	20.6	8.7
Denmark	3	1	2	-	-	4	1	5	1	-	0.0	0.0	20.0	-66.7
Djibouti	291	8	310	160	12	123	26	321	312	7	54.2	58.3	8.1	7.2
Dominica	10	-	42	2	-	17	15	34	12	-	10.5	10.5	44.1	20.0
Dominican Rep.	353	14	1,035	42	5	717	360	1,124	358	23	5.5	6.2	32.0	1.4
Ecuador	263	18	1,488	42	-	117	963	1,130	508	22	26.4	26.4	85.2	93.2
Egypt	2,629	358	7,509	2,542	120	2,906	990	6,581	4,098	471	45.7	47.8	15.0	55.9
El Salvador	1,544	71	5,591	627	19	1,847	4,006	6,499	1,631	174	25.2	25.9	61.6	5.6
Equatorial Guinea	72	20	81	13	1	30	10	55	85	24	29.5	31.8	18.2	18.1
Eritrea	14,676	6,561	32,037	19,779	1,781	2,586	2,007	26,711	20,516	7,548	81.9	89.3	7.5	39.8

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TABLE 11 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin | 2012 (ctnd)

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal).
 These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2012		Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-2012		Protection indicators ¹			
	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Convention status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Estonia	39	7	388	233	-	41	130	404	28	7	85.0	85.0	32.2	-28.2
Ethiopia	39,420	26,846	30,123	7,685	181	11,546	7,776	27,318	41,865	29,681	39.6	40.5	28.5	6.2
Fiji	260	2	537	110	1	410	45	566	268	3	21.1	21.3	8.0	3.1
Finland	4	-	7	-	-	2	-	2	6	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0
France	56	3	69	1	2	35	45	83	49	6	2.6	7.9	54.2	-12.5
Gabon	58	7	90	15	7	49	32	105	66	11	21.1	31.0	30.5	13.8
Gambia	1,217	132	2,804	395	142	1,173	846	2,586	1,753	160	23.1	31.4	32.7	44.0
Georgia	2,958	315	14,094	402	114	6,779	5,296	12,708	4,522	261	5.5	7.1	41.7	52.9
Germany	31	7	67	5	2	46	43	97	26	-	9.4	13.2	44.3	-16.1
Ghana	2,509	114	11,039	123	5,281	4,852	783	11,035	3,482	198	1.2	52.7	7.1	38.8
Greece	37	-	161	2	-	56	16	79	125	-	3.4	3.4	20.3	237.8
Grenada	47	-	46	9	-	22	25	56	48	-	29.0	29.0	44.6	2.1
Guatemala	1,106	9	4,406	599	15	1,162	4,357	6,133	1,332	52	33.7	34.6	71.0	20.4
Guinea	4,830	7,386	8,414	1,222	466	6,352	1,616	9,718	9,523	750	15.2	21.0	16.6	97.2
Guinea-Bissau	502	250	1,112	24	43	519	314	916	910	278	4.1	11.4	34.3	81.3
Guyana	105	3	157	35	4	134	70	242	78	-	20.2	22.5	28.9	-25.7
Haiti	3,570	449	5,551	1,288	72	3,645	1,878	6,883	2,628	440	25.7	27.2	27.3	-26.4
Honduras	751	25	2,817	390	46	799	1,250	2,485	810	87	31.6	35.3	50.3	7.9
Hungary	6,011	-	2,038	453	-	2,249	1,596	4,299	3,734	7	16.8	16.8	37.1	-37.9
Iceland	1	-	3	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
India	4,326	132	12,254	379	23	6,951	1,982	9,338	6,652	181	5.2	5.5	21.2	53.8
Indonesia	383	125	1,140	241	2	686	662	1,591	503	205	25.9	26.2	41.6	31.3
Iraq	24,602	10,677	28,842	13,775	2,514	8,209	5,253	29,986	23,966	9,717	56.2	66.5	17.5	-2.6
Ireland	11	7	24	-	1	11	8	20	17	-	0.0	8.3	40.0	54.5
Islamic Rep. of Iran	18,517	5,939	25,516	10,660	822	8,556	2,656	22,852	23,823	8,141	53.2	57.3	11.6	28.7
Israel	503	8	368	35	-	282	177	494	415	6	11.0	11.0	35.8	-17.5
Italy	41	7	92	3	-	29	35	68	64	7	9.4	9.4	51.5	56.1
Jamaica	590	7	795	234	26	426	243	929	505	7	34.1	37.9	26.2	-14.4
Japan	44	7	53	2	-	44	18	64	41	-	4.3	4.3	28.1	-6.8
Jordan	539	87	726	118	17	384	188	709	600	98	22.7	26.0	26.5	11.3
Kazakhstan	775	54	1,608	139	25	1,079	381	1,624	827	55	11.2	13.2	23.5	6.7
Kenya	1,674	595	1,724	624	37	992	369	2,022	1,523	357	37.7	40.0	18.2	-9.0
Kiribati	3	-	8	-	-	1	-	1	10	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	233.3
Kuwait	168	34	233	87	-	101	69	257	136	27	46.3	46.3	26.8	-19.0
Kyrgyzstan	1,662	452	1,547	512	33	1,195	531	2,278	1,088	259	29.4	31.3	23.3	-34.5
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	24	8	70	6	-	83	30	120	8	-	6.7	6.7	25.0	-66.7
Latvia	154	7	62	25	-	58	30	114	103	7	30.1	30.1	26.3	-33.1
Lebanon	1,401	55	2,280	203	31	1,295	351	1,882	1,890	99	13.3	15.3	18.7	34.9
Lesotho	164	7	501	3	1	374	3	381	285	18	0.8	1.1	0.8	73.8
Liberia	1,998	1,511	764	96	19	700	310	1,135	2,010	1,155	11.8	14.1	27.3	0.6
Libya	1,992	144	2,431	348	126	1,342	732	2,565	1,866	129	19.2	26.1	28.5	-6.3
Lithuania	121	7	74	15	-	39	50	105	87	2	27.8	27.8	47.6	-28.1
Luxembourg	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Madagascar	19	2	288	23	1	221	5	250	33	15	9.4	9.8	2.0	73.7
Malawi	3,066	2	4,853	34	30	3,249	37	3,350	4,548	357	1.0	1.9	1.1	48.3
Malaysia	144	-	470	59	4	313	71	447	174	-	15.7	16.8	15.9	20.8
Maldives	2	-	38	7	-	-	13	20	32	-	100.0	100.0	65.0	1500.0
Mali	412	34	3,940	381	2,300	1,455	477	4,619	1,860	379	9.2	64.8	10.3	351.5
Malta	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	..	..	100.0	..
Marshall Islands	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	4	-	-	66.7	66.7	25.0	..
Mauritania	618	276	3,483	335	63	2,793	308	3,505	3,042	152	10.5	12.5	8.8	392.2
Mauritius	107	7	223	12	9	147	23	191	118	7	7.1	12.5	12.0	10.3
Mexico	5,349	6	11,573	1,138	8	3,645	10,872	15,663	3,603	6	23.8	23.9	69.4	-32.6
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Monaco	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	..	..	100.0	..
Mongolia	1,488	3	1,721	83	55	2,100	345	2,677	832	6	3.7	6.2	12.9	-44.1
Montenegro	305	7	1,574	51	29	1,070	280	1,464	360	7	4.4	7.0	19.1	18.0
Morocco	1,129	80	4,300	112	38	2,201	1,508	3,899	1,748	89	4.8	6.4	38.7	54.8
Mozambique	366	5	1,846	2	2	1,337	7	1,348	870	45	0.1	0.3	0.5	137.7
Myanmar	24,107	22,735	23,416	14,112	85	1,933	5,150	21,281	25,633	24,470	87.5	88.0	24.2	6.3
Namibia	1,094	27	99	175	1	387	50	613	583	11	31.1	31.3	8.2	-46.7
Nauru	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Nepal	2,011	89	4,030	695	41	1,998	740	3,486	2,518	87	25.4	26.9	21.2	25.2

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TABLE 11 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin | 2012 (ctnd)

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These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2012		Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-2012		Protection indicators ¹			
	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Convention status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Netherlands	42	6	57	2	-	27	31	60	34	-	6.9	6.9	51.7	-19.0
New Zealand	10	-	21	1	-	19	2	22	9	-	5.0	5.0	9.1	-10.0
Nicaragua	159	10	361	62	-	163	247	472	113	19	27.6	27.6	52.3	-28.9
Niger	269	38	668	42	52	633	248	987	363	48	5.8	12.9	25.1	34.9
Nigeria	10,691	1,095	23,225	1,028	821	17,080	4,332	23,527	14,078	1,556	5.4	9.8	18.4	31.7
Niue	-	-	-	3	-	1	8	12	-	-	75.0	75.0	66.7	..
Norway	5	-	13	-	1	6	4	12	6	-	0.0	14.3	33.3	20.0
Oman	4	1	11	1	-	5	-	6	5	2	16.7	16.7	0.0	25.0
Pakistan	13,748	975	35,444	3,666	779	21,135	4,666	30,330	23,641	2,063	14.3	17.4	15.4	72.0
Palau	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	..	..	..	..
Palestinian	1,805	629	2,849	963	91	523	619	2,225	2,438	1,078	61.1	66.8	27.8	35.1
Panama	38	1	32	3	1	20	18	42	31	-	12.5	16.7	42.9	-18.4
Papua New Guinea	49	-	105	47	-	19	1	67	86	-	71.2	71.2	1.5	75.5
Paraguay	23	1	23	4	-	8	8	20	24	-	33.3	33.3	40.0	4.3
Peru	498	181	688	84	19	564	336	1,004	340	44	12.6	15.4	33.5	-31.7
Philippines	373	75	796	47	4	518	422	991	380	76	8.3	9.0	42.6	1.9
Poland	359	1	286	25	-	172	142	341	323	2	12.7	12.7	41.6	-10.0
Portugal	69	-	72	4	-	82	13	99	50	-	4.7	4.7	13.1	-27.5
Qatar	7	-	8	8	-	1	-	9	6	-	88.9	88.9	0.0	-14.3
Rep. of Korea	185	-	293	16	-	205	99	320	186	-	7.2	7.2	30.9	0.5
Rep. of Moldova	433	3	1,004	245	7	557	378	1,190	441	5	30.3	31.1	31.8	1.8
Romania	468	4	787	67	-	198	213	504	617	6	25.3	25.3	42.3	31.8
Russian Federation	11,959	201	29,897	3,471	746	12,802	7,533	24,729	15,100	211	20.4	24.8	30.5	26.3
Rwanda	9,381	7,945	4,090	883	19	1,458	1,267	3,636	10,303	8,350	37.4	38.2	34.8	9.8
Saint Kitts and Nevis	15	-	20	3	-	3	6	12	24	1	50.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
Saint Lucia	681	-	448	303	2	245	73	623	516	-	55.1	55.5	11.7	-24.2
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	906	1	364	313	-	405	66	784	489	-	43.6	43.6	8.4	-46.0
Samoa	4	-	17	1	-	4	7	12	12	-	20.0	20.0	58.3	200.0
San Marino	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	..	..	100.0	..
Sao Tome and Principe	1	1	6	-	-	3	2	5	1	-	0.0	0.0	40.0	0.0
Saudi Arabia	111	16	195	83	2	41	35	162	149	31	65.9	67.5	21.6	34.2
Senegal	961	275	4,632	214	150	1,982	940	3,308	2,656	344	9.1	15.5	28.4	176.4
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	15,448	97	35,027	777	442	26,418	9,758	38,972	16,154	59	2.8	4.4	25.0	4.6
Seychelles	5	-	4	1	-	7	2	10	1	-	12.5	12.5	20.0	-80.0
Sierra Leone	1,208	392	1,279	113	103	739	277	1,245	2,318	259	11.8	22.6	22.2	91.9
Singapore	24	-	39	7	1	20	9	37	30	-	25.0	28.6	24.3	25.0
Slovakia	536	-	561	19	-	203	329	551	631	-	8.6	8.6	59.7	17.7
Slovenia	7	-	15	5	-	7	2	14	12	-	41.7	41.7	14.3	71.4
Solomon Islands	4	-	10	1	-	6	-	7	7	-	14.3	14.3	0.0	75.0
Somalia	31,257	14,639	32,583	13,013	5,717	4,939	6,514	30,318	33,561	14,234	55.0	79.1	21.5	7.4
South Africa	212	10	325	23	8	205	50	288	236	8	9.7	13.1	17.4	11.3
South Sudan	9,093	9,087	10,476	291	7	21	470	789	18,681	18,649	91.2	93.4	59.6	105.4
Spain	83	-	113	7	-	65	38	113	89	-	9.7	9.7	33.6	7.2
Sri Lanka	10,395	3,013	18,247	3,171	341	10,168	1,712	16,242	14,029	2,656	23.2	25.7	10.5	35.0
Stateless	2,273	93	5,244	1,465	1,021	2,027	529	5,044	3,017	456	32.5	55.1	10.5	32.7
Sudan	22,337	20,230	14,646	7,058	371	2,918	6,891	17,258	21,534	17,227	68.2	71.8	39.9	-3.6
Suriname	8	-	76	-	-	35	17	60	19	4	0.0	0.0	28.3	137.5
Swaziland	135	-	150	63	2	49	2	116	165	8	55.3	57.0	1.7	22.2
Sweden	21	-	25	1	-	3	13	21	19	-	25.0	25.0	61.9	-9.5
Switzerland	4	-	11	-	-	5	1	9	4	-	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	14,692	5,003	35,239	7,361	12,008	1,813	4,743	26,218	25,735	4,748	34.8	91.4	18.1	75.2
Tajikistan	380	76	413	81	13	188	121	403	440	77	28.7	33.3	30.0	15.8
Thailand	191	111	151	18	6	151	47	222	177	108	10.3	13.7	21.2	-7.3
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	2,245	1	11,488	54	39	7,512	3,360	11,394	4,519	2	0.7	1.2	29.5	101.3
Tibetans	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	..	..	..	..
Timor-Leste	1	-	11	-	1	9	12	22	7	-	0.0	10.0	54.5	600.0
Togo	2,998	2,280	1,129	181	53	670	246	1,205	3,032	2,254	20.0	25.9	20.4	1.1
Tonga	22	-	121	4	-	84	8	96	39	-	4.5	4.5	8.3	77.3
Trinidad and Tobago	105	-	140	27	2	59	95	184	92	-	30.7	33.0	51.6	-12.4
Tunisia	1,418	53	4,919	52	88	1,980	3,015	5,249	2,275	69	2.5	6.6	57.4	60.4
Turkey	6,959	592	10,429	1,225	215	6,132	1,024	8,918	8,819	867	16.2	19.0	11.5	26.7
Turkmenistan	82	19	166	29	2	51	52	134	129	55	35.4	37.8	38.8	57.3

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TABLE 11 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin | 2012 (ctnd)

In countries with more than one level in the procedure (first instance, appeal, etc.), the figures for both procedures have been added up. As a result, appeal cases might have been counted more than once (once at first instance and once on appeal).

These data allow to monitor the number of decisions taken, but they are not indicative of the final outcome of the procedure of negative decisions. For instance, recognition rates for nationalities which tend to appeal a rejection are underestimated.

Origin	Pending start-2012		Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-2012		Protection indicators ¹			
	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted		Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total	Total	of who: UNHCR assisted	Recognition rates		O/w. closed rate	Change pending cases (%)
				Convention status	Complem. protect. status						Ref. status	Total		
Turks and Caicos Islands	7	-	5	1	-	1	3	5	9	-	50.0	50.0	60.0	28.6
Tuvalu	1	-	5	-	-	-	1	1	5	-	..	..	100.0	400.0
Uganda	2,115	418	4,157	468	56	2,419	321	3,266	3,069	661	15.9	17.8	9.8	45.1
Ukraine	1,114	25	1,837	264	15	1,082	553	1,927	1,180	18	19.4	20.5	28.7	5.9
United Arab Emirates	13	1	38	12	-	6	12	30	24	2	66.7	66.7	40.0	84.6
United Kingdom	48	1	91	15	2	66	36	119	48	-	18.1	20.5	30.3	0.0
United Rep. of Tanzania	672	63	622	47	10	383	101	541	808	112	10.7	13.0	18.7	20.2
United States	596	9	357	9	7	382	112	513	432	5	2.3	4.0	21.8	-27.5
Uruguay	46	2	27	-	-	21	31	52	36	1	0.0	0.0	59.6	-21.7
Uzbekistan	1,535	650	1,695	348	29	1,134	581	2,103	1,345	578	23.0	25.0	27.6	-12.4
Vanuatu	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	-100.0
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	598	38	963	699	-	314	456	1,469	499	29	69.0	69.0	31.0	-16.6
Viet Nam	1,322	281	2,801	165	26	1,929	569	2,689	1,395	281	7.8	9.0	21.2	5.5
Western Sahara	30	5	216	38	1	128	3	170	126	7	22.8	23.4	1.8	320.0
Yemen	1,191	598	1,419	232	64	604	158	1,092	1,557	965	25.8	32.9	14.5	30.7
Zambia	205	7	309	12	2	216	22	253	260	23	5.2	6.1	8.7	26.8
Zimbabwe	38,114	167	22,285	422	117	17,631	272	18,447	41,728	4,034	2.3	3.0	1.5	9.5
Various	274,705	937	53,742	2,575	1,110	51,987	12,744	70,825	226,255	17,511	4.6	6.6	18.0	-17.6
Total	891,258	271,523	915,412	210,851	51,058	437,969	205,351	915,023	928,226	279,701				

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

¹ Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):

Refugee status recognition rate: Recognized divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.

Total recognition rate: Recognized plus Other positive divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.

Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.

Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December 2012 minus Cases pending as at 1 January 2012 divided by Cases pending as at 1 January 2012 * 100%.

TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.

Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Afghanistan	Australia ⁴	G	FI	117	3,079	1,874	-	496	79	2,449	826	79.1	79.1	3.2	606.0	
Afghanistan	Austria	G	FA	4,576	4,005	969	816	1,034	321	3,140	6,203	34.4	63.3	10.2	35.6	
Afghanistan	Belgium	G	FI	1,765	2,349	567	937	1,021	39	2,564	1,911	22.5	59.6	1.5	8.3	
Afghanistan	Belgium	G	RA	-	728	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Afghanistan	Canada	G	FI	450	348	302	-	57	35	394	411	84.1	84.1	8.9	-8.7	
Afghanistan	Croatia	G	FI	133	364	*	*	32	334	369	128	5.7	8.6	90.5	-3.8	
Afghanistan	Denmark	G	AR	-	344	10	114	439	-	563	237	1.8	22.0	0.0	..	
Afghanistan	Denmark	G	FI	160	576	20	103	346	-	469	124	4.3	26.2	0.0	-22.5	
Afghanistan	Finland	G	FI	280	188	74	135	74	45	328	155	26.1	73.9	13.7	-44.6	
Afghanistan	France	G	AR	-	315	58	162	118	-	338	-	17.2	65.1	0.0	..	
Afghanistan	France	G	FI	-	522	125	139	316	-	580	595	21.6	45.5	0.0	..	
Afghanistan	Germany	G	NA	5,098	7,498	755	994	2,262	445	4,456	8,163	18.8	43.6	10.0	60.1	
Afghanistan	Germany	G	RA	115	340	34	20	12	102	168	287	51.5	81.8	60.7	149.6	
Afghanistan	Greece	G	FI	-	584	*	23	345	325	696	-	0.8	7.0	46.7	..	
Afghanistan	Hungary	G	FI	-	880	32	143	166	490	831	-	9.4	51.3	59.0	..	
Afghanistan	India	U	AR	110	410	99	-	379	-	478	42	20.7	20.7	0.0	-61.8	
Afghanistan	India	U	FI	509	1,003	663	-	320	-	983	529	67.4	67.4	0.0	3.9	
Afghanistan	Indonesia	U	FA	1,649	4,056	654	-	33	2,023	2,710	2,995	95.2	95.2	74.6	81.6	
Afghanistan	Italy	G	FI	-	1,495	182	625	253	-	1,060	1,162	17.2	76.1	0.0	..	
Afghanistan	Montenegro	G	FA	-	119	-	-	82	37	119	-	0.0	0.0	31.1	..	
Afghanistan	Netherlands	G	FI	1,473	1,022	45	606	1,200	-	1,851	1,473	2.4	35.2	0.0	0.0	
Afghanistan	Netherlands	G	RA	-	599	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Afghanistan	Norway	G	AR	1,383	1,286	32	49	1,485	37	1,603	745	2.0	5.2	2.3	-46.1	
Afghanistan	Norway	G	FI	295	986	256	215	443	176	1,090	213	28.0	51.5	16.1	-27.8	
Afghanistan	Pakistan	U	FA	1,543	3,910	1,653	-	374	206	2,233	3,220	81.5	81.5	9.2	108.7	
Afghanistan	Romania	G	FA	19	198	23	11	174	10	218	*	11.1	16.3	4.6	-89.5	
Afghanistan	Russian Fed.	G	FI	240	493	76	-	438	-	514	219	14.8	14.8	0.0	-8.8	
Afghanistan	Russian Fed.	G	TA	157	459	229	-	258	-	487	129	47.0	47.0	0.0	-17.8	
Afghanistan	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	173	804	-	-	26	870	896	81	0.0	0.0	97.1	-53.2	
Afghanistan	Sweden	G	FI	1,521	4,755	783	1,188	912	292	3,175	1,859	27.2	68.4	9.2	22.2	
Afghanistan	Switzerland	G	AR	135	279	-	-	-	-	319	92	..	..	0.0	-31.9
Afghanistan	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	1,269	1,349	38	135	26	389	588	2,136	19.1	86.9	66.2	68.3	
Afghanistan	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	130	184	73	-	30	32	135	179	70.9	70.9	23.7	37.7	
Afghanistan	Tajikistan	G	FA	1,773	684	410	-	118	-	528	1,929	77.7	77.7	0.0	8.8	
Afghanistan	Tajikistan	U	FI	75	137	16	-	*	-	19	193	84.2	84.2	0.0	157.3	
Afghanistan	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	G	FA	207	243	-	-	-	234	234	216	..	..	100.0	4.3
Afghanistan	Turkey	U	AR	206	232	29	-	34	247	310	128	46.0	46.0	79.7	-37.9	
Afghanistan	Turkey	U	FI	2,189	4,401	1,144	-	185	548	1,877	4,713	86.1	86.1	29.2	115.3	
Afghanistan	Ukraine	G	AR	853	497	*	*	54	60	120	1,230	3.3	10.0	50.0	44.2	
Afghanistan	Ukraine	G	FI	561	548	36	17	153	45	251	858	17.5	25.7	17.9	52.9	
Afghanistan	United Kingdom	G	AR	686	580	172	-	397	40	609	447	30.2	30.2	6.6	-34.8	
Afghanistan	United Kingdom	G	FI	716	1,242	204	149	578	234	1,165	815	21.9	37.9	20.1	13.8	
Afghanistan	United Kingdom	G	RA	-	113	-	5	5	18	28	-	0.0	50.0	64.3	..	
Afghanistan	United States	G	IN	108	160	118	-	*	25	147	130	96.7	96.7	17.0	20.4	
Albania	Belgium	G	FI	976	607	218	6	1,298	157	1,679	39	14.3	14.7	9.4	-96.0	
Albania	Belgium	G	RA	-	441	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Albania	Canada	G	FI	443	341	63	-	118	23	204	579	34.8	34.8	11.3	30.7	
Albania	France	G	AR	-	400	18	67	299	-	384	-	4.7	22.1	0.0	..	
Albania	France	G	FI	-	2,647	9	8	431	-	448	1,131	2.0	3.8	0.0	..	
Albania	Germany	G	NA	39	232	-	12	82	20	114	158	0.0	12.8	17.5	305.1	
Albania	Greece	G	FI	-	384	*	-	317	85	404	-	0.6	0.6	21.0	..	
Albania	Luxembourg	G	FI	-	300	-	-	162	-	162	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	
Albania	Norway	G	AR	7	115	-	-	70	*	72	49	0.0	0.0	2.8	600.0	
Albania	Norway	G	FI	6	169	-	-	132	37	169	*	0.0	0.0	21.9	-50.0	
Albania	Sweden	G	FI	86	1,490	27	20	880	279	1,206	329	2.9	5.1	23.1	282.6	
Albania	United Kingdom	G	AR	65	176	34	-	112	14	160	134	23.3	23.3	8.8	106.2	
Albania	United Kingdom	G	FI	174	1,017	85	100	309	141	635	562	17.2	37.4	22.2	223.0	
Albania	United States	G	IN	21	124	17	-	*	91	111	38	85.0	85.0	82.0	81.0	
Algeria	Austria	G	FA	259	575	*	8	622	54	685	175	0.2	1.4	7.9	-32.4	
Algeria	Belgium	G	FI	106	173	10	-	111	41	162	104	8.3	8.3	25.3	-1.9	
Algeria	Canada	G	FI	283	164	57	-	89	17	163	284	39.0	39.0	10.4	0.4	

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TABLE 12

Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.

Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Algeria	Croatia	G	FI	-	145	-	-	41	76	117	28	0.0	0.0	65.0	..	
Algeria	Denmark	G	FI	7	134	-	-	9	-	9	10	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.9	
Algeria	France	G	AR	-	691	29	13	677	-	719	-	4.0	5.8	0.0	..	
Algeria	France	G	FI	-	1,162	20	17	1,002	-	1,039	-	1.9	3.6	0.0	..	
Algeria	Germany	G	NA	248	489	*	*	285	57	345	402	0.7	1.0	16.5	62.1	
Algeria	Germany	G	RA	54	100	-	*	11	92	105	51	0.0	15.4	87.6	-5.6	
Algeria	Greece	G	FI	-	105	-	-	337	35	372	-	0.0	0.0	9.4	..	
Algeria	Montenegro	G	FA	11	895	-	-	578	272	850	56	0.0	0.0	32.0	409.1	
Algeria	Norway	G	FI	28	122	-	-	31	95	126	25	0.0	0.0	75.4	-10.7	
Algeria	Romania	G	FA	*	600	-	*	601	26	628	*	0.0	0.2	4.1	-66.7	
Algeria	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	6	169	-	-	*	169	171	*	0.0	0.0	98.8	-33.3	
Algeria	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	16	199	-	-	149	-	149	66	0.0	0.0	0.0	312.5	
Algeria	Spain	G	FI	40	202	5	-	200	*	206	100	2.4	2.4	0.5	150.0	
Algeria	Sweden	G	FI	97	352	-	-	91	104	195	93	0.0	0.0	53.3	-4.1	
Algeria	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	222	681	*	*	79	614	696	319	1.2	3.7	88.2	43.7	
Algeria	United Kingdom	G	FI	128	296	16	6	148	98	268	172	9.4	12.9	36.6	34.4	
Angola	Belgium	G	FI	76	169	5	-	146	*	155	127	3.3	3.3	2.6	67.1	
Angola	France	G	AR	-	498	42	5	309	-	356	-	11.8	13.2	0.0	..	
Angola	France	G	FI	-	907	48	8	622	-	678	307	7.1	8.3	0.0	..	
Armenia	Austria	G	FA	431	346	19	35	245	13	312	493	6.4	18.1	4.2	14.4	
Armenia	Belgium	G	FI	213	304	17	10	449	19	495	143	3.6	5.7	3.8	-32.9	
Armenia	Belgium	G	RA	-	302	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Armenia	France	G	AR	-	2,375	71	87	1,778	-	1,936	-	3.7	8.2	0.0	..	
Armenia	France	G	FI	-	2,187	100	50	2,687	-	2,837	-	3.5	5.3	0.0	..	
Armenia	France	G	RA	-	452	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Armenia	Germany	G	NA	284	570	5	30	214	53	302	575	2.0	14.1	17.5	102.5	
Armenia	Netherlands	G	FI	628	200	*	24	379	-	404	628	0.2	6.2	0.0	0.0	
Armenia	Netherlands	G	RA	-	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Armenia	Poland	G	FI	84	380	-	-	111	320	431	53	0.0	0.0	74.2	-36.9	
Armenia	Sweden	G	FI	92	278	*	*	174	34	212	126	1.1	2.2	16.0	37.0	
Armenia	United States	G	IN	30	101	40	-	*	38	80	52	95.2	95.2	47.5	73.3	
Azerbaijan	Austria	G	FA	148	111	8	10	72	6	96	162	8.9	20.0	6.3	9.5	
Azerbaijan	Belgium	G	FI	149	102	12	-	148	11	171	108	7.5	7.5	6.4	-27.5	
Azerbaijan	France	G	AR	-	319	57	12	322	-	391	-	14.6	17.6	0.0	..	
Azerbaijan	France	G	FI	-	819	59	-	336	-	395	-	14.9	14.9	0.0	..	
Azerbaijan	Germany	G	NA	645	547	15	20	220	65	320	869	5.9	13.7	20.3	34.7	
Azerbaijan	Sweden	G	FI	159	281	13	*	210	42	267	136	5.8	6.7	15.7	-14.5	
Bangladesh	Australia ⁴	G	FI	69	159	45	-	105	-	150	78	30.0	30.0	0.0	13.0	
Bangladesh	Austria	G	FA	322	212	5	6	120	31	162	378	3.8	8.4	19.1	17.4	
Bangladesh	Belgium	G	FI	359	407	-	-	343	26	369	368	0.0	0.0	7.0	2.5	
Bangladesh	Belgium	G	RA	-	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Bangladesh	Brazil	G	FI	86	103	*	-	56	5	63	126	3.4	3.4	7.9	46.5	
Bangladesh	Canada	G	FI	223	121	30	-	65	15	110	235	31.6	31.6	13.6	5.4	
Bangladesh	Cyprus	G	AR	48	151	-	-	115	25	140	59	0.0	0.0	17.9	22.9	
Bangladesh	Cyprus	G	FI	24	188	-	*	175	7	183	29	0.0	0.6	3.8	20.8	
Bangladesh	France	G	AR	-	4,043	409	32	3,699	-	4,140	-	9.9	10.7	0.0	..	
Bangladesh	France	G	FI	-	1,093	47	*	3,551	-	3,602	-	1.3	1.4	0.0	..	
Bangladesh	France	G	RA	-	792	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Bangladesh	Germany	G	NA	95	304	9	-	172	6	187	212	5.0	5.0	3.2	123.2	
Bangladesh	Greece	G	FI	-	1,007	-	-	1,851	522	2,373	-	0.0	0.0	22.0	..	
Bangladesh	Italy	G	FI	-	566	14	75	839	-	928	383	1.5	9.6	0.0	..	
Bangladesh	Japan ⁶	G	AR	-	131	-	-	-	-	-	131	..	..	..	..
Bangladesh	Japan ⁶	G	FI	73	169	-	*	154	8	165	77	0.0	1.9	4.8	5.5	
Bangladesh	Norway	G	AR	28	205	-	-	98	*	101	134	0.0	0.0	3.0	378.6	
Bangladesh	Norway	G	FI	35	225	-	-	209	20	229	30	0.0	0.0	8.7	-14.3	
Bangladesh	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	*	124	-	-	-	104	104	22	..	..	100.0	1000.0
Bangladesh	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	185	743	-	-	142	6	148	780	0.0	0.0	4.1	321.6	
Bangladesh	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	2,699	4,115	64	-	3,140	-	3,204	3,610	2.0	2.0	0.0	33.8	
Bangladesh	Sweden	G	FI	46	137	12	*	77	7	98	76	13.2	15.4	7.1	65.2	
Bangladesh	United Kingdom	G	AR	123	341	25	-	283	9	317	155	8.1	8.1	2.8	26.0	
Bangladesh	United Kingdom	G	FI	206	1,169	32	18	737	199	986	407	4.1	6.4	20.2	97.6	

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.

Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Bangladesh	United States	G	IN	39	144	22	-	*	106	130	65	91.7	91.7	81.5	66.7	
Belarus	Denmark	G	FI	*	148	-	-	19	-	19	16	0.0	0.0	0.0	1500.0	
Belarus	France	G	FI	-	125	10	-	60	-	70	-	14.3	14.3	0.0	..	
Belarus	Norway	G	FI	23	138	-	-	83	62	145	15	0.0	0.0	42.8	-34.8	
Belarus	Sweden	G	FI	133	435	5	-	190	124	319	187	2.6	2.6	38.9	40.6	
Belarus	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	44	132	*	-	12	135	148	61	7.7	7.7	91.2	38.6	
Belarus	United States	G	IN	81	308	169	-	8	136	313	96	95.5	95.5	43.5	18.5	
Benin	Germany	G	NA	50	139	-	*	58	5	64	125	0.0	1.7	7.8	150.0	
Bhutan	Nepal	G	FI	914	790	-	1,184	149	371	1,704	-	0.0	88.8	21.8	-100.0	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Austria	G	FA	178	130	*	8	121	20	150	155	0.8	6.9	13.3	-12.9	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Belgium	G	FI	217	135	*	-	320	35	359	6	1.2	1.2	9.7	-97.2	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	France	G	AR	-	236	11	*	103	-	117	-	9.4	12.0	0.0	..	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	France	G	FI	-	774	12	-	349	-	361	-	3.3	3.3	0.0	..	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Germany	G	NA	143	2,025	-	21	1,742	93	1,856	305	0.0	1.2	5.0	113.3	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Germany	G	RA	62	346	-	*	54	218	275	134	0.0	5.3	79.3	116.1	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Italy	G	FI	-	273	-	56	67	-	123	302	0.0	45.5	0.0	..	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Luxembourg	G	FI	-	278	-	-	232	-	232	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sweden	G	FI	590	1,549	-	-	1,270	636	1,906	162	0.0	0.0	33.4	-72.5	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Switzerland	G	AR	87	242	-	-	-	-	254	79	..	..	0.0	-9.2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	132	428	5	11	202	315	533	129	2.3	7.3	59.1	-2.3	
Botswana	Canada	G	FI	150	102	88	-	51	14	153	99	63.3	63.3	9.2	-34.0	
Brazil	United States	G	EO	-	182	25	-	49	214	288	-	33.8	33.8	74.3	..	
Brazil	United States	G	IN	36	262	37	-	-	160	197	110	100.0	100.0	81.2	205.6	
Burkina Faso	Germany	G	NA	42	101	-	-	43	10	53	90	0.0	0.0	18.9	114.3	
Burkina Faso	Italy	G	FI	-	114	*	41	294	-	339	122	1.2	13.3	0.0	..	
Burkina Faso	United States	G	IN	48	224	54	-	14	126	194	88	79.4	79.4	64.9	83.3	
Burundi	Belgium	G	FI	113	133	44	-	233	12	289	79	15.9	15.9	4.2	-30.1	
Burundi	Canada	G	FI	222	153	155	-	36	7	198	179	81.2	81.2	3.5	-19.4	
Burundi	Dem. Rep. of Congo	U	FI	785	163	15	-	29	42	86	862	34.1	34.1	48.8	9.8	
Burundi	Kenya	U	FI	1,859	1,490	51	*	70	103	225	3,124	41.8	42.6	45.8	68.0	
Burundi	Malawi	G	AR	800	359	-	-	-	150	150	1,009	..	..	100.0	26.1
Burundi	Malawi	G	FI	1,292	559	39	-	311	226	576	1,275	11.1	11.1	39.2	-1.3	
Burundi	Mozambique	G	FI	1,350	1,112	80	-	-	386	466	1,996	100.0	100.0	82.8	47.9	
Burundi	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	714	865	8	-	473	6	487	1,092	1.7	1.7	1.2	52.9	
Burundi	Uganda	G	FA	1,456	2,779	1,843	-	596	-	2,439	1,796	75.6	75.6	0.0	23.4	
Burundi	United States	G	EO	-	175	87	-	57	217	361	-	60.4	60.4	60.1	..	
Burundi	United States	G	IN	50	138	19	-	5	32	56	133	79.2	79.2	57.1	166.0	
Cameroon	Algeria	U	FI	296	590	-	-	108	137	245	641	0.0	0.0	55.9	116.6	
Cameroon	Belgium	G	FI	172	457	86	-	398	15	499	164	17.8	17.8	3.0	-4.7	
Cameroon	Belgium	G	RA	-	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Cameroon	Canada	G	FI	187	130	100	-	44	15	159	157	69.4	69.4	9.4	-16.0	
Cameroon	France	G	AR	-	173	27	8	130	-	165	-	16.4	21.2	0.0	..	
Cameroon	France	G	FI	-	249	19	*	226	-	248	-	7.7	8.9	0.0	..	
Cameroon	Germany	G	NA	177	219	*	8	145	15	170	202	1.3	6.5	8.8	14.1	
Cameroon	Morocco	U	FI	13	126	*	-	25	10	36	103	3.8	3.8	27.8	692.3	
Cameroon	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	321	1,017	*	-	720	-	721	617	0.1	0.1	0.0	92.2	
Cameroon	Spain	G	FI	195	121	5	-	220	-	225	65	2.2	2.2	0.0	-66.7	
Cameroon	United Kingdom	G	FI	52	124	31	*	65	*	103	73	31.3	34.3	3.9	40.4	
Cameroon	United States	G	IN	98	469	244	-	42	190	476	121	85.3	85.3	39.9	23.5	
Central African Rep.	Cameroon	U	FA	1,427	1,660	69	-	261	1,220	1,550	1,537	20.9	20.9	78.7	7.7	
Central African Rep.	Chad	G	FA	6	1,592	1,585	-	-	-	1,585	13	100.0	100.0	0.0	116.7	
Chad	Cameroon	U	FA	494	392	15	-	80	277	372	514	15.8	15.8	74.5	4.0	
Chad	France	G	AR	-	136	39	*	80	-	121	-	32.2	33.9	0.0	..	
Chad	France	G	FI	-	224	16	8	190	-	214	-	7.5	11.2	0.0	..	
Chad	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	13	188	*	-	-	202	204	12	100.0	100.0	99.0	-7.7	
China	Australia ⁴	G	AR	369	972	151	-	631	42	824	514	19.3	19.3	5.1	39.3	
China	Australia ⁴	G	FI	428	1,138	70	-	1,013	-	1,083	483	6.5	6.5	0.0	12.9	
China	Austria	G	FA	407	241	43	*	224	58	329	353	15.9	17.3	17.6	-13.3	
China	Belgium	G	FI	290	344	283	-	24	5	312	361	92.2	92.2	1.6	24.5	
China	Canada	G	FI	3,092	1,783	626	-	880	210	1,716	3,165	41.6	41.6	12.2	2.4	
China	France	G	AR	-	2,035	23	13	1,936	-	1,972	-	1.2	1.8	0.0	..	
China	France	G	FI	-	2,228	375	*	2,141	-	2,517	526	14.9	14.9	0.0	..	

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TABLE 12

Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.

Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
China	France	G	RA	-	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
China	Germany	G	NA	163	280	53	6	111	10	180	262	31.2	34.7	5.6	60.7	
China	Greece	G	FI	-	195	-	-	279	97	376	-	0.0	0.0	25.8	..	
China	Netherlands	G	FI	189	154	20	99	125	-	244	188	8.2	48.8	0.0	-0.5	
China	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	649	2,052	-	-	1,346	-	1,346	1,355	0.0	0.0	0.0	108.8	
China	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	547	801	16	90	10	18	134	1,231	13.8	91.4	13.4	125.0	
China	United Kingdom	G	AR	295	327	47	-	270	12	329	251	14.8	14.8	3.6	-14.9	
China	United Kingdom	G	FI	465	981	51	90	613	155	909	542	6.8	18.7	17.1	16.6	
China	United States	G	EO	-	1,650	5,131	-	1,487	2,768	9,386	-	77.5	77.5	29.5	..	
China	United States	G	IN	3,449	14,234	4,523	-	302	7,811	12,636	5,403	93.7	93.7	61.8	56.7	
Colombia	Argentina	G	FI	486	221	35	-	63	99	197	510	35.7	35.7	50.3	4.9	
Colombia	Brazil	G	FI	251	128	52	-	84	-	136	243	38.2	38.2	0.0	-3.2	
Colombia	Canada	G	FI	1,882	692	482	-	731	113	1,326	1,254	39.7	39.7	8.5	-33.4	
Colombia	Chile	G	FI	318	138	10	-	159	-	169	287	5.9	5.9	0.0	-9.7	
Colombia	Costa Rica	G	FI	325	495	62	-	187	215	464	356	24.9	24.9	46.3	9.5	
Colombia	Ecuador	G	FA	20,823	11,809	1,515	-	14,661	-	16,176	14,408	9.4	9.4	0.0	-30.8	
Colombia	Panama	G	FI	475	610	104	-	15	881	1,000	85	87.4	87.4	88.1	-82.1	
Colombia	Peru	G	FI	253	158	119	-	*	80	201	210	98.3	98.3	39.8	-17.0	
Colombia	United States	G	EO	-	234	125	-	124	389	638	-	50.2	50.2	61.0	..	
Colombia	United States	G	IN	178	340	182	-	7	172	361	178	96.3	96.3	47.6	0.0	
Colombia	Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	G	FI	17,192	2,002	1,182	-	9,856	7,406	18,444	750	10.7	10.7	40.2	-95.6	
Comoros	France	G	AR	-	491	14	*	687	-	704	-	2.0	2.4	0.0	..	
Comoros	France	G	FI	-	662	23	*	566	-	592	-	3.9	4.4	0.0	..	
Congo	Dem. Rep. of Congo	U	FI	20	145	9	-	*	27	40	125	69.2	69.2	67.5	525.0	
Congo	France	G	AR	-	398	36	14	387	-	437	-	8.2	11.4	0.0	..	
Congo	France	G	FI	-	778	46	13	600	-	659	-	7.0	9.0	0.0	..	
Congo	Netherlands	G	FI	88	141	10	52	76	-	138	88	7.2	44.9	0.0	0.0	
Congo	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	778	1,275	164	-	941	-	1,105	948	14.8	14.8	0.0	21.9	
Congo	United States	G	IN	69	186	81	-	21	57	159	103	79.4	79.4	35.8	49.3	
Côte d'Ivoire	Algeria	U	FI	197	143	5	-	*	72	80	260	62.5	62.5	90.0	32.0	
Côte d'Ivoire	Belgium	G	FI	319	187	42	-	287	19	348	185	12.8	12.8	5.5	-42.0	
Côte d'Ivoire	Benin	G	FI	229	121	148	-	*	109	258	92	99.3	99.3	42.2	-59.8	
Côte d'Ivoire	Cameroon	U	FA	192	222	20	-	5	181	206	208	80.0	80.0	87.9	8.3	
Côte d'Ivoire	France	G	AR	-	775	43	28	597	-	668	-	6.4	10.6	0.0	..	
Côte d'Ivoire	France	G	FI	-	986	49	59	1,043	-	1,151	587	4.3	9.4	0.0	..	
Côte d'Ivoire	Greece	G	FI	-	247	-	*	82	5	89	-	0.0	2.4	5.6	..	
Côte d'Ivoire	Israel	G	FI	730	186	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	-100.0
Côte d'Ivoire	Israel	U	FI	*	252	*	-	10	229	241	15	16.7	16.7	95.0	650.0	
Côte d'Ivoire	Italy	G	FI	-	629	74	452	672	-	1,198	639	6.2	43.9	0.0	..	
Côte d'Ivoire	Mauritania	U	FA	201	297	6	7	-	6	19	479	46.2	100.0	31.6	138.3	
Côte d'Ivoire	Morocco	U	FI	260	308	81	6	26	153	266	302	71.7	77.0	57.5	16.2	
Côte d'Ivoire	Spain	G	FI	660	106	-	55	45	-	100	660	0.0	55.0	0.0	0.0	
Côte d'Ivoire	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	153	114	*	5	5	114	126	157	16.7	58.3	90.5	2.6	
Côte d'Ivoire	Togo	G	FI	229	810	8	809	9	-	826	213	1.0	98.9	0.0	-7.0	
Côte d'Ivoire	Tunisia	U	FI	144	112	*	-	-	12	15	241	100.0	100.0	80.0	67.4	
Côte d'Ivoire	United States	G	IN	84	233	98	-	12	110	220	101	89.1	89.1	50.0	20.2	
Croatia	Canada	G	FI	647	875	23	-	246	77	346	1,172	8.6	8.6	22.3	81.1	
Cuba	Canada	G	FI	198	131	79	-	73	16	168	166	52.0	52.0	9.5	-16.2	
Cuba	Costa Rica	G	FI	42	376	41	-	56	265	362	56	42.3	42.3	73.2	33.3	
Cuba	United States	G	EO	-	138	7	-	59	117	183	-	10.6	10.6	63.9	..	
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	Belgium	G	FI	32	107	24	-	*	24	50	99	92.3	92.3	48.0	209.4	
Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	Canada	G	FI	393	719	230	-	18	42	290	822	92.7	92.7	14.5	109.2	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Belgium	G	FI	1,100	1,392	167	12	1,411	78	1,668	1,077	10.5	11.3	4.7	-2.1	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Belgium	G	RA	-	208	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Burundi	G	FA	9,429	8,178	6,393	-	65	5,464	11,922	5,685	99.0	99.0	45.8	-39.7	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Cameroon	U	FA	205	186	13	-	39	107	159	232	25.0	25.0	67.3	13.2	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Canada	G	FI	630	337	290	-	169	29	488	470	63.2	63.2	5.9	-25.4	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Congo	G	FA	2,301	388	17	-	44	40	101	2,588	27.9	27.9	39.6	12.5	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Ethiopia	J	FI	30	194	68	-	-	7	75	149	100.0	100.0	9.3	396.7	
Dem. Rep. of Congo	France	G	AR	-	3,242	327	58	2,201	-	2,586	-	12.6	14.9	0.0	..	

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³			
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
				Con- vention status			Complem. protect. status	Ref. status			Total				
Dem. Rep. of Congo	France	G	FI	-	5,321	331	21	3,812	-	4,164	2,338	7.9	8.5	0.0	..
Dem. Rep. of Congo	France	G	RA	-	323	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Germany	G	NA	176	249	9	15	83	12	119	308	8.4	22.4	10.1	75.0
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Kenya	U	AR	214	253	25	-	36	-	61	406	41.0	41.0	0.0	89.7
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Kenya	U	FI	6,047	2,045	827	-	279	868	1,974	6,118	74.8	74.8	44.0	1.2
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Malawi	G	AR	148	131	-	-	-	92	92	187	..	..	100.0	26.4
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Malawi	G	FI	5,237	1,831	81	-	119	2,060	2,260	4,808	40.5	40.5	91.2	-8.2
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Mauritania	U	FA	46	187	-	-	53	-	53	180	0.0	0.0	0.0	291.3
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Morocco	U	FI	93	233	12	8	49	46	115	211	17.4	29.0	40.0	126.9
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Mozambique	G	FI	3,967	1,210	405	-	-	1,181	1,586	3,591	100.0	100.0	74.5	-9.5
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Namibia	G	FI	651	161	-	-	-	31	31	781	..	..	100.0	20.0
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Nigeria	G	FA	884	145	77	-	103	237	417	612	42.8	42.8	56.8	-30.8
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Norway	G	AR	96	139	6	*	119	-	126	92	4.8	5.6	0.0	-4.2
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Rwanda	J	FI	264	17,085	15,108	-	795	-	15,903	1,446	95.0	95.0	0.0	447.7
Dem. Rep. of Congo	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	1,556	861	33	-	120	12	165	2,252	21.6	21.6	7.3	44.7
Dem. Rep. of Congo	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	4,467	6,796	489	-	3,237	*	3,727	7,536	13.1	13.1	0.0	68.7
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Switzerland	G	AR	83	115	-	-	-	-	158	38	..	..	0.0	-54.2
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	120	212	*	54	53	40	149	213	1.8	51.4	26.8	77.5
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Uganda	G	FA	6,937	4,328	3,779	-	150	-	3,929	7,336	96.2	96.2	0.0	5.8
Dem. Rep. of Congo	United Kingdom	G	FI	116	265	65	18	125	15	223	153	31.3	39.9	6.7	31.9
Dem. Rep. of Congo	United Rep. of Tanzania	J	FI	386	147	6	-	-	70	76	457	100.0	100.0	92.1	18.4
Dem. Rep. of Congo	United States	G	IN	31	150	72	-	6	30	108	87	92.3	92.3	27.8	180.6
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Zambia	G	FI	348	573	321	-	9	31	361	560	97.3	97.3	8.6	60.9
Dem. Rep. of Congo	Zimbabwe	G	FI	364	1,009	205	-	299	505	1,009	364	40.7	40.7	50.0	0.0
Dominican Rep.	Argentina	G	FI	150	171	-	-	94	26	120	201	0.0	0.0	21.7	34.0
Dominican Rep.	France	G	FI	-	103	-	*	107	-	109	-	0.0	1.8	0.0	..
Dominican Rep.	Greece	G	FI	-	257	-	-	308	107	415	-	0.0	0.0	25.8	..
Dominican Rep.	United States	G	EO	-	234	9	-	63	135	207	-	12.5	12.5	65.2	..
Ecuador	United States	G	EO	-	444	15	-	41	256	312	-	26.8	26.8	82.1	..
Ecuador	United States	G	IN	141	950	15	-	-	681	696	418	100.0	100.0	97.8	196.5
Egypt	Australia ⁴	G	AR	139	212	125	-	78	6	209	143	61.6	61.6	2.9	2.9
Egypt	Australia ⁴	G	FI	220	385	140	-	210	-	350	255	40.0	40.0	0.0	15.9
Egypt	Austria	G	FA	174	123	15	8	84	18	125	192	14.0	21.5	14.4	10.3
Egypt	Canada	G	FI	193	171	89	-	28	6	123	239	76.1	76.1	4.9	23.8
Egypt	Cyprus	G	FI	135	156	-	-	149	28	177	114	0.0	0.0	15.8	-15.6
Egypt	France	G	AR	-	271	56	*	61	-	118	-	47.5	48.3	0.0	..
Egypt	France	G	FI	-	440	41	-	342	-	383	-	10.7	10.7	0.0	..
Egypt	Germany	G	NA	150	254	12	*	31	23	67	335	27.3	29.5	34.3	123.3
Egypt	Greece	G	FI	-	249	-	-	339	100	439	-	0.0	0.0	22.8	..
Egypt	Italy	G	FI	-	445	109	68	109	-	286	267	38.1	61.9	0.0	..
Egypt	Jordan	U	FA	190	101	*	-	173	-	175	116	1.1	1.1	0.0	-38.9
Egypt	Lebanon	U	FI	36	105	11	-	39	9	59	82	22.0	22.0	15.3	127.8
Egypt	Netherlands	G	FI	46	176	11	26	111	-	148	46	7.4	25.0	0.0	0.0
Egypt	Poland	G	FI	*	102	-	-	13	68	81	29	0.0	0.0	84.0	625.0
Egypt	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	173	543	*	-	274	-	275	441	0.4	0.4	0.0	154.9
Egypt	Sweden	G	FI	69	151	27	-	88	13	128	74	23.5	23.5	10.2	7.2
Egypt	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	68	165	*	-	10	124	135	115	9.1	9.1	91.9	69.1
Egypt	United Kingdom	G	FI	75	260	63	*	155	26	246	95	28.6	29.5	10.6	26.7
Egypt	United States	G	EO	-	111	268	-	45	151	464	-	85.6	85.6	32.5	..
Egypt	United States	G	IN	395	2,174	1,475	-	30	247	1,752	905	98.0	98.0	14.1	129.1
El Salvador	Canada	G	FI	830	368	188	-	358	30	576	631	34.4	34.4	5.2	-24.0
El Salvador	Costa Rica	G	FI	44	148	6	-	43	30	79	113	12.2	12.2	38.0	156.8
El Salvador	Mexico	G	FI	27	200	80	*	44	35	162	65	63.0	65.4	21.6	140.7
El Salvador	United States	G	EO	-	3,742	186	-	1,131	3,097	4,414	-	14.1	14.1	70.2	..
El Salvador	United States	G	IN	505	845	144	-	67	795	1,006	639	68.2	68.2	79.0	26.5
Eritrea	Canada	G	FI	150	209	154	-	17	*	175	186	90.1	90.1	2.3	24.0
Eritrea	Djibouti	J	FI	570	288	107	-	-	*	108	750	100.0	100.0	0.9	31.6
Eritrea	Egypt	U	FI	749	631	320	-	10	-	330	1,050	97.0	97.0	0.0	40.2
Eritrea	France	G	AR	-	424	132	5	113	-	250	-	52.8	54.8	0.0	..
Eritrea	France	G	FI	-	481	92	-	558	-	650	-	14.2	14.2	0.0	..
Eritrea	Germany	G	NA	639	650	204	35	38	81	358	888	73.6	86.3	22.6	39.0
Eritrea	Greece	G	FI	-	138	*	*	59	5	66	-	1.6	3.3	7.6	..

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Eritrea	Israel	G	FI	6	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	-100.0
Eritrea	Israel	U	FI	19	149	19	-	8	-	27	*	70.4	70.4	0.0	-89.5	
Eritrea	Italy	G	FI	-	734	116	77	22	-	215	617	54.0	89.8	0.0	..	
Eritrea	Kenya	U	FI	587	311	279	-	29	182	490	408	90.6	90.6	37.1	-30.5	
Eritrea	Malta	G	FI	*	434	154	*	37	*	199	240	79.0	81.0	2.0	11900.0	
Eritrea	Netherlands	G	FI	167	424	12	259	197	-	468	167	2.6	57.9	0.0	0.0	
Eritrea	Norway	G	AR	513	587	87	-	452	51	590	458	16.1	16.1	8.6	-10.7	
Eritrea	Norway	G	FI	639	1,183	1,224	*	150	111	1,489	350	88.8	89.1	7.5	-45.2	
Eritrea	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	*	128	-	-	-	99	99	33	..	..	100.0	725.0
Eritrea	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	35	385	253	-	50	-	303	-	83.5	83.5	0.0	-100.0	
Eritrea	Sudan	G	FI	2,394	13,633	13,449	-	47	127	13,623	2,404	99.7	99.7	0.9	0.4	
Eritrea	Sudan	U	FI	88	148	47	-	-	*	49	187	100.0	100.0	4.1	112.5	
Eritrea	Sweden	G	FI	525	2,356	199	1,080	89	209	1,577	945	14.5	93.5	13.3	80.0	
Eritrea	Switzerland	G	AR	240	448	-	-	-	-	558	70	..	..	0.0	-70.8
Eritrea	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	1,234	4,295	1,332	214	24	540	2,110	3,694	84.8	98.5	25.6	199.4	
Eritrea	Uganda	G	FA	2,877	1,652	22	-	193	-	215	4,314	10.2	10.2	0.0	499	
Eritrea	United Kingdom	G	FI	319	768	617	7	81	64	769	317	87.5	88.5	8.3	-0.6	
Eritrea	United States	G	EO	-	216	311	-	47	47	405	-	86.9	86.9	11.6	..	
Eritrea	Yemen	U	FA	595	199	255	-	-	87	342	452	100.0	100.0	25.4	-24.0	
Estonia	United States	G	IN	-	354	225	-	23	112	360	*	90.7	90.7	31.1	..	
Ethiopia	Canada	G	FI	177	157	158	-	17	9	184	153	90.3	90.3	4.9	-13.6	
Ethiopia	Djibouti	J	FI	1,308	965	-	-	-	-	-	2,273	..	..	..	73.8
Ethiopia	Egypt	U	FI	703	1,061	300	-	118	*	421	1,343	71.8	71.8	0.7	91.0	
Ethiopia	France	G	FI	-	122	21	-	100	-	121	-	17.4	17.4	0.0	..	
Ethiopia	Germany	G	NA	365	481	61	11	214	29	315	572	21.3	25.2	9.2	56.7	
Ethiopia	Greece	G	FI	-	181	-	-	47	58	105	-	0.0	0.0	55.2	..	
Ethiopia	Israel	G	FI	922	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	-100.0
Ethiopia	Italy	G	FI	-	101	20	20	16	-	56	103	35.7	71.4	0.0	..	
Ethiopia	Kenya	U	AR	633	666	35	-	139	-	174	1,125	20.1	20.1	0.0	77.7	
Ethiopia	Kenya	U	FI	12,630	3,712	2,486	32	1,611	3,916	8,045	8,297	60.2	61.0	48.7	-34.3	
Ethiopia	Norway	G	AR	324	700	16	-	529	8	553	424	2.9	2.9	1.4	30.9	
Ethiopia	Norway	G	FI	393	185	226	-	206	17	449	127	52.3	52.3	3.8	-67.7	
Ethiopia	Somalia	U	FI	5,937	3,429	119	-	76	764	959	8,407	61.0	61.0	79.7	41.6	
Ethiopia	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	670	1,260	-	-	671	7	678	1,252	0.0	0.0	1.0	86.9	
Ethiopia	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	3,620	10,132	2,163	-	6,622	-	8,785	4,967	24.6	24.6	0.0	37.2	
Ethiopia	Sudan	G	FI	3,172	218	211	-	*	*	217	3,173	98.6	98.6	1.4	0.0	
Ethiopia	Sudan	U	FI	87	669	35	-	*	*	41	715	94.6	94.6	9.8	721.8	
Ethiopia	Sweden	G	FI	72	339	54	7	156	31	248	151	24.9	28.1	12.5	109.7	
Ethiopia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	226	293	44	28	33	75	180	406	41.9	68.6	41.7	79.6	
Ethiopia	Uganda	G	FA	959	517	52	-	108	-	160	1,316	32.5	32.5	0.0	37.2	
Ethiopia	United Kingdom	G	FI	49	153	45	*	64	14	127	72	39.8	43.4	11.0	46.9	
Ethiopia	United States	G	EO	-	133	441	-	73	125	639	-	85.8	85.8	19.6	..	
Ethiopia	United States	G	IN	272	663	420	-	37	171	628	354	91.9	91.9	27.2	30.1	
Ethiopia	Yemen	U	FA	4,892	2,947	593	-	156	1,516	2,265	5,574	79.2	79.2	66.9	13.9	
Fiji	Australia ⁴	G	AR	70	195	41	-	92	9	142	125	30.8	30.8	6.3	78.6	
Fiji	Australia ⁴	G	FI	126	236	29	-	225	-	254	108	11.4	11.4	0.0	-14.3	
Gambia	Germany	G	NA	125	244	9	*	114	23	149	219	7.1	9.5	15.4	75.2	
Gambia	Italy	G	FI	-	321	15	62	164	-	241	246	6.2	32.0	0.0	..	
Gambia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	152	533	-	*	31	411	445	273	0.0	8.8	92.4	79.6	
Gambia	United Kingdom	G	AR	116	148	39	-	100	7	146	109	28.1	28.1	4.8	-6.0	
Gambia	United Kingdom	G	FI	131	455	104	60	232	15	411	177	26.3	41.4	3.6	35.1	
Gambia	United States	G	IN	95	274	118	-	9	162	289	99	92.9	92.9	56.1	4.2	
Georgia	Austria	G	FA	410	300	27	31	321	37	416	326	7.1	15.3	8.9	-20.5	
Georgia	Belgium	G	FI	378	387	*	5	496	57	562	120	0.8	1.8	10.1	-68.3	
Georgia	Belgium	G	RA	-	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Georgia	France	G	AR	-	1,315	79	38	655	-	772	-	10.2	15.2	0.0	..	
Georgia	France	G	FI	-	2,552	31	*	1,738	-	1,773	1,137	1.7	2.0	0.0	..	
Georgia	France	G	RA	-	128	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Georgia	Germany	G	NA	322	1,298	*	*	256	321	583	1,049	1.5	2.3	55.1	225.8	
Georgia	Germany	G	RA	23	132	-	*	6	73	80	78	0.0	14.3	91.3	239.1	
Georgia	Greece	G	FI	-	893	-	*	1,116	502	1,621	-	0.0	0.3	31.0	..	

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Georgia	Latvia	G	FI	109	106	-	-	39	77	116	99	0.0	0.0	66.4	-9.2	
Georgia	Lithuania	G	FI	*	295	-	-	223	60	283	16	0.0	0.0	21.2	300.0	
Georgia	Netherlands	G	FI	139	226	-	*	233	-	235	139	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	
Georgia	Norway	G	FI	13	109	-	-	17	97	114	11	0.0	0.0	85.1	-15.4	
Georgia	Poland	G	AR	-	343	-	-	186	32	218	-	0.0	0.0	14.7	..	
Georgia	Poland	G	FI	378	2,956	-	-	468	2,934	3,402	339	0.0	0.0	86.2	-10.3	
Georgia	Poland	G	RA	-	278	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Georgia	Russian Fed.	G	FI	242	238	6	-	316	-	322	158	1.9	1.9	0.0	-34.7	
Georgia	Russian Fed.	G	TA	20	212	176	-	37	-	213	19	82.6	82.6	0.0	-5.0	
Georgia	Sweden	G	FI	117	748	-	*	158	194	353	193	0.0	0.6	55.0	65.0	
Georgia	Switzerland	G	AR	29	101	-	-	-	-	117	78	..	..	0.0	169.0
Georgia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	61	614	*	*	26	659	689	123	6.7	13.3	95.6	101.6	
Ghana	Germany	G	NA	153	489	-	*	163	55	222	417	0.0	2.4	24.8	172.5	
Ghana	Greece	G	FI	-	104	-	-	198	55	253	-	0.0	0.0	21.7	..	
Ghana	Italy	G	FI	-	846	19	250	1,546	-	1,815	553	1.0	14.8	0.0	..	
Ghana	Japan ⁶	G	FI	9	104	-	-	27	*	29	84	0.0	0.0	6.9	833.3	
Ghana	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	667	2,839	*	-	2,124	-	2,125	1,381	0.0	0.0	0.0	107.0	
Ghana	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	79	340	*	*	9	397	410	57	7.7	30.8	96.8	-27.8	
Ghana	Togo	G	FI	5	4,982	-	4,982	-	-	4,982	5	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Ghana	United Kingdom	G	FI	58	230	5	32	132	33	202	90	3.0	21.9	16.3	55.2	
Greece	Canada	G	FI	33	101	*	-	24	*	28	107	4.0	4.0	10.7	224.2	
Guatemala	Canada	G	FI	480	120	74	-	205	28	307	294	26.5	26.5	9.1	-38.8	
Guatemala	United States	G	EO	-	2,640	214	-	903	3,188	4,305	-	19.2	19.2	74.1	..	
Guatemala	United States	G	IN	557	1,512	287	-	8	1,119	1,414	932	97.3	97.3	79.1	67.3	
Guinea	Belgium	G	FI	1,806	1,370	608	9	2,202	97	2,916	996	21.6	21.9	3.3	-44.9	
Guinea	Belgium	G	RA	-	718	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Guinea	Cameroon	U	FA	458	452	*	-	47	612	661	249	4.1	4.1	92.6	-45.6	
Guinea	France	G	AR	-	1,146	119	62	912	-	1,093	-	10.9	16.6	0.0	..	
Guinea	France	G	FI	-	1,884	111	175	1,394	-	1,680	1,308	6.6	17.0	0.0	..	
Guinea	France	G	RA	-	185	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Guinea	Germany	G	NA	246	428	23	8	80	49	160	518	20.7	27.9	30.6	110.6	
Guinea	Greece	G	FI	-	158	-	-	47	9	56	-	0.0	0.0	16.1	..	
Guinea	Italy	G	FI	-	183	13	68	283	-	364	156	3.6	22.3	0.0	..	
Guinea	Netherlands	G	FI	189	186	*	79	153	-	235	189	1.3	34.9	0.0	0.0	
Guinea	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	146	323	*	12	46	282	341	183	1.7	22.0	82.7	25.3	
Guinea	United States	G	IN	65	154	42	-	*	113	158	75	93.3	93.3	71.5	15.4	
Guinea-Bissau	Brazil	G	FI	92	123	-	-	67	-	67	148	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.9	
Guinea-Bissau	France	G	AR	-	126	*	*	122	-	126	-	0.8	3.2	0.0	..	
Guinea-Bissau	France	G	FI	-	127	15	*	111	-	129	-	11.6	14.0	0.0	..	
Guinea-Bissau	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	140	379	*	8	58	218	285	265	1.5	13.4	76.5	89.3	
Haiti	Canada	G	FI	1,369	417	571	-	605	46	1,222	561	48.6	48.6	3.8	-59.0	
Haiti	France	G	AR	-	1,524	46	37	956	-	1,039	-	4.4	8.0	0.0	..	
Haiti	France	G	FI	-	1,602	31	31	1,705	-	1,767	731	1.8	3.5	0.0	..	
Haiti	France	G	RA	-	210	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Haiti	United States	G	EO	-	652	55	-	177	587	819	-	23.7	23.7	71.7	..	
Haiti	United States	G	IN	161	960	546	-	52	259	857	304	91.3	91.3	30.2	88.8	
Honduras	Canada	G	FI	499	279	131	-	193	40	364	414	40.4	40.4	11.0	-17.0	
Honduras	Mexico	G	FI	18	272	66	22	54	70	212	78	46.5	62.0	33.0	333.3	
Honduras	United States	G	EO	-	1,690	83	-	455	828	1,366	-	15.4	15.4	60.6	..	
Honduras	United States	G	IN	151	425	95	-	5	300	400	211	95.0	95.0	75.0	39.7	
Hungary	Canada	G	FI	5,975	1,882	448	-	2,151	1,553	4,152	3,697	17.2	17.2	37.4	-38.1	
India	Australia ⁴	G	AR	258	645	40	-	463	44	547	357	8.0	8.0	8.0	38.4	
India	Australia ⁴	G	FI	185	943	*	-	714	-	716	412	0.3	0.3	0.0	122.7	
India	Austria	G	FA	499	401	*	*	325	55	382	545	0.3	0.6	14.4	9.2	
India	Canada	G	FI	1,173	684	118	-	288	169	575	1,284	29.1	29.1	29.4	9.5	
India	Germany	G	NA	222	885	*	5	597	20	623	495	0.2	1.0	3.2	123.0	
India	Greece	G	FI	-	165	-	-	263	144	407	-	0.0	0.0	35.4	..	
India	Japan ⁶	G	FI	33	125	-	-	96	7	103	55	0.0	0.0	6.8	66.7	
India	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	9	264	-	-	26	-	26	247	0.0	0.0	0.0	2644.4	
India	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	515	3,720	-	-	2,701	-	2,701	1,534	0.0	0.0	0.0	197.9	
India	United Kingdom	G	FI	186	1,195	7	5	550	373	935	477	1.2	2.1	39.9	156.5	
India	United States	G	EO	-	1,327	103	-	186	415	704	-	35.6	35.6	58.9	..	

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
India	United States	G	IN	202	671	84	-	10	448	542	368	89.4	89.4	82.7	82.2	
Indonesia	Australia ⁴	G	FI	33	127	10	-	86	-	96	64	10.4	10.4	0.0	93.9	
Indonesia	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	AR	31	129	-	-	112	*	116	44	0.0	0.0	3.4	41.9	
Indonesia	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	75	396	-	-	172	144	316	155	0.0	0.0	45.6	106.7	
Indonesia	United States	G	IN	99	203	63	-	*	117	183	125	95.5	95.5	63.9	26.3	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Australia ⁴	G	AR	59	133	746	-	443	7	1,196	185	62.7	62.7	0.6	213.6	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Australia ⁴	G	FI	171	1,839	1,023	-	488	73	1,584	499	67.7	67.7	4.6	191.8	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Austria	G	FA	624	761	442	25	104	51	622	804	77.4	81.8	8.2	28.8	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Belgium	G	FI	559	348	169	-	120	44	333	657	58.5	58.5	13.2	17.5	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Belgium	G	RA	-	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Canada	G	FI	429	277	245	-	44	19	308	396	84.8	84.8	6.2	-7.7	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Denmark	G	AR	-	150	104	14	112	-	230	102	45.2	51.3	0.0	..	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Denmark	G	FI	99	548	225	38	144	-	407	79	55.3	64.6	0.0	-20.2	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Finland	G	FI	141	121	84	13	44	29	170	115	59.6	68.8	17.1	-18.4	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	France	G	FI	-	235	102	*	90	-	195	-	52.3	53.8	0.0	..	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Germany	G	NA	2,743	4,348	1,414	44	1,022	215	2,695	4,401	57.0	58.8	8.0	60.4	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Germany	G	RA	308	380	175	25	28	138	366	321	76.8	87.7	37.7	4.2	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Greece	G	FI	-	211	7	*	227	85	322	-	3.0	4.2	26.4	..	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Indonesia	U	FA	378	804	99	-	7	235	341	841	93.4	93.4	68.9	122.5	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Iraq	U	FI	2,238	578	15	-	-	-	15	2,801	100.0	100.0	0.0	25.2	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Italy	G	FI	-	169	105	27	27	-	159	150	66.0	83.0	0.0	..	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Malaysia	U	FI	191	177	73	-	24	-	97	271	75.3	75.3	0.0	41.9	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Netherlands	G	FI	786	834	192	326	679	-	1,197	786	16.0	43.3	0.0	0.0	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Netherlands	G	RA	-	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Norway	G	AR	851	546	40	*	526	25	592	771	7.1	7.2	4.2	-9.4	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Norway	G	FI	126	441	120	-	229	66	415	164	34.4	34.4	15.9	30.2	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Sweden	G	FI	453	1,529	416	22	537	88	1,063	901	42.7	44.9	8.3	98.9	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Switzerland	G	AR	121	111	-	-	-	-	158	61	..	..	0.0	-49.6
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	533	315	92	62	51	125	330	637	44.9	75.1	37.9	19.5	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Turkey	U	AR	174	219	74	-	23	188	285	108	76.3	76.3	66.0	-37.9	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Turkey	U	FI	2,420	3,589	1,942	-	179	369	2,490	3,519	91.6	91.6	14.8	45.4	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	United Kingdom	G	AR	771	981	333	-	579	70	982	650	36.5	36.5	7.1	-15.7	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	United Kingdom	G	FI	933	3,162	1,338	85	1,150	201	2,774	1,310	52.0	55.3	7.2	40.4	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	United Kingdom	G	RA	-	102	*	-	13	*	20	-	18.8	18.8	20.0	..	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	United States	G	EO	-	115	90	-	39	118	247	-	69.8	69.8	47.8	..	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	United States	G	IN	191	652	478	-	11	74	563	314	97.8	97.8	13.1	64.4	
Iraq	Australia ⁴	G	FI	227	760	342	-	118	27	487	527	74.3	74.3	5.5	132.2	
Iraq	Austria	G	FA	893	491	161	197	362	47	767	807	22.4	49.7	6.1	-9.6	
Iraq	Belgium	G	FI	853	636	290	17	891	131	1,329	416	24.2	25.6	9.9	-51.2	
Iraq	Belgium	G	RA	-	321	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Iraq	Bulgaria	G	FA	366	283	*	67	174	70	315	-	1.6	29.0	22.2	-100.0	
Iraq	Canada	G	FI	165	142	90	-	34	13	137	170	72.6	72.6	9.5	3.0	
Iraq	Cyprus	G	AR	133	121	-	-	-	-	-	254	..	..	..	91.0
Iraq	Denmark	G	FI	13	133	5	5	56	-	66	12	7.6	15.2	0.0	-7.7	
Iraq	Egypt	U	FI	1,404	520	277	-	5	550	832	1,092	98.2	98.2	66.1	-22.2	
Iraq	Finland	G	FI	394	784	103	274	119	218	714	563	20.8	76.0	30.5	42.9	
Iraq	France	G	FI	-	174	102	-	47	-	149	-	68.5	68.5	0.0	..	
Iraq	Georgia	G	FA	*	442	*	10	37	17	68	375	7.8	27.5	25.0	37400.0	
Iraq	Germany	G	NA	2,546	5,352	2,594	98	1,418	244	4,354	3,527	63.1	65.5	5.6	38.5	
Iraq	Germany	G	RA	202	322	63	25	19	165	272	260	58.9	82.2	60.7	28.7	
Iraq	Greece	G	FI	-	315	*	*	165	236	407	-	1.8	3.5	58.0	..	
Iraq	Indonesia	U	FA	253	467	101	-	11	183	295	425	90.2	90.2	62.0	68.0	
Iraq	Italy	G	FI	-	403	38	159	39	-	236	437	16.1	83.5	0.0	..	
Iraq	Jordan	U	FA	1,465	1,680	680	-	420	461	1,561	1,584	61.8	61.8	29.5	8.1	
Iraq	Kuwait	U	FA	759	120	77	-	*	381	459	420	98.7	98.7	83.0	-44.7	
Iraq	Lebanon	U	FI	660	852	319	16	90	311	736	776	75.1	78.8	42.3	17.6	
Iraq	Malaysia	U	FI	221	171	84	-	*	72	157	235	98.8	98.8	45.9	6.3	
Iraq	Netherlands	G	FI	1,384	1,391	132	1,073	658	-	1,863	1,384	7.1	64.7	0.0	0.0	
Iraq	Netherlands	G	RA	-	493	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Iraq	Norway	G	AR	629	470	30	10	471	18	529	497	5.9	7.8	3.4	-21.0	
Iraq	Norway	G	FI	80	221	49	*	118	88	256	53	29.2	29.8	34.4	-33.8	
Iraq	Sweden	G	FI	443	1,322	217	123	499	131	970	607	25.9	40.5	13.5	37.0	

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more. Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Iraq	Switzerland	G	AR	156	145	-	-	-	-	235	52	..	..	0.0	-66.7
Iraq	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	469	382	136	157	76	207	576	417	36.9	79.4	35.9	-11.1	
Iraq	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	800	466	81	*	333	223	640	626	19.4	20.1	34.8	-21.8	
Iraq	Turkey	U	FI	3,621	6,942	6,381	-	44	721	7,146	3,417	99.3	99.3	10.1	-5.6	
Iraq	United Arab Emirates	U	FA	*	169	126	13	-	-	139	32	90.6	100.0	0.0	1500.0	
Iraq	United Kingdom	G	AR	255	164	38	-	126	18	182	175	23.2	23.2	9.9	-31.4	
Iraq	United Kingdom	G	FI	266	423	63	32	188	52	335	312	22.3	33.6	15.5	17.3	
Iraq	United States	G	EO	-	112	109	-	58	73	240	-	65.3	65.3	30.4	..	
Iraq	United States	G	IN	177	480	258	-	28	64	350	325	90.2	90.2	18.3	83.6	
Israel	Canada	G	FI	386	186	19	-	180	87	286	283	9.5	9.5	30.4	-26.7	
Jamaica	Canada	G	FI	417	267	134	-	179	50	363	326	42.8	42.8	13.8	-21.8	
Jamaica	United Kingdom	G	FI	87	112	12	11	81	25	129	85	11.5	22.1	19.4	-2.3	
Jamaica	United States	G	EO	-	207	13	-	110	110	233	-	10.6	10.6	47.2	..	
Jordan	Sweden	G	FI	28	140	6	*	59	22	89	62	9.0	11.9	24.7	121.4	
Kazakhstan	Belgium	G	FI	212	192	5	-	266	45	316	117	1.8	1.8	14.2	-44.8	
Kazakhstan	France	G	FI	-	189	9	*	89	-	99	-	9.1	10.1	0.0	..	
Kazakhstan	Poland	G	FI	6	120	-	-	9	43	52	70	0.0	0.0	82.7	1066.7	
Kazakhstan	Sweden	G	FI	95	441	*	-	277	38	318	193	1.1	1.1	11.9	103.2	
Kazakhstan	United States	G	IN	49	179	65	-	*	82	150	86	95.6	95.6	54.7	75.5	
Kenya	Germany	G	NA	133	128	*	5	125	14	146	120	1.5	5.3	9.6	-9.8	
Kenya	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	123	312	*	-	247	-	248	187	0.4	0.4	0.0	52.0	
Kenya	United Kingdom	G	FI	47	116	10	7	78	7	102	60	10.5	17.9	6.9	27.7	
Kenya	United States	G	EO	-	122	72	-	85	168	325	-	45.9	45.9	51.7	..	
Kenya	United States	G	IN	103	318	120	-	16	103	239	197	88.2	88.2	43.1	91.3	
Kyrgyzstan	Sweden	G	FI	107	274	*	*	218	20	244	120	1.3	2.7	8.2	12.1	
Kyrgyzstan	Ukraine	G	AR	70	122	-	*	5	58	65	127	0.0	28.6	89.2	81.4	
Kyrgyzstan	Ukraine	G	FI	-	136	*	-	39	96	136	-	2.5	2.5	70.6	..	
Kyrgyzstan	United States	G	IN	70	299	117	-	7	124	248	137	94.4	94.4	50.0	95.7	
Lebanon	Australia ⁴	G	AR	64	187	39	-	68	*	111	142	36.4	36.4	3.6	121.9	
Lebanon	Australia ⁴	G	FI	67	327	18	-	208	-	226	168	8.0	8.0	0.0	150.7	
Lebanon	Germany	G	NA	189	464	9	5	235	57	306	353	3.6	5.6	18.6	86.8	
Lebanon	Sweden	G	FI	64	381	5	*	152	36	196	192	3.1	5.0	18.4	200.0	
Lesotho	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	158	492	-	-	371	-	371	279	0.0	0.0	0.0	76.6	
Libya	Australia ⁴	G	FI	161	174	81	-	80	-	161	174	50.3	50.3	0.0	8.1	
Libya	Germany	G	NA	144	138	7	*	-	36	45	225	77.8	100.0	80.0	56.3	
Libya	Sweden	G	FI	76	352	11	12	64	64	151	107	12.6	26.4	42.4	40.8	
Libya	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	94	183	6	*	*	189	199	101	60.0	70.0	95.0	7.4	
Libya	United Kingdom	G	AR	258	111	28	-	79	9	116	109	26.2	26.2	7.8	-57.8	
Libya	United Kingdom	G	FI	200	412	83	24	218	40	365	241	25.5	32.9	11.0	20.5	
Madagascar	France	G	FI	-	154	13	-	107	-	120	-	10.8	10.8	0.0	..	
Malawi	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	2,754	4,478	-	-	3,017	-	3,017	4,215	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.1	
Malawi	United Kingdom	G	FI	77	177	7	30	109	17	163	91	4.8	25.3	10.4	18.2	
Malaysia	Australia ⁴	G	AR	40	133	13	-	100	17	130	42	11.5	11.5	13.1	5.0	
Malaysia	Australia ⁴	G	FI	34	171	10	-	134	-	144	61	6.9	6.9	0.0	79.4	
Mali	Belgium	G	FI	19	124	5	-	8	5	18	95	38.5	38.5	27.8	400.0	
Mali	France	G	AR	-	238	5	69	89	-	163	-	3.1	45.4	0.0	..	
Mali	France	G	FI	-	938	17	267	313	-	597	-	2.8	47.6	0.0	..	
Mali	Germany	G	NA	19	200	-	-	10	22	32	188	0.0	0.0	68.8	889.5	
Mali	Italy	G	FI	-	785	32	1,920	786	-	2,738	623	1.2	71.3	0.0	..	
Mali	Morocco	U	FI	*	128	-	-	*	*	*	125	0.0	0.0	75.0	12400.0	
Mali	Spain	G	FI	5	101	-	-	20	-	20	95	0.0	0.0	0.0	1800.0	
Mali	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	32	208	-	*	*	128	130	130	0.0	50.0	98.5	306.3	
Mali	Togo	G	FI	-	177	137	-	-	-	137	40	100.0	100.0	0.0	..	
Mali	United States	G	IN	58	206	69	-	12	124	205	86	85.2	85.2	60.5	48.3	
Mauritania	Belgium	G	FI	167	168	51	*	189	19	260	146	21.2	21.6	7.3	-12.6	
Mauritania	France	G	AR	-	1,253	115	15	991	-	1,121	-	10.3	11.6	0.0	..	
Mauritania	France	G	FI	-	1,307	49	24	1,442	-	1,515	-	3.2	4.8	0.0	..	
Mauritania	France	G	RA	-	271	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Mauritania	Italy	G	FI	-	100	18	19	59	-	96	64	18.8	38.5	0.0	..	
Mexico	Canada	G	FI	3,997	382	568	-	2,144	310	3,022	1,372	20.9	20.9	10.3	-65.7	
Mexico	United States	G	EO	-	4,846	148	-	1,437	5,415	7,000	-	9.3	9.3	77.4	..	
Mexico	United States	G	IN	1,321	6,221	412	-	6	5,138	5,556	2,169	98.6	98.6	92.5	64.2	

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Mongolia	Austria	G	FA	411	124	*	15	209	34	262	276	1.8	8.3	13.0	-32.8	
Mongolia	France	G	AR	-	209	6	16	142	-	164	-	3.7	13.4	0.0	..	
Mongolia	France	G	FI	-	170	5	8	259	-	272	-	1.8	4.8	0.0	..	
Mongolia	Netherlands	G	FI	84	110	-	*	120	-	121	84	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	
Mongolia	Sweden	G	FI	224	463	*	-	474	44	522	135	0.8	0.8	8.4	-39.7	
Mongolia	United States	G	IN	38	135	47	-	*	62	112	69	94.0	94.0	55.4	81.6	
Montenegro	France	G	AR	-	182	7	8	106	-	121	-	5.8	12.4	0.0	..	
Montenegro	France	G	FI	-	318	*	-	209	-	210	-	0.5	0.5	0.0	..	
Montenegro	Germany	G	NA	29	290	-	5	253	13	271	49	0.0	1.9	4.8	69.0	
Montenegro	Germany	G	RA	32	105	-	*	27	66	94	52	0.0	3.6	70.2	62.5	
Montenegro	Luxembourg	G	FI	-	288	-	-	59	-	59	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	
Morocco	Austria	G	FA	145	354	*	-	302	61	364	162	0.3	0.3	16.8	11.7	
Morocco	Belgium	G	FI	42	106	7	-	51	14	72	70	12.1	12.1	19.4	66.7	
Morocco	Denmark	G	FI	*	108	*	*	6	-	11	5	18.2	45.5	0.0	150.0	
Morocco	France	G	FI	-	133	28	7	116	-	151	-	18.5	23.2	0.0	..	
Morocco	Germany	G	NA	122	496	*	*	210	61	274	356	0.9	1.4	22.3	191.8	
Morocco	Italy	G	FI	-	282	16	7	246	-	269	109	5.9	8.6	0.0	..	
Morocco	Montenegro	G	FA	18	129	-	-	95	39	134	13	0.0	0.0	29.1	-27.8	
Morocco	Norway	G	FI	24	142	-	-	45	79	124	40	0.0	0.0	63.7	66.7	
Morocco	Romania	G	FA	*	354	-	-	355	13	368	*	0.0	0.0	3.5	-50.0	
Morocco	Sweden	G	FI	54	381	*	-	110	76	188	148	1.8	1.8	40.4	174.1	
Morocco	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	185	860	-	*	21	772	794	354	0.0	4.5	97.2	91.4	
Mozambique	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	341	1,828	-	-	1,327	-	1,327	842	0.0	0.0	0.0	146.9	
Myanmar	France	G	AR	-	162	15	-	48	-	63	-	23.8	23.8	0.0	..	
Myanmar	France	G	FI	-	601	*	-	168	-	171	-	1.8	1.8	0.0	..	
Myanmar	India	U	FI	2,782	1,646	1,145	-	42	421	1,608	2,820	96.5	96.5	26.2	1.4	
Myanmar	Indonesia	U	FA	112	418	147	-	-	*	150	380	100.0	100.0	2.0	239.3	
Myanmar	Japan ⁶	G	AR	654	272	11	-	350	55	416	510	3.0	3.0	13.2	-22.0	
Myanmar	Japan ⁶	G	FI	147	368	*	36	337	8	385	130	1.1	10.6	2.1	-11.6	
Myanmar	Malaysia	U	AR	626	432	250	-	222	-	472	586	53.0	53.0	0.0	-6.4	
Myanmar	Malaysia	U	FI	6,722	17,598	12,164	-	545	4,433	17,142	7,178	95.7	95.7	25.9	6.8	
Myanmar	Thailand	G	FA	12,394	1,133	-	-	-	67	67	13,460	..	..	100.0	8.6
Nepal	Australia ⁴	G	AR	78	264	17	-	186	9	212	131	8.4	8.4	4.2	67.9	
Nepal	Australia ⁴	G	FI	145	188	7	-	272	-	279	54	2.5	2.5	0.0	-62.8	
Nepal	Belgium	G	FI	446	226	*	-	253	36	292	381	1.2	1.2	12.3	-14.6	
Nepal	France	G	AR	-	126	6	*	45	-	52	-	11.5	13.5	0.0	..	
Nepal	Japan ⁶	G	AR	171	257	-	-	71	-	71	357	0.0	0.0	0.0	108.8	
Nepal	Japan ⁶	G	FI	129	320	-	-	303	7	310	139	0.0	0.0	2.3	7.8	
Nepal	Netherlands	G	FI	124	100	*	31	84	-	119	124	3.4	29.4	0.0	0.0	
Nepal	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	*	108	-	-	60	-	60	50	0.0	0.0	0.0	2400.0	
Nepal	United States	G	EO	-	221	72	-	34	59	165	-	67.9	67.9	35.8	..	
Nepal	United States	G	IN	428	1,445	534	-	133	491	1,158	763	80.1	80.1	42.4	78.3	
Nicaragua	United States	G	EO	-	228	15	-	86	184	285	-	14.9	14.9	64.6	..	
Niger	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	34	111	-	-	*	146	148	17	0.0	0.0	98.6	-50.0	
Nigeria	Austria	G	FA	971	400	13	20	428	131	592	865	2.8	7.2	22.1	-10.9	
Nigeria	Belgium	G	FI	49	167	9	-	139	6	154	41	6.1	6.1	3.9	-16.3	
Nigeria	Canada	G	FI	913	707	521	-	388	32	941	677	57.3	57.3	3.4	-25.8	
Nigeria	Denmark	G	FI	8	115	-	*	54	-	55	12	0.0	1.8	0.0	50.0	
Nigeria	Egypt	U	FI	31	138	-	-	12	-	12	157	0.0	0.0	0.0	406.5	
Nigeria	France	G	AR	-	587	25	37	507	-	569	-	4.4	10.9	0.0	..	
Nigeria	France	G	FI	-	967	7	40	763	-	810	466	0.9	5.8	0.0	..	
Nigeria	France	G	RA	-	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Nigeria	Germany	G	NA	540	892	15	25	352	93	485	960	3.8	10.2	19.2	77.8	
Nigeria	Greece	G	FI	-	267	-	-	521	130	651	-	0.0	0.0	20.0	..	
Nigeria	Ireland	G	AR	216	119	*	-	90	15	106	229	1.1	1.1	14.2	6.0	
Nigeria	Ireland	G	FI	35	181	*	-	117	54	174	42	2.5	2.5	31.0	20.0	
Nigeria	Israel	G	FI	1,504	126	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	-100.0
Nigeria	Italy	G	FI	-	1,613	74	550	3,779	-	4,403	1,682	1.7	14.2	0.0	..	
Nigeria	Japan ⁶	G	FI	23	112	-	*	75	*	77	58	0.0	1.3	1.3	152.2	
Nigeria	Morocco	U	FI	22	291	*	-	76	8	85	228	1.3	1.3	9.4	936.4	
Nigeria	Netherlands	G	FI	102	106	-	12	123	-	135	102	0.0	8.9	0.0	0.0	
Nigeria	Norway	G	AR	170	288	9	-	235	17	261	175	3.7	3.7	6.5	2.9	

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more. Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³			
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
				Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status		Ref. status	Total							
Nigeria	Norway	G	FI	78	355	8	-	152	179	339	113	5.0	5.0	52.8	44.9
Nigeria	Rep. of Korea	G	FA	36	102	*	*	6	14	22	116	12.5	25.0	63.6	222.2
Nigeria	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	40	395	-	-	15	*	17	418	0.0	0.0	11.8	945.0
Nigeria	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	1,199	8,242	-	-	6,403	-	6,403	3,038	0.0	0.0	0.0	153.4
Nigeria	Spain	G	FI	275	204	-	-	300	*	302	210	0.0	0.0	0.7	-23.6
Nigeria	Sweden	G	FI	114	501	27	-	199	48	274	229	11.9	11.9	17.5	100.9
Nigeria	Switzerland	G	AR	23	272	-	-	-	-	266	288	..	..	0.0	1152.2
Nigeria	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	535	2,353	*	10	90	2,817	2,918	513	1.0	10.9	96.5	-4.1
Nigeria	United Kingdom	G	AR	358	360	61	-	258	18	337	298	19.1	19.1	5.3	-16.8
Nigeria	United Kingdom	G	FI	392	1,498	78	95	925	118	1,216	685	7.1	15.8	9.7	74.7
Nigeria	United States	G	EO	-	174	39	-	104	119	262	-	27.3	27.3	45.4	..
Nigeria	United States	G	IN	31	163	59	-	7	76	142	65	89.4	89.4	53.5	109.7
Pakistan	Australia ⁴	G	AR	177	353	262	-	128	20	410	308	67.2	67.2	4.9	74.0
Pakistan	Australia ⁴	G	FI	391	1,512	669	-	444	59	1,172	790	60.1	60.1	5.0	102.0
Pakistan	Austria	G	FA	1,059	1,823	14	9	1,457	194	1,674	1,256	0.9	1.6	11.6	18.6
Pakistan	Belgium	G	FI	788	711	21	6	380	44	451	919	5.2	6.6	9.8	16.6
Pakistan	Canada	G	FI	1,069	853	500	-	182	54	736	1,186	73.3	73.3	7.3	10.9
Pakistan	Cyprus	G	FI	43	108	-	-	129	20	149	*	0.0	0.0	13.4	-95.3
Pakistan	France	G	AR	-	1,216	53	12	837	-	902	-	5.9	7.2	0.0	..
Pakistan	France	G	FI	-	1,941	24	*	1,515	-	1,540	1,205	1.6	1.6	0.0	..
Pakistan	Germany	G	NA	2,099	3,412	280	13	1,150	112	1,555	3,970	19.4	20.3	7.2	89.1
Pakistan	Germany	G	RA	102	141	*	*	13	83	103	140	20.0	35.0	80.6	37.3
Pakistan	Greece	G	FI	-	2,339	-	-	3,309	1,565	4,874	-	0.0	0.0	32.1	..
Pakistan	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	46	126	*	-	37	52	92	80	7.5	7.5	56.5	73.9
Pakistan	Hungary	G	FI	-	327	*	11	76	258	346	-	1.1	13.6	74.6	..
Pakistan	Indonesia	U	FA	137	524	17	-	*	227	248	413	81.0	81.0	91.5	201.5
Pakistan	Ireland	G	FI	38	123	*	-	84	53	139	22	2.3	2.3	38.1	-42.1
Pakistan	Italy	G	FI	-	2,601	130	573	1,145	-	1,848	2,032	7.0	38.0	0.0	..
Pakistan	Japan ⁶	G	AR	150	197	-	-	53	21	74	273	0.0	0.0	28.4	82.0
Pakistan	Japan ⁶	G	FI	99	298	-	-	247	14	261	136	0.0	0.0	5.4	37.4
Pakistan	Malaysia	U	FI	149	213	34	-	12	10	56	306	73.9	73.9	17.9	105.4
Pakistan	Montenegro	G	FA	-	108	-	-	73	25	98	10	0.0	0.0	25.5	..
Pakistan	Netherlands	G	FI	82	150	25	42	74	-	141	82	17.7	47.5	0.0	0.0
Pakistan	Norway	G	AR	103	140	*	-	112	7	120	118	0.9	0.9	5.8	14.6
Pakistan	Norway	G	FI	26	147	12	-	88	36	136	34	12.0	12.0	26.5	30.8
Pakistan	Rep. of Korea	G	FA	437	244	-	*	151	143	295	386	0.0	0.7	48.5	-11.7
Pakistan	Romania	G	FA	7	338	*	*	316	7	326	*	0.3	0.9	2.1	-71.4
Pakistan	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	*	247	-	-	-	230	230	21	..	..	100.0	425.0
Pakistan	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	46	397	-	-	36	*	37	406	0.0	0.0	2.7	782.6
Pakistan	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	1,348	4,975	*	-	3,641	-	3,642	2,681	0.0	0.0	0.0	98.9
Pakistan	Sri Lanka	U	FA	192	152	88	-	17	22	127	217	83.8	83.8	17.3	13.0
Pakistan	Sweden	G	FI	79	283	32	*	118	19	173	158	20.8	23.4	11.0	100.0
Pakistan	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	79	159	*	*	26	88	118	144	6.7	13.3	74.6	82.3
Pakistan	Thailand	U	FI	69	489	112	-	10	24	146	412	91.8	91.8	16.4	497.1
Pakistan	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	G	FA	48	174	-	-	-	113	113	109	..	..	100.0	127.1
Pakistan	United Kingdom	G	AR	1,430	1,583	284	-	1,175	104	1,563	1,156	19.5	19.5	6.7	-19.2
Pakistan	United Kingdom	G	FI	1,100	4,867	599	63	3,165	384	4,211	1,770	15.7	17.3	9.1	60.9
Pakistan	United Kingdom	G	RA	-	102	-	-	24	26	50	-	0.0	0.0	52.0	..
Pakistan	United States	G	EO	-	187	185	-	98	261	544	-	65.4	65.4	48.0	..
Pakistan	United States	G	IN	192	399	149	-	*	152	305	316	97.4	97.4	49.8	64.6
Palestinian	Australia ⁴	G	FI	36	174	48	-	6	-	54	156	88.9	88.9	0.0	333.3
Palestinian	Cyprus	G	AR	377	120	*	-	22	-	26	471	15.4	15.4	0.0	24.9
Palestinian	Indonesia	U	FA	63	269	12	-	-	110	122	210	100.0	100.0	90.2	233.3
Palestinian	Libya	U	FI	-	431	431	-	-	-	431	-	100.0	100.0	0.0	..
Palestinian	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	109	122	11	14	*	96	123	130	40.7	92.6	78.0	19.3
Palestinian	Thailand	U	FI	8	103	38	-	*	5	45	66	95.0	95.0	11.1	725.0
Palestinian	Turkey	U	FI	130	236	65	-	-	26	91	275	100.0	100.0	28.6	111.5
Palestinian	United Kingdom	G	FI	80	196	24	*	77	40	144	127	23.1	26.0	27.8	58.8
Peru	United States	G	EO	-	145	21	-	52	196	269	-	28.8	28.8	72.9	..
Peru	United States	G	IN	31	143	24	-	-	104	128	55	100.0	100.0	81.3	77.4

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³			
		T ¹	L ²			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
						Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Philippines	Hong Kong SAR, China	U	FI	36	103	*	-	47	41	89	50	2.1	2.1	46.1	38.9
Philippines	United States	G	IN	40	172	6	-	*	116	123	92	85.7	85.7	94.3	130.0
Poland	Canada	G	FI	330	171	24	-	128	90	242	259	15.8	15.8	37.2	-21.5
Rep. of Moldova	France	G	AR	-	162	*	*	108	-	114	-	3.5	5.3	0.0	..
Rep. of Moldova	France	G	FI	-	122	-	-	155	-	155	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..
Rep. of Moldova	United States	G	IN	86	274	122	-	*	138	263	120	97.6	97.6	52.5	39.5
Romania	Canada	G	FI	369	295	39	-	47	60	146	511	45.3	45.3	41.1	38.5
Romania	United States	G	EO	-	252	21	-	11	79	111	-	65.6	65.6	71.2	..
Russian Fed.	Austria	G	FA	3,109	3,091	839	241	1,999	245	3,324	3,157	27.2	35.1	7.4	1.5
Russian Fed.	Belgium	G	FI	908	1,191	375	-	1,443	73	1,891	562	20.6	20.6	3.9	-38.1
Russian Fed.	Belgium	G	RA	-	1,357	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Russian Fed.	Canada	G	FI	307	166	104	-	56	23	183	288	65.0	65.0	12.6	-6.2
Russian Fed.	Denmark	G	FI	27	521	78	50	103	-	231	83	33.8	55.4	0.0	207.4
Russian Fed.	Finland	G	FI	291	199	83	36	192	68	379	188	26.7	38.3	17.9	-35.4
Russian Fed.	France	G	AR	-	2,128	661	82	1,441	-	2,184	-	30.3	34.0	0.0	..
Russian Fed.	France	G	FI	-	5,369	256	7	2,248	-	2,511	2,169	10.2	10.5	0.0	..
Russian Fed.	France	G	RA	-	647	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Russian Fed.	Germany	G	NA	1,293	3,202	102	30	536	339	1,007	3,464	15.3	19.8	33.7	167.9
Russian Fed.	Germany	G	RA	135	213	31	8	7	155	201	180	67.4	84.8	77.1	33.3
Russian Fed.	Netherlands	G	FI	239	743	*	25	771	-	800	239	0.5	3.6	0.0	0.0
Russian Fed.	Norway	G	AR	637	525	28	*	476	67	573	481	5.5	5.9	11.7	-24.5
Russian Fed.	Norway	G	FI	132	371	18	*	275	115	409	85	6.1	6.5	28.1	-35.6
Russian Fed.	Poland	G	AR	-	918	17	42	560	129	748	-	2.7	9.5	17.2	..
Russian Fed.	Poland	G	FI	1,918	4,929	65	142	1,098	5,050	6,355	1,376	5.0	15.9	79.5	-28.3
Russian Fed.	Poland	G	RA	-	1,163	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Russian Fed.	Sweden	G	FI	286	941	53	29	319	173	574	513	13.2	20.4	30.1	79.4
Russian Fed.	Switzerland	G	AR	151	139	-	-	-	-	177	107	..	..	0.0	-29.1
Russian Fed.	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	98	298	37	18	63	233	351	145	31.4	46.6	66.4	48.0
Russian Fed.	United Kingdom	G	FI	58	168	53	-	67	18	138	84	44.2	44.2	13.0	44.8
Russian Fed.	United States	G	EO	-	127	182	-	116	252	550	-	61.1	61.1	45.8	..
Russian Fed.	United States	G	IN	261	745	357	-	16	274	647	386	95.7	95.7	42.3	47.9
Rwanda	Belgium	G	FI	290	284	141	-	412	13	566	283	25.5	25.5	2.3	-2.4
Rwanda	Belgium	G	RA	-	196	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Rwanda	Burundi	G	FA	592	112	27	-	-	260	287	417	100.0	100.0	90.6	-29.6
Rwanda	Cameroon	U	FA	87	117	12	-	85	9	106	98	12.4	12.4	8.5	12.6
Rwanda	Dem. Rep. of Congo	U	FI	256	518	22	-	*	-	26	748	84.6	84.6	0.0	192.2
Rwanda	France	G	AR	-	137	46	5	88	-	139	-	33.1	36.7	0.0	..
Rwanda	France	G	FI	-	192	117	*	147	-	265	-	44.2	44.5	0.0	..
Rwanda	Kenya	U	AR	51	100	-	-	20	-	20	131	0.0	0.0	0.0	156.9
Rwanda	Kenya	U	FI	311	136	41	-	91	244	376	71	31.1	31.1	64.9	-77.2
Rwanda	Malawi	G	AR	1,662	187	-	-	-	132	132	1,717	..	..	100.0	3.3
Rwanda	Malawi	G	FI	1,314	291	34	-	133	369	536	1,069	20.4	20.4	68.8	-18.6
Rwanda	Mozambique	G	FI	586	283	37	-	-	72	109	760	100.0	100.0	66.1	29.7
Rwanda	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	142	186	6	-	78	-	84	244	7.1	7.1	0.0	71.8
Rwanda	Uganda	G	FA	2,796	751	146	-	157	-	303	3,244	48.2	48.2	0.0	16.0
Rwanda	United States	G	IN	63	144	74	-	*	50	128	102	94.9	94.9	39.1	61.9
Saint Lucia	Canada	G	FI	679	430	300	-	236	62	598	512	56.0	56.0	10.4	-24.6
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Canada	G	FI	905	353	308	-	400	64	772	486	43.5	43.5	8.3	-46.3
Senegal	Argentina	G	FI	36	706	*	-	66	*	71	671	2.9	2.9	4.2	1763.9
Senegal	Belgium	G	FI	93	454	50	-	279	8	337	349	15.2	15.2	2.4	275.3
Senegal	Belgium	G	RA	-	109	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Senegal	Brazil	G	FI	48	128	*	-	26	*	30	146	10.3	10.3	3.3	204.2
Senegal	Cameroon	U	FA	157	316	-	-	21	323	344	129	0.0	0.0	93.9	-17.8
Senegal	France	G	FI	-	227	15	38	112	-	165	-	9.1	32.1	0.0	..
Senegal	Germany	G	NA	26	115	*	-	16	15	33	109	11.1	11.1	45.5	319.2
Senegal	Greece	G	FI	-	373	*	-	245	92	338	-	0.4	0.4	27.2	..
Senegal	Italy	G	FI	-	939	36	92	674	-	802	426	4.5	16.0	0.0	..
Senegal	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	164	281	-	-	237	-	237	208	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.8
Senegal	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	55	306	-	-	13	208	221	157	0.0	0.0	94.1	185.5
Senegal	United States	G	IN	40	127	19	-	-	98	117	50	100.0	100.0	83.8	25.0
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Austria	G	FA	1,598	606	32	34	971	75	1,112	1,065	3.1	6.4	6.7	-33.4

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

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Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Belgium	G	FI	1,050	995	144	14	1,979	142	2,279	34	6.7	7.4	6.2	-96.8	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Belgium	G	RA	-	1,817	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Denmark	G	FI	27	689	-	-	510	-	510	27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Finland	G	FI	83	167	-	-	131	49	180	47	0.0	0.0	27.2	-43.4	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	France	G	AR	-	1,612	384	180	2,429	-	2,993	-	12.8	18.8	0.0	..	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	France	G	FI	-	3,957	56	9	1,753	-	1,818	1,139	3.1	3.6	0.0	..	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	France	G	RA	-	596	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Germany	G	NA	2,239	10,383	5	42	10,327	1,107	11,481	1,101	0.0	0.5	9.6	-50.8	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Germany	G	RA	1,044	4,964	-	30	553	4,512	5,095	935	0.0	5.1	88.6	-10.4	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Hungary	G	FI	-	246	5	-	5	284	294	-	50.0	50.0	96.6	..	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Italy	G	FI	-	196	*	41	119	-	161	282	0.6	26.1	0.0	..	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Luxembourg	G	FI	-	575	5	-	1,093	-	1,098	-	0.5	0.5	0.0	..	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Netherlands	G	FI	81	170	-	*	118	-	122	81	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Norway	G	AR	76	220	-	-	212	*	215	62	0.0	0.0	1.4	-18.4	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Norway	G	FI	47	246	-	-	154	107	261	34	0.0	0.0	41.0	-27.7	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Sweden	G	FI	1,663	3,639	*	*	2,671	702	3,376	1,246	0.1	0.1	20.8	-25.1	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Switzerland	G	AR	560	1,378	-	-	-	-	1,577	395	..	..	0.0	-29.5
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	1,263	2,084	5	78	895	2,267	3,245	670	0.5	8.5	69.9	-47.0	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	United States	G	IN	40	132	45	-	*	82	129	60	95.7	95.7	63.6	50.0	
Sierra Leone	France	G	AR	-	107	*	*	95	-	101	-	4.0	5.9	0.0	..	
Sierra Leone	France	G	FI	-	122	8	10	131	-	149	-	5.4	12.1	0.0	..	
Sierra Leone	Germany	G	NA	60	104	5	*	16	8	33	129	20.0	36.0	24.2	115.0	
Sierra Leone	United Kingdom	G	FI	46	106	7	13	60	*	81	72	8.8	25.0	1.2	56.5	
Slovakia	Canada	G	FI	526	461	15	-	160	283	458	534	8.6	8.6	61.8	1.5	
Somalia	Austria	G	FA	691	481	241	216	108	36	601	798	42.7	80.9	6.0	15.5	
Somalia	Belgium	G	FI	184	293	101	32	185	11	329	288	31.8	41.8	3.3	56.5	
Somalia	Belgium	G	RA	-	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Somalia	Canada	G	FI	442	410	354	-	28	85	467	387	92.7	92.7	18.2	-12.4	
Somalia	China	U	FA	17	239	32	*	*	7	42	214	91.4	97.1	16.7	1158.8	
Somalia	Croatia	G	FI	28	295	-	-	20	245	265	58	0.0	0.0	92.5	107.1	
Somalia	Denmark	G	AR	-	118	-	*	8	-	11	10	0.0	27.3	0.0	..	
Somalia	Denmark	G	FI	39	914	*	262	21	-	287	68	1.4	92.7	0.0	74.4	
Somalia	Egypt	U	FI	813	844	444	-	26	-	470	1,187	94.5	94.5	0.0	46.0	
Somalia	Ethiopia	J	FI	138	842	744	-	14	10	768	212	98.2	98.2	1.3	53.6	
Somalia	Finland	G	FI	270	173	16	210	71	82	379	110	5.4	76.1	21.6	-59.3	
Somalia	France	G	AR	-	435	17	101	63	-	181	-	9.4	65.2	0.0	..	
Somalia	France	G	FI	-	511	36	46	492	-	574	-	6.3	14.3	0.0	..	
Somalia	Germany	G	NA	1,220	1,243	277	224	38	278	817	1,626	51.4	92.9	34.0	33.3	
Somalia	Indonesia	U	FA	193	119	101	-	*	*	106	206	99.0	99.0	3.8	6.7	
Somalia	Italy	G	FI	-	807	238	568	29	-	835	494	28.5	96.5	0.0	..	
Somalia	Jordan	U	FA	80	245	144	-	20	17	181	144	87.8	87.8	9.4	80.0	
Somalia	Kenya	U	FI	1,733	464	242	-	165	620	1,027	1,170	59.5	59.5	60.4	-32.5	
Somalia	Malaysia	U	FI	217	228	119	-	8	61	188	257	93.7	93.7	32.4	18.4	
Somalia	Malta	G	FI	44	1,249	1,083	*	17	5	1,109	189	98.1	98.5	0.5	329.5	
Somalia	Mozambique	G	FI	2,107	310	54	-	-	1,231	1,285	1,132	100.0	100.0	95.8	-46.3	
Somalia	Netherlands	G	FI	1,595	877	11	941	647	-	1,599	1,595	0.7	59.5	0.0	0.0	
Somalia	Netherlands	G	RA	-	549	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Somalia	Norway	G	AR	546	805	*	22	533	69	627	648	0.5	4.5	11.0	18.7	

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N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³			
		T ¹	L ²			Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed	Total		Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
						Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
Somalia	Norway	G	FI	1,205	2,181	1,124	726	303	380	2,533	780	52.2	85.9	15.0	-35.3
Somalia	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	179	505	-	-	25	613	638	46	0.0	0.0	96.1	-74.3
Somalia	Slovakia	G	FI	-	223	10	72	37	95	214	-	8.4	68.9	44.4	..
Somalia	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	35	162	12	-	*	-	15	182	80.0	80.0	0.0	420.0
Somalia	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	5,678	3,291	3,046	-	579	-	3,625	5,344	84.0	84.0	0.0	-5.9
Somalia	Sudan	G	FI	93	258	257	-	-	*	258	93	100.0	100.0	0.4	0.0
Somalia	Sweden	G	FI	1,589	5,644	321	1,708	220	981	3,230	2,434	14.3	90.2	30.4	53.2
Somalia	Switzerland	G	AR	58	122	-	-	-	-	135	24	..	..	0.0	-58.6
Somalia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	403	762	97	174	5	185	461	786	35.1	98.2	40.1	95.0
Somalia	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	135	114	116	*	*	58	181	68	94.3	97.6	32.0	-49.6
Somalia	Tunisia	U	FI	33	101	95	-	7	32	134	-	93.1	93.1	23.9	-100.0
Somalia	Turkey	U	FI	620	776	840	-	31	160	1,031	365	96.4	96.4	15.5	-41.1
Somalia	Uganda	G	FA	7,040	3,008	1,902	-	*	-	1,905	8,143	99.8	99.8	0.0	15.7
Somalia	Ukraine	G	AR	56	121	*	22	5	28	56	121	3.6	82.1	50.0	116.1
Somalia	Ukraine	G	FI	159	274	*	41	177	68	290	143	1.8	20.3	23.4	-10.1
Somalia	United Kingdom	G	AR	161	120	43	-	56	19	118	114	43.4	43.4	16.1	-29.2
Somalia	United Kingdom	G	FI	263	678	359	36	136	46	577	361	67.6	74.4	8.0	37.3
Somalia	United States	G	EO	-	210	108	-	57	146	311	-	65.5	65.5	46.9	..
South Africa	United Kingdom	G	FI	26	103	*	7	59	8	75	48	1.5	11.9	10.7	84.6
South Sudan	Egypt	U	FI	-	769	*	-	*	-	5	764	80.0	80.0	0.0	..
South Sudan	Israel	G	FI	-	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
South Sudan	Israel	U	FI	-	131	-	-	-	118	118	13	..	..	100.0	..
South Sudan	Kenya	U	FI	9,068	9,314	217	7	14	322	560	17,822	91.2	94.1	57.5	96.5
Sri Lanka	Australia ⁴	G	FI	220	2,345	166	-	490	296	952	1,909	25.3	25.3	31.1	767.7
Sri Lanka	Canada	G	FI	1,432	428	371	-	269	20	660	1,189	58.0	58.0	3.0	-17.0
Sri Lanka	France	G	AR	-	2,907	611	44	1,956	-	2,611	-	23.4	25.1	0.0	..
Sri Lanka	France	G	FI	-	3,122	188	8	2,943	-	3,139	1,738	6.0	6.2	0.0	..
Sri Lanka	France	G	RA	-	861	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Sri Lanka	Germany	G	NA	486	430	136	19	261	36	452	469	32.7	37.3	8.0	-3.5
Sri Lanka	Indonesia	U	FA	316	360	67	-	7	198	272	404	90.5	90.5	72.8	27.8
Sri Lanka	Japan ⁶	G	AR	249	206	-	-	81	22	103	352	0.0	0.0	21.4	41.4
Sri Lanka	Japan ⁶	G	FI	90	255	-	*	210	9	221	124	0.0	0.9	4.1	37.8
Sri Lanka	Malaysia	U	AR	246	269	*	-	169	-	173	342	2.3	2.3	0.0	39.0
Sri Lanka	Malaysia	U	FI	1,904	440	153	-	292	331	776	1,568	34.4	34.4	42.7	-17.6
Sri Lanka	Nauru	G	FI	-	245	-	-	-	29	29	216	..	..	100.0	..
Sri Lanka	Netherlands	G	FI	140	125	5	78	111	-	194	140	2.6	42.8	0.0	0.0
Sri Lanka	Norway	G	AR	54	119	*	-	93	-	96	65	3.1	3.1	0.0	20.4
Sri Lanka	Rep. of Korea	G	FA	102	308	-	*	104	73	178	232	0.0	1.0	41.0	127.5
Sri Lanka	Switzerland	G	AR	671	734	-	-	-	-	850	484	..	..	0.0	-27.9
Sri Lanka	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	1,471	443	120	107	494	177	898	1,126	16.6	31.5	19.7	-23.5
Sri Lanka	United Kingdom	G	AR	904	987	405	-	543	48	996	733	42.7	42.7	4.8	-18.9
Sri Lanka	United Kingdom	G	FI	707	2,143	371	25	1,281	89	1,766	1,107	22.1	23.6	5.0	56.6
Sri Lanka	United States	G	EO	-	106	109	-	38	96	243	-	74.1	74.1	39.5	..
Sri Lanka	United States	G	IN	59	131	36	-	*	65	104	94	92.3	92.3	62.5	59.3
Stateless	Australia ⁴	G	FI	50	544	349	-	109	-	458	136	76.2	76.2	0.0	172.0
Stateless	Austria	G	FA	217	149	48	48	104	18	218	178	24.0	48.0	8.3	-18.0
Stateless	Bulgaria	G	FA	67	137	6	13	44	22	85	-	9.5	30.2	25.9	-100.0
Stateless	Germany	G	NA	244	193	79	156	29	25	289	153	29.9	89.0	8.7	-37.3
Stateless	Lebanon	U	FI	18	340	-	-	-	-	-	358	..	..	..	1888.9
Stateless	Norway	G	AR	348	449	7	48	384	15	454	311	1.6	12.5	3.3	-10.6
Stateless	Norway	G	FI	108	263	50	39	117	76	282	59	24.3	43.2	27.0	-45.4
Stateless	Sweden	G	FI	357	2,289	299	509	359	189	1,356	1,179	25.6	69.2	13.9	230.3
Stateless	United Kingdom	G	FI	74	299	230	-	64	14	308	77	78.2	78.2	4.5	4.1
Sudan	Chad	G	FA	*	2,289	2,289	-	-	-	2,289	*	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Sudan	Egypt	U	FI	14,376	2,319	1,753	-	110	4,168	6,031	10,664	94.1	94.1	69.1	-25.8
Sudan	France	G	AR	-	664	147	38	315	-	500	-	29.4	37.0	0.0	..
Sudan	France	G	FI	-	752	72	8	769	-	849	-	8.5	9.4	0.0	..
Sudan	Germany	G	NA	85	193	-	20	48	24	92	180	0.0	29.4	26.1	111.8
Sudan	Jordan	U	FA	359	309	102	-	134	29	265	403	43.2	43.2	10.9	12.3
Sudan	Kenya	U	FI	1,635	2,241	28	-	25	1,301	1,354	2,522	52.8	52.8	96.1	54.3
Sudan	Lebanon	U	AR	90	134	14	-	140	8	162	62	9.1	9.1	4.9	-31.1

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³			
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
				Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status		Ref. status	Total							
Sudan	Lebanon	U	FI	392	218	73	-	286	97	456	154	20.3	20.3	21.3	-60.7
Sudan	Netherlands	G	FI	128	121	15	53	95	-	163	128	9.2	41.7	0.0	0.0
Sudan	Norway	G	FI	196	472	375	*	50	39	465	204	88.0	88.3	8.4	4.1
Sudan	Sweden	G	FI	30	219	27	14	20	17	78	128	44.3	67.2	21.8	326.7
Sudan	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	92	144	15	7	*	130	156	107	57.7	84.6	83.3	16.3
Sudan	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	195	560	43	6	115	39	203	552	26.2	29.9	19.2	183.1
Sudan	Uganda	G	FA	1,053	1,308	796	-	26	-	822	1,539	96.8	96.8	0.0	46.2
Sudan	United Kingdom	G	FI	188	740	496	*	94	106	697	230	83.9	84.1	15.2	22.3
Sudan	United States	G	IN	54	146	99	-	9	33	141	80	91.7	91.7	23.4	48.1
Syrian Arab Rep.	Algeria	U	FI	*	237	-	-	-	5	5	236	..	..	100.0	5800.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Armenia	G	FI	-	496	130	-	-	26	156	340	100.0	100.0	16.7	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Australia ⁴	G	FI	57	141	117	-	11	-	128	70	91.4	91.4	0.0	22.8
Syrian Arab Rep.	Austria	G	FA	456	915	542	239	100	22	903	694	61.5	88.6	2.4	52.2
Syrian Arab Rep.	Belgium	G	FI	666	798	128	468	*	32	630	938	21.4	99.7	5.1	40.8
Syrian Arab Rep.	Belgium	G	RA	-	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Bulgaria	G	FA	70	436	-	57	27	52	136	-	0.0	67.9	38.2	-100.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Canada	G	FI	251	350	155	-	34	7	196	404	82.0	82.0	3.6	61.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Cyprus	G	FI	203	564	*	*	9	55	66	701	9.1	18.2	83.3	245.3
Syrian Arab Rep.	Denmark	G	FI	93	907	606	55	81	-	742	56	81.7	89.1	0.0	-39.8
Syrian Arab Rep.	Finland	G	FI	75	180	71	71	-	28	170	110	50.0	100.0	16.5	46.7
Syrian Arab Rep.	France	G	FI	-	629	126	117	21	-	264	-	47.7	92.0	0.0	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Germany	G	NA	2,590	6,201	1,708	3,522	9	268	5,507	3,286	32.6	99.8	4.9	26.9
Syrian Arab Rep.	Germany	G	RA	798	1,729	279	1,958	10	47	2,294	264	12.4	99.6	2.0	-66.9
Syrian Arab Rep.	Greece	G	FI	-	275	-	*	150	113	264	-	0.0	0.7	42.8	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Hungary	G	FI	-	145	*	44	15	75	135	-	1.7	75.0	55.6	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Italy	G	FI	-	354	98	103	28	-	229	507	42.8	87.8	0.0	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Lebanon	U	FI	310	138	33	-	*	230	266	182	91.7	91.7	86.5	-41.3
Syrian Arab Rep.	Libya	U	FI	-	3,798	-	-	-	*	*	3,794	..	..	100.0	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Malta	G	FI	72	147	*	113	-	6	120	139	0.9	100.0	5.0	93.1
Syrian Arab Rep.	Morocco	U	FI	5	839	-	-	-	*	*	842	..	..	100.0	16740.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Netherlands	G	FI	231	454	46	538	48	-	632	231	7.3	92.4	0.0	0.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Netherlands	G	RA	-	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Norway	G	AR	157	127	-	159	37	5	201	85	0.0	81.1	2.5	-45.9
Syrian Arab Rep.	Norway	G	FI	179	327	56	188	12	57	313	221	21.9	95.3	18.2	23.5
Syrian Arab Rep.	Poland	G	FI	10	107	-	6	-	24	30	83	0.0	100.0	80.0	730.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Rep. of Korea	G	FA	*	146	-	-	-	-	-	146	..	..	..	3550.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Romania	G	FA	*	268	63	69	76	*	211	10	30.3	63.5	1.4	233.3
Syrian Arab Rep.	Russian Fed.	G	FI	8	197	-	-	137	-	137	68	0.0	0.0	0.0	750.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Russian Fed.	G	TA	*	114	49	-	46	-	95	23	51.6	51.6	0.0	475.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	J	FI	-	287	-	-	-	238	238	49	..	..	100.0	..
Syrian Arab Rep.	Spain	G	FI	100	255	-	-	15	-	15	320	0.0	0.0	0.0	220.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Sweden	G	FI	287	7,814	1,133	3,643	47	218	5,041	3,463	23.5	99.0	4.3	1106.6
Syrian Arab Rep.	Switzerland	G	AR	189	192	-	-	-	-	293	27	..	..	0.0	-85.7
Syrian Arab Rep.	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	996	1,146	184	206	8	212	610	1,665	46.2	98.0	34.8	67.2
Syrian Arab Rep.	Ukraine	G	AR	125	111	*	*	19	27	51	185	4.2	20.8	52.9	48.0
Syrian Arab Rep.	Ukraine	G	FI	51	309	*	16	38	36	92	268	3.6	32.1	39.1	425.5
Syrian Arab Rep.	United Kingdom	G	AR	143	168	102	-	60	33	195	76	63.0	63.0	16.9	-46.9
Syrian Arab Rep.	United Kingdom	G	FI	196	1,289	868	51	195	62	1,176	313	77.9	82.5	5.3	59.7
Syrian Arab Rep.	United States	G	IN	116	647	316	-	21	89	426	367	93.8	93.8	20.9	216.4
Syrian Arab Rep.	Yemen	U	FA	24	111	*	-	-	*	*	131	100.0	100.0	75.0	445.8
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Austria	G	FA	187	122	*	-	144	24	169	132	0.7	0.7	14.2	-29.4
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Belgium	G	FI	231	426	16	-	596	56	668	13	2.6	2.6	8.4	-94.4
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Belgium	G	RA	-	388	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	France	G	AR	-	295	8	12	332	-	352	-	2.3	5.7	0.0	..
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	France	G	FI	-	845	*	-	433	-	437	-	0.9	0.9	0.0	..
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Germany	G	NA	364	4,546	*	5	4,098	359	4,463	463	0.0	0.1	8.0	27.2

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TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more.
Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³				
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
							Con- vention status	Comple. protect. status					Ref. status	Total		
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Germany	G	RA	236	2,343	-	*	437	1,735	2,176	398	0.0	0.9	79.7	68.6	
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Luxembourg	G	FI	-	158	-	-	249	-	249	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	..	
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Sweden	G	FI	89	634	-	-	348	99	447	207	0.0	0.0	22.1	132.6	
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Switzerland	G	AR	53	429	-	-	-	-	429	103	..	..	0.0	94.3
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	334	1,031	*	12	392	1,006	1,411	127	0.2	3.2	71.3	-62.0	
Togo	Belgium	G	FI	240	194	22	*	204	7	234	272	9.7	10.1	3.0	13.3	
Togo	France	G	FI	-	150	11	-	93	-	104	-	10.6	10.6	0.0	..	
Togo	Italy	G	FI	-	102	10	40	70	-	120	64	8.3	41.7	0.0	..	
Togo	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	58	101	39	*	17	53	113	73	65.0	71.7	46.9	25.9	
Tunisia	Austria	G	FA	69	198	-	-	155	22	177	86	0.0	0.0	12.4	24.6	
Tunisia	France	G	FI	-	200	6	-	159	-	165	-	3.6	3.6	0.0	..	
Tunisia	Germany	G	NA	211	327	-	-	116	167	283	269	0.0	0.0	59.0	27.5	
Tunisia	Italy	G	FI	-	893	6	81	822	-	909	970	0.7	9.6	0.0	..	
Tunisia	Montenegro	G	FA	*	174	-	-	99	61	160	17	0.0	0.0	38.1	466.7	
Tunisia	Romania	G	FA	*	100	-	*	96	8	105	-	0.0	1.0	7.6	-100.0	
Tunisia	Sweden	G	FI	98	160	-	-	35	40	75	52	0.0	0.0	53.3	-46.9	
Tunisia	Switzerland	G	AR	22	108	-	-	-	-	114	102	..	..	0.0	363.6
Tunisia	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	634	1,993	*	-	124	2,453	2,581	399	3.1	3.1	95.0	-37.1	
Turkey	Australia ⁴	G	FI	50	108	36	-	56	-	92	66	39.1	39.1	0.0	32.0	
Turkey	Austria	G	FA	655	273	33	15	337	48	433	493	8.6	12.5	11.1	-24.7	
Turkey	Belgium	G	FI	274	340	75	-	193	27	295	430	28.0	28.0	9.2	56.9	
Turkey	Belgium	G	RA	-	109	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Turkey	Canada	G	FI	513	363	162	-	138	44	344	534	54.0	54.0	12.8	4.1	
Turkey	France	G	AR	-	1,482	220	14	1,342	-	1,576	-	14.0	14.8	0.0	..	
Turkey	France	G	FI	-	2,054	78	-	1,693	-	1,771	1,035	4.4	4.4	0.0	..	
Turkey	France	G	RA	-	396	-	-	-	-	-	-	..	..	..	..
Turkey	Germany	G	NA	776	1,457	105	16	683	177	981	1,255	13.1	15.0	18.0	61.7	
Turkey	Germany	G	RA	195	302	21	13	21	233	288	208	38.2	61.8	80.9	6.7	
Turkey	Iraq	U	FI	539	350	43	-	-	17	60	829	100.0	100.0	28.3	53.8	
Turkey	Italy	G	FI	-	478	56	73	275	-	404	420	13.9	31.9	0.0	..	
Turkey	Japan ⁶	G	AR	204	296	-	-	58	13	71	429	0.0	0.0	18.3	110.3	
Turkey	Japan ⁶	G	FI	94	422	-	-	334	26	360	156	0.0	0.0	7.2	66.0	
Turkey	Sweden	G	FI	52	149	15	6	63	20	104	70	17.9	25.0	19.2	34.6	
Turkey	Switzerland	G	AR	242	252	-	-	-	-	322	150	..	..	0.0	-38.0
Turkey	Switzerland ⁵	G	FI	639	515	160	16	171	168	515	745	46.1	50.7	32.6	16.6	
Turkey	United Kingdom	G	FI	146	200	30	6	93	23	152	199	23.3	27.9	15.1	36.3	
Uganda	Kenya	U	FI	273	206	18	-	23	62	103	376	43.9	43.9	60.2	37.7	
Uganda	Netherlands	G	FI	74	111	20	23	62	-	105	74	19.0	41.0	0.0	0.0	
Uganda	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	113	148	-	-	29	*	30	231	0.0	0.0	3.3	104.4	
Uganda	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	674	2,233	7	-	1,677	-	1,684	1,223	0.4	0.4	0.0	81.5	
Uganda	Sweden	G	FI	49	254	67	-	70	8	145	147	48.9	48.9	5.5	200.0	
Uganda	United Kingdom	G	AR	82	114	33	-	73	11	117	61	31.1	31.1	9.4	-25.6	
Uganda	United Kingdom	G	FI	124	290	107	20	132	11	270	136	41.3	49.0	4.1	9.7	
Uganda	United States	G	IN	85	170	80	-	11	35	126	138	87.9	87.9	27.8	62.4	
Ukraine	Canada	G	FI	283	178	72	-	57	23	152	310	55.8	55.8	15.1	9.5	
Ukraine	Czech Rep.	G	FI	55	174	7	*	117	74	201	43	5.5	7.9	36.8	-21.8	
Ukraine	France	G	FI	-	129	*	-	89	-	92	-	3.3	3.3	0.0	..	
Ukraine	Germany	G	NA	31	124	-	-	17	6	23	132	0.0	0.0	26.1	325.8	
Ukraine	Sweden	G	FI	70	133	-	-	91	24	115	56	0.0	0.0	20.9	-20.0	
Ukraine	United States	G	IN	76	274	106	-	5	135	246	132	95.5	95.5	54.9	73.7	
United Rep. of Tanzania	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	311	311	*	-	162	-	163	459	0.6	0.6	0.0	47.6	
United States	Canada	G	FI	541	212	5	-	317	81	403	363	1.6	1.6	20.1	-32.9	
Uzbekistan	Norway	G	AR	124	167	10	-	56	21	87	202	15.2	15.2	24.1	62.9	
Uzbekistan	Norway	G	FI	49	131	9	-	130	17	156	20	6.5	6.5	10.9	-59.2	
Uzbekistan	Sweden	G	FI	133	366	28	*	240	27	296	166	10.4	10.8	9.1	24.8	
Uzbekistan	United States	G	IN	57	152	66	-	*	58	127	86	95.7	95.7	45.7	50.9	
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	United States	G	EO	-	104	101	-	108	261	470	-	48.3	48.3	55.5	..	

.../...

TABLE 12 Asylum applications and refugee status determination by origin and country/territory of asylum | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. The origin is included if the total number of applications submitted during 2012 was 100 or more. Values between 1 and 4 have been replaced with an asterisk (*). See Table 10 regarding reporting of persons or cases.

Origin	Country/ territory of asylum	Procedure		Pending start-12	Applied during 2012	Decisions during 2012					Pending end-12	Protection indicators ³			
		T ¹	L ²			Total	Positive		Rejected	Otherw. closed		Total	Recognition rates (%)		O/w. closed rate (%)	Change pending cases (%)
				Con- vention status	Complem. protect. status		Ref. status	Total							
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	United States	G	IN	243	612	492	-	33	153	678	223	93.7	93.7	22.6	-8.2
Viet Nam	Cyprus	G	AR	29	151	-	-	141	7	148	32	0.0	0.0	4.7	10.3
Viet Nam	Cyprus	G	FI	33	198	-	-	211	5	216	15	0.0	0.0	2.3	-54.5
Viet Nam	Germany	G	NA	195	660	*	*	477	62	544	301	0.8	1.0	11.4	54.4
Viet Nam	Thailand	U	AR	63	218	-	-	179	*	181	100	0.0	0.0	1.1	58.7
Viet Nam	Thailand	U	FI	187	287	40	-	251	33	324	150	13.7	13.7	10.2	-19.8
Viet Nam	United Kingdom	G	FI	142	416	16	20	106	192	334	241	11.3	25.4	57.5	69.7
Western Sahara	France	G	FI	-	115	28	-	55	-	83	-	33.7	33.7	0.0	..
Yemen	Malaysia	U	FI	78	161	7	-	23	-	30	209	23.3	23.3	0.0	167.9
Yemen	Sweden	G	FI	51	295	38	25	67	10	140	182	29.2	48.5	7.1	256.9
Yemen	Syrian Arab Rep.	U	FI	113	109	13	-	41	13	67	155	24.1	24.1	19.4	37.2
Zambia	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	132	215	-	-	160	-	160	187	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.7
Zimbabwe	Australia ⁴	G	FI	79	124	28	-	90	-	118	85	23.7	23.7	0.0	7.6
Zimbabwe	South Africa ⁷	G	AR	1,415	311	*	-	105	36	142	1,584	0.9	0.9	25.4	11.9
Zimbabwe	South Africa ⁷	G	FI	35,044	20,531	8	-	16,776	-	16,784	38,791	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.7
Zimbabwe	United Kingdom	G	AR	611	220	61	-	151	34	246	301	28.8	28.8	13.8	-50.7
Zimbabwe	United Kingdom	G	FI	258	525	133	98	235	23	489	283	28.5	49.6	4.7	9.7

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

- 1 T=Type: G=Government; U=UNHCR; J=Government and UNHCR jointly.
- 2 L=Level: NA=New Applications; FI=First instance decisions; AR=Administrative Review decisions; RA=Repeat/reopened applications; IN=US Citizenship and Immigration Services; EO=US Executive Office of Immigration Review; JR=Judicial Review; SP=Subsidiary protection; BL=backlog procedure; FA=First instance and appeal; TP=Temporary protection.
- 3 Protection indicators (calculated by UNHCR):
 Refugee status recognition rate: Recognized divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.
 Total recognition rate: Recognized plus Other positive divided by total of Recognized, Other positive and Rejected * 100%.
 Otherwise closed rate: Otherwise closed divided by Total no. of decisions * 100%.
 Change in pending cases: Cases pending as at 31 December 2012 minus Cases pending as at 1 January 2012 divided by Cases pending as at 1 January 2012 * 100%.
- 4 Australia's official figures are based on the number of applications lodged for protection visas. They do not include the estimated 9,000 to 10,000 asylum-seekers who arrived in Australia by boat in 2012 and have not been able to lodge protection visa applications or who have been transferred to third countries for refugee status determination.
- 5 Switzerland (first instance): complementary protection refers to the year when it enters into force even though it might have been granted earlier.
- 6 Figures are UNHCR estimates.
- 7 Decision data in South Africa are provisional and subject to change.

TABLE 13 Demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | end-2012

* Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (i.e. below 50%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population of concern in the country.

Important note: The population for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total pop. of concern in the country. See notes in Table 1.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Population for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Population of concern to UNHCR end-2012	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total			
Afghanistan	1,495,298	8%	25%	18%	52%	45%	3%	49%	49%	48%	49%	49%	39%	..	48%	1,499,351	100%	100%
Albania	114	13%	10%	11%	33%	61%	6%	47%	45%	33%	42%	38%	57%	..	40%	7,557	2%	2%
Algeria [†]	1,864	8%	3%	6%	18%	82%	1%	45%	43%	28%	39%	25%	27%	..	27%	95,876	2%	2%
Angola	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	63,473	0%	0%
Argentina	3,463	1%	4%	5%	10%	87%	3%	41%	55%	45%	48%	28%	60%	..	31%	5,409	64%	64%
Armenia	3,272	3%	5%	5%	13%	66%	21%	44%	49%	50%	48%	47%	61%	46%	51%	8,773	37%	37%
Aruba	6	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	33%	..	..	33%	6	100%	100%
Australia	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41,134	0%	0%
Austria	21,806	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27%	27%	74,701	0%	29%
Azerbaijan	1,506	10%	16%	11%	37%	59%	4%	52%	49%	48%	50%	39%	55%	..	44%	605,524	0%	0%
Bahamas	52	2%	4%	2%	8%	92%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	..	..	8%	52	100%	100%
Bahrain	339	13%	9%	9%	31%	64%	5%	63%	63%	59%	62%	47%	29%	..	51%	339	100%	100%
Bangladesh	30,700	16%	24%	18%	58%	40%	2%	50%	49%	51%	50%	55%	48%	..	52%	230,700	13%	13%
Barbados	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	..	..	..	..	..	0%	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Belarus	638	6%	11%	12%	29%	67%	4%	44%	52%	55%	52%	35%	65%	..	41%	7,607	8%	8%
Belgium	25,922	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	40,958	0%	63%
Belize	104	7%	12%	13%	32%	61%	8%	57%	75%	14%	45%	40%	13%	..	39%	104	100%	100%
Benin	5,097	13%	17%	11%	40%	59%	1%	47%	50%	47%	48%	43%	51%	..	45%	5,097	100%	100%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	741	2%	5%	12%	19%	79%	2%	46%	39%	52%	48%	40%	44%	..	42%	741	100%	100%
Bonaire	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Bosnia and Herzegovina	177,263	0%	5%	7%	12%	70%	17%	73%	44%	56%	51%	50%	48%	49%	49%	177,440	4%	100%
Botswana	3,440	12%	15%	11%	38%	60%	2%	48%	50%	53%	50%	28%	43%	..	37%	3,440	100%	100%
Brazil	11,710	1%	2%	4%	7%	92%	1%	48%	46%	35%	39%	19%	28%	..	21%	11,711	100%	100%
British Virgin Islands	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	2	100%	100%
Brunei Darussalam	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21,009	0%	0%
Bulgaria	1,229	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12%	12%	3,558	0%	35%
Burkina Faso	39,992	17%	24%	13%	54%	43%	4%	48%	47%	47%	47%	48%	45%	..	48%	39,994	100%	100%
Burundi	164,204	16%	21%	16%	53%	43%	4%	50%	50%	49%	50%	49%	37%	35%	49%	164,233	100%	100%
Cambodia	101	2%	8%	11%	21%	73%	6%	50%	13%	36%	29%	22%	67%	..	26%	101	100%	100%
Cameroon	102,095	13%	26%	18%	56%	41%	3%	50%	49%	51%	50%	56%	38%	..	52%	102,095	100%	100%
Canada	42,937	7%	9%	7%	23%	73%	4%	49%	50%	48%	49%	43%	65%	..	46%	196,399	22%	22%
Cayman Islands	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	15,177	19%	24%	14%	56%	40%	4%	49%	48%	50%	49%	53%	52%	..	51%	106,045	14%	14%
Chad	351,445	17%	22%	19%	58%	38%	4%	50%	51%	51%	50%	63%	58%	..	56%	500,602	70%	70%
Chile	278	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48%	48%	2,048	0%	14%
China	301,302	7%	8%	9%	24%	73%	2%	53%	41%	49%	47%	44%	60%	48%	48%	301,302	0%	100%
- Hong Kong SAR, China	953	6%	4%	3%	13%	86%	0%	55%	52%	48%	53%	47%	33%	..	47%	953	100%	100%
- Macao SAR, China	6	0%	0%	17%	17%	83%	0%	..	..	0%	0%	20%	..	..	17%	6	100%	100%
Colombia	3,943,814	4%	5%	8%	16%	74%	10%	50%	71%	38%	50%	25%	43%	51%	51%	3,943,827	0%	100%
Comoros	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Congo, Rep. of	102,807	14%	26%	15%	55%	42%	3%	50%	50%	51%	50%	50%	61%	..	50%	102,808	100%	100%
Costa Rica	21,078	5%	10%	10%	26%	70%	4%	42%	44%	44%	44%	43%	28%	..	43%	21,083	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	145,842	14%	19%	17%	50%	47%	3%	48%	49%	48%	49%	48%	43%	..	48%	918,687	16%	16%
Croatia	21,094	3%	6%	7%	16%	66%	19%	48%	44%	24%	36%	33%	66%	52%	51%	24,023	5%	88%
Cuba	374	0%	0%	2%	2%	98%	0%	100%	..	29%	38%	5%	..	..	5%	374	100%	100%
Curaçao	40	3%	5%	3%	10%	90%	0%	0%	50%	100%	50%	19%	..	..	23%	40	100%	100%
Cyprus	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,267	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	4,134	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40%	40%	4,883	0%	85%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	193,779	16%	24%	15%	55%	41%	5%	48%	52%	49%	50%	54%	56%	..	52%	3,184,338	6%	6%
Denmark	3,623	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47%	47%	17,000	0%	21%
Djibouti	22,234	11%	17%	11%	40%	58%	2%	50%	49%	53%	51%	46%	47%	..	48%	22,234	100%	100%
Dominican Rep.	1,525	11%	16%	15%	42%	54%	5%	52%	54%	52%	53%	52%	53%	..	52%	1,525	100%	100%
Ecuador	70,047	2%	11%	11%	24%	72%	4%	51%	49%	49%	49%	48%	42%	..	48%	138,391	51%	51%
Egypt	126,885	14%	17%	18%	48%	49%	2%	48%	56%	37%	47%	48%	56%	..	47%	126,949	100%	100%
El Salvador	45	0%	4%	4%	9%	76%	16%	..	100%	0%	50%	21%	43%	..	27%	45	100%	100%
Equatorial Guinea	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0%	0%
Eritrea	3,678	19%	25%	14%	58%	40%	2%	46%	49%	46%	47%	47%	46%	..	47%	3,684	100%	100%
Estonia	70	3%	3%	0%	6%	93%	1%	0%	0%	..	0%	15%	100%	..	16%	94,305	0%	0%
Ethiopia	356,884	19%	27%	13%	59%	39%	2%	50%	49%	46%	49%	51%	50%	..	50%	378,759	94%	94%
Fiji	13	0%	8%	15%	23%	77%	0%	..	0%	100%	67%	30%	..	..	38%	13	100%	100%
Finland	3,898	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38%	38%	13,817	0%	28%
France	201,444	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	268,960	0%	75%
Gabon	4,363	2%	10%	10%	22%	73%	4%	47%	48%	51%	50%	33%	18%	..	36%	4,363	100%	100%
Gambia	9,853	16%	22%	14%	52%	42%	6%	49%	51%	50%	50%	57%	51%	..	53%	9,853	100%	100%
Georgia	1,952	3%	6%	7%	15%	72%	13%	50%	45%	42%	45%	49%	56%	..	49%	281,870	1%	1%

.../...

TABLE 13 Demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | end-2012 (ctnd)

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Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Population for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators															Population of concern to UNHCR end-2012	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group										Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total				
Germany	675,297	3%	7%	9%	19%	72%	10%	48%	48%	47%	47%	40%	53%	..	43%	680,980	99%	99%	
Ghana	18,621	8%	12%	11%	31%	67%	2%	49%	52%	49%	50%	48%	46%	..	48%	18,622	100%	100%	
Greece	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38,437	0%	0%
Grenada	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Guatemala	162	1%	4%	2%	7%	83%	10%	100%	29%	33%	36%	47%	56%	..	47%	162	100%	100%	
Guinea	10,903	9%	18%	19%	46%	51%	3%	54%	51%	49%	51%	50%	49%	..	50%	10,903	100%	100%	
Guinea-Bissau	7,892	12%	24%	13%	49%	45%	6%	49%	48%	50%	49%	58%	53%	..	53%	7,892	100%	100%	
Guyana	7	0%	14%	29%	43%	57%	0%	..	0%	50%	33%	75%	..	..	57%	7	100%	100%
Haiti	12	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	12	100%	100%
Honduras	17	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	47%	..	..	47%	17	100%	100%
Hungary	386	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18%	18%	4,551	0%	8%
Iceland	247	5%	5%	5%	16%	84%	1%	71%	17%	71%	55%	22%	0%	44%	35%	297	43%	83%	
India	89,215	7%	13%	13%	34%	62%	4%	48%	49%	43%	47%	50%	52%	49%	49%	189,215	12%	47%	
Indonesia	7,945	4%	11%	77%	93%	6%	1%	52%	16%	14%	16%	44%	18%	..	17%	7,980	100%	100%	
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	29,453	13%	18%	20%	50%	45%	5%	49%	50%	49%	49%	49%	43%	..	49%	868,265	3%	3%	
Iraq	1,536,606	15%	23%	21%	59%	37%	4%	46%	63%	58%	57%	35%	62%	..	49%	1,656,616	93%	93%	
Ireland	798	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45%	45%	11,871	0%	7%
Israel	54,131	2%	1%	2%	5%	94%	1%	48%	50%	32%	42%	14%	38%	..	15%	54,218	100%	100%	
Italy	14,330	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16%	16%	79,579	0%	18%
Jamaica	20	5%	10%	10%	25%	75%	0%	100%	0%	0%	20%	40%	..	..	35%	20	100%	100%
Japan	8,120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24%	24%	8,392	0%	97%
Jordan	305,643	16%	20%	14%	50%	46%	4%	52%	50%	48%	50%	51%	57%	..	51%	305,643	100%	100%	
Kazakhstan	4,324	1%	9%	16%	27%	69%	4%	48%	48%	49%	48%	50%	59%	..	50%	11,259	38%	38%	
Kenya	606,877	17%	25%	14%	56%	41%	3%	49%	48%	45%	48%	53%	53%	..	50%	1,038,877	58%	58%	
Kuwait	1,503	7%	16%	14%	37%	59%	4%	41%	42%	44%	42%	46%	53%	..	45%	94,503	2%	2%	
Kyrgyzstan	192,685	10%	13%	12%	35%	57%	7%	47%	48%	46%	47%	52%	60%	51%	51%	192,765	98%	100%	
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Latvia	270	6%	7%	5%	18%	81%	0%	47%	10%	50%	33%	22%	100%	..	24%	281,056	0%	0%	
Lebanon	135,852	20%	20%	13%	52%	45%	3%	49%	48%	49%	49%	52%	54%	..	50%	135,852	100%	100%	
Lesotho	37	5%	8%	8%	22%	78%	0%	0%	33%	33%	25%	34%	..	..	32%	37	100%	100%
Liberia	95,335	20%	24%	10%	54%	42%	4%	50%	49%	46%	49%	59%	60%	53%	53%	97,035	68%	98%	
Libya	13,617	8%	16%	30%	54%	42%	4%	49%	47%	46%	47%	39%	38%	..	43%	251,552	5%	5%	
Liechtenstein	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	124	0%	0%
Lithuania	4,280	8%	9%	11%	27%	73%	0%	58%	38%	44%	46%	24%	..	40%	40%	5,077	3%	84%	
Luxembourg	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,326	0%	0%
Madagascar	10	0%	10%	20%	30%	70%	0%	..	0%	100%	67%	29%	..	..	40%	11	91%	91%
Malawi	16,664	17%	22%	16%	55%	44%	1%	50%	49%	46%	48%	44%	53%	..	46%	16,664	100%	100%	
Malaysia	101,836	10%	7%	5%	21%	77%	1%	49%	48%	43%	47%	25%	44%	..	30%	221,836	46%	46%	
Mali	14,168	21%	26%	17%	64%	34%	3%	47%	49%	50%	49%	48%	43%	..	48%	242,126	6%	6%	
Malta	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,015	0%	0%
Mauritania	58,030	23%	24%	10%	58%	40%	3%	50%	50%	53%	50%	60%	54%	..	54%	87,502	66%	66%	
Mauritius	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Mexico	1,447	3%	6%	12%	21%	78%	1%	62%	57%	53%	55%	35%	100%	..	40%	1,884	77%	77%	
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Monaco	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	0%	0%
Mongolia	13	15%	0%	0%	15%	85%	0%	0%	..	..	0%	9%	..	..	8%	233	6%	6%
Montenegro	17,407	4%	9%	11%	24%	59%	17%	47%	47%	48%	47%	49%	56%	53%	50%	20,096	70%	87%	
Montserrat	5	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	5	100%	100%
Morocco	2,922	6%	5%	7%	18%	81%	2%	55%	50%	32%	45%	19%	27%	..	23%	2,922	100%	100%	
Mozambique	12,598	13%	19%	12%	44%	54%	1%	49%	48%	46%	48%	35%	57%	..	41%	12,598	100%	100%	
Myanmar	1,238,475	11%	15%	25%	51%	44%	5%	53%	53%	54%	53%	51%	54%	..	52%	1,238,475	100%	100%	
Namibia	2,895	10%	19%	13%	43%	56%	1%	53%	47%	49%	49%	40%	57%	..	44%	2,895	100%	100%	
Nauru	379	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	379	100%	100%
Nepal	56,734	9%	13%	13%	34%	58%	8%	49%	48%	48%	48%	49%	44%	51%	49%	56,734	73%	100%	
Netherlands	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84,334	0%	0%
New Zealand	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,793	0%	0%
Nicaragua	140	1%	9%	5%	16%	78%	6%	100%	38%	43%	45%	41%	44%	..	42%	140	100%	100%	
Niger	50,618	17%	29%	14%	60%	36%	4%	52%	52%	53%	52%	59%	48%	..	54%	50,618	100%	100%	
Nigeria	4,196	7%	16%	12%	34%	63%	3%	48%	53%	46%	50%	39%	40%	..	43%	4,196	100%	100%	
Norway	9,399	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31%	31%	54,489	0%	17%
Oman	158	13%	12%	12%	37%	59%	3%	67%	47%	53%	56%	54%	40%	..	54%	158	100%	100%	
Pakistan	2,399,736	14%	23%	15%	53%	44%	4%	47%	47%	44%	46%	48%	34%	..	47%	2,455,919	98%	98%	
Palau	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Panama	17,796	4%	9%	27%	40%	49%	11%	51%	48%	44%	46%	40%	47%	..	43%	17,796	100%	100%	
Papua New Guinea	9,383	13%	18%	15%	46%	50%	4%	50%	47%	47%	48%	50%	47%	..	49%	9,538	98%	98%	
Paraguay	143	3%	8%	8%	18%	80%	2%	50%	73%	55%	62%	33%	67%	..	39%	143	100%	100%	

TABLE 13

Demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | end-2012 (ctnd)

* Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (i.e. below 50%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population of concern in the country.

Important note: The population for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total pop. of concern in the country. See notes in Table 1.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Population for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Population of concern to UNHCR end-2012	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Peru	1,600	1%	5%	10%	16%	77%	7%	39%	38%	45%	42%	36%	24%	..	36%	1,601	100%	100%
Philippines	6,256	1%	3%	5%	9%	88%	3%	0%	60%	78%	67%	17%	0%	50%	49%	343,630	0%	2%
Poland	1,303	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52%	52%	29,126	0%	4%
Portugal	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,233	0%	0%
Qatar	137	14%	7%	10%	31%	62%	7%	47%	67%	50%	52%	53%	30%	..	51%	1,337	10%	10%
Rep. of Korea	1,999	3%	2%	1%	6%	94%	1%	46%	51%	13%	43%	13%	44%	62%	20%	2,214	82%	90%
Rep. of Moldova	2,258	0%	0%	0%	1%	88%	11%	80%	45%	27%	44%	55%	58%	..	55%	2,258	100%	100%
Romania ²	1,913	0%	0%	2%	2%	98%	0%	50%	..	0%	3%	6%	..	..	6%	1,545	124%	124%
Russian Fed.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	191,101	0%	0%
Rwanda	70,556	17%	23%	16%	56%	40%	4%	51%	51%	52%	51%	64%	58%	..	57%	71,027	99%	99%
Saint Kitts and Nevis	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Saint Lucia	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Sao Tome and Principe	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Saudi Arabia	676	4%	19%	19%	42%	54%	3%	42%	50%	45%	47%	38%	45%	..	42%	70,677	1%	1%
Senegal	16,570	18%	21%	11%	49%	47%	3%	49%	51%	50%	50%	47%	52%	..	49%	16,570	100%	100%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	304,716	1%	7%	10%	19%	59%	22%	49%	49%	49%	49%	48%	58%	..	51%	304,737	100%	100%
Sierra Leone	4,271	3%	23%	23%	50%	46%	4%	46%	53%	48%	50%	49%	53%	..	50%	4,271	100%	100%
Singapore	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	33%	..	..	33%	3	100%	100%
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	7	0%	0%	14%	14%	86%	0%	..	..	0%	0%	50%	..	..	43%	7	100%	100%
Slovakia	764	6%	3%	2%	12%	88%	0%	60%	85%	59%	67%	10%	..	..	17%	2,448	31%	31%
Slovenia	276	2%	9%	12%	24%	76%	0%	33%	36%	18%	26%	23%	..	..	24%	280	99%	99%
Solomon Islands	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	33%	..	..	33%	3	100%	100%
Somalia	1,143,788	22%	22%	14%	58%	39%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	1,154,024	99%	99%
South Africa	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	295,676	0%	0%
South Sudan	204,522	20%	26%	13%	59%	38%	3%	49%	50%	51%	50%	55%	48%	53%	52%	550,524	37%	37%
Spain	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,336	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	1,853	8%	15%	12%	34%	58%	8%	49%	49%	45%	48%	47%	54%	..	48%	139,945	1%	1%
State of Palestine	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Sudan	2,145,769	9%	18%	14%	41%	52%	7%	50%	49%	48%	49%	54%	44%	50%	50%	2,147,597	5%	100%
Suriname	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	33%	..	..	33%	3	100%	100%
Swaziland	927	9%	14%	13%	37%	62%	1%	51%	48%	44%	47%	35%	22%	..	39%	927	100%	100%
Sweden	26,673	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40%	40%	120,482	0%	22%
Switzerland	72,456	8%	11%	9%	28%	69%	3%	49%	48%	44%	47%	35%	63%	43%	41%	72,525	56%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep.	478,728	8%	16%	14%	38%	54%	8%	49%	49%	48%	49%	51%	47%	..	50%	2,784,801	17%	17%
Tajikistan	4,147	5%	20%	24%	49%	49%	1%	75%	60%	56%	59%	38%	0%	0%	1%	6,687	1%	62%
Thailand	99,059	12%	18%	14%	43%	52%	5%	50%	49%	49%	49%	50%	51%	..	50%	605,256	16%	16%
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia ²	2,712	10%	13%	12%	35%	61%	4%	49%	48%	46%	48%	46%	52%	..	47%	2,498	109%	109%
Timor-Leste	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	1	100%	100%
Togo	24,024	19%	24%	11%	54%	43%	3%	50%	49%	48%	49%	58%	67%	..	54%	24,036	100%	100%
Tonga	3	67%	0%	0%	67%	33%	0%	50%	..	..	50%	0%	..	..	33%	3	100%	100%
Trinidad and Tobago	25	0%	20%	0%	20%	80%	0%	..	40%	..	40%	15%	..	..	20%	25	100%	100%
Tunisia	1,776	6%	4%	5%	15%	83%	2%	41%	45%	25%	37%	17%	25%	..	20%	1,777	100%	100%
Turcs and Caicos Islands	22	5%	9%	5%	18%	82%	0%	100%	0%	100%	50%	44%	..	..	45%	22	100%	100%
Turkey	183,813	8%	14%	13%	35%	62%	3%	48%	47%	41%	45%	42%	47%	48%	47%	282,200	12%	65%
Turkmenistan	8,993	0%	0%	2%	2%	83%	15%	..	..	100%	100%	47%	86%	50%	50%	8,993	1%	100%
Uganda	225,967	17%	26%	28%	71%	28%	1%	50%	50%	47%	49%	49%	53%	..	49%	225,969	100%	100%
Ukraine	7,836	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27%	27%	42,889	0%	18%
United Arab Emirates	722	9%	13%	11%	33%	59%	8%	55%	43%	47%	48%	49%	50%	..	49%	722	100%	100%
United Kingdom	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	168,920	0%	0%
United Rep. of Tanzania	263,843	14%	23%	17%	54%	42%	3%	51%	51%	51%	51%	52%	53%	..	51%	263,843	100%	100%
United States of America	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	280,989	0%	0%
Uruguay	220	2%	7%	8%	17%	74%	9%	50%	56%	44%	50%	33%	45%	..	37%	220	100%	100%
Uzbekistan	176	5%	9%	13%	26%	66%	8%	50%	63%	50%	54%	43%	36%	..	45%	176	100%	100%
Vanuatu	2	0%	0%	50%	50%	50%	0%	..	..	100%	100%	0%	..	..	50%	2	100%	100%
Venezuela (Bol. Rep. of)	204,560	7%	13%	17%	36%	61%	3%	47%	45%	49%	47%	46%	42%	48%	48%	204,560	2%	100%
Viet Nam	11,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	59%	59%	11,500	0%	100%
Yemen	735,853	7%	19%	15%	41%	57%	3%	48%	48%	48%	48%	43%	49%	..	45%	735,853	100%	100%
Zambia	48,311	12%	25%	20%	57%	40%	3%	50%	51%	48%	50%	46%	38%	..	48%	50,398	96%	96%
Zimbabwe	4,378	16%	22%	16%	54%	45%	1%	48%	47%	46%	47%	44%	41%	..	46%	62,761	7%	7%
Total	22,188,250	13%	20%	16%	50%	46%	4%	49%	51%	49%	50%	47%	50%	50%	49%	35,833,336	41%	62%

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

¹ According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

² Data coverage is slightly above 100% partly because of lack of detailed disaggregated data between persons of concern and other people.

TABLE 14 Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations | end-2012

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (ie. below 50%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.

Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee-like situation end-2012	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Afghanistan	16,187	20%	23%	15%	58%	39%	3%	49%	49%	48%	49%	53%	34%	..	50%	16,187	100%	100%
Albania	86	13%	13%	12%	37%	58%	5%	45%	45%	30%	41%	38%	50%	..	40%	86	100%	100%
Algeria ¹	128	14%	10%	11%	35%	64%	1%	39%	31%	29%	33%	35%	0%	..	34%	94,133	0%	0%
Angola	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23,413	0%	0%
Argentina	1,542	1%	4%	8%	13%	80%	7%	43%	62%	43%	49%	34%	63%	..	38%	3,488	44%	44%
Armenia	2,854	2%	4%	4%	10%	66%	23%	39%	48%	50%	47%	48%	62%	..	51%	2,854	100%	100%
Aruba	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Antigua and Barbuda	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Australia	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30,083	0%	0%
Austria	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51,730	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	1,468	10%	16%	11%	38%	59%	4%	53%	49%	48%	50%	39%	55%	..	44%	1,468	100%	100%
Bahamas	37	3%	5%	3%	11%	89%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	..	..	5%	37	100%	100%
Bahrain	289	14%	9%	7%	30%	66%	4%	63%	64%	70%	65%	46%	38%	..	52%	289	100%	100%
Bangladesh	30,697	16%	24%	18%	58%	40%	2%	50%	49%	51%	50%	55%	48%	..	52%	230,697	13%	13%
Belarus	576	6%	11%	11%	28%	68%	5%	36%	52%	58%	51%	36%	65%	..	42%	576	100%	100%
Belgium	22,024	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	22,024	0%	100%
Belize	28	0%	0%	0%	0%	71%	29%	..	..	..	..	30%	13%	..	25%	28	100%	100%
Benin	4,966	13%	17%	11%	40%	59%	1%	47%	50%	47%	48%	43%	51%	..	45%	4,966	100%	100%
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	733	2%	5%	12%	19%	79%	2%	46%	41%	52%	49%	40%	44%	..	42%	733	100%	100%
Bonaire	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Bosnia and Herzegovina	6,903	0%	5%	7%	12%	70%	18%	73%	44%	56%	51%	50%	48%	..	50%	6,903	100%	100%
Botswana	2,785	12%	15%	10%	37%	61%	2%	46%	49%	56%	50%	27%	30%	..	35%	2,785	100%	100%
Brazil	4,689	1%	4%	6%	11%	86%	2%	50%	48%	42%	45%	28%	38%	..	30%	4,689	100%	100%
British Virgin Islands	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	2	100%	100%
Brunei Darussalam	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Bulgaria	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,288	0%	0%
Burkina Faso	39,306	17%	24%	13%	54%	42%	4%	48%	47%	47%	47%	49%	45%	..	48%	39,306	100%	100%
Burundi	41,813	16%	25%	17%	58%	41%	2%	50%	50%	50%	50%	55%	59%	..	52%	41,813	100%	100%
Cambodia	77	1%	9%	14%	25%	68%	8%	0%	14%	36%	26%	25%	67%	..	29%	77	100%	100%
Cameroon	98,969	13%	26%	18%	57%	40%	3%	49%	49%	51%	50%	57%	38%	..	52%	98,969	100%	100%
Canada	10,294	6%	9%	8%	22%	73%	5%	50%	51%	48%	50%	50%	69%	..	51%	163,756	6%	6%
Cayman Islands	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	3	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	14,014	19%	24%	13%	56%	40%	4%	49%	48%	50%	49%	53%	52%	..	51%	14,014	100%	100%
Chad	349,782	17%	22%	19%	58%	38%	4%	50%	51%	51%	50%	63%	58%	..	56%	373,695	94%	94%
Chile	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,695	0%	0%
China ²	301,037	9%	10%	12%	31%	63%	6%	46%	57%	41%	48%	39%	56%	48%	48%	301,037	0%	100%
- Hong Kong SAR, China	117	8%	11%	5%	24%	76%	0%	44%	62%	50%	54%	29%	..	..	35%	117	100%	100%
- Macao SAR, China	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Colombia	219	5%	4%	9%	19%	68%	14%	50%	89%	35%	51%	26%	43%	..	33%	219	100%	100%
Comoros	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Congo	98,455	14%	26%	15%	56%	41%	3%	50%	50%	51%	50%	51%	61%	..	51%	98,455	100%	100%
Costa Rica	20,449	5%	10%	10%	26%	70%	4%	42%	44%	44%	43%	43%	28%	..	43%	20,449	100%	100%
Côte d'Ivoire	3,980	11%	20%	14%	45%	52%	3%	48%	48%	49%	48%	50%	49%	..	49%	3,980	100%	100%
Croatia	724	1%	6%	7%	14%	57%	29%	56%	42%	24%	34%	44%	67%	50%	49%	724	95%	100%
Cuba	371	0%	0%	2%	2%	98%	0%	100%	..	17%	29%	5%	..	..	5%	371	100%	100%
Curaçao	14	7%	14%	7%	29%	71%	0%	0%	50%	100%	50%	10%	..	..	21%	14	100%	100%
Cyprus	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,631	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	2,632	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40%	40%	2,805	0%	94%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	65,109	15%	25%	17%	57%	41%	2%	46%	55%	50%	51%	54%	53%	..	52%	65,109	100%	100%
Denmark	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,814	0%	0%
Djibouti	19,139	11%	18%	12%	41%	57%	2%	50%	50%	53%	51%	48%	47%	..	49%	19,139	100%	100%
Dominica	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Dominican Rep.	758	10%	15%	15%	39%	54%	7%	51%	55%	51%	53%	52%	53%	..	53%	758	100%	100%
Ecuador	55,480	1%	10%	12%	23%	72%	5%	51%	49%	49%	49%	48%	42%	..	48%	123,824	45%	45%
Egypt	109,933	15%	17%	19%	50%	47%	3%	48%	57%	35%	46%	47%	56%	..	47%	109,933	100%	100%

.../...

TABLE 14 Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations | end-2012 (ctnd)

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (ie. below 50%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.

Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee-like situation end-2012	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60++	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60++	Var.	Total			
El Salvador	45	0%	4%	4%	9%	76%	16%	..	100%	0%	50%	21%	43%	..	27%	45	100%	100%
Equatorial Guinea	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Eritrea	3,600	19%	25%	14%	58%	40%	2%	46%	49%	46%	47%	46%	46%	..	47%	3,600	100%	100%
Estonia	63	3%	3%	0%	6%	94%	0%	0%	0%	..	0%	15%	..	..	14%	63	100%	100%
Ethiopia	355,565	20%	27%	13%	59%	39%	2%	50%	49%	46%	49%	51%	50%	..	50%	376,393	94%	94%
Fiji	6	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	6	100%	100%
Finland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,919	0%	0%
France	175,774	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	217,865	0%	81%
Gabon	1,663	3%	11%	12%	26%	67%	7%	45%	47%	51%	49%	36%	20%	..	38%	1,663	100%	100%
Gambia	9,853	16%	22%	14%	52%	42%	6%	49%	51%	50%	50%	57%	51%	..	53%	9,853	100%	100%
Georgia	329	7%	15%	22%	43%	54%	3%	55%	51%	46%	49%	55%	20%	..	51%	469	70%	70%
Germany	589,737	2%	6%	9%	17%	72%	11%	49%	48%	49%	49%	41%	52%	..	43%	589,737	100%	100%
Ghana	16,016	8%	13%	11%	32%	66%	2%	49%	52%	50%	51%	51%	50%	..	51%	16,016	100%	100%
Greece	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,100	0%	0%
Grenada	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Guatemala	159	1%	3%	2%	6%	84%	10%	100%	40%	33%	44%	47%	56%	..	48%	159	100%	100%
Guinea	10,371	9%	18%	19%	46%	51%	3%	54%	51%	49%	51%	51%	48%	..	51%	10,371	100%	100%
Guinea-Bissau	7,784	12%	24%	13%	49%	45%	6%	49%	48%	50%	49%	59%	53%	..	54%	7,784	100%	100%
Guyana	7	0%	14%	29%	43%	57%	0%	..	0%	50%	33%	75%	..	..	57%	7	100%	100%
Haiti	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Honduras	16	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	44%	..	..	44%	16	100%	100%
Hungary	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,054	0%	0%
Iceland	59	7%	7%	10%	24%	76%	0%	75%	25%	83%	64%	31%	..	..	39%	60	98%	98%
India	85,656	7%	12%	13%	32%	63%	5%	48%	51%	43%	47%	51%	53%	49%	50%	185,656	10%	46%
Indonesia	1,819	4%	10%	78%	93%	6%	1%	54%	16%	13%	15%	39%	9%	..	17%	1,819	100%	100%
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	29,436	13%	18%	20%	50%	44%	5%	49%	50%	49%	49%	49%	43%	..	49%	868,242	3%	3%
Iraq	98,822	13%	15%	12%	39%	58%	3%	49%	50%	40%	47%	34%	51%	..	40%	98,822	100%	100%
Ireland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,327	0%	0%
Israel	48,505	2%	1%	2%	5%	94%	1%	50%	50%	30%	42%	13%	33%	..	15%	48,505	100%	100%
Italy	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	64,779	0%	0%
Jamaica	20	5%	10%	10%	25%	75%	0%	100%	0%	0%	20%	40%	..	..	35%	20	100%	100%
Japan	2,581	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35%	35%	2,581	0%	100%
Jordan ¹	302,707	16%	20%	14%	50%	46%	4%	52%	50%	48%	50%	51%	58%	..	51%	302,707	100%	100%
Kazakhstan	564	9%	14%	13%	36%	62%	2%	46%	52%	47%	49%	45%	46%	..	46%	564	100%	100%
Kenya	564,933	17%	25%	13%	56%	41%	3%	49%	48%	46%	48%	53%	53%	..	50%	564,933	100%	100%
Kuwait	674	7%	16%	12%	35%	61%	4%	43%	41%	46%	43%	45%	54%	..	44%	674	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	4,941	5%	16%	13%	34%	63%	2%	39%	64%	48%	54%	39%	50%	51%	51%	4,941	9%	100%
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Latvia	98	8%	6%	7%	21%	79%	0%	38%	17%	57%	38%	17%	..	..	21%	125	78%	78%
Lebanon	133,940	20%	20%	13%	52%	45%	3%	49%	48%	49%	49%	52%	54%	..	50%	133,940	100%	100%
Lesotho	34	6%	9%	9%	24%	76%	0%	0%	33%	33%	25%	35%	..	..	32%	34	100%	100%
Liberia	65,909	20%	24%	10%	54%	42%	4%	50%	49%	46%	49%	59%	60%	..	54%	65,909	100%	100%
Libya	7,065	4%	14%	23%	41%	53%	6%	50%	47%	48%	48%	45%	35%	..	45%	7,065	100%	100%
Liechtenstein	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	102	0%	0%
Lithuania	150	8%	9%	11%	27%	73%	0%	58%	38%	44%	46%	24%	..	..	30%	871	17%	17%
Luxembourg	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,910	0%	0%
Madagascar	9	0%	11%	22%	33%	67%	0%	..	0%	100%	67%	33%	..	..	44%	9	100%	100%
Malawi	6,544	16%	23%	17%	56%	43%	1%	51%	49%	49%	50%	46%	48%	..	48%	6,544	100%	100%
Malaysia	90,185	11%	7%	5%	23%	76%	1%	49%	48%	45%	48%	26%	44%	..	31%	90,185	100%	100%
Mali	13,928	21%	26%	17%	64%	33%	3%	47%	49%	50%	49%	48%	44%	..	48%	13,928	100%	100%
Malta	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,248	0%	0%
Mauritania	54,496	23%	24%	10%	58%	39%	3%	50%	50%	53%	50%	61%	55%	..	55%	80,496	68%	68%
Mauritius	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Mexico	1,447	3%	6%	12%	21%	78%	1%	62%	57%	53%	55%	35%	100%	..	40%	1,520	95%	95%
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-

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TABLE 14 Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations | end-2012 (ctnd)

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (ie. below 50%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.

Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee-like situation end-2012	Coverage*			
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only		
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+>	Var.	Total					
Monaco	-	37	0%	0%
Mongolia	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	25%	25%	4	100%	100%
Montenegro	8,509	7%	14%	15%	35%	49%	15%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	60%	..	50%	..	11,198	76%	76%	
Morocco	744	6%	10%	7%	23%	75%	3%	52%	55%	62%	56%	31%	42%	..	37%	..	744	100%	100%	
Montserrat	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Mozambique ⁴	4,398	13%	22%	16%	51%	47%	2%	54%	48%	48%	50%	44%	50%	..	47%	..	4,398	100%	100%	
Myanmar	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Namibia	1,806	11%	21%	15%	47%	52%	1%	55%	47%	48%	49%	45%	63%	..	47%	..	1,806	100%	100%	
Nepal	56,264	9%	13%	13%	34%	58%	8%	49%	48%	48%	48%	49%	44%	50%	49%	..	56,264	73%	100%	
Netherlands	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71,909	0%	0%
New Zealand	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,517	0%	0%
Nicaragua	129	2%	8%	5%	15%	78%	7%	100%	40%	43%	47%	41%	44%	..	42%	..	129	100%	100%	
Niger	50,510	17%	29%	14%	60%	36%	4%	52%	52%	53%	52%	59%	48%	..	54%	..	50,510	100%	100%	
Nigeria	3,154	6%	17%	13%	36%	61%	3%	47%	52%	44%	49%	40%	47%	..	43%	..	3,154	100%	100%	
Norway	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42,822	0%	0%
Oman	138	11%	14%	13%	38%	59%	4%	80%	47%	50%	58%	56%	40%	..	56%	..	138	100%	100%	
Pakistan	1,638,456	13%	23%	16%	52%	44%	4%	49%	49%	46%	48%	47%	34%	..	47%	..	1,638,456	100%	100%	
Palau	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	..	1	100%	100%
Panama	17,429	4%	10%	28%	41%	48%	11%	51%	48%	44%	46%	41%	47%	..	44%	..	17,429	100%	100%	
Papua New Guinea	9,383	13%	18%	15%	46%	50%	4%	50%	47%	47%	48%	50%	47%	..	49%	..	9,383	100%	100%	
Paraguay	133	3%	8%	8%	20%	78%	2%	50%	73%	55%	62%	36%	67%	..	41%	..	133	100%	100%	
Peru	1,122	1%	5%	12%	18%	72%	10%	55%	29%	45%	41%	40%	24%	..	39%	..	1,122	100%	100%	
Philippines	141	1%	4%	6%	11%	86%	4%	0%	60%	78%	67%	17%	0%	..	21%	..	141	100%	100%	
Poland	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15,911	0%	0%
Portugal	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	483	0%	0%
Qatar	80	11%	5%	15%	31%	59%	10%	56%	50%	50%	52%	60%	38%	..	55%	..	80	100%	100%	
Rep. of Korea	487	7%	6%	2%	15%	82%	3%	43%	50%	22%	43%	32%	40%	..	34%	..	487	100%	100%	
Rep. of Moldova	185	2%	5%	5%	13%	82%	5%	75%	50%	30%	46%	24%	33%	..	28%	..	185	100%	100%	
Romania	132	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	..	1,262	10%	10%
Russian Federation	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,178	0%	0%
Rwanda	58,212	15%	23%	17%	56%	40%	4%	51%	51%	52%	51%	62%	59%	..	56%	..	58,212	100%	100%	
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Saint Lucia	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	0%	..	..	0%	..	2	100%	100%
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Sao Tome and Principe	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Saudi Arabia	577	3%	20%	20%	43%	54%	3%	45%	50%	44%	47%	38%	39%	..	42%	..	577	100%	100%	
Senegal	14,237	20%	24%	12%	55%	41%	4%	49%	51%	51%	50%	53%	53%	..	52%	..	14,237	100%	100%	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	66,370	0%	1%	5%	7%	59%	34%	..	48%	48%	48%	46%	64%	..	52%	..	66,370	100%	100%	
Sierra Leone	4,204	3%	23%	23%	50%	46%	4%	46%	53%	48%	50%	49%	53%	..	50%	..	4,204	100%	100%	
Singapore	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	33%	..	..	33%	..	3	100%	100%
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	3	0%	0%	33%	33%	67%	0%	..	..	0%	0%	50%	..	..	33%	..	3	100%	100%
Slovakia	547	8%	4%	3%	15%	85%	0%	61%	85%	56%	66%	14%	..	..	21%	..	662	83%	83%
Slovenia	176	3%	14%	17%	35%	65%	0%	33%	36%	20%	28%	27%	..	..	27%	..	176	100%	100%
Somalia	2,309	23%	22%	8%	53%	47%	1%	52%	51%	45%	51%	50%	6%	..	50%	..	2,309	100%	100%	
South Africa	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65,233	0%	0%
South Sudan	202,581	20%	26%	13%	59%	38%	3%	49%	50%	51%	50%	55%	48%	..	52%	..	202,581	100%	100%	
Spain	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,510	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	110	10%	17%	16%	44%	56%	0%	36%	42%	56%	46%	48%	..	..	47%	..	110	100%	100%
State of Palestine	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Sudan	152,194	9%	18%	15%	42%	51%	7%	50%	49%	48%	49%	54%	45%	50%	51%	..	152,194	68%	100%	
Suriname	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Swaziland	505	6%	16%	16%	38%	60%	1%	55%	42%	45%	45%	37%	29%	..	40%	..	505	100%	100%	
Sweden	-	92,872	0%	0%	
Switzerland	50,747	9%	14%	11%	33%	63%	4%	51%	48%	47%	48%	42%	65%	43%	44%	..	50,747	37%	100%	

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TABLE 14 Demographic composition of refugees and people in refugee-like situations | end-2012 (ctnd)

* Indicates the proportion of refugees and people in a refugee-like situation in the country for which the demographic data are available. If the coverage is low (ie. below 50%), the percentages may not be representative for the total population in the country.

Important note: The number of refugees and people in refugee-like situation for which demographic data is available does not necessarily equal the total refugee population in the country.

Country/ territory of asylum/ residence	Refugees for which demographic data is available	Demographic indicators														Refugees and people in refugee-like situation end-2012	Coverage*	
		Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/ sex	Sex only
		0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+*	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+*	Var.	Total			
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	476,506	8%	16%	14%	38%	54%	8%	49%	49%	48%	49%	51%	47%	..	50%	476,506	100%	100%
Tajikistan	2,201	3%	21%	31%	55%	43%	2%	50%	75%	56%	63%	44%	0%	0%	1%	2,248	3%	98%
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	1,077	9%	15%	14%	39%	57%	4%	47%	48%	57%	51%	51%	53%	..	51%	1,077	100%	100%
Thailand	84,479	13%	18%	14%	45%	50%	6%	49%	49%	49%	49%	51%	50%	..	50%	84,479	100%	100%
Timor-Leste	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Togo	23,540	19%	24%	11%	55%	42%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	60%	67%	..	54%	23,540	100%	100%
Tonga	3	67%	0%	0%	67%	33%	0%	50%	..	..	50%	0%	..	..	33%	3	100%	100%
Trinidad and Tobago	18	0%	28%	0%	28%	72%	0%	..	40%	..	40%	23%	..	..	28%	18	100%	100%
Tunisia	1,435	6%	4%	5%	16%	82%	2%	37%	47%	24%	35%	16%	27%	..	19%	1,435	100%	100%
Turkey	169,762	8%	14%	12%	34%	62%	4%	48%	48%	44%	46%	43%	49%	48%	47%	267,063	7%	64%
Turkmenistan	46	0%	0%	2%	2%	83%	15%	..	..	100%	100%	47%	86%	..	54%	46	100%	100%
Uganda	197,877	18%	27%	26%	71%	28%	1%	50%	50%	48%	49%	50%	52%	..	49%	197,877	100%	100%
Ukraine	2,807	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32%	32%	2,807	0%	100%
United Arab Emirates	631	10%	13%	9%	32%	60%	8%	55%	44%	49%	49%	49%	51%	..	49%	631	100%	100%
United Kingdom	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	149,799	0%	0%
United Rep. of Tanzania	101,021	17%	20%	18%	56%	41%	3%	51%	51%	50%	51%	53%	56%	..	52%	101,021	100%	100%
United States of America	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	262,023	0%	0%
Uruguay	181	2%	6%	9%	17%	73%	10%	50%	70%	41%	52%	33%	44%	..	37%	181	100%	100%
Uzbekistan	176	5%	9%	13%	26%	66%	8%	50%	63%	50%	54%	43%	36%	..	45%	176	100%	100%
Vanuatu	2	0%	0%	50%	50%	50%	0%	..	..	100%	100%	0%	..	..	50%	2	100%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	203,644	5%	12%	17%	34%	62%	3%	45%	45%	49%	47%	47%	42%	48%	48%	203,644	2%	100%
Viet Nam	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..
Yemen	237,182	4%	7%	9%	20%	79%	1%	43%	52%	57%	52%	32%	50%	..	36%	237,182	100%	100%
Zambia	23,568	12%	22%	14%	48%	50%	2%	49%	51%	51%	51%	42%	36%	..	46%	25,653	92%	92%
Zimbabwe	4,356	16%	23%	15%	54%	45%	1%	48%	48%	46%	47%	44%	41%	..	46%	4,356	100%	100%
Total	7,890,673	13%	19%	14%	46%	49%	5%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	49%	47%	48%	10,497,957	65%	75%

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

¹ According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

² The 300,000 Vietnamese refugees are well integrated and in practice receive protection from the Government of China.

³ Refugee figures for Iraqis in Jordan and the Syrian Arab Republic are Government estimates. UNHCR has registered and is assisting 95,500 Iraqis in both countries.

⁴ Includes asylum-seekers in the absence of separate demographic statistics available for refugees and asylum-seekers.

TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available. This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country. Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Kunar: Wilayat - Province	84,511	10%	26%	18%	55%	42%	3%	50%	49%	47%	48%	49%	36%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Kunduz: Wilayat - Province	60,648	14%	27%	15%	57%	40%	3%	48%	49%	48%	48%	50%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Laghman: Wilayat - Province	58,838	11%	29%	18%	58%	40%	2%	50%	49%	47%	49%	50%	35%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Ghazni: Wilayat - Province	39,096	5%	28%	18%	50%	46%	4%	50%	48%	47%	48%	47%	39%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Logar: Wilayat - Province	34,652	10%	25%	19%	54%	43%	3%	48%	49%	49%	49%	52%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Jawzjan: Wilayat - Province	31,702	8%	21%	16%	45%	50%	5%	50%	49%	49%	49%	49%	40%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Paktya: Wilayat - Province	26,313	14%	26%	18%	57%	40%	3%	49%	50%	47%	49%	55%	34%	..	51%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Baghlan: Wilayat - Province	21,690	14%	26%	16%	55%	42%	3%	49%	50%	48%	49%	50%	33%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Balkh: Wilayat - Province	14,682	12%	24%	15%	51%	45%	4%	49%	50%	48%	49%	49%	38%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Hilmand: Wilayat - Province	14,413	15%	29%	16%	60%	37%	3%	50%	49%	44%	48%	50%	35%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Wardak: Wilayat - Province	14,270	5%	21%	20%	46%	51%	4%	51%	49%	48%	49%	49%	35%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Khost: Wilayat - Province	12,175	7%	23%	20%	50%	46%	4%	49%	48%	46%	48%	50%	39%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Parwan: Wilayat - Province	12,035	12%	24%	17%	53%	45%	2%	49%	48%	48%	48%	49%	34%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Takhar: Wilayat - Province	10,884	14%	26%	15%	55%	42%	3%	50%	49%	49%	49%	46%	33%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Faryab: Wilayat - Province	9,683	12%	24%	14%	50%	46%	4%	48%	48%	52%	49%	49%	33%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Sari Pul: Wilayat - Province	8,507	13%	25%	17%	54%	42%	4%	48%	48%	47%	48%	49%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Nangarhar: Wilayat - Province	6,264	20%	23%	15%	58%	39%	3%	50%	49%	48%	49%	53%	35%	..	50%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Nuristan: Wilayat - Province	4,978	3%	21%	21%	45%	51%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Farah: Wilayat - Province	3,600	16%	24%	17%	58%	40%	3%	49%	46%	53%	49%	51%	42%	..	50%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Samangan: Wilayat - Province	3,555	13%	27%	15%	56%	41%	3%	53%	51%	49%	51%	50%	39%	..	50%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Kapisa: Wilayat - Province	3,415	12%	25%	17%	54%	43%	3%	49%	50%	50%	49%	50%	32%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Zabul: Wilayat - Province	3,355	11%	33%	15%	60%	37%	3%	49%	49%	43%	47%	50%	28%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Day Kundi: Wilayat - Province	2,073	6%	29%	17%	52%	45%	3%	49%	52%	43%	49%	50%	35%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Bamyan: Wilayat - Province	1,934	9%	19%	15%	42%	53%	5%	58%	47%	48%	50%	47%	39%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Paktika: Wilayat - Province	1,693	7%	35%	16%	58%	39%	2%	48%	46%	47%	47%	48%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Uruzgan: Wilayat - Province	1,576	9%	34%	15%	58%	39%	3%	56%	50%	49%	51%	50%	41%	..	50%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Nimroz: Wilayat - Province	1,040	8%	21%	19%	48%	48%	4%	36%	46%	50%	46%	45%	40%	..	45%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Badghis: Wilayat - Province	892	13%	22%	16%	51%	47%	3%	58%	49%	49%	51%	41%	21%	..	46%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	R	Individual accomm.	Panjsher: Wilayat - Province	773	10%	21%	19%	50%	48%	3%	52%	47%	50%	49%	49%	38%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Nangarhar: Wilayat - Province	388,737	10%	31%	17%	58%	39%	2%	50%	49%	48%	49%	51%	39%	..	49%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Kabul: Wilayat - Province	130,761	11%	23%	17%	51%	46%	3%	49%	49%	48%	49%	52%	36%	..	50%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Kandahar: Wilayat - Province	83,753	6%	26%	19%	51%	45%	4%	50%	49%	47%	48%	48%	40%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Uruzgan: Wilayat - Province	20,405	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Hirat: Wilayat - Province	16,775	11%	16%	13%	40%	56%	3%	47%	48%	53%	49%	45%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Balkh: Wilayat - Province	13,039	7%	20%	20%	47%	49%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	49%	40%	..	49%	100%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total							Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Zabul: Wilayat - Province	12,903	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Sari Pul: Wilayat - Province	10,404	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Laghman: Wilayat - Province	5,655	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Kapisa: Wilayat - Province	3,900	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Parwan: Wilayat - Province	3,000	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Badakhshan: Wilayat - Province	1,377	4%	15%	12%	31%	67%	2%	49%	50%	34%	44%	17%	30%	..	25%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Individual accomm.	Afghanistan: Dispersed in the country/territory	696	62%	19%	5%	86%	13%	1%	50%	47%	57%	49%	66%	88%	..	52%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Hirat: Wilayat - Province	94,073	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Hilmand: Wilayat - Province	59,478	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Ghor: Wilayat - Province	22,937	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Faryab: Wilayat - Province	21,604	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Badghis: Wilayat - Province	8,201	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Paktika: Wilayat - Province	3,237	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Paktya: Wilayat - Province	1,818	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	48%	49%	48%	49%	47%	42%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	U	Self-settled camp	Baghlan: Wilayat - Province	1,314	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	39%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Nangarhar: Wilayat - Province	70,192	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Kapisa: Wilayat - Province	13,026	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Farah: Wilayat - Province	8,709	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Afghanistan: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,983	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	17%	..	..	17%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Kunar: Wilayat - Province	3,405	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	49%	49%	47%	41%	..	48%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Samangan: Wilayat - Province	606	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	4%	50%	49%	48%	48%	47%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Afghanistan	V	Individual accomm.	Kabul: Wilayat - Province	552	2%	20%	22%	44%	52%	5%	50%	49%	48%	49%	47%	36%	..	47%	100%	100%
Algeria	U	Undefined	Algeria: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,736	8%	3%	6%	16%	83%	1%	45%	46%	28%	39%	24%	30%	..	27%	100%	100%
Algeria ¹	V	Self-settled camp	Tindouf: Wilaya - Province	90,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Algeria	V	Undefined	Algeria: Dispersed in the country/territory	4,005	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Angola	R	Individual accomm.	Moxico: Provincia	3,072	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Angola	R	Individual accomm.	Lunda Sul: Provincia	1,680	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Angola	R	Individual accomm.	Malanje: Provincia	878	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Angola	R	Individual accomm.	Bengo: Provincia	636	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Angola	R	Individual accomm.	Lunda Norte: Provincia	601	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Angola	U	Individual accomm.	Luanda: Provincia	12,300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Argentina	U	Individual accomm.	Argentina: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,463	1%	4%	5%	10%	87%	3%	41%	55%	45%	48%	28%	60%	..	31%	100%	100%
Armenia	U	Undefined	Yerevan: City	7,385	4%	7%	8%	19%	64%	17%	44%	49%	53%	50%	48%	62%	46%	51%	25%	26%
Austria	U	Undefined	Austria: Dispersed in the country/territory	22,971	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27%	27%	0%	95%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Fuzuli	66,641	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Aghdam	38,109	0%	0%	
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Barda	33,645	0%	0%	

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

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This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country. Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators															Coverage**			
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group						Var.	Total	Age/sex	Sex only			
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+)	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+)							
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Bilasuvar	19,510	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%	
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Tartar	15,264	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Aghjabedi	14,630	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Beylagan	14,619	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Yevlakh	11,631	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Goranboy	11,595	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Lachin (Takhta Korpu)	10,176	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Gazakh	7,527	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Goygol	6,321	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Sabirabad	5,946	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Shaki	5,129	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Imishli	4,524	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Ismayilli	3,413	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Aghdash	3,259	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Saatli	3,117	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Oghuz	2,779	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Kurdamir	2,214	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Gabala	1,972	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Shamkir	1,923	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Goychay	1,862	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Samukh	1,855	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Aghsu	1,680	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Hajigabul	1,601	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Jalilabad	1,287	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Dashkasan	1,216	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Gakh	1,116	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Salyan	1,066	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Shamakhi	1,036	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Ujar	914	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Zardab	785	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	R	Undefined	Khachmaz	502	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Individual accomm.	Baku: Point	3,105	10%	16%	11%	37%	59%	4%	52%	49%	48%	50%	39%	55%	..	44%	49%	49%	0%	0%	
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Baku	186,861	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Sumgait	52,246	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Mingechavir	20,324	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Absheron	17,267	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Ganja	15,623	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Shirvan	3,783	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	U	Undefined	Naftalan	577	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Azerbaijan	V	Undefined	Nakhchivan AR	980	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Bangladesh	R	Planned/managed camp	Nayapara: Point	18,066	15%	24%	18%	58%	40%	2%	50%	49%	51%	50%	56%	49%	..	52%	100%	100%	0%	0%	
Bangladesh	R	Planned/managed camp	Kutupalong: Point	12,404	16%	23%	18%	58%	40%	2%	49%	50%	50%	50%	53%	49%	..	51%	100%	100%	0%	0%	
Bangladesh	V	Undefined	Bangladesh: Dispersed in the country/territory	200,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Belarus	V	Individual accomm.	Vitebsk: Oblast - Region	1,606	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Belarus	V	Individual accomm.	Minsk: Oblast - Region	1,595	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Belarus	V	Individual accomm.	Gomel: Oblast - Region	993	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Belarus	V	Individual accomm.	Grodno: Oblast - Region	910	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Belarus	V	Individual accomm.	Mogilev: Oblast - Region	842	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Belarus	V	Individual accomm.	Horad Minsk: City	631	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%

TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

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This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators															Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Belgium	U	Undefined	Belgium: Dispersed in the country/territory	40,958	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	0%	63%
Benin	R	Planned/managed camp	Agame: Point	2,358	12%	18%	10%	41%	58%	1%	49%	47%	48%	48%	40%	58%	..	44%	100%	100%	
Benin	U	Individual accomm.	Benin: Dispersed in the country/territory	2,739	13%	16%	11%	40%	59%	1%	45%	53%	46%	48%	45%	45%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Undefined	Bosnia and Herzegovina: Dispersed in the country/territory	68,977	0%	4%	7%	11%	71%	18%	..	45%	56%	52%	50%	48%	49%	49%	10%	100%	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Undefined	Republika Srpska: Entity	63,248	4%	0%	26%	30%	70%	0%	100%	..	67%	71%	81%	..	49%	49%	0%	100%	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Undefined	Federacija Bosna i Hercegovina: Entity	44,450	4%	20%	14%	37%	59%	4%	100%	44%	47%	51%	44%	60%	49%	49%	0%	100%	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	V	Undefined	Brcko: Županija - County	545	3%	6%	9%	18%	70%	12%	100%	50%	33%	50%	52%	50%	49%	49%	6%	100%	
Botswana	R	Planned/managed camp	Dukwi: Point	3,440	12%	15%	11%	38%	60%	2%	48%	50%	53%	50%	28%	43%	..	37%	100%	100%	
Brazil	U	Individual accomm.	Amazonas: Estado - State	4,178	0%	0%	3%	4%	95%	1%	0%	44%	26%	26%	14%	3%	..	14%	100%	100%	
Brazil	U	Individual accomm.	Sao Paulo: Estado - State	2,530	1%	3%	4%	8%	90%	2%	43%	46%	44%	45%	21%	46%	..	23%	100%	100%	
Brazil	U	Individual accomm.	Rio De Janeiro: Estado - State	2,262	1%	2%	3%	6%	93%	2%	44%	52%	46%	48%	28%	38%	..	29%	100%	100%	
Brazil	U	Individual accomm.	Acre: Estado - State	1,711	0%	1%	4%	5%	94%	1%	50%	41%	32%	35%	15%	0%	..	16%	100%	100%	
Brunei Darussalam	V	Individual accomm.	Brunei Darussalam: Dispersed in the country/territory	21,009	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Bulgaria	U	Individual accomm.	Bulgaria: Dispersed in the country/territory	2,288	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Bulgaria	U	Reception/transit camp	Bulgaria: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,229	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12%	12%	0%	100%
Burkina Faso	R	Planned/managed camp	Mentao	6,905	18%	22%	13%	54%	42%	4%	46%	51%	46%	48%	51%	51%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Planned/managed camp	Goudebo	4,943	17%	24%	13%	54%	42%	4%	47%	45%	47%	46%	49%	41%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Planned/managed camp	Sag-Nionioogo	2,698	16%	24%	13%	53%	43%	4%	51%	43%	39%	44%	48%	51%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Fererio	5,761	18%	26%	11%	55%	42%	3%	49%	48%	47%	48%	49%	44%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Djibissi	3,949	17%	26%	14%	57%	40%	3%	48%	44%	45%	45%	48%	42%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Gountoure Gnegne	3,129	20%	27%	13%	60%	38%	2%	46%	49%	47%	47%	53%	44%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Gandafabou	2,974	20%	24%	11%	55%	40%	5%	49%	46%	49%	48%	51%	55%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Damba	2,737	19%	23%	11%	53%	44%	4%	49%	45%	46%	47%	49%	35%	..	47%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Deou	2,040	16%	26%	14%	55%	40%	5%	47%	46%	54%	48%	49%	42%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	R	Self-settled camp	Tin-Hedja	874	14%	27%	16%	57%	41%	3%	47%	46%	36%	43%	44%	36%	..	43%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	U	Individual accomm.	Bobo-Dioulasso	1,926	14%	19%	15%	47%	49%	4%	51%	50%	59%	53%	46%	44%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Burkina Faso	U	Individual accomm.	Ouagadougou: Point	1,734	10%	13%	12%	34%	64%	2%	54%	52%	46%	50%	34%	36%	..	40%	100%	100%	
Burundi	R	Planned/managed camp	Bwagiriza: Point	10,105	22%	24%	14%	60%	38%	2%	49%	47%	50%	49%	55%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Burundi	R	Planned/managed camp	Kinama Camp	9,480	17%	28%	16%	61%	37%	2%	49%	51%	49%	50%	56%	60%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Burundi	R	Planned/managed camp	Musasa: Point	6,500	18%	28%	16%	62%	36%	1%	51%	50%	49%	50%	55%	70%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Burundi	U	Individual accomm.	Bujumbura: Province	21,901	12%	22%	18%	52%	45%	2%	50%	50%	50%	50%	54%	60%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Burundi	V	Individual accomm.	Burundi: Dispersed in the country/territory	37,014	20%	25%	15%	59%	39%	2%	49%	49%	49%	49%	50%	44%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Burundi	V	Self-settled camp	Burundi: Dispersed in the country/territory	78,948	14%	18%	16%	47%	47%	6%	51%	51%	48%	50%	46%	32%	35%	47%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Ngaoui: Point	8,141	14%	28%	20%	62%	35%	3%	48%	50%	51%	50%	61%	39%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Garoua-Boulai: Point	6,789	12%	27%	20%	59%	38%	3%	50%	49%	49%	49%	61%	44%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Gbiti: Point	6,526	12%	24%	17%	53%	44%	3%	50%	50%	49%	49%	56%	28%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Meidougou: Point	4,115	15%	27%	20%	62%	36%	3%	50%	48%	50%	49%	60%	38%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Ndokayo: Point	3,287	14%	24%	19%	57%	40%	3%	55%	50%	48%	51%	54%	34%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Cameroon: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,220	6%	23%	20%	49%	47%	4%	44%	45%	53%	48%	59%	39%	..	53%	100%	100%	

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators															Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Kenzou: Point	3,050	11%	27%	19%	58%	39%	3%	49%	48%	55%	50%	63%	43%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Zembe Borongo: Point	2,865	14%	27%	19%	60%	37%	3%	49%	46%	53%	49%	64%	38%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Batoua Godole: Point	2,707	14%	29%	18%	61%	36%	3%	53%	49%	49%	50%	62%	39%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Meiganga: Point	2,655	13%	28%	19%	60%	37%	3%	43%	47%	49%	47%	57%	31%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Nyabi: Point	2,580	11%	24%	20%	55%	42%	3%	49%	52%	52%	51%	58%	36%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mandjou: Point	2,092	13%	27%	20%	59%	37%	3%	49%	50%	54%	51%	63%	42%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Toktoyo: Point	1,968	14%	29%	17%	60%	37%	3%	50%	44%	50%	47%	59%	37%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Yamba: Point	1,884	14%	30%	18%	61%	36%	2%	55%	52%	51%	52%	58%	55%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Kette: Point	1,674	10%	26%	19%	54%	42%	3%	46%	47%	53%	49%	59%	33%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Bagodo: Point	1,626	14%	31%	19%	64%	33%	3%	45%	49%	47%	48%	62%	24%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Tongo Gandima: Point	1,616	12%	26%	19%	58%	39%	3%	44%	49%	47%	47%	57%	25%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Garga Libona: Point	1,500	16%	28%	17%	61%	36%	3%	49%	48%	48%	48%	62%	44%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Ouro-Adde: Point	1,334	15%	29%	20%	63%	34%	2%	53%	46%	51%	49%	59%	55%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mboumama: Point	1,229	15%	23%	17%	55%	42%	2%	45%	49%	54%	49%	55%	30%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Yokosire: Point	1,199	11%	25%	20%	56%	39%	5%	48%	47%	54%	50%	60%	32%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Nandoungue: Point	1,125	16%	29%	18%	63%	35%	3%	47%	50%	52%	50%	59%	47%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Yarbang: Point	1,035	14%	29%	17%	60%	37%	3%	50%	55%	51%	53%	63%	38%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Garga Sarali: Point	967	15%	25%	15%	55%	42%	3%	49%	40%	49%	45%	52%	52%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Kombo Laka: Point	961	13%	26%	17%	56%	40%	4%	45%	53%	49%	50%	51%	47%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Lokoti: Point	954	12%	29%	18%	59%	38%	3%	58%	49%	45%	49%	56%	48%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mbile: Point	939	12%	25%	20%	57%	41%	2%	56%	51%	49%	51%	59%	43%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Gargapela: Point	893	15%	30%	18%	63%	34%	3%	48%	48%	54%	50%	63%	48%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Boulembé: Point	871	15%	29%	20%	63%	34%	3%	48%	54%	55%	53%	59%	54%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Nabemo: Point	825	17%	27%	17%	62%	36%	2%	49%	44%	51%	47%	56%	30%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Ndanga Gandima: Point	812	13%	24%	18%	55%	41%	3%	44%	50%	39%	45%	59%	36%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Bazzama: Point	806	15%	26%	19%	59%	38%	3%	49%	51%	51%	51%	61%	43%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Guiwa Yangamo: Point	805	16%	23%	20%	59%	37%	4%	41%	53%	49%	49%	58%	44%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Boubara: Point	800	10%	21%	20%	52%	45%	4%	52%	48%	55%	51%	54%	33%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Gado Badzere: Point	770	15%	26%	21%	61%	35%	4%	48%	49%	49%	49%	59%	47%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mbarang: Point	770	19%	28%	17%	64%	34%	3%	47%	54%	51%	51%	61%	48%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Goro: Point	729	15%	30%	16%	61%	35%	4%	50%	51%	56%	52%	56%	35%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Bouli: Point	704	17%	23%	18%	58%	40%	2%	66%	53%	51%	56%	60%	40%	..	57%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mboula: Point	702	13%	29%	17%	59%	37%	4%	53%	50%	62%	54%	57%	36%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Bafouck: Point	660	14%	25%	15%	55%	42%	3%	47%	61%	47%	53%	50%	33%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Dir: Point	655	15%	29%	19%	63%	35%	2%	54%	49%	51%	51%	60%	25%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Bedobo: Point	631	11%	25%	18%	54%	44%	2%	49%	52%	59%	54%	58%	40%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Dakere Babongo: Point	624	17%	31%	17%	65%	33%	2%	48%	46%	50%	48%	62%	33%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Dang Patou: Point	609	17%	24%	15%	56%	41%	2%	50%	51%	55%	52%	59%	40%	..	55%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Djalingo: Point	589	14%	28%	19%	61%	36%	3%	55%	42%	43%	45%	61%	63%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mikila: Point	577	14%	27%	19%	59%	38%	3%	49%	50%	52%	50%	59%	19%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mborguene: Point	574	11%	26%	20%	57%	40%	2%	48%	53%	43%	49%	50%	42%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Timangolo: Point	567	16%	26%	19%	60%	36%	4%	53%	53%	44%	50%	60%	48%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Djohong: Point	555	17%	26%	15%	58%	39%	3%	50%	55%	58%	54%	56%	33%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mbonga: Point	531	11%	25%	21%	57%	39%	4%	52%	46%	54%	50%	56%	37%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Woumbou: Point	530	10%	23%	20%	53%	45%	2%	60%	52%	48%	52%	55%	36%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Borgop: Point	521	15%	31%	18%	64%	33%	3%	43%	54%	53%	51%	59%	65%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Samba: Point	515	13%	26%	20%	59%	39%	2%	58%	55%	54%	55%	61%	45%	..	57%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Gbakim: Point	503	13%	23%	17%	53%	45%	2%	52%	52%	47%	51%	51%	25%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Mbondou: Point	503	10%	29%	16%	55%	41%	4%	58%	50%	54%	53%	55%	30%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	R	Self-settled camp	Fada: Point	502	17%	27%	18%	61%	35%	3%	48%	48%	55%	50%	60%	35%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Cameroon	U	Individual accomm.	Cameroon: Dispersed in the country/territory	11,066	11%	17%	11%	39%	60%	1%	50%	52%	52%	51%	38%	43%	..	43%	100%	100%	

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+†	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+†	Var.	Total		
Canada	U	Undefined	Canada: Dispersed in the country/territory	42,937	7%	9%	7%	23%	73%	4%	49%	50%	48%	49%	43%	65%	..	46%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Individual accomm.	Bamingui-Bangoran: Prefecture	14,659	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Individual accomm.	Haute-Kotto: Prefecture	7,547	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Individual accomm.	Ouham-Pende: Prefecture	7,034	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Individual accomm.	Vakaga: Prefecture	5,652	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Individual accomm.	Ouham: Prefecture	2,324	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Individual accomm.	Haut-Mbomou: Prefecture	530	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Planned/managed camp	Mongoumba: Sous-prefecture	5,990	20%	26%	14%	61%	35%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	55%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Planned/managed camp	Zemio: Sous-prefecture	2,966	18%	19%	11%	48%	47%	5%	48%	50%	50%	49%	52%	51%	..	50%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Planned/managed camp	Bambari: Sous-prefecture	1,967	22%	28%	14%	64%	32%	4%	49%	47%	56%	50%	62%	43%	..	53%	100%	100%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Ouham: Prefecture	16,194	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Haut-Mbomou: Prefecture	12,482	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Momou: Point	9,783	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Ouham-Pende: Prefecture	7,203	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Haute-Kotto: Prefecture	1,977	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Vakaga: Prefecture	1,833	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Bambari: Sous-prefecture	1,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	R	Self-settled camp	Nana-Gribizi: Economic Prefecture	857	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Central African Rep.	U	Individual accomm.	Bangui: Commune	5,105	14%	22%	15%	51%	47%	2%	49%	46%	52%	49%	48%	51%	..	48%	72%	72%
Chad	R	Individual accomm.	Goz-beida: Departement	12,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Individual accomm.	Dogdore: Point	10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Individual accomm.	Angarana: Point	5,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Individual accomm.	Assongha: Region	4,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Individual accomm.	Am-timan: Departement	3,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Goz-beida: Departement	60,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Bredjing: Point	37,494	18%	19%	16%	54%	42%	5%	49%	50%	48%	49%	59%	58%	..	54%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Oure Cassoni: Point	33,267	14%	23%	22%	59%	38%	3%	50%	51%	55%	52%	71%	68%	..	60%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Touloum: Point	27,940	16%	22%	23%	61%	36%	4%	50%	51%	52%	51%	68%	62%	..	58%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Goz Amer: Point	27,091	21%	22%	15%	57%	38%	4%	50%	50%	48%	50%	61%	53%	..	54%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Farchana: Point	24,419	17%	21%	17%	56%	40%	4%	50%	50%	49%	50%	62%	59%	..	55%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Am Nabak: Point	23,611	13%	23%	21%	57%	38%	5%	48%	50%	55%	51%	73%	60%	..	60%	83%	83%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Gaga: Point	22,266	20%	23%	17%	60%	37%	3%	50%	51%	49%	50%	61%	52%	..	54%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Iridimi: Point	21,083	17%	22%	23%	61%	35%	4%	50%	51%	52%	51%	68%	61%	..	57%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Angarana: Point	20,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Treguine: Point	19,957	20%	20%	15%	55%	41%	5%	49%	49%	48%	49%	58%	55%	..	53%	100%	100%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Mile: Point	19,823	17%	24%	19%	60%	37%	4%	51%	51%	52%	52%	68%	60%	..	58%	100%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country. Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**		
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only	
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Kounoungou: Point	19,143	14%	25%	21%	60%	37%	3%	50%	51%	52%	51%	68%	57%	..	58%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Djabal: Point	18,890	20%	20%	16%	57%	39%	4%	49%	50%	48%	49%	62%	56%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Gondje: Point	11,717	12%	25%	23%	60%	38%	2%	51%	51%	48%	50%	58%	63%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Yaroungou: Point	11,594	13%	21%	19%	52%	44%	4%	51%	51%	49%	50%	58%	61%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Amboko: Point	11,297	11%	22%	26%	60%	38%	2%	51%	51%	52%	51%	57%	50%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Dosseye: Point	9,922	13%	27%	21%	61%	36%	3%	51%	51%	54%	52%	64%	49%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Dogdore: Point	9,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Moyo: Point	7,853	19%	30%	13%	62%	35%	4%	50%	52%	49%	51%	64%	64%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Planned/managed camp	Moula: Point	6,048	16%	29%	16%	61%	36%	3%	47%	50%	45%	48%	56%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Chad	R	Self-settled camp	Mourdy: Point	500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	Salamat: Region	7,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	Guereda: Departement	6,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	SP GOZ BEIDA	2,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	Daguessa: Point	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	Sp Tissis: Point	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	Sp Borota: Point	900	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	R	Undefined	Sp Ade: Point	600	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Chad	U	Individual accomm.	N'Djamena: Region	2,143	4%	16%	21%	41%	32%	27%	60%	47%	47%	48%	32%	53%	..	44%	100%	100%	
China	V	Collective center	Guangxi: Autonomous Region	112,268	47%	47%	0%	100%
China	V	Collective center	Guangdong: Province	83,538	48%	48%	0%	100%
China	V	Collective center	Yunnan: Province	44,490	49%	49%	0%	100%
China	V	Collective center	Hainan: Province	31,475	47%	47%	0%	100%
China	V	Collective center	Fujian: Province	27,409	48%	48%	0%	100%
China	V	Collective center	Jiangxi: Province	1,715	48%	48%	0%	100%
Colombia	V	Undefined	Colombia: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,943,509	51%	51%	0%	100%
Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Impfondo: Point	5,705	11%	25%	18%	53%	44%	3%	53%	51%	50%	51%	47%	58%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Loukolela: Point	2,154	15%	26%	13%	54%	45%	2%	47%	48%	50%	48%	39%	39%	..	44%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Sangha: Departement	1,250	14%	25%	16%	56%	43%	1%	50%	49%	52%	50%	39%	73%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Pool: Departement	613	11%	23%	15%	48%	51%	0%	51%	47%	57%	51%	31%	33%	..	41%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Betou: Point	37,333	14%	27%	15%	56%	41%	3%	50%	50%	52%	50%	52%	62%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Liranga: Point	19,396	16%	28%	14%	58%	39%	3%	51%	51%	51%	51%	55%	58%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Impfondo: Point	15,435	15%	26%	15%	56%	41%	3%	49%	51%	50%	50%	52%	63%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Dongou: Point	8,288	16%	26%	15%	57%	39%	4%	49%	51%	49%	50%	52%	61%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Enyelle: Point	3,031	16%	27%	15%	58%	38%	4%	44%	50%	46%	47%	55%	63%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Congo	U	Individual accomm.	Brazzaville: Capital	7,019	7%	20%	16%	43%	55%	2%	48%	50%	49%	49%	40%	55%	..	44%	100%	100%	
Costa Rica	U	Individual accomm.	Costa Rica: Dispersed in the country/territory	21,083	5%	10%	10%	26%	70%	4%	42%	44%	44%	44%	43%	28%	..	43%	100%	100%	
Côte d'Ivoire	R	Individual accomm.	Tabou: Departement	1,942	13%	21%	14%	48%	50%	1%	48%	51%	52%	50%	48%	45%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Côte d'Ivoire	R	Individual accomm.	Guiglo: Departement	960	12%	20%	16%	48%	46%	6%	45%	42%	48%	45%	62%	64%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Côte d'Ivoire	U	Individual accomm.	Abidjan: Departement	1,699	8%	16%	10%	34%	63%	3%	50%	46%	49%	48%	44%	32%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Côte d'Ivoire	V	Individual accomm.	Cote d'Ivoire: Dispersed in the country/territory	214,804	15%	19%	17%	50%	46%	3%	48%	49%	48%	49%	48%	43%	..	48%	66%	66%	
Croatia	V	Individual accomm.	Croatia: Dispersed in the country/territory	23,241	1%	3%	4%	7%	61%	31%	0%	33%	40%	35%	51%	70%	52%	52%	2%	88%	
Cyprus	U	Undefined	Cyprus: Dispersed in the country/territory	6,267	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Czech Rep.	U	Undefined	Czech Republic: Dispersed in the country/territory	4,881	40%	40%	0%	85%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Nord Kivu and Sud Kivu: Provinces	43,514	15%	27%	19%	61%	38%	1%	45%	58%	51%	52%	57%	68%	..	55%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Uvira: Point	5,185	15%	22%	14%	52%	45%	3%	50%	52%	50%	51%	47%	51%	..	49%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Fizi: Point	3,343	14%	25%	14%	53%	42%	4%	46%	47%	51%	48%	51%	49%	..	49%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Shabunda: Point	1,709	4%	18%	15%	37%	63%	0%	57%	40%	43%	43%	48%	14%	..	46%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Kalehe: Point	1,610	15%	18%	13%	47%	51%	3%	47%	43%	44%	44%	47%	21%	..	45%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Mwenga: Point	1,245	14%	22%	15%	51%	47%	1%	50%	52%	55%	52%	63%	44%	..	57%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Individual accomm.	Tshabobo: Point	654	16%	29%	9%	54%	44%	2%	64%	53%	47%	55%	48%	31%	..	52%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Bondo: Point	1,131	19%	15%	9%	42%	56%	2%	50%	52%	67%	54%	52%	46%	..	53%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Kimaza: Point	597	9%	18%	10%	37%	60%	3%	46%	51%	39%	47%	35%	10%	..	38%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	R	Self-settled camp	Zongo/Worobe	527	21%	19%	8%	48%	49%	2%	50%	57%	36%	51%	43%	33%	..	46%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	U	Individual accomm.	Goma: Point	1,066	15%	25%	20%	60%	39%	1%	55%	54%	53%	54%	52%	57%	..	53%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	U	Individual accomm.	Kinshasa: Province	791	11%	21%	16%	48%	47%	5%	61%	50%	48%	52%	46%	19%	..	47%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	U	Individual accomm.	Lubumbashi: Point	677	15%	25%	13%	53%	44%	3%	49%	50%	40%	47%	46%	72%	..	47%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Kalehe: Point	387,791	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Masisi: Point	288,703	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Sud Kivu: Province	271,594	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Haut-Uele: Territoire - District	268,754	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Walikale: Point	186,365	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Lubero: Point	185,348	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Shabunda: Point	185,037	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Ituri: Territoire - District	165,085	26%	20%	16%	62%	34%	4%	39%	50%	45%	44%	42%	44%	..	43%	5%	5%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Katanga: Province	158,701	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Nyiragongo: Point	116,659	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Kabare: Point	94,597	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Rutshuru: Point	74,695	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Beni: Point	71,680	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Napassa: Point	70,867	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Equateur: Province	59,103	24%	25%	12%	62%	35%	3%	50%	50%	49%	50%	57%	61%	..	53%	78%	78%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Bas-Uele: Territoire - District	57,140	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Pangi	54,305	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Mitwaba	52,613	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Kalemie: Point	49,136	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Walungu: Point	46,430	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Bas-Congo: Province	45,896	8%	23%	16%	47%	45%	8%	49%	50%	47%	49%	55%	56%	..	52%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Kabambare	29,000	0%	0%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available. This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country. Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Manono	27,749	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Katanga: Province	25,200	16%	25%	15%	56%	40%	4%	49%	49%	50%	50%	50%	50%	..	50%	64%	64%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Uvira: Point	22,442	21%	20%	13%	54%	39%	7%	54%	53%	69%	57%	46%	64%	..	54%	3%	3%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Tshopo: Territoire - District	20,840	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Fizi: Point	19,131	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Bukavu: Point	19,105	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Nord Kivu: Province	12,141	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Kambove	9,975	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Kinshasa: Province	9,656	7%	16%	13%	36%	50%	14%	54%	54%	48%	52%	54%	58%	..	54%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Malemba Nkulu	9,380	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Goma: Point	7,087	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Punia	6,165	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Lubudi	6,160	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Likasi	1,895	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Ingbokolo: Point	1,244	16%	16%	16%	49%	49%	3%	54%	52%	50%	52%	54%	44%	..	53%	100%	100%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Lubumbashi: Point	928	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	V	Individual accomm.	Ariwara: Point	791	7%	15%	13%	36%	45%	19%	12%	35%	39%	32%	34%	37%	..	34%	100%	100%
Denmark	U	Undefined	Denmark: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,623	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47%	47%	0%	100%
Djibouti	R	Planned/managed camp	Ali-Addeh: Point	17,354	11%	17%	12%	40%	57%	2%	50%	50%	54%	51%	48%	48%	..	49%	100%	100%
Djibouti	R	Planned/managed camp	Hol-Hol: Point	1,115	17%	30%	16%	63%	35%	2%	45%	50%	50%	49%	57%	35%	..	51%	100%	100%
Djibouti	U	Individual accomm.	Djibouti: Point	3,765	10%	13%	7%	30%	69%	1%	55%	46%	49%	50%	33%	37%	..	38%	100%	100%
Dominican Rep.	U	Individual accomm.	Dominican Republic: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,525	11%	16%	15%	42%	54%	5%	52%	54%	52%	53%	52%	53%	..	52%	100%	100%
Ecuador	V	Undefined	Ecuador: Dispersed in the country/territory	138,391	2%	11%	11%	24%	72%	4%	51%	49%	49%	49%	48%	42%	..	48%	51%	51%
Egypt	R	Planned/managed camp	Saloum	1,390	8%	8%	57%	73%	27%	0%	46%	43%	3%	12%	40%	100%	..	20%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	Egypt: Dispersed in the country/territory	92,733	18%	21%	21%	59%	39%	2%	48%	57%	36%	47%	51%	62%	..	49%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	Cairo	15,546	3%	5%	6%	14%	83%	3%	51%	47%	48%	48%	41%	53%	..	43%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	Giza: Muhafazah - Governorate	5,101	2%	3%	5%	11%	85%	4%	41%	49%	48%	47%	45%	44%	..	46%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	6th October: Muhafazah - Governorate	4,167	6%	10%	10%	26%	69%	5%	49%	52%	51%	51%	44%	41%	..	46%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	Alexandria: Muhafazah - Governorate	3,514	7%	10%	13%	30%	65%	5%	47%	48%	45%	46%	46%	42%	..	46%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	Helwan: Muhafazah - Governorate	2,474	2%	5%	6%	13%	84%	3%	40%	55%	56%	54%	50%	40%	..	50%	100%	100%
Egypt	U	Individual accomm.	Damietta	932	8%	11%	13%	32%	64%	4%	54%	46%	47%	48%	49%	44%	..	48%	100%	100%
Eritrea	R	Planned/managed camp	Emkulut: Point	3,446	20%	25%	14%	59%	39%	2%	46%	49%	47%	47%	48%	48%	..	47%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Melkadida: Point	42,365	22%	35%	13%	70%	28%	2%	49%	49%	48%	49%	66%	48%	..	54%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Bokolmanyu: Point	40,423	21%	33%	13%	68%	30%	2%	50%	49%	45%	49%	63%	48%	..	53%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Buramino: Point	35,207	26%	31%	11%	68%	30%	2%	51%	49%	47%	50%	61%	49%	..	53%	100%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total							Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Fugnido: Point	34,247	22%	26%	16%	64%	34%	2%	51%	49%	48%	49%	69%	80%	..	56%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Kobe Camp: Point	31,656	24%	32%	11%	67%	30%	3%	50%	49%	46%	48%	59%	47%	..	52%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Hilaweyn: Point	30,960	24%	33%	11%	68%	29%	2%	50%	50%	47%	49%	62%	47%	..	53%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Adiharush: Point	23,562	3%	7%	7%	17%	83%	0%	48%	48%	36%	43%	20%	28%	..	24%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Kebribeyah: Point	16,009	16%	29%	13%	58%	39%	3%	50%	49%	49%	50%	53%	45%	..	51%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Mai-Ayni: Point	15,715	8%	6%	13%	27%	73%	1%	47%	50%	26%	37%	33%	40%	..	34%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Awbarre: Point	13,331	13%	29%	18%	60%	37%	2%	53%	51%	48%	50%	59%	65%	..	54%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Bambasi Camp	12,199	24%	22%	11%	57%	39%	4%	49%	49%	48%	49%	53%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Sheder: Point	11,882	17%	27%	16%	60%	38%	2%	48%	48%	47%	48%	60%	67%	..	53%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Tongo Camp: Point	9,518	21%	25%	12%	58%	39%	3%	48%	50%	46%	48%	50%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Sherkole: Point	7,527	19%	24%	14%	58%	41%	1%	48%	49%	43%	47%	45%	43%	..	46%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Shimelba (Shire/Shiraro): Point	6,033	15%	15%	11%	42%	53%	6%	48%	51%	48%	49%	37%	49%	..	43%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Asaita: Point	5,086	14%	22%	13%	48%	49%	3%	44%	45%	43%	44%	43%	49%	..	44%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Planned/managed camp	Ad-Damazin Transit Centre: Point	2,866	20%	22%	10%	53%	42%	5%	48%	51%	43%	48%	51%	42%	..	49%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Self-settled camp	Wanthowa	20,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Ethiopia	R	Self-settled camp	Berhale: Point	10,211	16%	27%	12%	56%	41%	3%	48%	48%	44%	47%	48%	27%	..	47%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Self-settled camp	Borena: Awraja - Zone	2,892	21%	24%	14%	59%	34%	7%	49%	49%	58%	51%	58%	52%	..	54%	100%	100%
Ethiopia	R	Undefined	Kebribeyah: Point	1,016	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Ethiopia	R	Undefined	Ethiopia: Dispersed in the country/territory	828	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Ethiopia	U	Individual accomm.	Addis Ababa: Astedader akabibi - Chartered City	4,346	10%	15%	11%	35%	61%	4%	50%	46%	48%	48%	39%	27%	..	42%	100%	100%
Finland	U	Individual accomm.	Finland: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,898	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38%	38%	0%	100%
France	U	Undefined	France: Dispersed in the country/territory	201,444	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42%	42%	0%	100%
Gabon	U	Individual accomm.	Libreville: Point	2,308	2%	10%	12%	24%	71%	5%	46%	50%	51%	50%	36%	18%	..	38%	100%	100%
Gabon	U	Individual accomm.	Franceville: Point	884	1%	11%	7%	19%	79%	2%	33%	44%	53%	46%	27%	17%	..	30%	100%	100%
Gambia	R	Individual accomm.	Gambia: Dispersed in the country/territory	8,371	17%	23%	15%	55%	39%	6%	49%	52%	49%	50%	58%	55%	..	53%	100%	100%
Gambia	U	Individual accomm.	Gambia: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,482	12%	17%	9%	38%	56%	6%	49%	45%	55%	48%	53%	29%	..	50%	100%	100%
Georgia	V	Undefined	Georgia: Dispersed in the country/territory	281,360	2%	6%	7%	15%	72%	13%	53%	44%	42%	45%	50%	56%	..	50%	1%	1%
Germany	U	Individual accomm.	Germany: Dispersed in the country/territory	589,737	2%	6%	9%	17%	72%	11%	49%	48%	49%	49%	41%	52%	..	43%	100%	100%
Germany	U	Undefined	Germany: Dispersed in the country/territory	85,560	10%	11%	10%	31%	67%	2%	48%	46%	36%	43%	33%	56%	..	37%	100%	100%
Ghana	R	Planned/managed camp	Ampain: Point	4,089	14%	17%	15%	46%	52%	2%	47%	50%	54%	50%	57%	68%	..	54%	100%	100%
Ghana	R	Planned/managed camp	Egyeikroum: Point	1,694	13%	16%	12%	41%	58%	2%	49%	52%	49%	50%	49%	69%	..	50%	100%	100%
Ghana	R	Planned/managed camp	Fetentaa: Point	1,509	12%	15%	11%	38%	61%	1%	52%	57%	51%	54%	48%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%
Ghana	R	Planned/managed camp	Krisan: Point	592	8%	14%	18%	40%	57%	3%	51%	55%	27%	41%	33%	44%	..	37%	100%	100%
Ghana	R	Self-settled camp	Volta: Region	1,460	10%	21%	5%	36%	63%	1%	49%	52%	61%	53%	51%	61%	..	52%	100%	100%
Ghana	U	Individual accomm.	Accra: District	3,956	5%	8%	11%	24%	73%	2%	50%	48%	44%	47%	35%	27%	..	38%	100%	100%
Ghana	V	Planned/managed camp	Buduburam: Point	5,026	1%	6%	9%	16%	82%	1%	52%	55%	50%	52%	51%	33%	..	51%	100%	100%
Guinea	R	Planned/managed camp	Macenta: Prefecture	5,411	11%	22%	21%	54%	43%	3%	55%	54%	49%	52%	54%	57%	..	53%	100%	100%
Guinea	R	Planned/managed camp	Kouankan: Point	870	10%	18%	17%	45%	51%	3%	49%	55%	48%	51%	52%	60%	..	52%	100%	100%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators																Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total							Percentage female per age group									Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total				
Guinea	R	Planned/managed camp	Laine: Point	744	3%	16%	20%	40%	57%	3%	68%	49%	49%	51%	52%	58%	..	51%	100%	100%		
Guinea	U	Collective center	Conakry: Special Zone	2,190	6%	12%	15%	32%	66%	1%	51%	45%	48%	48%	42%	15%	..	43%	100%	100%		
Guinea	U	Collective center	Kouankan: Point	560	4%	20%	19%	43%	50%	7%	64%	38%	50%	45%	50%	28%	..	46%	100%	100%		
Guinea	U	Individual accomm.	Conakry: Special Zone	532	10%	15%	13%	38%	61%	2%	57%	42%	48%	48%	39%	60%	..	43%	100%	100%		
Guinea-Bissau	R	Individual accomm.	Bigene: Point	3,237	12%	24%	13%	49%	45%	6%	48%	50%	49%	49%	58%	47%	..	53%	100%	100%		
Guinea-Bissau	R	Individual accomm.	Sao Domingos: Point	3,071	12%	24%	11%	47%	45%	8%	45%	48%	50%	48%	61%	57%	..	55%	100%	100%		
Guinea-Bissau	R	Individual accomm.	Canchungo: Point	992	12%	26%	16%	54%	41%	6%	59%	46%	51%	50%	59%	58%	..	54%	100%	100%		
Hong Kong SAR, China	U	Individual accomm.	Hong Kong SAR, China: Dispersed in the country/territory	953	6%	4%	3%	13%	86%	0%	55%	52%	48%	53%	47%	33%	..	47%	100%	100%		
India	R	Planned/managed camp	Tamil Nadu: State	67,165	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
India	U	Individual accomm.	Delhi: District	22,050	7%	13%	13%	34%	62%	4%	48%	49%	43%	47%	50%	52%	..	49%	100%	100%		
Indonesia	U	Individual accomm.	Jawa Barat-Province	4,149	3%	13%	77%	93%	5%	1%	52%	14%	13%	15%	39%	18%	..	16%	100%	100%		
Indonesia	U	Undefined	Jakarta-Province	1,268	6%	11%	73%	90%	9%	1%	41%	22%	24%	25%	47%	31%	..	27%	100%	100%		
Indonesia	U	Undefined	Sumatera Utara Province	662	5%	5%	83%	93%	6%	1%	50%	23%	12%	14%	47%	25%	..	16%	100%	100%		
Iraq	R	Planned/managed camp	Makhmour: Point	10,552	15%	26%	12%	53%	44%	3%	52%	52%	47%	51%	49%	49%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	U	Undefined	Sulaymaniyah	857	7%	11%	8%	26%	73%	1%	52%	47%	50%	50%	36%	44%	..	40%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Baghdad	480,336	15%	24%	21%	60%	36%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	62%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Ninewa	215,323	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Diyala	136,785	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Dohuk	103,290	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Erbil	70,932	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Anbar	54,969	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Sulaimaniya	51,726	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Kirkuk	48,777	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Salah al-Din	48,505	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Dahuk	47,096	14%	13%	11%	38%	61%	1%	49%	49%	36%	45%	30%	53%	..	36%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Basrah	38,694	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Babylon	36,144	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Wassit	33,544	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Najaf	29,515	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Thi-Qar	29,135	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Kerbala	28,360	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Erbil	16,030	9%	11%	10%	30%	68%	2%	48%	50%	40%	46%	26%	51%	..	32%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Missan	15,296	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Qadissyah	15,195	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Anbar/AlQaim	8,716	22%	23%	13%	58%	39%	3%	49%	51%	48%	50%	59%	60%	..	53%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Sulaymaniyah	8,661	7%	12%	13%	32%	64%	4%	45%	50%	41%	45%	33%	43%	..	37%	100%	100%		
Iraq	V	Undefined	Muthanna	7,629	15%	24%	21%	60%	35%	5%	46%	63%	59%	57%	36%	63%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Ireland	U	Undefined	Ireland: Dispersed in the country/territory	798	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45%	45%	0%	100%
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Saveh	5,478	17%	22%	21%	60%	36%	4%	47%	54%	45%	49%	49%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Rafsanjan: Shahrestan - County	4,674	16%	23%	26%	65%	25%	10%	50%	51%	47%	49%	51%	43%	..	49%	100%	100%		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Torbat e Jam	4,107	7%	13%	15%	34%	59%	6%	50%	50%	48%	49%	48%	40%	..	48%	100%	100%		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Mohajerin	3,653	13%	15%	17%	45%	50%	5%	51%	46%	52%	50%	51%	44%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Bardsir: Shahrestan - County	2,758	17%	18%	20%	56%	42%	2%	51%	49%	50%	50%	50%	52%	..	50%	100%	100%		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Ardakan	2,658	12%	17%	19%	48%	49%	3%	48%	50%	49%	49%	47%	40%	..	48%	100%	100%		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Bani Najjar	2,360	14%	13%	16%	42%	55%	3%	49%	50%	51%	50%	51%	45%	..	51%	100%	100%		

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total							Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Meybod	1,172	10%	18%	20%	47%	49%	3%	46%	51%	48%	49%	48%	41%	..	48%	100%	100%
Islamic Rep. of Iran	R	Planned/managed camp	Taft	886	8%	14%	22%	43%	53%	3%	43%	34%	55%	46%	46%	39%	..	46%	100%	100%
Islamic Rep. of Iran	U	Individual accomm.	Iran (Islamic Republic of): Dispersed in the country/territory	838,806	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Israel	V	Individual accomm.	Israel: Dispersed in the country/territory	54,131	2%	1%	2%	5%	94%	1%	48%	50%	32%	42%	14%	38%	..	15%	100%	100%
Italy	U	Undefined	Italy: Dispersed in the country/territory	14,330	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16%	16%	0%	100%
Japan	U	Undefined	Japan: Dispersed in the country/territory	8,120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24%	24%	0%	100%
Jordan ²	R	Planned/managed camp	Mafraq: Governorate	46,103	19%	21%	17%	57%	41%	2%	58%	52%	49%	53%	54%	63%	..	54%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Jordan: Dispersed in the country/territory	156,516	16%	20%	14%	50%	46%	4%	52%	50%	48%	50%	51%	58%	..	51%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Amman: Governorate	46,476	11%	16%	12%	38%	54%	7%	49%	49%	48%	49%	48%	54%	..	49%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Irbid: Governorate	29,288	18%	22%	15%	55%	43%	2%	48%	49%	48%	48%	51%	58%	..	50%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Mafraq: Governorate	11,736	18%	22%	15%	56%	42%	3%	48%	50%	48%	49%	53%	62%	..	51%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Zarqa: Governorate	7,623	16%	21%	14%	51%	46%	3%	47%	48%	48%	48%	50%	56%	..	49%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Ma'an: Governorate	1,621	16%	19%	14%	48%	48%	3%	52%	46%	48%	49%	48%	45%	..	48%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Jarash: Governorate	1,508	19%	21%	17%	57%	41%	3%	51%	49%	50%	50%	53%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Karak: Governorate	1,222	17%	21%	12%	51%	46%	3%	49%	47%	39%	46%	50%	59%	..	48%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Ajlun: Governorate	1,066	19%	23%	16%	58%	39%	3%	47%	46%	57%	49%	56%	50%	..	52%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Madaba: Governorate	890	13%	22%	14%	49%	47%	4%	55%	44%	42%	46%	47%	59%	..	47%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Balqa: Governorate	863	14%	20%	15%	48%	48%	4%	50%	51%	44%	48%	48%	53%	..	48%	100%	100%
Jordan ²	U	Individual accomm.	Aqaba: Governorate	564	14%	17%	13%	44%	52%	4%	40%	55%	42%	46%	51%	43%	..	48%	100%	100%
Kazakhstan	V	Individual accomm.	Kazakhstan: Dispersed in the country/territory	10,610	0%	9%	17%	26%	70%	5%	..	46%	49%	48%	51%	60%	..	50%	35%	35%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Dagahaley: Point	121,127	18%	28%	14%	59%	37%	3%	50%	49%	47%	49%	56%	52%	..	51%	100%	100%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Hagadera: Point	139,483	16%	23%	14%	53%	43%	4%	48%	49%	46%	48%	52%	51%	..	50%	100%	100%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Ifo: Point	98,294	18%	26%	14%	58%	39%	3%	50%	49%	47%	48%	56%	52%	..	51%	100%	100%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Ifo 2 E: Point	29,578	23%	32%	12%	67%	30%	3%	49%	47%	42%	47%	59%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Ifo 2 W: Point	39,691	22%	31%	11%	64%	33%	3%	48%	47%	43%	47%	57%	53%	..	50%	100%	100%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Kambioos: Point	18,126	22%	32%	12%	66%	31%	3%	49%	47%	44%	47%	57%	56%	..	50%	100%	100%
Kenya	R	Planned/managed camp	Kakuma: Point	107,205	16%	23%	17%	56%	43%	1%	49%	46%	41%	45%	47%	64%	..	46%	100%	100%
Kenya	U	Individual accomm.	Nairobi: Province	53,373	7%	14%	12%	34%	63%	3%	49%	49%	50%	50%	50%	57%	..	50%	100%	100%
Kenya	V	Undefined	Kenya: Dispersed in the country/territory	432,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Kuwait	U	Individual accomm.	Kuwait: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,503	7%	16%	14%	37%	59%	4%	41%	42%	44%	42%	46%	53%	..	45%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Jalal-abad: Oblast - Region	4,516	17%	26%	11%	54%	33%	14%	46%	59%	38%	50%	29%	49%	..	43%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Osh: Oblast - Region	4,465	9%	25%	12%	46%	37%	17%	55%	58%	52%	56%	58%	64%	..	58%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Batken: Oblast - Region	1,841	11%	16%	1%	28%	46%	26%	38%	42%	0%	39%	41%	68%	..	47%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Chuy: Oblast - Region	1,132	0%	0%	0%	0%	61%	39%	..	..	..	..	60%	74%	..	65%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Ysyk-kol: Oblast - Region	896	0%	0%	0%	0%	59%	41%	..	..	..	..	50%	70%	..	58%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Naryn: Oblast - Region	834	0%	0%	0%	0%	66%	34%	..	..	..	..	43%	70%	..	52%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	R	Individual accomm.	Talas: Oblast - Region	584	0%	0%	0%	0%	59%	41%	..	..	..	..	63%	67%	..	65%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	U	Individual accomm.	Bishkek: Shaar - City	1,193	3%	9%	8%	20%	65%	15%	32%	56%	46%	49%	38%	65%	..	44%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	U	Individual accomm.	Osh City: Shaar - City	720	0%	1%	0%	2%	63%	36%	67%	57%	33%	54%	63%	57%	..	60%	100%	100%
Kyrgyzstan	V	Individual accomm.	Kyrgyzstan: Dispersed in the country/territory	176,504	10%	13%	13%	35%	59%	6%	47%	47%	47%	47%	52%	58%	51%	51%	97%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

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Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country. Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Lebanon	U	Individual accomm.	Liban Nord: Mohafazat - Governorates	64,449	20%	20%	13%	53%	45%	3%	49%	48%	49%	49%	54%	55%	..	51%	100%	100%
Lebanon	U	Individual accomm.	Beqaa: Mohafazat - Governorates	50,229	21%	20%	13%	55%	43%	3%	49%	48%	49%	49%	53%	55%	..	51%	100%	100%
Lebanon	U	Individual accomm.	Mont Liban: Mohafazat - Governorates	9,696	14%	15%	9%	38%	58%	4%	52%	48%	46%	49%	40%	50%	..	44%	100%	100%
Lebanon	U	Individual accomm.	Liban Sud: Mohafazat - Governorates	7,537	22%	21%	12%	55%	43%	2%	47%	49%	51%	49%	51%	48%	..	50%	100%	100%
Lebanon	U	Individual accomm.	Beyrouth: Qadaa - District	3,941	15%	17%	9%	41%	56%	3%	48%	50%	52%	50%	40%	41%	..	44%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Individual accomm.	River Ghee: County	1,529	25%	30%	8%	64%	34%	2%	46%	48%	52%	48%	70%	83%	..	56%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Grand Gedeh: County	11,044	15%	19%	8%	43%	51%	7%	52%	49%	43%	49%	58%	65%	..	55%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Nimba: County	9,386	20%	28%	10%	59%	37%	4%	51%	49%	47%	50%	71%	50%	..	57%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	PTP: Point	9,353	20%	22%	10%	52%	45%	3%	51%	51%	44%	50%	50%	57%	..	50%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Bahn: Point	8,851	22%	29%	10%	61%	37%	3%	50%	49%	48%	49%	63%	50%	..	54%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Little Wlebbbo: Point	8,399	23%	26%	11%	60%	38%	2%	51%	51%	51%	51%	59%	63%	..	54%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Solo: Point	5,705	21%	22%	10%	53%	43%	4%	49%	47%	43%	47%	54%	59%	..	51%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Dougee: Point	5,128	21%	24%	11%	56%	40%	5%	50%	46%	43%	47%	59%	72%	..	53%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Maryland: County	4,387	21%	29%	7%	57%	40%	3%	50%	46%	36%	46%	63%	68%	..	54%	100%	100%
Liberia	R	Planned/managed camp	Saclepea: Point	1,208	17%	22%	19%	57%	41%	2%	53%	53%	52%	53%	50%	50%	..	52%	100%	100%
Liberia	U	Individual accomm.	Montserratado: County	1,606	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Liberia	U	Individual accomm.	Monrovia: Point	967	6%	10%	12%	28%	71%	1%	57%	53%	55%	55%	34%	29%	..	40%	100%	100%
Liberia	V	Individual accomm.	Liberia: Dispersed in the country/territory	29,378	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	53%	53%	0%	100%
Libya	U	Individual accomm.	Tripoli: Popularate	13,617	8%	16%	30%	54%	42%	4%	49%	47%	46%	47%	39%	38%	..	43%	100%	100%
Libya	U	Individual accomm.	Nalut: Popularate	1,403	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Libya	U	Self-settled camp	Western Mountains: Popularate	9,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Libya	U	Self-settled camp	Ghedames	2,402	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Libya	U	Undefined	Tewargha: Point	30,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Libya	U	Undefined	Sirte: Popularate	9,404	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Libya	U	Undefined	Misrata: Popularate	6,122	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Lithuania	V	Undefined	Lithuania: Dispersed in the country/territory	4,851	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40%	40%	0%	85%
Malawi	R	Planned/managed camp	Dzaleka: Point	16,664	17%	22%	16%	55%	44%	1%	50%	49%	46%	48%	44%	53%	..	46%	100%	100%
Malaysia	R	Undefined	Sabah: Negeri - State	80,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Malaysia	U	Undefined	Kuala Lumpur: Wilayah Persekutuan - Federal State	101,836	10%	7%	5%	21%	77%	1%	49%	48%	43%	47%	25%	44%	..	30%	100%	100%
Malaysia	V	Undefined	Malaysia: Dispersed in the country/territory	40,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Mali	U	Individual accomm.	Bamako: District	13,553	21%	26%	17%	64%	33%	3%	47%	49%	49%	48%	48%	44%	..	48%	100%	100%
Mauritania	R	Individual accomm.	Mauritania: Dispersed in the country/territory	2,736	22%	28%	12%	62%	36%	3%	53%	50%	52%	51%	61%	47%	..	55%	100%	100%
Mauritania	R	Self-settled camp	Mbera	54,028	23%	24%	10%	58%	39%	3%	50%	50%	53%	50%	61%	55%	..	55%	100%	100%
Mauritania	U	Individual accomm.	Nouakchott & Nouadhibou: points	1,265	11%	8%	7%	26%	73%	1%	51%	54%	34%	48%	30%	75%	..	35%	100%	100%
Mauritania	V	Individual accomm.	Nouakchott & Nouadhibou: points	26,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Mexico	U	Individual accomm.	Mexico: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,884	3%	6%	12%	21%	78%	1%	62%	57%	53%	55%	35%	100%	..	40%	77%	77%
Montenegro	V	Collective center	Podgorica: Opština - Municipality	1,459	16%	22%	16%	54%	41%	4%	52%	50%	50%	51%	49%	55%	..	50%	100%	100%
Montenegro	V	Individual accomm.	Podgorica: Opština - Municipality	5,102	4%	9%	11%	24%	60%	16%	39%	48%	47%	46%	48%	54%	..	49%	89%	89%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total							Percentage female per age group							Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Montenegro	V	Individual accomm.	Bar: Opština - Municipality	2,043	3%	6%	9%	17%	61%	22%	33%	49%	49%	46%	49%	54%	..	50%	82%	82%
Montenegro	V	Individual accomm.	Berane: Opština - Municipality	1,556	6%	12%	14%	31%	54%	15%	53%	40%	57%	50%	49%	60%	..	51%	94%	94%
Montenegro	V	Individual accomm.	Niksic: Opština - Municipality	749	3%	6%	13%	23%	65%	13%	47%	47%	48%	48%	51%	64%	..	52%	71%	71%
Montenegro	V	Individual accomm.	Tivat: Opština - Municipality	727	1%	3%	9%	13%	63%	24%	100%	47%	36%	42%	47%	54%	..	48%	68%	68%
Montenegro	V	Undefined	Montenegro: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,383	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	53%	53%	0%	100%
Morocco	U	Individual accomm.	Morocco: Dispersed in the country/territory	2,922	6%	5%	7%	18%	81%	2%	55%	50%	32%	45%	19%	27%	..	23%	100%	100%
Mozambique	R	Planned/managed camp	Maratane: Point	7,398	18%	21%	14%	53%	46%	1%	49%	47%	47%	48%	40%	70%	..	45%	100%	100%
Mozambique	U	Individual accomm.	Maputo: Cidade capital - Capital City	2,380	7%	15%	11%	34%	65%	1%	46%	51%	47%	48%	33%	38%	..	38%	100%	100%
Mozambique	V	Individual accomm.	Nampula: Provincia	1,253	7%	12%	7%	27%	73%	1%	53%	46%	38%	46%	23%	33%	..	29%	100%	100%
Myanmar	V	Undefined	Northern Rakhine State	808,075	12%	15%	29%	56%	40%	4%	53%	53%	54%	54%	52%	53%	..	53%	100%	100%
Myanmar	V	Undefined	Kayah, Kayin and Mon States and Tanintharyi Region	230,400	8%	14%	16%	38%	53%	9%	51%	51%	53%	52%	49%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Myanmar	V	Undefined	Rakhine State	115,000	12%	15%	29%	56%	40%	4%	53%	53%	54%	54%	52%	53%	..	53%	100%	100%
Myanmar	V	Undefined	Kachin and northern Shan States	85,000	8%	14%	16%	38%	52%	10%	51%	51%	51%	51%	51%	51%	..	51%	100%	100%
Namibia	R	Planned/managed camp	Osire: Point	2,583	10%	20%	14%	43%	56%	1%	54%	48%	49%	50%	40%	58%	..	45%	100%	100%
Nepal	R	Planned/managed camp	Beldangi: Point	31,976	9%	13%	12%	34%	58%	8%	49%	48%	47%	48%	49%	45%	..	49%	100%	100%
Nepal	R	Planned/managed camp	Sanischare: Point	9,212	9%	13%	13%	35%	57%	8%	50%	48%	50%	49%	50%	41%	..	49%	100%	100%
Nepal	V	Undefined	Nepal: Dispersed in the country/territory	15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Niger	R	Collective center	Agando	14,388	17%	25%	18%	60%	34%	6%	58%	53%	54%	55%	52%	38%	..	53%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Collective center	Chinwaren	2,547	18%	27%	15%	60%	38%	2%	54%	57%	51%	55%	53%	44%	..	54%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Individual accomm.	Banibangou	2,856	17%	29%	10%	56%	40%	4%	46%	50%	53%	49%	56%	50%	..	52%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Individual accomm.	Tigzefan	1,134	20%	30%	6%	56%	40%	3%	51%	56%	62%	55%	55%	61%	..	55%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Individual accomm.	Miel	894	16%	30%	9%	55%	41%	4%	52%	51%	60%	53%	46%	43%	..	50%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Individual accomm.	Sinegodrar	665	17%	29%	10%	56%	39%	5%	47%	55%	42%	50%	57%	58%	..	53%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Planned/managed camp	Camp Abala	11,126	19%	32%	12%	63%	34%	3%	48%	52%	50%	50%	61%	54%	..	54%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Planned/managed camp	Tabareybarey	5,820	17%	32%	11%	60%	36%	4%	49%	51%	54%	51%	64%	57%	..	56%	100%	100%
Niger	R	Planned/managed camp	Mangaize	3,416	19%	30%	12%	61%	36%	4%	50%	47%	51%	49%	61%	56%	..	53%	100%	100%
Niger	U	Individual accomm.	Niamey: Capital District	7,038	15%	28%	15%	59%	37%	4%	52%	52%	57%	53%	68%	62%	..	59%	100%	100%
Niger	U	Individual accomm.	Ayourou Ville	639	16%	30%	12%	58%	38%	4%	52%	50%	58%	52%	73%	68%	..	61%	100%	100%
Nigeria	U	Individual accomm.	Lagos: State	3,097	6%	12%	9%	28%	70%	2%	50%	50%	43%	47%	35%	25%	..	38%	100%	100%
Norway	U	Undefined	Norway: Dispersed in the country/territory	9,399	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31%	31%	0%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Jalozai: Point	57,771	17%	25%	15%	57%	40%	3%	45%	45%	41%	44%	53%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Panian: Point	56,820	12%	29%	12%	53%	43%	4%	48%	49%	47%	48%	51%	34%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Old Shamshatoo: Point	53,573	13%	24%	15%	52%	45%	3%	49%	48%	47%	48%	48%	31%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Old Akora: Point	36,693	16%	23%	17%	56%	41%	3%	49%	49%	46%	48%	49%	24%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Gamkol: Point	31,701	15%	21%	18%	54%	43%	3%	49%	50%	47%	49%	45%	35%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Barakai: Point	26,739	13%	23%	20%	55%	42%	4%	48%	49%	48%	48%	51%	34%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Badaber: Point	26,227	14%	25%	15%	55%	42%	3%	49%	49%	48%	49%	47%	34%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Girdi Jungle: Point	22,340	15%	24%	16%	54%	39%	7%	44%	47%	42%	45%	40%	39%	..	43%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Azakhel: Point	21,231	17%	25%	17%	60%	38%	2%	46%	49%	47%	47%	48%	33%	..	47%	100%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available. This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Saranan: Point	21,218	14%	23%	18%	55%	40%	4%	49%	50%	46%	49%	49%	27%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Khaki: Point	14,939	13%	27%	15%	55%	41%	4%	49%	50%	45%	49%	49%	39%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kot Chandna: Point	14,889	14%	23%	19%	56%	41%	3%	48%	51%	48%	49%	50%	33%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Jalala: Point	13,421	14%	26%	15%	55%	42%	3%	49%	49%	47%	48%	48%	35%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Thall: Point	12,976	14%	22%	18%	55%	40%	5%	48%	48%	45%	47%	51%	39%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kund/Khairabad: Point	12,961	17%	28%	14%	59%	38%	4%	50%	49%	49%	49%	49%	39%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Gandaf: Point	12,632	16%	23%	18%	57%	40%	3%	48%	49%	48%	49%	47%	44%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	New Durrani: Point	12,438	15%	27%	15%	58%	38%	4%	46%	41%	34%	40%	50%	49%	..	44%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kababian: Point	12,167	14%	21%	15%	50%	48%	2%	48%	50%	47%	48%	41%	30%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Chakdara: Point	11,242	14%	24%	19%	57%	41%	3%	48%	50%	48%	49%	46%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Munda: Point	10,100	14%	27%	17%	57%	39%	4%	49%	51%	48%	49%	51%	33%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Padhana: Point	9,892	11%	25%	17%	53%	43%	4%	51%	49%	47%	49%	49%	32%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Pir Alizai: Point	9,771	15%	29%	14%	58%	39%	4%	51%	50%	45%	49%	44%	27%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Oblan: Point	9,331	15%	23%	19%	56%	40%	4%	48%	49%	49%	49%	49%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Koga: Point	8,893	17%	22%	19%	58%	39%	3%	49%	51%	45%	48%	51%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Timer: Point	8,665	12%	25%	19%	55%	41%	3%	49%	49%	48%	49%	49%	34%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Ghulam Banda: Point	8,130	14%	22%	18%	54%	42%	4%	48%	49%	45%	47%	48%	28%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Barary: Point	7,233	12%	26%	15%	53%	44%	4%	53%	49%	48%	49%	48%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Surkhab: Point	7,214	12%	25%	16%	53%	42%	4%	50%	49%	44%	48%	48%	27%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Lakti Banda: Point	6,421	14%	23%	17%	55%	39%	6%	49%	49%	47%	48%	50%	41%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Malgagai: Point	6,328	14%	23%	17%	54%	41%	5%	52%	46%	49%	49%	46%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Khazana: Point	6,105	14%	22%	19%	54%	42%	3%	52%	51%	45%	49%	45%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Togh Sarai: Point	5,821	20%	26%	12%	59%	38%	3%	46%	44%	53%	47%	53%	52%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kotwai: Point	5,632	14%	25%	18%	58%	37%	5%	47%	50%	50%	49%	53%	32%	..	50%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Shaikh Abad: Point	5,432	13%	27%	15%	54%	42%	3%	55%	48%	48%	50%	48%	42%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Mohammad Kheil: Point	5,201	12%	28%	13%	53%	44%	3%	49%	48%	43%	47%	49%	19%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kata Kanri: Point	5,188	15%	23%	18%	56%	40%	4%	49%	49%	50%	49%	46%	43%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Doaba: Point	5,170	15%	21%	18%	54%	41%	5%	47%	50%	48%	48%	47%	36%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Mera Kachori: Point	4,964	14%	24%	17%	54%	42%	4%	52%	52%	47%	50%	49%	38%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Basu Mera: Point	4,914	10%	21%	21%	52%	44%	4%	46%	48%	46%	47%	51%	28%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Ichirian: Point	4,488	12%	26%	14%	52%	44%	4%	54%	50%	46%	50%	49%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Darsamand: Point	4,460	14%	21%	17%	52%	43%	5%	47%	48%	46%	47%	47%	40%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Zar Karez: Point	4,275	13%	26%	17%	56%	40%	4%	50%	48%	43%	47%	49%	33%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Khurasan: Point	3,975	12%	18%	16%	46%	50%	4%	50%	51%	50%	50%	48%	43%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Utmanzai: Point	3,900	12%	28%	15%	55%	41%	4%	47%	48%	49%	48%	48%	29%	..	47%	100%	100%

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Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Chichana: Point	3,715	14%	18%	17%	50%	46%	5%	47%	51%	47%	48%	43%	31%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Naguman: Point	3,283	12%	25%	19%	56%	41%	3%	48%	51%	44%	48%	48%	32%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Zafarabad: Point	2,887	15%	26%	18%	59%	38%	4%	47%	49%	43%	47%	43%	23%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kotkai: Point	2,720	14%	22%	17%	53%	41%	6%	49%	45%	47%	47%	46%	42%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Gandhi Khan Khel: Point	2,414	15%	25%	17%	56%	39%	4%	44%	50%	51%	49%	51%	31%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Toor: Point	2,397	15%	22%	17%	55%	42%	3%	48%	50%	48%	49%	39%	41%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Yakghund: Point	2,330	20%	29%	15%	64%	34%	3%	51%	50%	49%	50%	49%	41%	..	50%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kaghan: Point	1,795	15%	27%	17%	59%	38%	3%	44%	50%	46%	47%	50%	42%	..	48%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Ghazgai Minara: Point	1,786	12%	27%	17%	56%	39%	5%	53%	47%	39%	46%	45%	33%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Shindand: Point	1,681	15%	23%	20%	58%	39%	3%	50%	53%	47%	50%	48%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Bizen Khel: Point	1,562	13%	22%	20%	55%	41%	4%	46%	46%	44%	45%	48%	29%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Khoughani: Point	1,470	15%	21%	18%	53%	44%	3%	54%	50%	45%	49%	49%	34%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Gambila: Point	1,450	16%	24%	15%	55%	40%	5%	41%	50%	43%	46%	46%	35%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Naurang: Point	1,256	10%	24%	19%	53%	42%	5%	44%	47%	49%	47%	48%	35%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Dabara: Point	1,118	27%	34%	7%	68%	30%	2%	38%	44%	48%	42%	38%	33%	..	41%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Jerma: Point	1,052	17%	21%	16%	55%	41%	4%	44%	47%	41%	44%	44%	36%	..	44%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Mayar: Point	942	13%	21%	17%	51%	44%	5%	43%	48%	56%	49%	42%	44%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Ghiljo: Point	907	18%	26%	12%	56%	40%	4%	50%	51%	45%	49%	51%	34%	..	49%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kalatak: Point	879	11%	24%	17%	52%	46%	2%	48%	44%	44%	45%	40%	37%	..	43%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Lejay Karez: point	796	14%	17%	17%	48%	46%	6%	41%	58%	39%	46%	39%	16%	..	41%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kesu: point	780	12%	24%	20%	56%	42%	3%	40%	46%	40%	42%	46%	29%	..	44%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Pusha Pul: point	755	14%	24%	18%	56%	39%	5%	53%	50%	35%	46%	37%	24%	..	41%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Planned/managed camp	Bakka Khel: point	634	15%	23%	15%	53%	42%	5%	43%	48%	34%	43%	40%	38%	..	41%	100%	100%
Pakistan	R	Self-settled camp	Pakistan: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,220	11%	22%	21%	54%	44%	3%	48%	47%	45%	46%	58%	51%	..	52%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa: Province	512,372	12%	21%	16%	49%	47%	4%	48%	48%	47%	48%	47%	35%	..	47%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Balochistan: Province	249,509	12%	24%	17%	52%	44%	5%	49%	49%	45%	48%	47%	32%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Punjab: Province	166,919	12%	22%	17%	51%	46%	4%	49%	49%	45%	48%	44%	34%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Sindh: Province	68,590	12%	20%	17%	50%	47%	4%	49%	49%	46%	48%	45%	30%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Islamabad: Federal Capital Territory	34,316	11%	23%	17%	50%	46%	4%	48%	48%	46%	47%	47%	33%	..	46%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Azad Kashmir: Pakistan Administered Area	6,583	11%	22%	16%	49%	47%	4%	48%	48%	48%	48%	44%	33%	..	45%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Individual accomm.	Islamabad: point	622	4%	13%	14%	31%	67%	2%	40%	48%	41%	44%	56%	55%	..	52%	100%	100%
Pakistan	U	Undefined	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa: Province	681,966	18%	23%	13%	54%	43%	3%	44%	43%	38%	43%	51%	33%	..	46%	100%	100%
Panama	R	Individual accomm.	Darien: Provincia	743	18%	17%	17%	53%	42%	5%	50%	55%	54%	53%	48%	36%	..	50%	100%	100%
Panama	U	Individual accomm.	Panama: Dispersed in the country/territory	16,933	3%	9%	28%	40%	49%	11%	51%	47%	44%	45%	40%	47%	..	43%	100%	100%
Papua New Guinea	R	Planned/managed camp	East Awin: Point	2,298	13%	18%	15%	46%	50%	4%	50%	47%	47%	48%	51%	47%	..	49%	100%	100%
Papua New Guinea	R	Self-settled camp	Papua New Guinea: Dispersed in the country/territory	4,581	13%	19%	15%	46%	50%	4%	50%	47%	47%	48%	51%	47%	..	49%	100%	100%

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Papua New Guinea	U	Individual accomm.	Papua New Guinea: Dispersed in the country/territory	2,489	13%	18%	15%	46%	50%	4%	50%	47%	47%	48%	51%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%
Peru	U	Undefined	Peru: Dispersed in the country/territory	1,600	1%	5%	10%	16%	77%	7%	39%	38%	45%	42%	36%	24%	..	36%	100%	100%
Philippines	V	Individual accomm.	Davao (Region XI)	6,015	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Philippines	V	Undefined	ARMM	281,406	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Philippines	V	Undefined	Soccsksargen (Region XII)	46,775	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Philippines	V	Undefined	Caraga	3,543	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Philippines	V	Undefined	Northern Mindanao (Region X)	2,047	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Philippines	V	Undefined	Davao (Region XI)	1,934	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Philippines	V	Undefined	Region IX	1,669	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rep. of Korea	U	Undefined	Seoul: Teukbyeolsi - Capital Metropolitan City	1,762	3%	2%	1%	6%	94%	1%	46%	49%	13%	42%	13%	45%	..	15%	100%	100%
Rep. of Moldova	V	Individual accomm.	Republic of Moldova: Dispersed in the country/territory	2,183	0%	0%	1%	1%	87%	11%	75%	50%	27%	44%	56%	59%	..	56%	100%	100%
Romania	U	Undefined	Bucharest: Municipality	1,913	0%	0%	2%	2%	98%	0%	50%	..	0%	3%	6%	..	..	6%	100%	100%
Russian Federation	U	Undefined	Russian Federation: Dispersed in the country/territory	763	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Russian Federation	V	Undefined	Russian Federation: Dispersed in the country/territory	182,351	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Russian Federation	V	Undefined	North Caucasus	7,976	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Rubavu: Commune	1,753	28%	21%	8%	56%	41%	2%	48%	54%	57%	52%	73%	55%	..	61%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Nyabihu: Point	1,323	29%	18%	6%	53%	45%	2%	53%	51%	64%	53%	75%	64%	..	63%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Karongi: Point	1,132	28%	22%	10%	60%	37%	3%	55%	53%	59%	55%	79%	44%	..	63%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Musanze: Point	1,069	29%	21%	6%	56%	42%	2%	49%	56%	52%	52%	72%	48%	..	60%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Rutsiro: Commune	1,010	31%	19%	8%	57%	41%	2%	52%	52%	57%	53%	71%	58%	..	60%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Nyamasheke: Point	829	29%	24%	9%	62%	35%	2%	54%	47%	51%	51%	77%	53%	..	60%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Individual accomm.	Ngororero: Point	529	26%	20%	8%	53%	44%	3%	54%	56%	63%	56%	70%	57%	..	62%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Planned/managed camp	Kiziba: Point	15,927	14%	20%	17%	51%	44%	5%	52%	52%	51%	52%	59%	56%	..	55%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Planned/managed camp	Nyamagabe: Commune	14,673	20%	25%	16%	62%	36%	3%	50%	50%	55%	51%	68%	59%	..	57%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Planned/managed camp	Gihembe: Point	14,006	12%	22%	19%	52%	43%	5%	50%	49%	51%	50%	61%	64%	..	55%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Planned/managed camp	Gatsibo: Point	11,471	14%	26%	18%	59%	38%	3%	50%	51%	51%	51%	64%	56%	..	56%	100%	100%
Rwanda	R	Reception/transit camp	Rubavu: Commune	1,768	19%	22%	17%	58%	39%	3%	53%	51%	56%	53%	68%	54%	..	59%	100%	100%
Rwanda	U	Individual accomm.	Kigali-ngali: Prefecture	1,933	11%	22%	17%	50%	48%	2%	56%	52%	50%	52%	50%	38%	..	51%	100%	100%
Senegal	R	Individual accomm.	Richard Toll: Point	12,664	22%	25%	12%	58%	38%	4%	49%	52%	51%	51%	57%	54%	..	53%	100%	100%
Senegal	U	Individual accomm.	Dakar: Point	3,691	5%	8%	7%	19%	79%	2%	48%	43%	47%	45%	31%	38%	..	34%	100%	100%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	R	Undefined	Central and Southern Serbia: Regional Grouping	56,501	0%	7%	11%	18%	61%	21%	43%	49%	49%	49%	49%	55%	..	50%	100%	100%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	R	Undefined	Belgrade: Capital City	39,829	0%	5%	9%	14%	60%	26%	68%	49%	47%	48%	47%	62%	..	51%	100%	100%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	R	Undefined	Vojvodina: Autonomous Province	22,841	0%	2%	6%	9%	58%	33%	..	46%	48%	48%	45%	63%	..	51%	100%	100%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	U	Collective center	Central and Southern Serbia: Regional Grouping	1,338	0%	14%	17%	31%	61%	8%	..	44%	50%	48%	52%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	U	Undefined	Central and Southern Serbia: Regional Grouping	77,506	0%	8%	11%	18%	62%	20%	50%	48%	49%	48%	50%	56%	..	51%	100%	100%

TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

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This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

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Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators															Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group									Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+)	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+)	Var.	Total			
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	U	Undefined	Belgrade: Capital City	57,737	0%	7%	11%	18%	61%	21%	61%	49%	49%	49%	50%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	U	Undefined	Vojvodina: Autonomous Province	20,307	0%	4%	8%	12%	61%	28%	..	47%	47%	47%	46%	63%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	U	Undefined	Central Serbia: Regional Grouping	8,500	25%	20%	20%	65%	33%	2%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	V	Individual accomm.	Kosovo (S/RES/1244 (1999)): Dispersed in the country/territory	19,325	12%	13%	14%	39%	47%	14%	48%	49%	49%	49%	43%	50%	..	46%	100%	100%	
Sierra Leone	U	Individual accomm.	Kenema: District	857	4%	18%	19%	41%	52%	7%	42%	56%	60%	56%	64%	67%	..	61%	100%	100%	
Sierra Leone	U	Individual accomm.	Freetown: Point	816	3%	22%	30%	55%	42%	3%	52%	48%	55%	52%	43%	58%	..	48%	100%	100%	
Slovakia	U	Individual accomm.	Slovakia: Dispersed in the country/territory	547	8%	4%	3%	15%	85%	0%	61%	85%	56%	66%	14%	..	..	21%	100%	100%
Somalia	U	Individual accomm.	Hargeisa: District	6,694	19%	20%	9%	49%	51%	1%	52%	49%	51%	50%	49%	19%	..	49%	100%	100%	
Somalia	U	Individual accomm.	Bossaso Region	3,631	14%	20%	8%	42%	56%	2%	48%	52%	53%	51%	40%	42%	..	45%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Individual accomm.	Bay: Gobolka - Region	7,308	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Somalia	V	Individual accomm.	Shabelle Hoose: Gobolka - Region	2,880	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Banaadir: Gobolka - Region	336,700	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Shabelle Hoose: Gobolka - Region	161,770	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Galgaduud: Gobolka - Region	119,768	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Gedo: Gobolka - Region	76,728	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Mudug: Gobolka - Region	70,882	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Shabelle Dhexe: Gobolka - Region	51,960	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Hiraan: Gobolka - Region	51,160	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Bari: Gobolka - Region	49,010	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Woqooyi Galbeed: Gobolka - Region	44,590	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Bay: Gobolka - Region	39,820	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Juba Hoose: Gobolka - Region	30,600	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Juba Dhexe: Gobolka - Region	27,000	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Togdheer: Gobolka - Region	25,760	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Bakool: Gobolka - Region	24,000	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Nugaal: Gobolka - Region	9,495	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Awdal: Gobolka - Region	7,990	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Sool: Gobolka - Region	4,820	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
Somalia	V	Self-settled camp	Sanaag: Gobolka - Region	910	22%	22%	14%	58%	38%	3%	52%	48%	50%	50%	52%	50%	..	51%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Individual accomm.	Kajo Keji	1,391	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54%	54%	0%	100%
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Batil	36,754	20%	26%	12%	57%	38%	4%	49%	50%	50%	50%	55%	44%	..	52%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Jamam	15,829	19%	25%	12%	56%	38%	6%	50%	51%	56%	52%	57%	43%	..	53%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Gendrassa	14,758	20%	27%	12%	59%	37%	3%	49%	52%	52%	51%	58%	45%	..	53%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Pochalla	3,578	14%	29%	19%	62%	36%	2%	50%	49%	51%	50%	72%	63%	..	58%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Gorom	1,954	20%	18%	10%	47%	52%	1%	46%	49%	39%	45%	33%	60%	..	39%	100%	100%	

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**		
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only	
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total			
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Nyeel	827	21%	26%	20%	67%	30%	3%	45%	52%	43%	47%	55%	62%	..	50%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Pariang	763	1%	1%	14%	15%	85%	0%	20%	25%	55%	53%	19%	..	..	24%	100%	100%
South Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Yida	57,309	23%	28%	15%	66%	33%	2%	48%	51%	51%	50%	63%	55%	..	54%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Doro	44,714	22%	27%	12%	62%	36%	2%	48%	49%	49%	49%	56%	52%	..	52%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Makpandu: Point	5,700	12%	17%	8%	37%	60%	3%	51%	52%	52%	51%	42%	44%	..	46%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Ezo: County	3,758	13%	21%	10%	44%	51%	5%	46%	52%	50%	50%	54%	54%	..	52%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Source Yubu: Point	736	14%	28%	11%	53%	45%	3%	42%	52%	44%	48%	65%	47%	..	56%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Tambura: County	675	16%	28%	7%	52%	48%	0%	45%	55%	44%	50%	53%	100%	..	52%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Jonglei: Wilayat - State	137,238	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Upper Nile: Wilayat - State	50,978	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Unity: Wilayat - State	46,451	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Northern Bahr El Ghazal: Wilayat - State	29,421	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Central Equatoria: Wilayat - State	22,070	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Warab Wilayat - State	18,306	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Western Bahr El Ghazal: Wilayat - State	13,045	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Eastern Equatoria: Wilayat - State	11,921	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Lakes State: Wilayat - State	11,464	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	R	Undefined	Western Equatoria: Wilayat - State	4,776	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
South Sudan	U	Individual accomm.	Juba	5,255	9%	9%	4%	22%	77%	1%	52%	52%	45%	51%	18%	14%	..	26%	100%	100%	
South Sudan	U	Planned/managed camp	Lasu	8,396	17%	24%	16%	57%	40%	3%	51%	51%	50%	51%	57%	62%	..	54%	100%	100%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Jaffna: District	47,082	6%	14%	13%	33%	56%	12%	57%	41%	29%	39%	53%	54%	..	48%	1%	1%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Vavuniya: District	20,742	6%	14%	9%	30%	55%	15%	59%	47%	47%	50%	45%	57%	..	48%	2%	2%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Mullaitivu: District	18,462	20%	10%	0%	30%	50%	20%	100%	100%	..	100%	60%	50%	..	70%	0%	0%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Puttalam: District	13,004	25%	25%	0%	50%	50%	0%	0%	0%	..	0%	50%	..	..	25%	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Trincomalee: District	12,262	10%	15%	14%	39%	55%	6%	42%	48%	43%	45%	49%	50%	..	48%	3%	3%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Sri Lanka: Dispersed in the country/territory	10,618	0%	22%	22%	44%	33%	22%	..	50%	50%	50%	33%	50%	..	44%	0%	0%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Kilinochchi: District	7,208	5%	8%	12%	26%	69%	5%	100%	67%	56%	68%	55%	75%	..	59%	1%	1%	
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Ampara: District	3,658	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	..	..	..	..	40%	..	..	40%	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Anuradhapura: District	3,360	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
Sri Lanka	V	Undefined	Mannar: District	2,950	5%	17%	11%	33%	59%	8%	52%	51%	46%	50%	46%	50%	..	47%	13%	13%	
Sudan	R	Individual accomm.	Southern Darfur: State	32,345	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Individual accomm.	Central Darfur: State	27,980	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Individual accomm.	Western Darfur: State	24,748	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Individual accomm.	Northern Darfur: State	24,138	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Wad Sherife: Point	15,472	9%	16%	15%	40%	50%	9%	49%	49%	49%	49%	63%	52%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Shagarab 1: Point	13,992	8%	21%	15%	44%	50%	7%	51%	48%	47%	48%	53%	44%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Shagarab 3: Point	13,906	9%	21%	16%	46%	46%	8%	49%	49%	53%	50%	62%	41%	50%	52%	42%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Shagarab 2: Point	9,530	9%	25%	17%	51%	43%	6%	50%	48%	48%	48%	61%	38%	..	53%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Um Gargur: Point	8,947	11%	17%	15%	43%	49%	8%	50%	49%	45%	48%	53%	41%	..	50%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Kilo 26: Point	8,310	12%	17%	15%	43%	48%	8%	46%	49%	50%	48%	56%	43%	..	52%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Um Shalaya: Point	7,551	21%	23%	14%	58%	36%	6%	52%	53%	47%	51%	64%	65%	..	56%	100%	100%	
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Girba: Point	6,252	12%	17%	14%	43%	48%	9%	48%	48%	48%	48%	59%	42%	..	53%	100%	100%	

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Abuda: Point	2,934	11%	18%	16%	45%	48%	7%	52%	50%	48%	50%	54%	44%	..	51%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Fau 5: Point	877	5%	20%	14%	39%	51%	10%	53%	46%	49%	48%	51%	41%	..	49%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Mukjar: Point	805	22%	27%	14%	62%	34%	4%	47%	55%	47%	51%	54%	56%	..	52%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Planned/managed camp	Wad Sherife: Point	774	6%	19%	19%	44%	50%	6%	33%	47%	49%	46%	69%	64%	..	59%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Southern Darfur: State	626,800	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Northern Darfur: State	455,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Western Darfur: State	308,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Central Darfur: State	289,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Eastern Darfur: State	143,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Habillah: Region	15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Bir Saleeba area: Point	3,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Tendelti: Point	2,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Armankul: Point	2,300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Um Gulja: Point	2,031	7%	19%	9%	35%	52%	13%	49%	50%	48%	49%	50%	29%	..	47%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Um Dafog: Point	1,526	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	53%	53%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Um Rakuba: Point	616	7%	19%	14%	39%	53%	8%	46%	45%	37%	42%	52%	31%	..	46%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Awad El Seid: Point	604	4%	20%	15%	38%	51%	11%	43%	43%	42%	42%	56%	36%	..	49%	100%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Um Dukhun: Point	600	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Sudan	R	Self-settled camp	Diam El-Nour	556	3%	13%	10%	26%	71%	3%	50%	47%	55%	51%	37%	21%	..	40%	100%	100%
Sudan	U	Individual accomm.	Khartoum: Wilayah - State	31,969	3%	10%	12%	25%	72%	4%	53%	51%	49%	50%	45%	38%	50%	49%	38%	100%
Sudan	U	Individual accomm.	Kassala: Point	4,906	5%	15%	13%	34%	61%	5%	50%	49%	49%	49%	45%	43%	..	46%	100%	100%
Sudan	U	Individual accomm.	Gedaref: Point	1,609	6%	17%	16%	39%	57%	4%	34%	46%	46%	44%	47%	26%	..	45%	100%	100%
Sudan	U	Individual accomm.	Port Sudan: Point	1,194	3%	18%	13%	35%	62%	3%	60%	45%	54%	50%	36%	38%	..	41%	100%	100%
Sudan	U	Individual accomm.	New Halfa: Point	999	2%	3%	2%	7%	92%	1%	30%	50%	31%	39%	10%	0%	..	12%	100%	100%
Sudan	V	Individual accomm.	Southern Kordofan: Wilayah - State	50,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Swaziland	U	Individual accomm.	Swaziland: Dispersed in the country/territory	518	8%	14%	13%	35%	64%	1%	53%	42%	46%	46%	38%	33%	..	41%	100%	100%
Sweden	U	Undefined	Sweden: Dispersed in the country/territory	26,673	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40%	40%	0%	100%
Switzerland	U	Undefined	Switzerland: Dispersed in the country/territory	72,456	8%	11%	9%	28%	69%	3%	49%	48%	44%	47%	35%	63%	43%	41%	56%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Syrian Arab Republic: Dispersed in the country/territory	411,374	8%	16%	14%	38%	54%	8%	49%	49%	48%	49%	51%	47%	..	50%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Damascus: Mohafazah - Governorate	52,240	7%	15%	14%	36%	56%	8%	49%	49%	49%	49%	50%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Hassakeh: Mohafazah - Governorate	5,866	13%	22%	15%	50%	45%	6%	51%	48%	47%	48%	61%	58%	..	55%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Aleppo: Mohafazah - Governorate	3,669	9%	14%	15%	38%	56%	6%	52%	51%	47%	50%	50%	42%	..	50%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Homs: Mohafazah - Governorate	1,644	9%	17%	16%	42%	50%	8%	43%	47%	49%	47%	51%	38%	..	48%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Dara: Mohafazah - Governorate	1,302	10%	18%	19%	46%	49%	5%	44%	46%	42%	44%	51%	45%	..	47%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Dayr Az-Zor: Mohafazah - Governorate	815	12%	19%	15%	46%	50%	4%	50%	53%	52%	52%	53%	38%	..	52%	100%	100%
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	U	Individual accomm.	Lattakia: Mohafazah - Governorate	535	6%	16%	17%	39%	53%	8%	32%	50%	41%	44%	49%	39%	..	46%	100%	100%
Tajikistan	U	Individual accomm.	Tajikistan: Dispersed in the country/territory	3,636	15%	23%	0%	38%	62%	0%	100%	0%	..	40%	38%	..	0%	0%	0%	37%
Tajikistan	U	Individual accomm.	Dushanbe: Capital City	2,784	3%	19%	29%	52%	47%	2%	50%	75%	56%	63%	38%	0%	0%	1%	2%	91%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Mae La: Point	26,690	12%	18%	15%	45%	49%	6%	49%	50%	48%	49%	53%	52%	..	51%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Nu Po: Point	15,715	9%	17%	14%	40%	56%	4%	51%	49%	49%	50%	48%	52%	..	49%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Mai Nai Soi: Point	11,730	12%	19%	11%	42%	52%	6%	50%	49%	51%	50%	47%	51%	..	49%	100%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

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Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Umpium: Point	10,581	11%	16%	14%	42%	54%	5%	48%	49%	50%	49%	51%	53%	..	50%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Mae La Oon: Point	9,611	13%	17%	13%	44%	51%	5%	50%	49%	48%	49%	49%	48%	..	49%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Mae Ra Ma Luang: Point	9,414	13%	20%	14%	47%	47%	6%	49%	51%	48%	50%	51%	45%	..	50%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Tham Hin: Point	7,242	12%	17%	12%	41%	54%	5%	51%	49%	49%	50%	49%	55%	..	50%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Ban Don Yang: Point	3,562	12%	17%	14%	44%	51%	5%	49%	50%	49%	49%	53%	51%	..	51%	100%	100%
Thailand	R	Planned/managed camp	Ban Mae Surin: Point	1,842	13%	16%	13%	42%	52%	5%	51%	49%	46%	49%	50%	42%	..	49%	100%	100%
Thailand	U	Individual accomm.	Bangkok: Metropolitan Administration	2,423	10%	13%	8%	30%	67%	3%	49%	47%	38%	45%	38%	41%	..	40%	100%	100%
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	U	Individual accomm.	Skopje: City	1,610	11%	14%	12%	38%	58%	4%	48%	47%	53%	49%	55%	52%	..	53%	98%	98%
Togo	R	Undefined	Sotouboua: Region	8,028	19%	30%	12%	61%	35%	4%	51%	49%	40%	48%	59%	52%	..	52%	100%	100%
Togo	R	Undefined	Tandjoare: Region	7,474	26%	27%	11%	64%	31%	5%	51%	49%	58%	51%	87%	83%	..	64%	100%	100%
Togo	R	Undefined	Dankpen: Region	1,855	19%	30%	12%	60%	36%	4%	52%	50%	42%	49%	60%	54%	..	53%	100%	100%
Togo	U	Individual accomm.	Lome: Point	3,321	10%	12%	10%	31%	67%	1%	46%	51%	48%	48%	43%	62%	..	45%	100%	100%
Togo	U	Planned/managed camp	Lome: Point	3,267	12%	13%	10%	34%	65%	1%	50%	53%	47%	50%	43%	56%	..	46%	100%	100%
Tunisia	R	Planned/managed camp	Shousha: Point	1,146	6%	3%	5%	15%	84%	1%	36%	42%	18%	31%	10%	0%	..	13%	100%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	Urfa: Point	66,388	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46%	46%	0%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	Gaziantep: Province	26,153	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48%	48%	0%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	K.Maras: Point	14,802	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	Kilis	13,991	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49%	49%	0%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	Hatay: Province	12,897	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47%	47%	0%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	Adiyaman	9,140	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Turkey	R	Planned/managed camp	Osmaniye	7,769	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54%	54%	0%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Turkey: Dispersed in the country/territory	97,310	0%	0%	56%	56%	44%	0%	..	..	20%	20%	25%	..	..	22%	0%	0%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Istanbul: Province	2,995	6%	9%	15%	30%	67%	3%	43%	45%	28%	36%	37%	41%	..	37%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Kayseri: Province	1,847	5%	10%	9%	24%	71%	5%	51%	44%	39%	43%	47%	53%	..	47%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Sakarya: Province	1,846	10%	16%	11%	37%	59%	4%	42%	43%	41%	42%	43%	48%	..	43%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Kirsehir: Province	1,604	10%	15%	10%	36%	59%	5%	47%	47%	46%	47%	43%	60%	..	45%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Adana: Province	1,472	7%	15%	13%	35%	63%	2%	44%	48%	46%	46%	41%	40%	..	43%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Nevsehir: Province	1,197	6%	9%	12%	26%	71%	3%	41%	44%	31%	37%	41%	49%	..	40%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Gaziantep: Province	1,150	8%	17%	13%	38%	60%	2%	45%	51%	49%	49%	40%	43%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Afyon: Point	1,069	8%	13%	13%	35%	62%	3%	49%	47%	42%	45%	44%	47%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Amasya: Province	931	11%	15%	12%	38%	57%	5%	56%	51%	42%	50%	43%	49%	..	47%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Eskisehir: Province	878	7%	15%	11%	33%	64%	3%	49%	43%	51%	47%	42%	48%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Yalova: Province	836	10%	12%	8%	30%	65%	5%	48%	55%	51%	51%	45%	47%	..	47%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Yozgat Urban: Point	826	7%	14%	15%	36%	56%	7%	62%	53%	40%	49%	49%	46%	..	49%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Konya: Province	818	10%	12%	12%	34%	64%	2%	44%	50%	43%	46%	42%	57%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Aksaray: Province	759	8%	16%	17%	41%	56%	3%	55%	52%	38%	47%	45%	46%	..	46%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Denizli: Province	756	7%	11%	9%	27%	71%	2%	60%	34%	34%	41%	38%	53%	..	39%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Nigde: Province	756	5%	10%	10%	25%	71%	4%	47%	46%	58%	51%	43%	47%	..	45%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Kutahya: Province	746	10%	15%	15%	39%	59%	2%	45%	47%	51%	48%	45%	42%	..	46%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Isparta: Province	738	11%	16%	13%	41%	58%	1%	37%	47%	43%	43%	48%	60%	..	46%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Ankara: Province	702	4%	10%	10%	24%	73%	2%	47%	53%	35%	45%	36%	41%	..	38%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Burdur: Province	697	7%	11%	15%	33%	66%	1%	38%	51%	41%	44%	43%	60%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Corum: Province	686	8%	17%	13%	39%	57%	5%	51%	46%	53%	49%	46%	55%	..	48%	100%	100%

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TABLE 15 Major locations and demographic composition of populations of concern to UNHCR | 2012 (ctnd)

* Type of location: U=Urban; R=Rural/Dispersed; V=Various/Unknown.

** Indicates the proportion of the population of concern in urban or rural locations for which the demographic characteristics are available.

This table shows individual locations where the population numbered 500 or more only. Name of location as provided by UNHCR country office.

Important notes: The population by location does not necessarily add up to the total population of concern in the country.

Countries with no information on location or demographics are not included.

Country of asylum/residence	Type of location*	Type of accommodation	Name of location	Population of concern to UNHCR at location, end-2012	Demographic indicators														Coverage**	
					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Agri: Province	621	7%	17%	21%	45%	53%	1%	49%	37%	26%	34%	42%	44%	..	38%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Mersin: Province	620	10%	17%	11%	39%	59%	2%	52%	42%	44%	46%	43%	54%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Duzce: Province	596	11%	15%	9%	35%	62%	3%	50%	53%	48%	51%	38%	35%	..	42%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Kirikkale: Province	595	9%	17%	10%	36%	62%	3%	44%	54%	39%	47%	43%	27%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Erzurum: Province	558	8%	20%	17%	45%	54%	1%	60%	43%	49%	48%	46%	38%	..	47%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Sivas: Province	521	9%	17%	15%	41%	57%	2%	60%	41%	43%	46%	42%	42%	..	44%	100%	100%
Turkey	U	Individual accomm.	Kastamonu: Province	512	8%	12%	14%	34%	63%	3%	45%	60%	40%	48%	40%	43%	..	43%	100%	100%
Turkmeni stan	R	Individual accomm.	Dashoguz province	3,510	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Turkmenistan	R	Individual accomm.	Lebap province	3,429	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Turkmenistan	R	Individual accomm.	Turkmenistan: Dispersed in the country/territory	682	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Turkmenistan	R	Individual accomm.	Mary province	675	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50%	50%	0%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Nakivale: Point	64,373	17%	24%	15%	57%	41%	2%	50%	50%	49%	50%	50%	49%	..	50%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Rwamanja	29,797	28%	24%	23%	74%	25%	1%	50%	50%	50%	50%	48%	53%	..	49%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Kyangwali: Point	21,280	22%	37%	38%	97%	3%	0%	49%	50%	52%	50%	53%	67%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Kayaka II: Point	18,055	22%	24%	16%	61%	36%	3%	50%	50%	49%	50%	53%	51%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Adjumani: District	9,279	15%	27%	19%	61%	36%	2%	50%	48%	50%	49%	60%	70%	..	54%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Oruchinga: Point	5,789	19%	24%	14%	57%	40%	2%	48%	52%	48%	50%	53%	48%	..	51%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Rhino Camp: Point	4,266	16%	27%	23%	66%	31%	3%	50%	49%	43%	47%	61%	71%	..	52%	100%	100%
Uganda	R	Planned/managed camp	Kiryandongo: District	3,652	13%	23%	18%	54%	42%	4%	50%	49%	48%	49%	55%	56%	..	52%	100%	100%
Uganda	U	Individual accomm.	Kampala: City	69,476	9%	27%	45%	81%	19%	0%	49%	49%	44%	46%	41%	54%	..	45%	100%	100%
Ukraine	U	Individual accomm.	Ukraine: Dispersed in the country/territory	33,711	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27%	27%	0%	23%
United Arab Emirates	U	Individual accomm.	Abu Dhabi: Emirate - Region	722	9%	13%	11%	33%	59%	8%	55%	43%	47%	48%	49%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%
United Kingdom	U	Undefined	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland: Dispersed in the country/territory	18,916	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0%	0%
United Rep. of Tanzania	R	Individual accomm.	Kigoma: Region	22,227	16%	20%	18%	53%	43%	4%	50%	48%	50%	49%	48%	47%	..	48%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	R	Planned/managed camp	Nyarugusu: Point	68,132	19%	20%	16%	55%	42%	2%	51%	52%	49%	51%	55%	66%	..	53%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	R	Self-settled camp	Katumba: Point	66,426	11%	24%	18%	53%	43%	4%	49%	50%	53%	51%	52%	49%	..	51%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	R	Self-settled camp	Mishamo: Point	55,388	13%	24%	17%	54%	42%	4%	50%	50%	54%	51%	51%	48%	..	51%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	R	Self-settled camp	Ulyankulu: Point	49,309	12%	27%	17%	56%	41%	3%	51%	51%	48%	50%	52%	57%	..	51%	100%	100%
United Rep. of Tanzania	U	Self-settled camp	Chogo: Point	2,103	14%	21%	18%	53%	42%	5%	50%	48%	44%	47%	60%	43%	..	52%	100%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	V	Individual accomm.	Venezuela: Dispersed in the country/territory	86,526	5%	12%	17%	34%	62%	3%	45%	45%	49%	47%	47%	42%	48%	48%	4%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	V	Individual accomm.	Zulia: Point	56,865	15%	17%	17%	49%	48%	3%	45%	41%	54%	47%	45%	33%	47%	47%	0%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	V	Individual accomm.	Tachira: Point	41,977	17%	19%	19%	55%	42%	3%	56%	46%	47%	49%	41%	50%	48%	48%	1%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	V	Individual accomm.	Apure: Point	15,449	15%	21%	18%	54%	42%	5%	44%	50%	52%	49%	47%	38%	48%	48%	1%	100%
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	V	Individual accomm.	Amazonas: Estado - State	3,526	0%	33%	0%	33%	67%	0%	..	50%	..	50%	50%	..	48%	48%	0%	100%
Viet Nam	U	Individual accomm.	Ho Chi Minh City: Thanh Pho - Municipality	500	60%	60%	0%	100%

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					Share of age group in total						Percentage female per age group								Age/sex	Sex only
					0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	0-4	5-11	12-17	<18	18-59	60+	Var.	Total		
Viet Nam	V	Individual accomm.	Viet Nam: Dispersed in the country/territory	11,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	59%	59%	0%	100%
Yemen	R	Individual accomm.	Yemen: Dispersed in the country/territory	119,531	1%	2%	8%	11%	88%	0%	55%	65%	65%	64%	27%	35%	..	31%	100%	100%
Yemen	R	Planned/managed camp	Al Kharaz: Point	19,047	9%	19%	17%	45%	54%	1%	18%	50%	46%	42%	48%	46%	..	45%	100%	100%
Yemen	R	Planned/managed camp	Hajjah: Muhafazah - Governorate	12,308	12%	30%	19%	61%	36%	3%	49%	49%	47%	48%	53%	43%	..	50%	100%	100%
Yemen	U	Individual accomm.	Sana'a: Point	82,369	11%	21%	13%	45%	53%	3%	48%	47%	47%	47%	48%	50%	..	48%	100%	100%
Yemen	U	Individual accomm.	Aden: Point	67,710	4%	9%	9%	22%	75%	3%	48%	50%	49%	49%	34%	53%	..	38%	100%	100%
Yemen	U	Individual accomm.	Mukalla: Point	8,662	12%	13%	8%	33%	65%	2%	52%	52%	52%	52%	32%	44%	..	39%	100%	100%
Yemen	U	Individual accomm.	Mahra: Point	2,088	17%	12%	6%	35%	64%	1%	50%	51%	47%	50%	28%	32%	..	36%	100%	100%
Yemen	U	Individual accomm.	Taiz: Point	1,753	10%	17%	15%	43%	53%	4%	45%	54%	54%	52%	64%	63%	..	59%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Sadah: Muhafazah - Governorate	111,816	8%	30%	21%	58%	40%	2%	52%	48%	44%	47%	52%	44%	..	49%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Hajjah: Muhafazah - Governorate	98,345	8%	29%	21%	58%	40%	2%	52%	48%	44%	47%	52%	44%	..	49%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Abyan: Governorate	98,066	7%	16%	13%	37%	57%	7%	47%	49%	48%	48%	53%	53%	..	51%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Amran: Muhafazah - Governorate	39,780	7%	30%	20%	57%	40%	3%	49%	49%	47%	48%	56%	48%	..	51%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Abyan: Muhafazah - Governorate	28,680	6%	16%	14%	36%	58%	6%	47%	47%	47%	47%	51%	50%	..	50%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Al Jawf: Muhafazah - Governorate	24,700	7%	30%	20%	57%	40%	3%	49%	48%	46%	48%	55%	47%	..	51%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Lahjj: Governorate	12,912	6%	16%	14%	36%	58%	6%	46%	46%	46%	46%	50%	50%	..	49%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Hadramout: Muhafazah - Governorate	3,773	6%	16%	14%	36%	58%	6%	48%	49%	48%	48%	52%	52%	..	51%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Shabwa: Muhafazah - Governorate	1,196	6%	16%	14%	36%	58%	6%	48%	48%	48%	48%	52%	51%	..	51%	100%	100%
Yemen	V	Individual accomm.	Al-Bayda: Muhafazah - Governorate	883	6%	16%	14%	36%	58%	6%	48%	49%	48%	48%	52%	51%	..	51%	100%	100%
Zambia	R	Planned/managed camp	Meheba	17,708	14%	24%	14%	52%	44%	4%	50%	50%	51%	50%	46%	42%	..	48%	100%	100%
Zambia	R	Planned/managed camp	Mayukwayukwa	10,117	16%	23%	15%	54%	41%	5%	50%	51%	50%	50%	51%	32%	..	50%	100%	100%
Zambia	U	Individual accomm.	Lusaka Urban	7,857	8%	16%	13%	37%	60%	2%	50%	52%	52%	52%	41%	34%	..	45%	100%	100%
Zambia	V	Self-settled camp	Others locations	8,200	9%	38%	47%	93%	7%	0%	52%	49%	43%	46%	41%	..	..	46%	100%	100%
Zambia	V	Self-settled camp	Other locations	6,514	11%	24%	14%	48%	48%	3%	51%	53%	50%	52%	48%	37%	..	50%	68%	68%
Zimbabwe	R	Planned/managed camp	Tongogara: Point	3,279	17%	24%	17%	58%	42%	1%	48%	46%	46%	47%	45%	44%	..	46%	100%	100%
Zimbabwe	U	Individual accomm.	Harare: City	1,099	13%	18%	12%	44%	56%	1%	46%	53%	44%	48%	42%	29%	..	45%	100%	100%

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Sahrawi refugees in the Tindouf camps.

2 Refugee figure for Iraqis is a Government estimate; 27,800 Iraqi refugees are registered and assisted by UNHCR.

3 Refugee figure for Iraqis is a Government estimate; 62,700 Iraqi refugees are registered and assisted by UNHCR.

TABLE 16 Population of concern to UNHCR by type of accommodation | end-2012

See also notes in Table 1.

Country/ territory of asylum	Planned/ managed camp	Collective center	Individual accommodation (private)	Self-settled camp	Reception/ transit camp	Undefined/ unknown	Total
Afghanistan	-	-	1,282,207	213,091	-	4,053	1,499,351
Albania	-	42	72	-	-	7,443	7,557
Algeria ¹	-	-	128	90,000	-	5,748	95,876
Angola	-	-	19,390	-	-	44,083	63,473
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentina	-	-	3,463	-	-	1,946	5,409
Armenia	-	34	184	-	-	8,555	8,773
Aruba	-	-	6	-	-	-	6
Australia	-	-	-	-	-	41,134	41,134
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	74,701	74,701
Azerbaijan	-	-	3,105	-	-	602,419	605,524
Bahamas	-	5	47	-	-	-	52
Barbados	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Bahrain	-	-	339	-	-	-	339
Bangladesh	30,470	-	230	-	-	200,000	230,700
Belarus	35	-	7,572	-	-	-	7,607
Belgium	-	-	-	-	-	40,958	40,958
Belize	-	-	104	-	-	-	104
Benin	2,358	-	2,739	-	-	-	5,097
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	-	-	741	-	-	-	741
Bonaire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	-	-	-	41	177,399	177,440
Botswana	3,440	-	-	-	-	-	3,440
Brazil	-	-	11,710	-	-	1	11,711
British Virgin Islands	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Brunei Darussalam	-	-	21,009	-	-	-	21,009
Bulgaria	-	-	2,288	-	1,229	41	3,558
Burkina Faso	14,546	-	3,982	21,464	-	2	39,994
Burundi	26,085	256	58,915	78,948	-	29	164,233
Cambodia	-	-	101	-	-	-	101
Cameroon	499	-	11,133	90,463	-	-	102,095
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	196,399	196,399
Cayman Islands	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Central African Rep.	11,513	-	42,851	51,679	-	2	106,045
Chad	443,415	-	37,143	500	-	19,544	500,602
Chile	-	-	-	-	-	2,048	2,048
China	-	300,895	399	-	8	-	301,302
- Hong Kong SAR, China	-	-	953	-	-	-	953
- Macao SAR, China	-	-	6	-	-	-	6
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	3,943,827	3,943,827
Comoros	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Congo, Rep. of	-	-	17,900	84,907	-	1	102,808
Costa Rica	-	-	21,083	-	-	-	21,083
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	219,636	-	-	699,051	918,687
Croatia	-	319	23,316	-	345	43	24,023
Cuba	349	-	25	-	-	-	374
Curaçao	-	-	40	-	-	-	40
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	6,267	6,267
Czech Rep.	-	-	-	-	-	4,883	4,883
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	-	-	3,182,002	2,255	-	81	3,184,338
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	17,000	17,000
Djibouti	18,469	-	3,765	-	-	-	22,234
Dominica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dominican Rep.	-	-	1,525	-	-	-	1,525
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	138,391	138,391
Egypt	1,390	-	125,495	-	-	64	126,949
El Salvador	-	-	45	-	-	-	45
Equatorial Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Eritrea	3,446	-	232	-	-	6	3,684
Estonia	7	-	63	-	-	94,235	94,305
Ethiopia	338,586	-	4,346	33,103	375	2,349	378,759
Fiji	-	-	13	-	-	-	13
Finland	-	-	3,898	-	-	9,919	13,817
France	-	-	-	-	-	268,960	268,960
Gabon	-	-	4,363	-	-	-	4,363
Gambia	-	-	9,853	-	-	-	9,853
Georgia	-	10	26	-	-	281,834	281,870
Germany	-	-	589,737	-	-	91,243	680,980

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TABLE 16 Population of concern to UNHCR by type of accommodation | end-2012 (ctnd)

See also notes in Table 1.

Country/ territory of asylum	Planned/ managed camp	Collective center	Individual accommodation (private)	Self-settled camp	Reception/ transit camp	Undefined/ unknown	Total
Ghana	12,912	-	4,186	1,460	-	64	18,622
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	38,437	38,437
Grenada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	-	-	162	-	-	-	162
Guinea	7,133	3,238	532	-	-	-	10,903
Guinea-Bissau	-	-	7,892	-	-	-	7,892
Guyana	-	-	7	-	-	-	7
Haiti	-	-	-	-	-	12	12
Honduras	-	-	17	-	-	-	17
Hungary	-	-	-	-	386	4,165	4,551
Iceland	-	-	59	-	-	238	297
India	67,165	-	22,050	-	-	100,000	189,215
Indonesia	-	1,131	4,150	-	-	2,699	7,980
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	29,366	-	838,893	-	-	6	868,265
Iraq	10,747	-	303	-	-	1,645,566	1,656,616
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	11,871	11,871
Israel	-	-	54,131	-	-	87	54,218
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	79,579	79,579
Jamaica	-	-	20	-	-	-	20
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	8,392	8,392
Jordan ²	46,103	-	259,540	-	-	-	305,643
Kazakhstan	-	-	11,259	-	-	-	11,259
Kenya	553,504	-	53,373	-	-	432,000	1,038,877
Kuwait	-	-	1,503	-	-	93,000	94,503
Kyrgyzstan	-	-	192,685	-	-	80	192,765
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Latvia	32	-	265	-	-	280,759	281,056
Lebanon	-	-	135,852	-	-	-	135,852
Lesotho	-	-	37	-	-	-	37
Liberia	63,461	-	33,480	-	-	94	97,035
Libya	-	-	15,914	11,602	-	224,036	251,552
Liechtenstein	-	-	-	-	-	124	124
Lithuania	-	101	49	-	-	4,927	5,077
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	4,326	4,326
Madagascar	-	-	10	-	-	1	11
Malawi	16,664	-	-	-	-	-	16,664
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	221,836	221,836
Mali	-	-	14,131	-	37	227,958	242,126
Malta	-	-	261	-	1,305	7,449	9,015
Mauritania	-	-	30,002	54,028	-	3,472	87,502
Mauritius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico	-	-	1,884	-	-	-	1,884
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaco	-	-	-	-	-	37	37
Mongolia	-	-	13	-	-	220	233
Montenegro	-	1,568	15,145	-	-	3,383	20,096
Montserrat	-	-	5	-	-	-	5
Morocco	-	-	2,922	-	-	-	2,922
Mozambique	7,398	-	5,200	-	-	-	12,598
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	1,238,475	1,238,475
Namibia	2,583	-	-	-	-	312	2,895
Nauru	379	-	-	-	-	-	379
Nepal	41,188	-	316	-	1	15,229	56,734
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	-	84,334	84,334
New Zealand	-	-	276	-	-	1,517	1,793
Nicaragua	-	-	140	-	-	-	140
Niger	20,362	16,935	13,321	-	-	-	50,618
Nigeria	-	-	4,007	189	-	-	4,196
Norway	-	-	-	-	-	54,489	54,489
Oman	-	-	158	-	-	-	158
Pakistan	675,481	-	1,039,069	3,220	-	738,149	2,455,919
Palau	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Panama	-	-	17,796	-	-	-	17,796
Papua New Guinea	2,453	-	2,504	4,581	-	-	9,538
Paraguay	-	-	143	-	-	-	143
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	1,601	1,601
Philippines	-	-	6,188	-	-	337,442	343,630
Poland	-	1,303	-	-	-	27,823	29,126

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TABLE 16 Population of concern to UNHCR by type of accommodation | end-2012 (ctnd)

See also notes in Table 1.

Country/ territory of asylum	Planned/ managed camp	Collective center	Individual accommodation (private)	Self-settled camp	Reception/ transit camp	Undefined/ unknown	Total
Portugal	-	-	197	-	-	1,036	1,233
Qatar	-	-	137	-	-	1,200	1,337
Rep. of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	2,214	2,214
Rep. of Moldova	-	-	2,183	-	-	75	2,258
Romania	-	-	-	-	-	1,545	1,545
Russian Federation	-	-	-	-	-	191,101	191,101
Rwanda	56,077	-	12,711	-	1,768	471	71,027
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Saint Lucia	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saudi Arabia	-	2	674	-	-	70,001	70,677
Senegal	-	-	16,570	-	-	-	16,570
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	-	2,114	19,381	-	-	283,242	304,737
Sierra Leone	-	-	4,271	-	-	-	4,271
Singapore	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	-	-	7	-	-	-	7
Slovakia	-	217	547	-	-	1,684	2,448
Slovenia	-	-	176	-	100	4	280
Solomon Islands	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Somalia	-	-	21,013	1,132,963	-	48	1,154,024
South Africa	-	-	-	-	-	295,676	295,676
South Sudan	82,859	-	7,856	113,807	-	346,002	550,524
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	7,336	7,336
Sri Lanka	-	5	368	-	-	139,572	139,945
State of Palestine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sudan	90,132	-	200,436	1,855,201	-	1,828	2,147,597
Suriname	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Swaziland	-	-	521	-	406	-	927
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	120,482	120,482
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	72,525	72,525
Syrian Arab Rep. ³	105	-	478,623	-	-	2,306,073	2,784,801
Tajikistan	-	-	6,687	-	-	-	6,687
Thailand	96,387	-	2,672	-	-	506,197	605,256
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	-	482	2,016	-	-	-	2,498
Timor-Leste	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Togo	3,267	-	3,321	-	-	17,448	24,036
Tonga	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	25	-	-	-	25
Tunisia	1,146	-	630	-	-	1	1,777
Turcs and Caicos Islands	-	5	17	-	-	-	22
Turkey	151,193	-	129,921	-	-	1,086	282,200
Turkmenistan	-	-	8,993	-	-	-	8,993
Uganda	156,491	-	69,476	-	-	2	225,969
Ukraine	-	-	33,711	-	-	9,178	42,889
United Arab Emirates	-	-	722	-	-	-	722
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	168,920	168,920
United Rep. of Tanzania	68,132	-	22,409	173,226	76	-	263,843
United States of America	-	-	-	-	-	280,989	280,989
Uruguay	-	-	220	-	-	-	220
Uzbekistan	-	-	176	-	-	-	176
Vanuatu	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	-	-	204,560	-	-	-	204,560
Viet Nam	-	-	11,500	-	-	-	11,500
Yemen	31,355	-	704,498	-	-	-	735,853
Zambia	27,825	-	7,857	14,714	-	2	50,398
Zimbabwe	3,279	-	1,099	-	-	58,383	62,761
Total	3,219,787	328,662	10,484,239	4,031,401	6,077	17,763,170	35,833,336

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

¹ According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Saharawi refugees in Tindouf camps.² Refugee figure for Iraqis in Jordan is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 27,800 Iraqis at the end of 2012.³ Refugee figure for Iraqis in the Syrian Arab Republic is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 62,700 Iraqis at the end of 2012.

TABLE 17 Refugees, including people in a refugee-like situation, by type of accommodation
 | end-2012

See also notes in Table 1.

Country/territory of asylum	Planned/ managed camp	Collective center	Individual accommodation (private)	Self-settled camp	Reception/ transit camp	Undefined/ unknown	Total
Afghanistan	-	-	16,187	-	-	-	16,187
Albania	-	23	63	-	-	-	86
Algeria ¹	-	-	128	90,000	-	4,005	94,133
Angola	-	-	16,223	-	-	7,190	23,413
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentina	-	-	1,542	-	-	1,946	3,488
Armenia	-	30	145	-	-	2,679	2,854
Aruba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia	-	-	-	-	-	30,083	30,083
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	51,730	51,730
Azerbaijan	-	-	1,468	-	-	-	1,468
Bahamas	-	-	37	-	-	-	37
Bahrain	-	-	289	-	-	-	289
Bangladesh	30,470	-	227	-	-	200,000	230,697
Belarus	-	-	576	-	-	-	576
Belgium	-	-	-	-	-	22,024	22,024
Belize	-	-	28	-	-	-	28
Benin	2,358	-	2,608	-	-	-	4,966
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	-	-	733	-	-	-	733
Bonaire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	-	-	-	33	6,870	6,903
Botswana	2,785	-	-	-	-	-	2,785
Brazil	-	-	4,689	-	-	-	4,689
British Virgin Islands	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Brunei Darussalam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bulgaria	-	-	2,288	-	-	-	2,288
Burkina Faso	14,546	-	3,296	21,464	-	-	39,306
Burundi	25,790	255	15,768	-	-	-	41,813
Cambodia	-	-	77	-	-	-	77
Cameroon	499	-	8,007	90,463	-	-	98,969
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	163,756	163,756
Cayman Islands	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Central African Republic	11,513	-	2,501	-	-	-	14,014
Chad	353,408	-	487	500	-	19,300	373,695
Chile	-	-	-	-	-	1,695	1,695
China	-	300,895	135	-	7	-	301,037
- Hong Kong SAR, China	-	-	117	-	-	-	117
- Macao SAR, China	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	219	219
Comoros	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Congo, Republic of	-	-	14,657	83,798	-	-	98,455
Costa Rica	-	-	20,449	-	-	-	20,449
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	3,980	-	-	-	3,980
Croatia	-	319	405	-	-	-	724
Cuba	349	-	22	-	-	-	371
Curaçao	-	-	14	-	-	-	14
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	3,631	3,631
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	2,805	2,805
Democratic Republic of the Congo	-	-	62,854	2,255	-	-	65,109
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	11,814	11,814
Djibouti	18,388	-	751	-	-	-	19,139
Dominica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dominican Republic	-	-	758	-	-	-	758
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	123,824	123,824
Egypt	1,032	-	108,901	-	-	-	109,933
El Salvador	-	-	45	-	-	-	45
Equatorial Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eritrea	3,445	-	155	-	-	-	3,600
Estonia	-	-	63	-	-	-	63
Ethiopia	337,950	-	4,164	33,076	375	828	376,393
Fiji	-	-	6	-	-	-	6
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	9,919	9,919
France	-	-	-	-	-	217,865	217,865
Gabon	-	-	1,663	-	-	-	1,663
Gambia	-	-	9,853	-	-	-	9,853
Georgia	-	4	26	-	-	439	469
Germany	-	-	589,737	-	-	-	589,737
Ghana	12,879	-	1,614	1,460	-	63	16,016

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TABLE 17 Refugees, including people in a refugee-like situation, by type of accommodation
| end-2012 (ctnd)

See also notes in Table 1.

Country/territory of asylum	Planned/ managed camp	Collective center	Individual accommodation (private)	Self-settled camp	Reception/ transit camp	Undefined/ unknown	Total
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	2,100	2,100
Grenada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	-	-	159	-	-	-	159
Guinea	7,133	3,238	-	-	-	-	10,371
Guinea-Bissau	-	-	7,784	-	-	-	7,784
Guyana	-	-	7	-	-	-	7
Haiti	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduras	-	-	16	-	-	-	16
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	4,054	4,054
Iceland	-	-	59	-	-	1	60
India	67,165	-	18,491	-	-	100,000	185,656
Indonesia	-	311	635	-	-	873	1,819
Iran, Islamic Republic of	29,366	-	838,876	-	-	-	868,242
Iraq	10,724	-	59	-	-	88,039	98,822
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	6,327	6,327
Israel	-	-	48,505	-	-	-	48,505
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	64,779	64,779
Jamaica	-	-	20	-	-	-	20
Japan	-	-	-	-	-	2,581	2,581
Jordan ²	46,103	-	256,604	-	-	-	302,707
Kazakhstan	-	-	564	-	-	-	564
Kenya	518,393	-	46,540	-	-	-	564,933
Kuwait	-	-	674	-	-	-	674
Kyrgyzstan	-	-	4,941	-	-	-	4,941
Lao People's Democratic Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Latvia	-	-	125	-	-	-	125
Lebanon	-	-	133,940	-	-	-	133,940
Lesotho	-	-	34	-	-	-	34
Liberia	63,461	-	2,448	-	-	-	65,909
Libya	-	-	7,065	-	-	-	7,065
Liechtenstein	-	-	-	-	-	102	102
Lithuania	-	101	49	-	-	721	871
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	2,910	2,910
Madagascar	-	-	9	-	-	-	9
Malawi	6,544	-	-	-	-	-	6,544
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	90,185	90,185
Mali	-	-	13,891	-	37	-	13,928
Malta	-	-	-	-	939	7,309	8,248
Mauritania	-	-	26,468	54,028	-	-	80,496
Mauritius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico	-	-	1,520	-	-	-	1,520
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaco	-	-	-	-	-	37	37
Mongolia	-	-	4	-	-	-	4
Montenegro	-	1,307	9,891	-	-	-	11,198
Montserrat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morocco	-	-	744	-	-	-	744
Mozambique	2,586	-	1,812	-	-	-	4,398
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Namibia	1,603	-	-	-	-	203	1,806
Nepal	40,908	-	293	-	-	15,063	56,264
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	-	71,909	71,909
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	1,517	1,517
Nicaragua	-	-	129	-	-	-	129
Niger	20,362	16,935	13,213	-	-	-	50,510
Nigeria	-	-	2,965	189	-	-	3,154
Norway	-	-	-	-	-	42,822	42,822
Oman	-	-	138	-	-	-	138
Pakistan	599,451	-	1,039,005	-	-	-	1,638,456
Palau	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Panama	-	-	17,429	-	-	-	17,429
Papua New Guinea	2,298	-	2,504	4,581	-	-	9,383
Paraguay	-	-	133	-	-	-	133
Peru	-	-	-	-	-	1,122	1,122
Philippines	-	-	141	-	-	-	141
Poland	-	-	-	-	-	15,911	15,911
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	483	483
Qatar	-	-	80	-	-	-	80

.../...

TABLE 17 Refugees, including people in a refugee-like situation, by type of accommodation
| end-2012 (ctnd)

See also notes in Table 1.

Country/territory of asylum	Planned/ managed camp	Collective center	Individual accommodation (private)	Self-settled camp	Reception/ transit camp	Undefined/ unknown	Total
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	487	487
Republic of Moldova	-	-	185	-	-	-	185
Romania	-	-	-	-	-	1,262	1,262
Russian Federation	-	-	-	-	-	3,178	3,178
Rwanda	55,975	-	1,697	-	540	-	58,212
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saint Lucia	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saudi Arabia	-	2	575	-	-	-	577
Senegal	-	-	14,237	-	-	-	14,237
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	-	58	13	-	-	66,299	66,370
Sierra Leone	-	-	4,204	-	-	-	4,204
Singapore	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Slovakia	-	-	547	-	-	115	662
Slovenia	-	-	176	-	-	-	176
Somalia	-	-	2,309	-	-	-	2,309
South Africa	-	-	-	-	-	65,233	65,233
South Sudan	82,859	-	5,915	113,807	-	-	202,581
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	4,510	4,510
Sri Lanka	-	5	105	-	-	-	110
State of Palestine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sudan	90,000	-	33,047	29,147	-	-	152,194
Suriname	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swaziland	-	-	341	-	164	-	505
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	92,872	92,872
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	50,747	50,747
Syrian Arab Republic ³	103	-	476,403	-	-	-	476,506
Tajikistan	-	-	2,248	-	-	-	2,248
Thailand	83,181	-	1,298	-	-	-	84,479
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	-	-	1,077	-	-	-	1,077
Timor-Leste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Togo	3,267	-	2,916	-	-	17,357	23,540
Tonga	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	18	-	-	-	18
Tunisia	1,123	-	312	-	-	-	1,435
Turkey	151,183	-	115,880	-	-	-	267,063
Turkmenistan	-	-	46	-	-	-	46
Uganda	151,041	-	46,836	-	-	-	197,877
Ukraine	-	-	2,807	-	-	-	2,807
United Arab Emirates	-	-	631	-	-	-	631
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	149,799	149,799
United Republic of Tanzania	67,817	-	22,230	10,970	4	-	101,021
United States of America	-	-	-	-	-	262,023	262,023
Uruguay	-	-	181	-	-	-	181
Uzbekistan	-	-	176	-	-	-	176
Vanuatu	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	-	-	203,644	-	-	-	203,644
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yemen	19,047	-	218,135	-	-	-	237,182
Zambia	12,499	-	6,640	6,514	-	-	25,653
Zimbabwe	3,267	-	1,089	-	-	-	4,356
Total	2,952,871	323,483	4,561,637	542,252	2,099	2,115,615	10,497,957

Notes

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

- 1 According to the Government of Algeria, there are an estimated 165,000 Saharawi refugees in Tindouf camps.
- 2 Refugee figure for Iraqis in Jordan is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 27,800 Iraqis at the end of 2012.
- 3 Refugee figure for Iraqis in the Syrian Arab Republic is a Government estimate. UNHCR is assisting 62,700 Iraqis at the end of 2012.

TABLE 18 Major mass inflows | 2012**N.B.** This table includes mass arrivals per origin and country of asylum of 50 refugees and more.

Origin (FROM)	Country of asylum (TO)	New refugee arrivals
Burundi	Zambia	110
Central African Republic	Chad	1,560
Central African Republic	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	770
Central African Republic	South Sudan	540
Chad	Sudan	50
Côte d'Ivoire	Ghana	9,140
Côte d'Ivoire	Liberia	8,600
Côte d'Ivoire	Togo	810
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Central African Rep.	650
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Uganda	40,180
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zambia	1,240
Democratic Republic of the Congo ¹	Burundi	8,200
Democratic Republic of the Congo ¹	Rwanda	17,100
Eritrea	Ethiopia	10,730
Eritrea ²	Israel	6,230
Ethiopia	South Sudan	920
Ghana	Togo	4,980
Iraq ³	Jordan	2,280
Iraq	Lebanon	900
Iraq ³	Syrian Arab Rep.	1,870
Mali	Burkina Faso	38,380
Mali	Mauritania	54,030
Mali	Niger	50,200
Pakistan ²	Afghanistan	13,170
Palestinian	Libya	430
Rwanda	Zambia	80
Senegal	Gambia	680
Somalia	Djibouti	3,170
Somalia	Ethiopia	35,820
Somalia	Kenya	13,760
Somalia	Yemen	22,290
Somalia	Zambia	90
South Sudan	Ethiopia	35,240
Sudan	Ethiopia	12,470
Sudan ²	Israel	3,440
Sudan	South Sudan	99,990
Syrian Arab Republic	Egypt	12,900
Syrian Arab Republic	Iraq	63,260
Syrian Arab Republic	Jordan	131,180
Syrian Arab Republic	Lebanon	131,890
Syrian Arab Republic	Turkey	307,740

Notes**1** Refers to asylum-seekers who have to undergo individual refugee status determination.**2** Refers to people in a refugee-like situation.**3** Refers to Iraqis who were newly registered by UNHCR. The total number of Iraqi refugees who arrived during 2012 is unknown.

TABLE 19 Major voluntary repatriation/returnee movements | 2012

N.B. This table includes voluntary repatriation/returnee movements per origin and country of asylum of 100 refugees or more. Figures are based on country of asylum and country of origin reports. All figures are rounded off to the closest 10.

Origin (Returning to)	Country of asylum (Returning from)	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Afghanistan	Pakistan	83,420	80,000
Afghanistan	Islamic Republic of Iran	15,040	15,040
Afghanistan	India	110	50
Angola	Democratic Republic of the Congo	15,570	15,570
Angola	Namibia	2,810	2,810
Angola	Zambia	1,090	980
Angola	Congo	190	190
Burundi*	United Republic of Tanzania	35,200	35,200
Burundi	Democratic Republic of the Congo	480	480
Central African Republic	Chad	1,970	1,970
Central African Republic	Cameroon	350	350
Chad	Cameroon	1,710	1,710
Côte d'Ivoire	Liberia	71,990	7,110
Côte d'Ivoire	Togo	460	410
Côte d'Ivoire	Mali	160	160
Côte d'Ivoire	Benin	110	110
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Congo	46,390	46,390
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Uganda	21,910	10
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Sudan	2,440	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Central African Republic	790	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Burundi	260	260
Iraq	Various/unknown	82,270	40,460
Liberia	Côte d'Ivoire	17,590	17,590
Liberia	Guinea	5,550	5,550
Liberia	Ghana	4,710	4,710
Liberia	Sierra Leone	1,030	1,030
Liberia	Gambia	330	330
Liberia	Nigeria	170	170
Libya**	Tunisia	1,050	0
Mauritania	Senegal	6,210	6,210
Rwanda	Democratic Republic of the Congo	10,780	10,780
Rwanda	Uganda	380	380
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	Montenegro	120	120
South Sudan	Uganda	1,910	1,910
South Sudan**	Israel	330	160
Sri Lanka	India	1,450	1,260
Sudan**	Chad	17,660	17,660
Sudan	Uganda	1,670	1,670
Sudan	Egypt	150	150
Syrian Arab Republic	Turkey	68,570	0

Notes

* Some 33,800 returnees included former refugees living in Mtabila camp, United Republic of Tanzania. The cessation clause of refugee status of this group fell on 1 August, 2012, and the orderly return operation to Burundi took place on 31 October, 2012.

** Refers to people in a refugee-like situation.

TABLE 20 Resettlement departures of refugees from first asylum countries | 2012

N.B. This table includes resettlement departures per origin and country of first asylum of 50 refugees and more.

Origin	Country of asylum (departure)	Total	of whom: UNHCR-assisted
Afghanistan	Azerbaijan	132	132
Afghanistan	India	89	73
Afghanistan	Indonesia	149	149
Afghanistan	Islamic Republic of Iran	1,427	1,427
Afghanistan	Pakistan	336	336
Afghanistan	Russian Federation	149	149
Afghanistan	Tajikistan	58	58
Afghanistan	Turkey	248	248
Bhutan	Nepal	16,674	16,674
Burundi	South Africa	55	55
Burundi	United Republic of Tanzania	97	97
Central African Republic	Cameroon	112	106
Colombia	Costa Rica	50	50
Colombia	Ecuador	562	562
Congo	Democratic Republic of the Congo	55	55
Congo	Gabon	92	92
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Burundi	161	161
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Kenya	192	192
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Malawi	179	179
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Namibia	78	78
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Rwanda	797	797
Democratic Republic of the Congo	South Africa	101	101
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Uganda	289	289
Democratic Republic of the Congo	United Republic of Tanzania	586	586
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zambia	177	177
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zimbabwe	522	522
Eritrea	Djibouti	125	125
Eritrea	Egypt	116	116
Eritrea	Ethiopia	1,049	1,049
Eritrea	Malta	145	145
Eritrea	Sudan	435	435
Eritrea	Tunisia	440	440
Ethiopia	Djibouti	91	91
Ethiopia	Egypt	77	77
Ethiopia	Kenya	806	806
Ethiopia	Tunisia	189	189
Iraq	Egypt	306	306
Iraq	Jordan	3,225	3,225
Iraq	Kuwait	58	58
Iraq	Lebanon	2,776	2,776
Iraq	Syrian Arab Republic	3,397	3,397
Iraq	Tunisia	163	163
Iraq	Turkey	3,565	3,565
Iraq	United Arab Emirates	67	67
Islamic Republic of Iran	Turkey	1,925	1,925
Myanmar	India	163	149
Myanmar	Malaysia	10,308	10,308
Myanmar	Sri Lanka	53	53
Myanmar	Thailand	6,845	6,845
Pakistan	Sri Lanka	125	125
Pakistan	Thailand	171	171
Somalia	Botswana	124	124
Somalia	Djibouti	505	505
Somalia	Egypt	282	282
Somalia	Eritrea	258	258
Somalia	Ethiopia	1,502	1,502
Somalia	India	65	63
Somalia	Jordan	69	69
Somalia	Kenya	1,442	1,442
Somalia	Malta	242	242
Somalia	South Africa	380	380
Somalia	Syrian Arab Republic	54	54
Somalia	Thailand	50	50
Somalia	Tunisia	548	548
Somalia	Turkey	124	124
Somalia	Uganda	927	927

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TABLE 20 Resettlement departures of refugees from first asylum countries | 2012 (ctnd)

N.B. This table includes resettlement departures per origin and country of first asylum of 50 refugees and more.

Origin	Country of asylum (departure)	Total	<i>of whom: UNHCR-assisted</i>
Somalia	Yemen	224	224
Sri Lanka	Thailand	80	80
Palestinian	Iraq	93	93
Sudan	Egypt	701	701
Sudan	Jordan	120	120
Sudan	Kenya	102	102
Sudan	Lebanon	76	76
Sudan	Tunisia	546	546
Syrian Arab Republic	Lebanon	62	62
Uzbekistan	Kyrgyzstan	125	125

TABLE 21 Resettlement arrivals of refugees | 2012

Includes both arrivals with and without UNHCR assistance.
Source: Governments.

Country of arrival	Total
Argentina	8
Australia	5,937
Brazil	39
Canada	9,624
Chile	3
Denmark	476
Finland	731
France	62
Germany	307
Hungary	1
Iceland	9
Ireland	39
Liechtenstein	1
Netherlands	429
New Zealand	781
Norway	1,228
Philippines	15
Portugal	27
Spain	80
Sweden	1,873
United Kingdom	1,039
United States	66,289
Uruguay	9
Grand Total	89,007

TABLE 22 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by region | 2011-2012

End-2011								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	Others of concern	Total
Africa	2,924,100	390,700	386,500	6,961,100	2,196,300	21,100	174,300	13,054,100
Asia	5,104,100	83,100	144,100	4,254,300	1,048,100	2,759,400	1,132,800	14,525,900
Europe	1,534,400	312,700	1,300	369,700	1,400	696,600	104,700	3,020,800
Latin America and the Caribbean	377,800	49,700	-	3,888,300	-	-	-	4,315,800
Northern America	429,600	53,600	-	-	-	-	-	483,200
Oceania	34,800	5,500	-	-	-	-	-	40,300
Total	10,404,800	895,300	531,900	15,473,400	3,245,800	3,477,100	1,411,800	35,440,100

End-2012								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	Others of concern	Total
Africa	3,068,300	421,600	274,300	7,043,900	750,200	721,400	266,700	12,546,400
Asia	5,060,100	92,500	251,000	6,351,700	784,900	1,938,700	969,400	15,448,300
Europe	1,522,100	328,500	600	331,300	10,300	675,700	88,000	2,956,500
Latin America and the Caribbean	380,700	22,100	-	3,943,500	-	-	5,600	4,351,900
Northern America	425,800	51,600	-	-	-	-	-	477,400
Oceania	41,000	11,900	-	-	-	-	-	52,900
Grand Total	10,498,000	928,200	525,900	17,670,400	1,545,400	3,335,800	1,329,700	35,833,400

Change (absolute)								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	Others of concern	Total
Africa	144,200	30,900	-112,200	82,800	-1,446,100	700,300	92,400	-507,700
Asia	-44,000	9,400	106,900	2,097,400	-263,200	-820,700	-163,400	922,400
Europe	-12,300	15,800	-700	-38,400	8,900	-20,900	-16,700	-64,300
Latin America and the Caribbean	2,900	-27,600	-	55,200	-	-	5,600	36,100
Northern America	-3,800	-2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-5,800
Oceania	6,200	6,400	-	-	-	-	-	12,600
Total	93,200	32,900	-6,000	2,197,000	-1,700,400	-141,300	-82,100	393,300

Change (%)								
Region (UN major area)	Refugees, incl. refugee-like situations	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted, incl. IDP-like situations	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate	Others of concern	Total
Africa	4.9%	7.9%	-29.0%	1.2%	-65.8%	3319.0%	53.0%	-3.9%
Asia	-0.9%	11.3%	74.2%	49.3%	-25.1%	-29.7%	-14.4%	6.4%
Europe	-0.8%	5.1%	-53.8%	-10.4%	635.7%	-3.0%	-16.0%	-2.1%
Latin America and the Caribbean	0.8%	-55.5%	..	1.4%	..	..	..	0.8%
Northern America	-0.9%	-3.7%	..	..	..	..	..	-1.2%
Oceania	17.8%	116.4%	..	..	..	..	..	31.3%
Total	0.9%	3.7%	-1.1%	14.2%	-52.4%	-4.1%	-5.8%	1.1%

Note

A dash ("-") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

TABLE 23 Refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR | 2003-2012

See Table 1 for definition of population categories.

Due to change in classification and estimation methodology in a number of countries, figures as from 2007 are not fully comparable with pre-2007 figures.

Absolute values								
End-year	Refugees ¹	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR ²	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ³	Others of concern ³	Total
2003	9,592,800	997,600	1,094,900	4,181,700	237,800	..	905,300	17,010,100
2004	9,574,800	885,200	1,434,400	5,426,500	146,500	1,455,900	597,000	19,520,300
2005	8,662,000	802,100	1,105,600	6,616,800	519,400	2,383,700	960,400	21,050,000
2006	9,877,700	743,900	733,700	12,794,300	1,864,200	5,806,000	1,045,500	32,865,300
2007	11,391,000	740,100	730,600	13,740,200	2,070,100	2,937,300	68,700	31,678,000
2008	10,489,800	825,800	603,800	14,442,200	1,361,400	6,572,200	166,900	34,462,100
2009	10,396,500	983,900	251,500	15,628,100	2,229,500	6,559,600	411,700	36,460,800
2010	10,549,700	837,500	197,700	14,697,900	2,923,300	3,463,000	1,255,600	33,924,700
2011	10,404,800	895,300	531,900	15,473,400	3,245,800	3,477,100	1,411,800	35,440,100
2012	10,498,000	928,200	525,900	17,670,400	1,545,400	3,335,800	1,329,700	35,833,400

Distribution by category								
End-year	Refugees ¹	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR ²	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ³	Others of concern ³	Total
2003	56.4%	5.9%	6.4%	24.6%	1.4%	..	5.3%	100%
2004	49.1%	4.5%	7.3%	27.8%	0.8%	7.5%	3.1%	100%
2005	41.1%	3.8%	5.3%	31.4%	2.5%	11.3%	4.6%	100%
2006	30.1%	2.3%	2.2%	38.9%	5.7%	17.7%	3.2%	100%
2007	36.0%	2.3%	2.3%	43.4%	6.5%	9.3%	0.2%	100%
2008	30.4%	2.4%	1.8%	41.9%	4.0%	19.1%	0.5%	100%
2009	28.5%	2.7%	0.7%	42.9%	6.1%	18.0%	1.1%	100%
2010	31.1%	2.5%	0.6%	43.3%	8.6%	10.2%	3.7%	100%
2011	29.4%	2.5%	1.5%	43.7%	9.2%	9.8%	4.0%	100%
2012	29.3%	2.6%	1.5%	49.3%	4.3%	9.3%	3.7%	100%

Annual change								
End-year	Refugees ¹	Asylum-seekers (pending cases)	Returned refugees	IDPs protected/ assisted by UNHCR ²	Returned IDPs	Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate ³	Others of concern ³	Total
2003-2004	-0.2%	-11.3%	31.0%	29.8%	-38.4%	..	-34.1%	14.8%
2004-2005	-9.5%	-9.4%	-22.9%	21.9%	254.5%	63.7%	60.9%	7.8%
2005-2006	14.0%	-7.3%	-33.6%	93.4%	258.9%	143.6%	8.9%	56.1%
2006-2007	15.3%	-0.5%	-0.4%	7.4%	11.0%	-49.4%	-93.4%	-3.6%
2007-2008	-7.9%	11.6%	-17.4%	5.1%	-34.2%	123.7%	142.9%	8.8%
2008-2009	-0.9%	19.1%	-58.3%	8.2%	63.8%	-0.2%	146.7%	5.8%
2009-2010	1.5%	-14.9%	-21.4%	-6.0%	31.1%	-47.2%	205.0%	-7.0%
2010-2011	-1.4%	6.9%	169.0%	5.3%	11.0%	0.4%	12.4%	4.5%
2011-2012	0.9%	3.7%	-1.1%	14.2%	-52.4%	-4.1%	-5.8%	1.1%

Notes

A dash ("..") indicates that the value is zero or not available. Two dots ("..") indicate that the value is not available.

¹ Since 2007, people in refugee-like situations are included in the refugee estimates. Figures as from 2007 are not fully comparable with previous years.

² Since 2007, people in IDP-like situations are included in the IDP estimates. IDP figures since 2007 are not fully comparable with previous years.

³ Persons under UNHCR's statelessness mandate were included in the category "Others of concern" until 2003.

TABLE 24 Indicators of host country capacity and contributions | 2012

A zero indicates that the value is zero or rounded to zero. Two dots (..) indicate that the value is not available.

Country or territory of asylum (residence)	Ratio			Rank		
	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²
Afghanistan	13.64	0.57	25.23	33	81	78
Albania	0.01	0.03	3.00	132	134	117
Algeria	12.78	2.54	40.58	35	47	68
Angola	3.57	1.20	18.70	57	65	83
Argentina	0.19	0.09	1.26	89	111	129
Armenia	0.43	0.96	96.41	80	73	52
Aruba	..	-	..	..	162	..
Australia	0.69	1.34	3.91	77	62	113
Austria	1.21	6.16	618.05	68	24	22
Azerbaijan	0.14	0.16	17.03	96	103	84
Bahamas	-	0.10	2.77	141	108	119
Bahrain	0.01	0.23	463.88	132	95	27
Bangladesh	113.94	1.53	1'686.31	8	57	9
Belarus	0.04	0.06	2.79	115	120	118
Belgium	0.57	2.01	720.70	78	53	18
Belize	-	0.09	1.25	141	111	130
Benin	3.03	0.52	42.80	59	82	64
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.13	0.07	0.67	99	116	137
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.83	1.79	134.88	74	56	48
Botswana	0.17	1.41	4.81	91	59	110
Brazil	0.39	0.02	0.55	81	137	139
British Virgin Islands	..	0.07	..	..	116	..
Bulgaria	0.16	0.31	20.64	93	90	81
Burkina Faso	25.14	2.53	142.55	24	48	47
Burundi	70.19	4.53	1'544.74	12	33	11
Cambodia	0.03	0.01	0.42	120	147	142
Cameroon	40.18	4.80	211.33	20	30	44
Canada	3.75	4.80	16.66	56	30	85
Cape Verde	-	-	-	141	162	152
Cayman Islands	..	0.05	..	..	124	..
Central African Rep.	15.63	3.22	22.50	29	42	80
Chad	211.59	31.88	293.23	4	2	35
Chile	0.09	0.10	2.24	107	108	120
China	33.00	0.22	32.10	23	97	72
- Hong Kong SAR, China	-	0.02	..	141	137	..
- Macao SAR, China	..	-	..	..	162	..
Colombia	0.02	-	0.19	125	162	147
Comoros	-	-	-	141	162	152
Congo, Rep. of	21.20	23.94	286.85	26	4	36
Costa Rica	1.62	4.38	397.59	66	34	30
Côte d'Ivoire	1.87	0.21	12.31	64	98	92
Croatia	0.04	0.17	12.82	115	102	91
Cuba	..	0.03	3.32	..	134	116
Curaçao	..	0.09	..	..	111	..
Cyprus	0.17	3.29	391.57	91	41	31
Czech Rep.	0.10	0.27	35.69	100	93	70
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	146.71	1.05	27.85	6	70	77
Denmark	0.31	2.13	267.22	84	51	38
Djibouti	6.65	22.95	879.51	45	5	16
Dominican Rep.	0.08	0.08	15.68	108	115	88
Ecuador	12.12	8.25	481.11	36	18	26
Egypt	15.89	1.41	111.70	28	59	50
El Salvador	0.01	0.01	2.18	132	147	122
Equatorial Guinea	-	-	..	141	162	..
Eritrea	4.70	0.63	29.22	53	80	74
Estonia	-	0.05	1.39	141	124	128
Ethiopia	317.34	4.32	332.67	2	36	34
Fiji	-	0.01	..	141	147	..
Finland	0.27	1.85	29.64	86	55	73
France	6.11	3.45	398.04	47	40	29
Gabon	0.10	1.07	6.25	100	68	102
Gambia	4.87	5.86	909.12	51	25	15
Georgia	0.08	0.11	6.72	108	107	101
Germany	15.31	7.10	1'656.55	30	19	10
Ghana	4.72	0.66	66.80	52	79	56
Greece	0.08	0.19	15.87	108	99	86

.../...

TABLE 24 Indicators of host country capacity and contributions | 2012 (ctnd)

A zero indicates that the value is zero or rounded to zero. Two dots (..) indicate that the value is not available.

Country or territory of asylum (residence)	Ratio			Rank		
	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²
Grenada	-	-	..	141	162	..
Guatemala	0.03	0.01	1.45	120	147	127
Guinea	9.25	0.95	42.18	38	74	67
Guinea-Bissau	6.50	4.90	228.22	46	29	40
Guyana	-	0.01	..	141	147	..
Haiti	-	-	-	141	162	152
Honduras	-	-	0.14	141	162	149
Hungary	0.21	0.40	43.66	88	87	63
Iceland	-	0.19	0.59	141	99	138
India	47.78	0.15	58.75	18	104	58
Indonesia	0.36	0.01	0.96	83	147	134
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	64.70	11.66	534.94	13	13	25
Iraq	12.82	3.19	223.22	34	43	41
Ireland	0.15	1.42	91.00	94	58	53
Israel	1.45	6.54	2'327.72	67	22	5
Italy	2.14	1.07	215.12	62	68	43
Jamaica	-	0.01	1.81	141	147	125
Japan	0.07	0.02	6.91	111	137	100
Jordan	50.49	46.89	3'359.42	17	1	3
Kazakhstan	0.04	0.04	0.21	115	132	146
Kenya	304.50	13.81	966.08	3	12	14
Kuwait	0.01	0.23	38.94	132	95	69
Kyrgyzstan	1.98	0.93	24.83	63	75	79
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	-	-	-	141	162	152
Latvia	0.01	0.06	1.95	132	120	123
Lebanon	9.20	30.85	12'968.63	39	3	2
Lesotho	0.02	0.02	1.12	125	137	131
Liberia	96.61	16.65	684.48	9	11	19
Libya	0.55	1.17	4.36	79	66	112
Liechtenstein	..	2.83	675.50	..	46	20
Lithuania	0.04	0.28	13.48	115	92	90
Luxembourg	0.04	5.73	1'114.09	115	27	13
Madagascar	0.01	-	0.02	132	162	151
Malawi	6.87	0.44	55.22	44	84	60
Malaysia	5.12	3.19	272.32	50	43	37
Mali	10.82	1.00	11.10	37	71	94
Malta	0.31	19.41	26'351.44	84	9	1
Mauritania	37.73	22.30	77.13	21	6	54
Mauritius	-	-	-	141	162	152
Mexico	0.10	0.01	0.77	100	147	136
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	..	141	162	..
Monaco	..	1.00	..	..	71	..
Mongolia	-	-	..	141	162	..
Montenegro	0.95	18.06	..	73	10	..
Morocco	0.14	0.02	1.83	96	137	124
Mozambique	4.01	0.18	5.58	54	101	104
Myanmar	-	-	-	141	162	152
Namibia	0.23	0.83	2.19	87	77	121
Nepal	37.20	2.10	382.06	22	52	32
Netherlands	1.69	4.33	2'048.51	65	35	7
New Zealand	0.05	0.35	5.62	112	88	103
Nicaragua	0.03	0.02	1.00	120	137	133
Niger	61.28	3.18	42.53	16	45	65
Nigeria	1.12	0.02	3.45	69	137	115
Norway	0.76	8.76	134.17	75	17	49
Oman	-	0.05	0.45	141	124	141
Pakistan	550.45	9.46	1'868.52	1	16	8
Palau	..	0.05	..	..	124	..
Panama	1.12	4.74	231.27	69	32	39
Papua New Guinea	3.37	1.37	20.20	58	61	82
Paraguay	0.02	0.02	0.33	125	137	144
Peru	0.10	0.04	0.87	100	132	135
Philippines	0.03	-	0.47	120	162	140
Poland	0.76	0.42	51.19	75	85	62
Portugal	0.02	0.05	5.26	125	124	107
Qatar	-	0.05	7.11	141	124	99

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TABLE 24 Indicators of host country capacity and contributions | 2012 (ctnd)

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Country or territory of asylum (residence)	Ratio			Rank		
	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²	Refugees to GDP (PPP) per capita	Refugees to 1,000 inhabitants	Refugees to 1,000 km ²
Rep. of Korea	0.01	0.01	4.92	132	147	109
Rep. of Moldova	0.05	0.05	5.49	112	124	105
Romania	0.10	0.06	5.32	100	120	106
Russian Federation	0.18	0.02	0.19	90	137	147
Rwanda	40.70	5.37	2'299.23	19	28	6
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	..	141	162	..
Saint Lucia	-	0.01	..	141	147	..
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	-	..	141	162	..
Sao Tome and Principe	-	-	-	141	162	152
Saudi Arabia	0.02	0.02	0.30	125	137	145
Senegal	6.93	1.10	72.09	43	67	55
Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))	8.14	6.88	649.30	41	21	21
Sierra Leone	2.91	0.73	57.88	60	78	59
Singapore	-	-	5.01	141	162	108
Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	..	0.07	..	..	116	..
Slovakia	0.03	0.12	13.53	120	106	89
Slovenia	0.01	0.09	8.68	132	111	97
Somalia	..	0.24	3.63	..	94	114
South Africa	5.76	1.27	53.38	48	63	61
South Sudan	191.80	20.38	..	5	8	..
Spain	0.15	0.10	8.93	94	108	96
Sri Lanka	0.02	0.01	1.65	125	147	126
State of Palestine	..	-	..	..	162	..
Sudan	63.61	4.27	60.56	14	37	57
Suriname	-	-	-	141	162	152
Swaziland	0.10	0.42	29.16	100	85	75
Sweden	2.22	9.90	207.95	61	15	45
Switzerland	1.09	6.48	1'233.16	71	23	12
Syrian Arab Rep.	95.18	22.13	2'556.64	10	7	4
Tajikistan	0.96	0.29	15.84	72	91	87
Thailand	8.60	1.27	163.43	40	63	46
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	0.10	0.51	42.50	100	83	66
Timor-Leste	-	-	-	141	162	152
Togo	21.51	3.73	410.99	25	38	28
Tonga	-	0.03	..	141	134	..
Trinidad and Tobago	-	0.01	..	141	147	..
Tunisia	0.14	0.13	9.24	96	105	95
Turkey	17.15	3.70	342.08	27	39	33
Turkmenistan	-	0.01	0.09	141	147	150
Uganda	133.44	5.82	816.47	7	26	17
Ukraine	0.39	0.06	4.69	81	120	111
United Arab Emirates	0.02	0.07	8.03	125	116	98
United Kingdom	3.98	2.41	614.18	55	49	23
United Rep. of Tanzania	61.48	2.25	106.81	15	50	51
United States of America	5.22	0.84	28.16	49	76	76
Uruguay	0.01	0.05	1.02	132	124	132
Uzbekistan	0.05	0.01	0.41	112	147	143
Vanuatu	-	0.01	..	141	147	..
Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)	14.72	7.01	222.53	31	20	42
Viet Nam	-	-	-	141	162	152
Yemen	91.35	10.42	563.35	11	14	24
Zambia	14.13	1.94	34.02	32	54	71
Zimbabwe	7.80	0.33	11.12	42	89	93

Sources

Gross Domestic Product (PPP): International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2013 (accessed 6 October 2013).

National population: United Nations, Population Division, "World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision", New York, 2013.

National surface area: Global Insight Digital Mapping 1998, Europa Technologies Ltd.

TABLE 25 UN major areas

(Source: United Nations Population Division, United Nations Statistics Division, New York.)

Africa	Asia	Latin America and the Caribbean	Europe
Algeria	Afghanistan	Aruba	Albania
Angola	Armenia	Antigua and Barbuda	Andorra
Benin	Azerbaijan	Argentina	Austria
Botswana	Bahrain	Bahamas	Belarus
Burkina Faso	Bangladesh	Barbados	Belgium
Burundi	Bhutan	Belize	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Cameroon	Brunei Darussalam	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Bulgaria
Cape Verde	Cambodia	Bonaire	Croatia
Central African Rep.	China	Brazil	Czech Rep.
Chad	- Hong Kong SAR, China	British Virgin Islands	Denmark
Comoros	- Macao SAR, China	Cayman Islands	- Faroe Islands
Congo, Rep. of	Cyprus	Chile	Estonia
Côte d'Ivoire	Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	Colombia	Finland
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Georgia	Costa Rica	France
Djibouti	India	Cuba	Germany
Egypt	Indonesia	Curaçao	Gibraltar
Equatorial Guinea	Iran, Islamic Rep. of	Dominica	Greece
Eritrea	Iraq	Dominican Rep.	Holy See (the)
Ethiopia	Israel	Ecuador	Hungary
Gabon	Japan	El Salvador	Iceland
Gambia	Jordan	French Guiana	Ireland
Ghana	Kazakhstan	Grenada	Italy
Guinea	Kuwait	Guatemala	Latvia
Guinea-Bissau	Kyrgyzstan	Guyana	Liechtenstein
Kenya	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	Haiti	Lithuania
Lesotho	Lebanon	Honduras	Luxembourg
Liberia	Malaysia	Jamaica	Malta
Libya	Maldives	Martinique	Monaco
Madagascar	Mongolia	Mexico	Montenegro
Malawi	Myanmar	Montserrat	Netherlands
Mali	Nepal	Nicaragua	Norway
Mauritania	Oman	Panama	Poland
Mauritius	Pakistan	Paraguay	Portugal
Morocco	Philippines	Peru	Rep. of Moldova
Mozambique	Qatar	Puerto Rico	Romania
Namibia	Rep. of Korea	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Russian Federation
Niger	Saudi Arabia	Saint Lucia	San Marino
Nigeria	Singapore	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))
Rwanda	Sri Lanka	Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	Slovakia
Sao Tome and Principe	State of Palestine	Suriname	Slovenia
Senegal	Syrian Arab Rep.	Trinidad and Tobago	Spain
Seychelles	Tajikistan	Turks and Caicos Islands	Sweden
Sierra Leone	Thailand	U.S. Virgin Islands	Switzerland
Somalia	Timor-Leste	Uruguay	The former Yug. Rep. of Macedonia
South Africa	Turkey	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)	Ukraine
South Sudan	Turkmenistan		United Kingdom
Sudan	United Arab Emirates		
Swaziland	Uzbekistan		
Togo	Viet Nam		
Tunisia	Yemen		
Uganda			
United Rep. of Tanzania			
Western Sahara			
Zambia			
Zimbabwe			
	North America	Oceania	
	Bermuda	Australia	
	Canada	Cook Islands	
	United States	Fiji	
		French Polynesia	
		Kiribati	
		Marshall Islands	
		Micronesia (Federated States of)	
		Nauru	
		New Caledonia	
		New Zealand	
		Niue	
		Palau	
		Papua New Guinea	
		Pitcairn	
		Samoa	
		Solomon Islands	
		Tonga	
		Tuvalu	
		Vanuatu	

TABLE 26 UNHCR Regional Bureaux/Operations

(Source: UNHCR)

Africa	Middle East and North Africa (MENA)	Asia and Pacific (RBAP)	Europe (RBE)
Central Africa and the Great Lakes (CA-GL)	Algeria	Afghanistan	Albania
Burundi	Bahrain	Australia	Andorra
Cameroon	Egypt	Bangladesh	Armenia
Central African Rep.	Iraq	Bhutan	Austria
Congo, Rep. of	Israel	Brunei Darussalam	Azerbaijan
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	Jordan	Cambodia	Belarus
Equatorial Guinea	Kuwait	China	Belgium
Gabon	Lebanon	- Hong Kong SAR, China	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Rwanda	Libya	- Macao SAR, China	Bulgaria
Sao Tome and Principe	Mauritania	Cook Islands	Croatia
United Rep. of Tanzania	Morocco	Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	Cyprus
	Oman	Fiji	Czech Rep.
	Qatar	French Polynesia	Denmark
	Saudi Arabia	India	- Faeroe Islands
	State of Palestine	Indonesia	Estonia
	Syrian Arab Rep.	Islamic Rep. of Iran	Finland
	Tunisia	Japan	France
	United Arab Emirates	Kazakhstan	Georgia
	Western Sahara	Kiribati	Germany
	Yemen	Kyrgyzstan	Gibraltar
		Lao People's Dem. Rep.	Greece
		Malaysia	Holy See (the)
		Maldives	Hungary
		Marshall Islands	Iceland
		Micronesia (Federated States of)	Ireland
		Mongolia	Italy
		Myanmar	Latvia
		Nauru	Liechtenstein
		Nepal	Lithuania
		New Caledonia	Luxembourg
		New Zealand	Malta
		Niue	Monaco
		Pakistan	Montenegro
		Palau	Netherlands
		Papua New Guinea	New Caledonia
		Philippines	Norway
		Pitcairn	Poland
		Rep. of Korea	Portugal
		Samoa	Rep. of Moldova
		Singapore	Romania
		Solomon Islands	Russian Federation
		Sri Lanka	San Marino
		Tajikistan	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))
		Thailand	Slovakia
		Timor-Leste	Slovenia
		Tonga	Spain
		Turkmenistan	Sweden
		Tuvalu	Switzerland
		Uzbekistan	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
		Vanuatu	Turkey
		Viet Nam	Ukraine
			United Kingdom

TABLE 27 UNHCR country/territory codes

Code	Country/territory name	Code	Country/territory name	Code	Country/territory name
ABW	Aruba	GFR	Germany	NRU	Nauru
AFG	Afghanistan	GHA	Ghana	NZL	New Zealand
ALB	Albania	GIB	Gibraltar	OMN	Oman
ALG	Algeria	GNB	Guinea-Bissau	PAK	Pakistan
AND	Andorra	GRE	Greece	PAN	Panama
ANG	Angola	GRN	Grenada	PAR	Paraguay
ANT	Antigua and Barbuda	GUA	Guatemala	PCN	Pitcairn
ARE	Egypt	GUI	Guinea	PER	Peru
ARG	Argentina	GUY	Guyana	PHI	Philippines
ARM	Armenia	HAI	Haiti	PLW	Palau
AUL	Australia	HKG	Hong Kong SAR, China	PNG	Papua New Guinea
AUS	Austria	HON	Honduras	POL	Poland
AZE	Azerbaijan	HRV	Croatia	POR	Portugal
BAH	Bahrain	HUN	Hungary	PUE	Puerto Rico
BAR	Barbados	ICE	Iceland	QAT	Qatar
BDI	Burundi	ICO	Côte d'Ivoire	ROM	Romania
BEL	Belgium	IND	India	RSA	South Africa
BEN	Benin	INS	Indonesia	RUS	Russian Federation
BER	Bermuda	IRE	Ireland	RWA	Rwanda
BES	Bonaire	IRN	Islamic Rep. of Iran	SAL	El Salvador
BGD	Bangladesh	IRQ	Iraq	SAU	Saudi Arabia
BHS	Bahamas	ISR	Israel	SEN	Senegal
BHU	Bhutan	ITA	Italy	SEY	Seychelles
BKF	Burkina Faso	JAM	Jamaica	SIN	Singapore
BLR	Belarus	JOR	Jordan	SLE	Sierra Leone
BOL	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	JPN	Japan	SMA	San Marino
BOT	Botswana	KAZ	Kazakhstan	SOL	Solomon Islands
BRA	Brazil	KEN	Kenya	SOM	Somalia
BRU	Brunei Darussalam	KGZ	Kyrgyzstan	SPA	Spain
BSN	Bosnia and Herzegovina	KIR	Kiribati	SRB	Serbia (and Kosovo: S/RES/1244 (1999))
BUL	Bulgaria	KOR	Rep. of Korea	SRV	Viet Nam
BVI	British Virgin Islands	KRN	Dem. People's Rep. of Korea	SSD	South Sudan
BZE	Belize	KUW	Kuwait	STK	Saint Kitts and Nevis
CAM	Cambodia	LAO	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	STP	Sao Tome and Principe
CAN	Canada	LBR	Liberia	SUD	Sudan
CAR	Central African Republic	LBY	Libya	SUR	Suriname
CAY	Cayman Islands	LCA	Saint Lucia	SVK	Slovakia
CHD	Chad	LEB	Lebanon	SVN	Slovenia
CHI	China	LES	Lesotho	SWA	Swaziland
CHL	Chile	LIE	Liechtenstein	SWE	Sweden
CMR	Cameroon	LKA	Sri Lanka	SWI	Switzerland
COB	Congo, Rep. of	LTU	Lithuania	SXM	Sint Maarten (Dutch part)
COD	Dem. Rep. of the Congo	LUX	Luxembourg	SYR	Syrian Arab Republic
COI	Comoros	LVA	Latvia	TAN	United Rep. of Tanzania
COK	Cook Islands	MAC	Macau SAR, China	TCI	Turks and Caicos Islands
COL	Colombia	MAD	Madagascar	THA	Thailand
COS	Costa Rica	MAR	Martinique	TJK	Tajikistan
CUB	Cuba	MAU	Mauritania	TKM	Turkmenistan
CUW	Curaçao	MCD	The former Yug. Rep. of Macedonia	TMP	Timor-Leste
CVI	Cape Verde	MCO	Monaco	TOG	Togo
CYP	Cyprus	MDA	Rep. of Moldova	TON	Tonga
CZE	Czech Republic	MDV	Maldives (the)	TRT	Trinidad and Tobago
DEN	Denmark	MEX	Mexico	TUN	Tunisia
DJB	Djibouti	MHL	Marshall Islands	TUR	Turkey
DMA	Dominica	MLI	Mali	TUV	Tuvalu
DOM	Dominican Republic	MLS	Malaysia	UAE	United Arab Emirates
ECU	Ecuador	MLW	Malawi	UGA	Uganda
EGU	Equatorial Guinea	MNE	Montenegro	UKR	Ukraine
ERT	Eritrea	MNG	Mongolia	URU	Uruguay
EST	Estonia	MOR	Morocco	USA	United States
ETH	Ethiopia	MOZ	Mozambique	UZB	Uzbekistan
FGU	French Guiana	MSR	Montserrat	VAN	Vanuatu
FJI	Fiji	MTA	Malta	VAT	Holy See (the)
FIN	Finland	MTS	Mauritius	VCT	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
FNC	New Caledonia	MYA	Myanmar	VEN	Venezuela (Boliv. Rep. of)
FPO	French Polynesia	NAM	Namibia	VIR	U.S. Virgin Islands
FRA	France	NEP	Nepal	WES	Samoa
FSM	Micronesia (Federated States of)	NET	Netherlands	WSH	Western Sahara
GAB	Gabon	NGR	Niger	YEM	Yemen
GAM	Gambia	NIC	Nicaragua	ZAM	Zambia
GAZ	State of Palestine	NIG	Nigeria	ZIM	Zimbabwe
GBR	United Kingdom	NIU	Niue	STA	Stateless
GEO	Georgia	NOR	Norway	VAR	Various

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